

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURYPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1882.

VOL. 11.—NO. 136

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

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Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 0 50  
Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-  
ments, on application.

### ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Third Quarter 3rd day, 10h. 5m., p. m., N. F.  
(below horizon.)  
New Moon 12th day, 1h. 59m., a. m., N.  
(below horizon.)  
First Quarter, 19th day, 7h. 42m., a. m., S. E.  
Full Moon, 27th day, 1h. 51m., a. m., S. E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Days
M	rise	sets	water	in h.
1 Sunday	6 45 35	8 37	1 22	11 43
2 Monday	5 33	9 36	2 12	
3 Tuesday	7 31	10 35	3 5	
4 Wednesday	8 29	11 35	4 15	
5 Thursday	9 27	12 34	5 23	
6 Friday	10 25	1 33	6 38	
7 Saturday	12 24	1 40	7 39	
8 Sunday	14 22	2 40	8 25	11 23
9 Monday	15 20	3 40	9 4	
10 Tuesday	16 18	4 40	9 39	
11 Wednesday	17 16	5 40	10 14	
12 Thursday	19 14	6 41	10 46	
13 Friday	20 12	7 41	11 19	
14 Saturday	21 10	8 41	11 55	
15 Sunday	23 9	9 40	12 11	11 02
16 Monday	24 7	10 36	0 30	
17 Tuesday	26 5	11 28	1 9	
18 Wednesday	27 3	12 14	1 54	
19 Thursday	28 0	1 0 55	2 44	
20 Friday	29 0	1 20	3 49	
21 Saturday	31 4	2 3	5 5	
22 Sunday	33 56	2 34	6 34	10 41
23 Monday	34 55	3 4	7 43	
24 Tuesday	36 53	3 35	8 38	
25 Wednesday	37 52	4 9	9 28	
26 Thursday	38 50	4 47	10 13	
27 Friday	40 48	5 31	10 55	
28 Saturday	41 46	6 23	11 39	
29 Sunday	43 45	7 20	12 21	10 21
30 Monday	44 44	8 22	1 4	
31 Tuesday	6 46	6 46	9 24	1 49

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
General Commission Merchants  
Particular attention given to the sale  
of Island produce.

121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,  
BOSTON, MASS.  
May 27, 1882—wkly

**INSURANCE OFFICE.**  
Queen Insurance Company,  
OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.  
DESBRISSAY & ANGUS,  
General Agents.  
Office—South Side Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

**Bank of Nova Scotia.**  
ESTABLISHED 1832,  
Paid Up Capital \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on  
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building  
lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward  
Island, under the management of the under-  
signed.  
Deposits will be received on interest, and  
on current account.  
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and  
correspondents of the Bank.  
Sterling and other Exchange bought and  
sold, and general banking business transacted.  
D. C. CHALMERS,  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—H Agent.

**W. C. BISHOP,**  
SHIPPING

FORWARDING AGENT,  
Marine Insurance Broker,

General Commission Agent,  
BEDFORD ROW.

P. O. BOX 1 HALIFAX, N. S.  
PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the  
Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned  
Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks  
thereon.  
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freight insured in  
first-class offices at most favorable rates.  
Consignments of Produce solicited, and  
prompt returns guaranteed.  
Correspondence solicited and answered  
promptly.  
Nov. 14, 1881—Tyr

## TO THE WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE

**W. & A. BROWN & CO.**  
HAVE JUST OPENED THE  
FIRST INSTALMENT OF THEIR  
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

42 CASES,  
28 BALES.  
A lot of Manchester Goods to follow shortly.  
Charlottetown, Sept. 22, 1882.

**D. A. BRUCE,**  
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that  
can be had in the market, in  
Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian  
Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of  
**GENTS' FURNISHINGS,**

**AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS,**  
Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.  
Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,  
fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,  
Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.  
**D. A. BRUCE,**  
Charlottetown, May 22, '82. 72 Queen Street

## "CITY STEAM BAKERY."

THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased  
demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his  
Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery,  
etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with

Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,  
AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY  
To arrive per Steamship "Miramichi," from Montreal.

Orders by mail promptly executed.  
**J. QUIRK,**  
Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island  
May 4, 1882.

For Scotch and English Tweeds or Worsted Suits  
For Canadian Tweed Suits,  
For Overcoats of all Descriptions,

GO TO  
**JOHN MACLEOD & CO'S,**  
UPPER QUEEN STREET,

TWO DOORS ABOVE APOTHECARIES HALL CORNER  
There you will find the largest and best assortment of Cloths in the  
Island. Prices very moderate. The best workmanship and a perfect fit  
guaranteed.

—ALSO—  
A complete line of Gents' Furnishings and Felt Hats, cheap, &c. &c.  
Remember the address, two doors above Apothecaries Hall Corner  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Oct. 11, 1882.

### Church Directory, Charlottetown

ST. PAUL'S (CHURCH OF ENGLAND)—Queen  
Square—Morning and Evening Service  
every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.  
Sunday School at 2 1/2 p. m. Rev. David  
Fitzgerald, Rector; Rev. Alfred C. H. de  
Cure, Curate.

ST. PETER'S (CHURCH OF ENGLAND)—Rochford  
Square—Sunday Services—8 a. m., 11 a. m.,  
and 7 p. m. Daily Services—Matsins—9 a.  
m. Evensong—5 p. m., except Friday  
evenings, at 7.30 p. m. Rev. George W.  
Hodgson, Priest Incumbent, Rev. W. P.  
King Assistant Curate.

ST. DUNSTON'S CATHEDRAL—Low Mass  
every Sunday at 8 a. m. High Mass at  
10 a. m.; Vespers at 3 p. m. Mass at  
7.30 a. m. throughout the week. Rev.  
A. McGillivray, Pastor.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—  
Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10.30  
a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2  
p. m. Week Day Services—Tuesday and  
Thursdays at 7.30 p. m. Rev. John  
Barwash, A. M., Pastor.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—  
Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10.30  
a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2  
p. m. Week day service on Wednesday  
evening. Rev. William Tippett, Pastor.

JAMES CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN)—Powell  
Street—Service and Sermon every Sun-  
day at 11 a. m. and 6 1/2 p. m. Sabbath  
School and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m.  
Weekly Service in the Lecture Hall on  
Wednesday evenings, at 7.45 p. m. Rev.  
Kenneth McLennan, Pastor.

ZION CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN)—Richmond  
Street—Service and Sermon every Sun-  
day at 11 a. m. and 6 1/2 p. m. Sunday  
School at 2 1/2 p. m. Rev. John McL. Mc-  
Leod, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Prince Street—Rev.  
Dr. Murray, Pastor—Hours of Service, 11  
o'clock, a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday School  
at 2.30 p. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Cor. Prince and Fitzroy sts  
—Services and Sermon every Sunday at  
11 a. m. and 6.30 o'clock p. m.; Sun-  
day School at 2.30 p. m. Week day ser-  
vices—Monday at 7.30 p. m.; and Friday  
at 8 p. m. Rev. D. G. McDonald, Pastor

BIBLE CHRISTIANS—Prince Street—Service  
and Sermon every Sunday morning at 10.30  
a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2  
p. m. Rev. John Harris, Pastor.

PRAYER MEETING in Y. M. C. A. every Sun-  
day afternoon at 4 o'clock.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST meet in New Church  
House, every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and  
6.30 p. m. Elders presiding.

### Condition of Trade.

Special cables to the New York World  
from London say although there has been  
a very fair harvest in the country generally,  
trade continues very stagnant in all the  
chief branches. Accounts from the iron  
and cotton districts are specially bad, and  
two rather heavy failures in Staffordshire  
are reported today. As is usually the case  
when trouble of this sort is going on,  
several strikes are said to be in process of  
preparation in the coal trade. The strikes  
promise to make coal very dear throughout  
the winter. It was confidently supposed  
that the good crops which have at last re-  
warded our long suffering farmers would  
restore activity to the manufacturing dis-  
tricts, but people are now beginning to see  
that there are other causes at work to  
England's disadvantage besides agricultural  
depression.

### A Battle with Whips.

Much excitement prevails at Greenboro,  
N. C., over the result of a fight with whips  
which occurred near the old battle field of  
Guilford Court House. Edward Johnson  
and Charles Williams had a dispute about a  
young woman they agreed to settle the  
matter with horsewhips. Each procured a  
new whip and in the presence of about  
fifty people and bared to the waist began  
to fight. For three hours they cut each  
other on the head, face and body with their  
peculiar weapons. Each man seemed to  
take a savage delight in the dreadful work  
and continued until they were unable longer  
to use the whips. Edward Johnson was so  
badly cut that his skin hung in shreds from  
his body. Williams was terribly punished.  
They were carried to their homes by friends  
and are now in a critical condition.

### Educating the Trotter.

The ordinary farm experiences with  
three-year old colts are very apt to mislead  
the average horseman in his estimate of the  
approximate maturity of animals of that  
age. A three-year old that has been well  
cared for will do a great deal of light farm  
work, and do it constantly without injury.  
From this fact it is argued that if a three-  
year old can stand to work alongside of a  
mature horse he can stand to train along-  
side of him. This is true, provided he is  
not trained too fast. A three-year old  
would stand a great deal of training at a  
three and a half or four minute gait, but  
when you come down to the neighborhood  
of 2.30, the conditions are all changed.  
The strength of a blow is in proportion to  
its momentum or the velocity with which it  
is delivered.

### A Beautiful Portrait of a Beautiful Woman.

The publishers of the Domestic Monthly  
take great pleasure in announcing as a  
premium to all new subscribers before Jan.  
1, 1882, a large and charming portrait of  
Mrs. Langtry, the "Jersey Lily." It is the  
finest picture of this celebrated beauty that  
has appeared in this country, and has met  
with unqualified admiration from all who  
have seen it. Mr. E. H. Abbey, her the-  
atrical manager, in a letter to the publish-  
ers of the Domestic Monthly, says: "It is  
the most perfect likeness of the lady I have  
ever seen." The Domestic Monthly is pub-  
lished at 853 Broadway, corner of Four-  
teenth Street, New York, at \$1 a year,  
with \$1 worth of "Domestic" Fashions as  
a premium to each subscriber in addition to  
the great picture of Mrs. Langtry. Sub-  
scriptions should be sent in promptly, as  
the number of pictures is limited and may  
be exhausted before the time set for the  
expiration of the offer.

### Population of the Earth.

The population of the globe on which we  
dwell is an interesting subject to every  
intelligent reader. Behm & Wagner pub-  
lish periodically a statement giving particu-  
lars on the topic. According to a new  
edition of their publication the total popu-  
lation of the globe is estimated at 1,433,-  
887,500. Only two years have elapsed since  
the last issue of the work, and then the  
estimate was 1,453,923,500, showing an  
apparent decrease in two years of about  
22,000,000. This is a most unexpected re-  
sult, as the recent censuses of all the  
principal nationalities show an increase of  
about thirty two millions over the previous  
numbers. The difference arises from the  
fact that the previous estimate of the popu-  
lation of the Chinese Empire was far too  
high. A rigid scrutiny of the Celestial  
returns shows greatly reduced numbers,  
the population being about 370,000,000  
instead of 430,000,000. During the last ten  
years the population of the world has in-  
creased about 38,000,000. In Europe the  
present population is rated at 327,743,400,  
showing an increase of about 12,000,000  
over the previous figures. In Asia, making  
allowance for the readjustment of the popu-  
lation of China, there has been an increase  
of 20,000,000.

### New Tobacco Factory.

THE Subscribers wish to inform the public  
that they have opened a TOBACCO  
MANUFACTORY on Richmond Street, in the  
establishment formerly occupied by Mr.  
Philip Coyle, and are prepared to supply the  
trade with  
Tobacco of all kinds,  
as good as can be purchased in the city, and  
at lowest prices.  
Patronage solicited and orders prompt-  
ly filled.  
COYLE & McQUAID.  
Ch'town, July 31, 1882—3m 2aw wky sjo

### Current Notes.

The name of Regina has been changed to  
Wascana, the Indian appellation for "Pile-  
o'-Bones."

A threatened strike of 20,000 employes  
in the furniture trade in the Faubourg St.  
Antoine, Paris, caused uneasiness.

Business at Manila, Philippine Islands,  
is suspended, owing to a terrible cyclone on  
October 20th, which caused great destruc-  
tion to buildings, and beached thirteen  
vessels. The greater part of the place was  
destroyed.

The struggle between China and Japan  
for supremacy in the Corea still continues.  
Both kingdoms maintain a military camp  
upon Corean territory, for the maintenance  
of order. Japan has demanded an indemnity  
for losses to Japanese subjects, and  
China offers to loan the money in order to  
get rid of her troublesome rival.

The Egyptian Government conceded the  
free access of the English consul to Arabi,  
and an agreement as to the mode of pro-  
cedure at his trial has been arrived at which  
is pronounced perfectly satisfactory.

Russia is intriguing with the Pashas sur-  
rounding the Sultan to prevent an under-  
standing between England and the Porte  
being arrived at regarding the Egyptian  
question until the Conference meets, when  
she hopes that England will place the  
the whole matter before the Powers.

PUMPKIN PIE.—Cut the pumpkin into as  
thin slices as possible, and in stewing it the  
less water you use the better; stir so that  
it shall not burn; when cooked and tender  
sift it in two pinches of salt; mash thoroughly  
and then stir through a sieve; while hot  
add a teaspoonful of butter; for every  
measured quart of stewed pumpkin add a  
quart of milk and four eggs, beating yolks  
and whites separately; sweeten with white  
sugar and cinnamon and nutmeg to taste,  
and a saltspoon of ground ginger. Before  
putting your pumpkin in your pie it should  
be scalding hot.

Prince Bismarck has indirectly passed a  
handsome eulogy on the foresight of Lord  
Baconfield in buying the Suez canal  
shares. The other day he said:—  
"I myself had at one time the idea of  
buying these shares with our superannua-  
tion fund, thus making a good investment  
and also gaining great influence over the  
canal; but I gave it up, and am glad I did  
so, for it would have deprived me of free-  
dom of action on the Egyptian question.  
The English Government, however, has  
not the same anxiety. Let it simply pass a  
law allowing trustees to invest their capital  
in Suez shares, and there would soon be  
thousands of Englishmen entitled to at-  
tend and vote at the meetings. The rail-  
ways will get up cheap trips, or the  
shareholders will send proxies, and at the  
proper time they will secure themselves  
from M. de Lesseps' fits of passion. Many  
people think this will and should be done."

The Czar is reduced to great straits. A  
communication from St. Petersburg was  
recently published in Ruchefort's journal to  
the intent that a puppet of human size,  
fashioned so as to represent the Czar, was  
for some time driven daily in the imperial  
carriage alone, on one of the public  
promenades. Attention was directed, says  
this same informant, to the courage with  
which this imperilled sovereign faced, in  
the most frequented resorts, the danger  
of assassination, and the loyal friends of  
the existing dynasty spoke of the confidence  
which the Czar reposed in his subjects.  
How it was discovered that this counter-  
feit presentment of the monarch of 100,-  
000,000 people, was nothing but a waxen  
doll clothed in the Imperial uniform, we  
are not told, but the move is attributed to  
the ingenuity of Tolstoi and Pededonoff.  
It is also said that the Czar allowed him-  
self to be persuaded that a risk, which he  
would not venture to incur, should seem to  
have been incurred, in order to re-awaken  
the loyal ardour of the people of the cap-  
ital, which had declined during his long  
seclusion. Of course, simple assertion in  
such a case of sensational invention is not  
enough. It is added that His Majesty,  
when he heard the plan proposed, threw  
himself on Tolstoi's neck in an outburst of  
gratitude. The experiment, it would ap-  
pear, succeeded, as no attack is reported to  
have been made on the Imperial cortege.

A practical joke, which nearly had a very  
unpleasant ending, was played on a couple  
of young people at an evening party a few  
evenings ago. The joke was not a new one,  
but it threatened at one time to be at-  
tended with novel consequences to one of  
the perpetrators. The victims were a young  
lady from Quebec and a young gentleman  
well known in society in Mon-  
treal. Previous to requesting a dance,  
the young man sought the honor  
of an introduction to the fair  
Quebecer. This gave a waggish individual,  
who was asked to effect the introduction,  
his opportunity. He promised to ask the  
young lady if he might be allowed to  
present his friend, but at the same time re-  
marked, "she's very deaf, you'll have to  
shout at her." Then preferring his request  
to the lady, he made the same remark  
about his friend, with the warning that she  
would have to speak loudly into his ear if  
she wanted to be heard. Thus, having  
paved the way, he told the joke to several  
others present, and the denouement was  
awaited. The result may be imagined,  
judiciously it certainly was, especially in the  
sudden lull of music and conversation, to  
hear a lady and gentleman shouting the  
most conventional phrases at each other as  
if they were talking through a telephone  
out of order. Presently a general titter  
made them aware that they were victims of  
some picaresque. The lady retired; not  
so with the male victim; he braved threat-  
enings and laughter, and but for timely  
interference the drawing-room might have  
proved a deadly battle-ground. As it is,  
the matter is not yet ended and the humor-  
ous individual takes care to avoid his "best  
friend."