

THE PEOPLES' CANDIDATES

QUEEN'S COUNTY: Brecken and Jenkins. PRINCE COUNTY: Hackett and Rogers. KING'S COUNTY: McDonald and Muttart. THE DAILY EXAMINER. JUNE 19, 1882.

EARLY, STEADY, SQUARE VOTING.

THIRTY seats on the Government side of the House of Commons are already secured, and three Cabinet ministers are already elected.

To-morrow the grand struggle will take place; and the good Government, the patriotic Government, the progressive Government of Sir John will be triumphantly sustained.

But what part will P. E. Island take in the general triumph? Are the Islanders content that their Province shall go into the cool shades of opposition at the beck and call of men who proclaim themselves "Free Traders," and are ready to follow to the death the man who declares that "for us Free Trade is impossible." Will the Islanders endorse the statement of Blake, who said that, up to 1880, the Island had received from the Dominion Government \$1,027,000 more money than was her just due? Will the Islanders, by returning the Opposition candidates, show that they agree with the statement of Hon. Mr. McKenzie that "the Terms of Union have been carried out to the utmost possible extent?"

These are questions for which an answer will, to-morrow evening, be expected at Ottawa, the seat of Government, at Toronto, at Montreal, at Quebec, at St. John, and at all the towns and villages extending from Victoria to Halifax.

The whole Dominion is regarding the Island at this momentous juncture.

We need not say that if we, by our votes say "yes" to the statements of Blake and McKenzie, and elect men who are on the horns of a dilemma from which they cannot possibly escape, we shall not only cover ourselves with ridicule, but do ourselves a grievous wrong.

Electors do You Believe That— "For P. E. Island the Receipts were \$1,596,000, the Expenditure \$2,624,000—the Deficit (that is the loss to Canada) \$1,027,000."

To vote for LAIRD AND DAVIES says "Yes." To vote for Brecken and Jenkins says NAY!

Electors

Do you believe this?—"I think we have done very well by the Island, and we have carried out the Terms of Union to the utmost possible extent."—ALEX. MACKENZIE, May 10, 1882.

To vote for Laird and Davies says Yes. To vote for Brecken and Jenkins says NAY.

NEITHER Mr. S. F. Perry, the Grit candidate for Prince County, nor Dr. James Robertson, the Grit candidate for King's County, have resigned their seats in the Local Legislature. Their election to the Dominion House of Commons is, therefore, impossible, as by not resigning their seats in the Local Legislature, they cannot qualify for the Dominion Parliament. Electors who vote for these candidates will simply be throwing away their votes. Here is the law and the point:

"An Act to render Members of the Legislative Councils and Legislative Assemblies now included, or which may hereafter be included in the Dominion of Canada, ineligible for sitting or voting in the House of Commons of Canada. Assented to 3rd May, 1873.

"After the dissolution of the present Parliament of Canada, no person who is a Member of any Legislative Council or of any Legislative Assembly of any Province now included, or which may hereafter be included within the Dominion of Canada, shall be eligible as a Member of the House of Commons, or shall be capable of sitting or voting in the same; and if any one so declared ineligible is, nevertheless, elected and returned as a member of the said House of Commons, his election shall be null and void.—See Statutes of Canada, 1873, page 4.

"Honor is the Subject of my Story."

SOME of the Grits are actually trying to induce men who signed the nomination papers of Brecken and Jenkins to vote for Laird and Davies. To do this is to offer one of the grossest insults that could possibly be offered an honorable man. But it shows to what extremities the Grits are reduced, and reveals the kind of morality by which Grit canvassers are guided.

Voters Read this and think of it.

A former supporter of Edward Blake and of the Grit Party, speaks out as follows:—

"In the present state of Canadian affairs it would be a great calamity should the Reformers, by any means, get possession of the Government. It would undoubtedly bring on the greatest crisis ever known in Canada. It would exist during that time as to what might or might not be done in case Mr. Blake's party should be successful at the polls, would in my humble judgment, cause a stagnation in all branches of trade. Everyone would fear, notwithstanding what assurances might be given to the contrary, that serious changes would be made in the tariff which would naturally alarm capitalists. The immediate result of this would be that both the manufacturer and the importer would curtail, and thus lessen the employment of labor. Then, again, the banking institutions who have been assisting the manufactures, importers and merchants in general, would put on the brakes. Before the House of Commons would again meet, a crisis would be inevitable, and every industry would receive a shock from which many would not again recover. The effect would be felt in the decline of values of all kinds. This crisis, too, would not only effect the business community, but as a natural consequence would not be without its injurious effects in the farming community also." "At all events, I have too much capital at stake in this country to have any uncertainty as to the continuance of the truly national policy inaugurated by Sir John Macdonald, and therefore, must vote for the continuance of our present fiscal system."

City Voters.

WHERE TO VOTE. For Charlottetown, Common and Royalty there are two polling divisions and three polling places in each division, at which electors will vote, according to the initials of their surnames, as follows:—

EASTERN DIVISION—EAST OF GREAT GEORGE STREET.

A to G—both inclusive—Engine House, near Bank P. E. Island.

H to Mac—both inclusive—Engine House, King Square.

N to Z—both inclusive—D. R. M. Hooper's

WESTERN DIVISION—WEST OF GREAT GEORGE STREET.

A to G—both inclusive—at the premises lately occupied by James Curtis.

H to Mac—both inclusive—Market House.

N to Z—both inclusive—Frederick Curtis'

Fruits of Good Government.

HOW THE ACCOUNT STANDS.

Table with 3 columns: No. of Failures, Amount of Liabilities. Rows for First quarter of 1879 and First quarter of 1882.

VOTE FOR BRECKEN AND JENKINS.

Our Own Country.

"You are the owners of half a continent, of a land of unbounded promise and predestined greatness. Love your country; believe in her; know her; work for her; live for her; die for her.—LORD DUFFERIN.

Vote for Sir John's Government.

Straws.

A CORRESPONDENT at Roseneath writes: "The voters of Brundell, Roseneath, New Perth and Summerville will give McDonald and Muttart four votes for every one the Grits will get. Robertson and McIntyre have no show here.

A CITY correspondent says:—"You very properly ask, can the young men—the franchise voters of P. E. Island—vote for David Laird, who tried to disfranchise them.

I, for one, can say that I would be disgracing myself to vote for him. I should like to ask how can Mr. Laird have the impudence to ask the young men for their votes? Therefore, it behooves every franchise voter, young or old, to be at the polls on Tuesday morning and record their votes against Laird and Davies; for those two men have acted in the role of hypocrites ever since they have entered the political arena. I might ask, was it not those two men who, in 1873, went through the length and breadth of this country, and by their political claptrap caused many farmers to regret that they ever had sons and daughters to bless their friends—lest, after they were dead, their offspring should be taxed at the rate of forty shillings per head, on account of this enormous calamity—the Railway.

But no sooner was one of their number foisted into power, than he added fifty miles more ruination, and we now find him begging votes from the people of Belfast, whom he fooled out of a branch Railway. This is the man who, in conjunction with Mr. Davies, we are asked to support—the man who so shamefully betrayed our confidence in the past. Let me say that the people cannot be imposed upon by the clique known as the "Reform Association." Are there not plenty of men in the ranks of the supporters of the illustrious Coles and Whelan to choose from, instead of taking those men who have so shamefully betrayed the confidence which the people have reposed in them?"

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, June 19—10 a. m. Moderate to fresh southerly to south-westerly winds; fair to cloudy weather, with local rains.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Brecken and Jenkins.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—The Patriot has published a biographical sketch of the life and times of the Honorable David Laird, in which the writer indulges in fulsome adulation and self-glorification of the most childish and nonsensical character. I will not indulge in any such nonsense, but will leave a discerning public to judge of their candidates as they may deem fit. I may, however, be permitted to say that Mr. Brecken has favorably known to the people at large. His many years services to the cause of his party has won for him their respect and confidence. Unlike David Laird, who pocketed \$65,000 of the money of the taxpayers of this country within the last four years, giving nothing in return but warning his shanks comfortably at his headquarters in the Northwest, he (Mr. Brecken) I say, instead of accepting office which, did he possess Mr. Laird's greed, he could have done, has given all his time and services to the country without fee or reward save his seasonal allowance, as a member of the Commons at Ottawa. It is fitting, therefore, that a grateful people should rally to the support of a man who has thus, in the prime of youth and manhood, devoted all his energies in the interests of his country, and by their votes give evidence of the fact that Frederick De St. Croix Brecken has merited, and will receive, their most unbounded support. Dr. Jenkins, like his aged and venerable father, is a man possessed of a large heart and liberal views—always ready to relieve the distressed and impart a word of comfort to all in trouble of any kind, regardless of their creed or nationality. As a practical agriculturist, Dr. Jenkins has done more within the past fifteen years to foster and promote the agricultural interests of this Island, than the whole Laird family have done or ever can do, in the whole course of their existence. As a physician, Dr. Jenkins has manifested, during a long practice in this city, and throughout the country, a self-denying spirit which few men possess. He often faced danger in every form, and never turned a deaf ear to the cries of the poor and distressed. As a politician, Dr. Jenkins has always been firm and unbending in the advocacy of his views. As an old Liberal he devoted much of his time to the advocacy of free land for a free people, and was one of the best, firmest, and most influential members of that good old Liberal party. When the amalgamation of political parties took place on the introduction of Confederation, Dr. Jenkins, along with the great bulk of the then Liberal party of the whole Island, took his stand with the progressive party. The Pope, Howlan, Haviland party was then designated the Liberal-Conservative party, and had with them then, as now, the great bulk of the old Liberal party of this Province. It must be gratifying to the Dr. to find many of those who fought side by side with him in days gone by as old Liberals, now coming forward and recognizing him as their candidate, and pledging their word in honor that to-morrow they will mark their ballot for Dr. Jenkins and Brecken.

Yours truly, ELECTOR.

The Panic at Alexandria.

WORDS fail to describe the state of panic in Alexandria, says a despatch of the 13th inst. The streets are blocked, carts are filled with the baggage of fleeing Europeans, and all the men-of-war in the harbor are crowded with fugitives. The American frigate Galena was crowded with families claiming American protection. Rev. Joseph and Richard Smith, of New York and Baltimore, have taken refuge on board. The officers, though greatly inconvenienced, are giving up their cabins to the ladies. One American officer narrowly escaped while in the company of a British officer who was killed in the fight. The American Government should issue a warning to its citizens in Egypt to leave immediately, and send a vessel to the port of Ismailia, on the Suez canal, to receive the fugitives from Cairo should the communication between Cairo and Alexandria be cut. The disturbance now transpiring was evidently premeditated, breaking out in several places at once. Europeans were dragged out of their carriages and murdered with sticks and legs of tables or chairs obtained by sacking the shops. In all there are forty-eight Europeans killed. The British consul is still in danger. Three officers of the British fleet were buried at sea on the 13th, the American marines presenting arms, and the officers and crew doffing their hats. I now learn that the prefect of police in Alexandria, with the assistance of a fanatic orator, organized the outbreak, the soldiers setting the example of sacking the shops. Many of the dead were killed by bayonets. The Khedive arrived from Cairo this afternoon, and was coldly received by the population. He expressed himself greatly astonished at the agitation and excitement visible throughout the city. The natives declare that they will resist all intervention, Turkish or other. There are patrols throughout the city to-night; soldiers are placed at every fifty yards.

A despatch of the 4th reports that the panic in Egypt shows no sign of decreasing. The British admiral has chartered two merchant vessels to put all the English on board. The Invincible and Monarch are crowded with fugitives; they are packed like herrings. Last night Lord Charles Beresford went to superintend the victualling of the chartered vessels. This morning the placing of British sailors on board was remonstrated against by the Egyptians. The last arrangements with the fleet have been made for signalling in case of a disturbance on board the refuge ships. Two American clergymen, well known to travellers are on board trying to calm the fugitives. Many heads of families are trying to obtain passage in other vessels. Escape is now impossible on account of the crush of the long line of baggage-waggons which still block the streets. The scene is absolutely demoralizing; the exodus is augmenting hourly. Any tub is considered safer than the shore. Carriages, therefore, which is usually one franc, now bring twenty-five dollars, the natives wishing to make lay

while the sun shines. A clique of capitalists is anxious to charter the ship Benara to escape. The British admiral opposes leaving the British shore, as they would probably require help at the last moment. In accordance with my telegram of Sunday regarding Arabia's threat to dispose of the Khedive, your correspondent warned Tewfik and Dervish Pasha that it was probable that they would be seized by the Khedive's soldiers in Alexandria. The middle of Monday night saw my forecast correct. The Khedive summoned the consuls directly, and declared his intention of fleeing to Alexandria to seek the protection of the guns of the fleet. Sir Edward Malet and the other consuls have all arrived, leaving Arabi without a chance of taking hostages in the event of being menaced by the powers. Judge Barrington and his wife and Judge Farman are still here, but have made arrangements for departure.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Sir John's Government TO BE RETURNED By a Large Majority Grits Giving Up Free Trade Cry All Supporting Protection.

OTTAWA, June 19. The largest meeting ever held in Western Canada endorsed the Government policy, at Toronto on Saturday. Fifty Conservative associations were compared. The canvass result is that Sir John is expected to come back with about the same majority as in 1878. The Toronto Telegram (Independent) says the Conservatives will return to power. The feeling is all that way. Mr. Staines, ex-member of the Joly Government, publishes another letter saying a panic would occur among capitalists if the Government was not sustained. He supports Sir John, and is sure he will be sustained. The Liberals are fighting in despair, and do not anywhere in Ontario oppose the National policy, but agree to support it. The Free Trade cry is entirely given up, and Candidates pledge themselves to support Protection. Mr. Mackenzie is reported to have said he would, if returned, take duty off pork and oats for the benefit of lumbermen.

Meeting at Rollo Bay. Large Majority for Government Candidates.

SOURIS, June 19. A large and influential meeting of the electors of Rollo Bay was held on Saturday. After speeches by the Candidates, Hon. L. Kitchin moved, John McDougall, Esq., seconded, and it was resolved, That the nomination of Messrs. McDonald and Muttart be endorsed by the electors of Rollo Bay. The motion being put to the meeting was carried by a very large majority. The election of Messrs. McDonald and Muttart is now considered certain.

ALEXANDRIA, June 16.

Dervish Pasha sent a telegram to the Porte, declaring that the presence of the British and French squadrons at Alexandria is an obstacle to the restoration of order. At the suggestion of the representatives of Germany and Austria, the Porte has summoned Ragheb Pasha, and Ahmed Raïzed Pasha from Cairo, for the purpose of forming a new ministry, with Arabi Pasha as Minister of War.

BERLIN, June 16.

The Reichstag has agreed to Prince Bismarck's motion for prorogation until November 30.

LONDON, June 16.

The expedition to search for the vessel on which Leigh Smith and party embarked for the Arctic, leaves Peterhead in the middle of next week. In the House of Commons, this afternoon, Sir Charles Dilke said the news from Alexandria was reassuring. No fresh disturbances were apprehended. Admiral Seymour telegraphs that the transfers provided for refugees are sufficient.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 16.

The Secretary of the Sultan has left for Egypt with new instructions for Dervish Pasha. NEW YORK, June 16. A Hong Kong letter of recent date says that the British merchant vessel Mary was wrecked, last year at the island of Queepoortore. The captain, his wife and 18 Chinamen were drowned. The mate, named Gray, with 16 other men, remained in Queepoortore eight months, and then escaped, after suffering severe hardships, to China in a Che-Foo fishing boat, and are now in Shanghai. They were long supposed to be dead.

Semi-Annual SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

We beg to direct the attention of Teachers and others to our Stock of

Books for Prizes.

A Liberal Discount will be given for the above purpose. BREMNER BROS. June 19, 1882—3

Liberal-Conservative MEETING!

A MEETING OF THE SUPPORTERS OF Messrs. Brecken and Jenkins WILL BE HELD IN THE MARKET HALL, Monday, Ev'g, 19th inst.

The candidates and other speakers will address the meeting. SIMON W. CRABBE, June 16, 1882. Sec'y.

55 Acres, Malpeque Road.

THE sale of 55 acres on Lot 24, at the junction of the Malpeque and Johnston's Roads, now in possession of Ronald McDonald, under a Mortgage from the said Ronald McDonald to the subscribers, takes place at the Court House, in Charlottetown, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of June, instant, at noon, pursuant to post-nomine.

JOHN McLEOD, MARGARET JOHNSTON, Mortgagees. Charlottetown, June 19, 1882—21

Bank of Nova Scotia. ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on Wednesday next, 19th inst., in the building lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward Island, under the management of the undersigned. Deposits will be received on interest, and on current account. Drafts granted on the various Agencies and correspondents of the Bank. The Bank is authorized to buy and sell, and to discount, and to exchange, and to conduct all other banking business transacted in the Province of P. E. I. D. C. CHALMERS, Agent. Charlottetown, June 17, 1882—17

THE TROTTING STALLION

"SIR EDWIN," a Bay Stallion about 17 hands high, foaled in 1869, bred by Edwin Thorne of Thorndale, New York, and imported to P. E. Island in 1880. Farmers! Here you have an opportunity which you never before had to breed to a pure bred Hambletonian, a grandson of the unrivalled Volunteer, whose service fee is \$500, and nephew to St. Julian, King of the Turf, and sired by a cousin of Grand S., Queen of the Turf, the fastest trotter that ever lived, and the wonder of the world. With such breeding as this it will be remarkable if Sir Edwin's colts do not develop into wonderful trotters. Sir Edwin's pedigree, as published, is hereby guaranteed, and if any person can show it to be incorrect, he can have the services of Sir Edwin free of charge. Sir Edwin will be at my stable, Kensington, at all times during the season except the last week in July, when he will stand at Alberton. GEO. H. SIMS, Kensington, P. E. I., June 16, '82—1w

"RAVENWOOD!" AT AUCTION.

I WILL sell at auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, 2nd inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, that very valuable and beautifully situated estate in the Royalty of Charlottetown known as "Ravenwood," and lately occupied by the Hon. James C. Pope. This Valuable estate comprises about 30 acres of Land, with commodious Dwelling House and numerous Outbuildings, handsome Hedges and Shrubberies, Pond of Water, and fine Orchards, Gardens, &c., and will be sold in bloc, or sub-divided into suburban lots, as per plan to be seen at my office. Terms at sale. By order of the Trustees, WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. June 14, '82—

VALUABLE Household Furniture.

I WILL sell AT AUCTION, at the residence of B. B. Thomas, Esq., on the Malpeque Road, opposite St. Dunstan's College, on THURSDAY, 29th inst., at eleven o'clock, all his Household Furniture, viz: 1 Walnut and Green Repp Suit, Walnut and Marble Top Tables, Lounges, Card Table, Mirrors, Pictures, Ottomans, Dynasak and Lace Curtains, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Brackets, Ext. Dining Table, Walnut Side Board, Walnut Book Case, Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs, 1 Inner Set (140 pieces), 2 China Tea Sets, Glassware, Cutlery, Table Linen, 1 Base Burn'r Hall Stove, Hat Stand, Hair Table, Oil Cloth, Wal. Bedroom Suit, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Chest Drawers, Wardrobe, Beddette, Washstands, Toilet Tables, Toilet Ware, Blankets, Sheets, Counterpanes, Feather Beds and Pillows, Hip Bath, Cook Stove, Kitchen Furniture, Tinware, Crockery, Washing Machine, Mangle, Butler Stand and Tray, Paste and Mortar, Also 1 Jaunting Sleigh, 1 Pung Sleigh, 1 set Harness, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 Carriage Lamp, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, 1 Lawn Mower, Bottles, &c., &c. WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. Ch'town, June 16, '82—eod

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—Pasture for five Cows—one field in Common, and the other nearly adjoining. Also for sale, a barrack of good Hay. Apply to JOHN INGS. [June 12] pd

CABBAGE and CAULIFLOWER Plants, of various kinds for sale at 5, 10 and 15 Colwell's, Upper Queen Street, and at market days at W. P. Colwell's, North Side. [June 17] 3w 2d

STRAYED from Essery's pasture, on Tuesday, the 13th, a light brown cow, with large crooked horn. Any person giving information as to the whereabouts of said Cow will be suitably rewarded.—PHILIP COYLE, Richmond Street. [June 16]

WANTED—A good plain COOK. Apply to G. Leigh's, Water Street. None need apply unless filled the position before. [June 16]

JIGGER FOR SALE, nearly new and in good order, suitable for single horse or for team. Enquire at this office. [June 15]

WANTED—A Man or Boy who understands taking care of horses and a garden. Apply at the EXAMINER Office. [June 10]

WANTED—A BOY for general work. Apply at the EXAMINER office. [June 9]

P. E. Island Railway. Tenders for Box and Flat Cars.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, endorsed on the outside "Tender for Rolling Stock," will be received until July 12th, 1882, for the construction of twenty-five (25) Box and twenty-five Flat Cars for the Prince Edward Island Railway, to be delivered at Charlottetown not later than November 1st, 1882. Plans may be seen at the Superintendent's Office, Charlottetown, on and after Monday, the 19th inst. Specification can be had on application. The Tenders will not be noticed unless made in accordance with the printed forms supplied, nor unless accompanied by a certified bank cheque or cash for three hundred dollars (\$300), which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so. If the tender is not accepted, the deposit will be returned. For the due performance of the contract, satisfactory security will be required by a cash deposit equal to five (5) per cent. of the amount of the contract. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest of any tender. L. B. ARCHIBALD, Supl. Railway Office, Charlottetown, June 12, 1882. [June 13] 61

FOR LONDON, G. B., DIRECT!

Barkentine "Erema" WILL SAIL FROM Charlottetown for London, G. B., DIRECT, On or About the 20th June, providing a sufficient quantity of Freight offers, and will carry 100 bbls and other products of the Island at lowest rates of Freight. Shippers will please make early application. PEAKE BROS & CO., Owners. June 10, 1882.

THE BEST TURNIP SEED

BEER & SONS, June 12, 1882. MORTGAGE SALE.

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of May next, A. D. 1882, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon in front of the Law Courts Building, Charlottetown,—

ALL that tract, piece and parcel of land being the southern half of Town Lot Number Sixty-five in the third hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, bounded as follows, that is to say: commencing at West Street, at the North-west corner of Town Lot number fifteen in the third hundred of Town Lots aforesaid; thence east along the northern boundary of said Town Lot number fifteen eighty-four feet or thereabouts to Town Lot number sixty-six in the said third hundred of Town Lots; thence north along the western boundary of said Town Lot number sixty-six eighty feet; thence at right angles therewith eighty-four feet or thereabouts to West Street aforesaid; thence south along the eastern side of West Street to the place of commencement, together with all houses, buildings, rights, members and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. The above sale is made pursuant to the Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the sixteenth day of October, A. D. 1875, and made between Samuel Noworthy Earle and Esther Julia Earle his wife of the one part, and Thomas Heath Haviland, of the other part. For further particulars, apply at the office of Eustace H. Haviland, Solicitor, Charlottetown. Dated this 25th day of February, A. D. 1882. T. HEATH HAVILAND, Mortgagee [June 27 law till sale] mon

The above sale is postponed until MONDAY, the 26th day of June, next, 1882, then to come off at the same time and place. Dated the 30th day of May 1882. T. HEATH HAVILAND.