

A poor wayfaring man; I lodge awhile in tents below, And gladly wander to and fro, Till I my Canaan gain, &c.

Now, sir, comes a statement, decidedly incorrect, and I had almost said, I marvel at it; but no. I cease to marvel at anything this man writes, after looking over his letter. The limit to a preacher's residence in the Bible Christian connection is only four years, instead of two, as the dear creature would have the public believe. Then the Chapel house for preacher, &c., I don't see any great crime in both being built, even if money is borrowed for the purpose, as is the case of offences with regard to congregational property as well as personal. Will Mr. Heard lend five hundred pounds to begin with? Can Mr. Heard show in what respect Mr. Barker has exceeded his instructions? If he can, let him do it. If not, what will the public think of a man who undertakes to instruct a number of young men in the principles of the Bible, and can violate those principles himself? Will the young men themselves believe him to be following the precepts of the world's Redeemer, Do ye even so to them, &c.? This calumniator also insinuates that the Bible Christians are a Jesuitical sect. If that really be the case, it certainly is to be lamented that they should be deprived of the services of one who appears to be so accomplished in Jesuitical principles as the author of this insinuation. Sir, 'tis passing strange, that he should have been so terror-stricken at the thoughts of the whitewash brush being put in use, and yet take such delight in blackballing. Surely a little of that solution could do him no very great harm, perhaps his friends and admirers might not recognize him at first sight, but the effect might be most salutary, notwithstanding. No one can doubt but his ambition would prompt him to attempt the criticism of Mr. Barker's doings, but that he has already failed, all candid readers of his long rignarole of absurdities, which appeared in the supplement alluded to already, must be convinced. If he would just make it his business to criticise, as he says, fairly and openly, or even privately, his own doings during his own eventful career, I am of opinion that he would find sufficient time to leave Mr. Barker and the connection to which he belongs to themselves.

There are several points to which I cannot now allude, having trespassed so much already on your valuable space, but now close my remarks by expressing my conviction that Mr. Heard's bungling production is a pretty good specimen, and reflects most perfectly the character of the author. As Mr. Heard quoted Solomon, perhaps he will allow me to quote the same author:—"A whip for the horse, a bridle for the ass, and a rod for the fool's back."

I am, Sir, yours, &c., A LOVER OF JUSTICE.

P. S.—I had almost forgotten to state that, though Mr. Barker has been sorely persecuted on account of his speech at the Bible Meeting, yet he was complimented by more than one of the Ministers who occupied the platform that same evening, on the delivery of the said speech. Yours, &c.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

Sir,—Yours being the only paper open to me free of cost, I beg the favour of your inserting the following reply to a letter signed "William Heard," which appeared in the *Islander* of yesterday. My first thought was (out of pity to Mr. Heard) to take no notice of this wonderful production; but upon more mature consideration, I deem it advisable for the sake of the gentleman's character, to say a word or two. Lovers of Truth! read my former reply to Mr. Heard, and then read his letter in the *Islander* of yesterday. Mr. Heard having (as he says) obtained leave, says—"I will now give the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth." He then refers to my remarks in the *Morrisonian* Chapel, and to an after-breakfast conversation the following morning at Mr. H. R. Narraway's, the whole of which, with the exception of the allusion to the drinking and smoking propensities of some of the Sons of Temperance, is Mr. Heard's invention.

AFFIDAVIT:

"Charlotte, May 2, 1857. "Cephas Barker has personally appeared before me, John Trenaman, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for Queen's County, and deposed that Mr. Heard's report of an address delivered by him, the deponent, in the *Morrisonian* Chapel, together with the report of an after-breakfast conversation at Pictou, contained in the *Islander* of yesterday, is untrue. "Sworn before me, JOHN TRENAMAN, J. P." Thus Mr. Heard's precise statement is a precise—what? Mr. Heard denies Mr. Boudry's report; I presume, from all I hear of Mr. Heard's antecedents, that his denial will be treated as an additional—what? In Mr. Heard's reply to my first letter, he asserted that he had ten or twenty witnesses at command, I asked him to name them. Here they are, or some of them. It will be remembered that Mr. Heard produced two witnesses, Mr. Narraway and Mr. Woodman; but his witnesses did not support him, on the contrary left him convicted in his own conscience, and in the public eye, a guilty man. We will now proceed with the examination of witnesses.

Third witness—Mrs. Narraway, who was frequently passing in and out of the room, distinctly recollects what Mr. Narraway, who appeared to take great interest in the conversation, and who Mr. Heard has said expressed his astonishment thereat, did not charge his memory with. Mrs. N. says:—"There was a great deal said about gambling and drinking; but was it said that such gambling and drinking took place on board the *Majestic*? If Mrs. Narraway distinctly recollects, she knows it was not. "That the conduct of Mr. Warburton and others on the passage was most disgraceful," such words never fell from my lips. I ask, is it likely that such remarks, if made by me, would have escaped the notice of Mr. Narraway? Do the public know that Mrs. Narraway and Mrs. Heard are very great friends? Is it any marvel that Mrs. N. should endeavour to wash some of the dirt from Mr. Heard's character? Though doubtless the words were prepared for her.

Fourth witness—"A gentleman at Pictou, a Magistrate." This gentleman, who had the special advantage of a personal interview with Mr. Heard, and who will doubt Mr. Heard's efforts to refresh this gentleman's memory. But what does this witness say? Does he confirm Mr. Heard's statement, viz: that in my address on the Sunday evening, I spoke of "the wickedness practised on board, particularly in the way of drinking." Not a word of the sort; but says, "he described his perils on the sea and on the land, in such strong colors that it struck me at the time, they must have far exceeded those of the Apostle Paul; and that his perils on the deep were chiefly occasioned by drunkenness." Am I responsible for what struck the gentleman, or am I only responsible for what I said?

Fifth witness—Mr. John Scott, of this city. This witness heard me state at the Baptist Chapel—what? "That there was a great deal of gambling and drinking on board, and that the conduct of some of the passengers was most disgraceful?" Not one word of it. But he did hear me say that those on board drank "Success to the breeze," true, Mr. Scott, I did say so. And is it true, Mr. Scott, that certain parties in this city have been trying to make you say that "Barker" said much more than that. Report says they have.

Sixth witness—Mr. W. C. Trowan's letter. Now, sir, this gentleman, if report be correct, had a poor time of it in the Grand Division, at their last meeting, where, until half-past eleven o'clock, they tried to make him say that he said what he never said, in fact, to bear false witness against himself and "Barker," but they failed. Report says that Messrs. Heard and Trowan had a private interview prior to the meeting of the Grand Division referred to. Report says more, that they were together till after midnight of Monday last; since that, a letter was sent by Mr. Heard to Mr. Trowan, and what says Mr. Trowan in his reply? Does he support Mr. Heard's false statements? Not one word of it. He don't so much as affirm that the passengers drank "Success to the breeze," but he says "I understand, &c." Am I responsible for Mr. Trowan's understanding? or am I only responsible for what I said?

Seventh and last witness for the "present"—The Rev. C. I. Bennett, the G. W. P. of this Island. As this gentleman has not adhered to the truth respecting "Barker," I think it very possible he may have made a mistake respecting Mr. Woodman. But should he be correct—"After considerable hesitation, Mr. Woodman lifted up his hands, &c." What does this prove? After the testimony of Mr. Heard's witnesses, who does not pity him? I have not sought any editorial assistance, I rely upon truth; but if the editor of the *Examiner* has seen fit to refer to these matters, am I to blame?

"Mr. Barker's attempt to blink the matter, by his endeavour to involve the Bible Christian denomination with the Wesleyan, &c." I have made no such attempt, and would be the last

man to make such an attempt. But what said Mr. Heard in reference to the harmony existing between the two denominations, prior to my coming to the Island, &c.? Why don't he answer my questions on that subject? "I am instructed to say Mr. Cross, &c." The person who delivered the message is prepared to meet Mr. Heard's instructor. Mr. Heard asserted that "I had carefully sown the seeds of, &c." in several unsuspecting families. I ask him to name one, and he refers to Mr. Cross. Poor Mr. Heard, does he not know that Mr. Cross's servant was a member with the Bible Christians long since, and that an opportunity being offered her, she resolved to meet with her own people, for which she has been persecuted? Is this the several unsuspecting families? Has Mr. Cross's family never been disturbed by other persons, long before "Barker" came to the Island? Perhaps Mr. Heard can answer this query? Will Mr. Heard name the person deputed by me to the Grand Division? He said I deputed a person. Name him, Mr. Heard.

Gentle reader, I ask you what thinkst thou of Mr. Heard? Is he the man to talk about whitewashing another? I have only to add, that I expect for some weeks to come, to be too busy to attend to any of the very pious effusions of Mr. Heard, and shall therefore leave him to his own reflections, sincerely praying that God may grant him repentance unto life.

I am, yours respectfully, C. BARKER. Charlottetown, May 2, 1857.

Since writing the above, I have seen the gentleman who preached in the *Morrisonian* Chapel at Pictou on the Sabbath evening when Mr. Heard asserts that, in an address delivered by me, I gave a "long description of the wickedness" practised on board, especially in the way of "drinking." Will the reader believe that Mr. Heard prepared a document, containing his own version of the affair, and did his endeavours to get the said gentleman to sign it? but the gentleman refused to do so, simply because he did not remember that Mr. Barker made any such remarks. Such is the fact, gentle reader. This gentleman was in the pulpit during the delivery of my address, and who so likely as himself to recollect what I said? Will this improve Mr. Heard's position? C. BARKER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

Sir,—Will you be kind enough to favor me with a corner for the following note. Yours respectfully, S. BOUNDY.

TO MR. WILLIAM HEARD.

Sir,—I observe in the *Islander*, of yesterday, a letter bearing your name, in which you deny the truth of the statement to which I have made my affidavit, and which statement appeared in the *Islander* and *Examiner*, newspapers. Now, Sir, you know, as you must one day appear before that Judge who knoweth the hearts and trieth the reins of the children of men, that that document contains a true report of the statement you made to me in your store on the 14th day of March last. Sir, I sincerely pity you; for, in my opinion, you have placed yourself beneath the contempt of the religious portion of the community. And throughout this Island, and as far as the newspapers extend, all unprejudiced persons will look on the whole affair as a fabrication of your own. I am yours, &c. S. BOUNDY. Charlottetown, May 2, 1857.

John Williams's compliments to Mr. William Heard, of this City: J. Williams will do himself the honor of waiting on Mr. Heard, through the pages of the *Examiner*, at his next issue. May 4, 1857.

MR. WHELAN.

Knowing you are interested in the prosperity of the Island, you will oblige a reader of your periodical, by giving insertion to the following. The quarterly examination of the Bonshaw School was held on Thursday, 9th ultimo, in presence of the trustees and several other spectators. The examination did much honor both to the teacher and scholars, and was highly satisfactory to all present. The proficiency of the scholars generally since the last examination was evident, and testified to the skill and faithfulness of the teacher and the diligence of the scholars. The attainments of the senior scholars were worthy of all praise, and the junior scholars shewed that they were laying a good foundation for the future. As on former occasions, beautiful specimens of penmanship were exhibited. The reading classes generally displayed ability in explaining difficult words, and shewed that they were not merely learning to repeat words, but that they were acquiring valuable stores of useful knowledge; and they encouraged strongly the delightful hope that they have been forming those valuable habits of investigation and discrimination, which would be of the highest value to them through life; and so forming them as that their course of intellectual and moral improvement will not be broken off by their removal from school, but shall go on henceforward with accelerated speed. It is surely gratifying to see respectable schools in every nook and corner of the Island, which redounds to the credit of those gentlemen who are at the helm of affairs. Bonshaw, April 3, 1857. A SPECTATOR.

The Examiner.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., MAY 4, 1857.

The editor of the *Islander*—still intent on misleading the public in reference to the Government Accounts—devotes another article in his paper of Friday last to an array of figures as false as any of the statements which he has already made on the same subject. The pressing demands upon our space, at the present time, alone preclude our going into detail on the Public Accounts; but, fully satisfied that the *Islander's* assertions will be received with extreme caution, we have no doubt that our readers will be content to wait for a full explanation so soon as space and leisure will enable us to give it. The minority in the Assembly, having been unable to establish any charge against the Government in reference to the public expenditure, although repeated efforts were made by them with that object in view—the editor of the *Islander* seems to be commissioned to lead the forlorn hope, in order that, by some desperate feat at lying, public attention may be drawn from the humiliating discomfiture which has attended the tactics of his supporters in the Assembly.

THE COMMISSIONERSHIP OF PUBLIC LANDS.—The Hon. Col. Swabey having resigned this office on the 17th of last month, the *Royal Gazette* of Thursday announces the appointment of his successor in the person of the Hon. W. W. Lord. The urbane, courteous and gentlemanly deportment which always characterised Colonel Swabey's conduct in the Land Office, will render his retirement a subject of regret to the many individuals who had business transactions with that office. As regards his successor, Mr. Lord is too well known in this community to require a word of commendation at our hands. The popularity which he so deservedly enjoys, combined with his general aptitude for business, and his zeal in the performance of duty, will make his appointment quite acceptable to the country generally, and to his own constituency in particular.

NEW SHERIFFS.—The following gentlemen have been appointed to the office of High Sheriff in this Island for the ensuing year.—For Queen's County—Donald McIsaac, Esquire. Thomas Pethick, Esq., was first appointed for this County, but declined to accept the office, on account of ill health. For King's County—Finlay McNeill, Esq. For Prince County—Nicholas Conroy, Esq.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We have received a communication from Mr. P. G. Clark, in reference to the appointment of the Assistant in the Land Commissioner's Office; but this as well as other correspondence which has recently come to hand, is unavoidably postponed for want of space. All will receive due attention as soon as possible.

A Colonial and United States Mail arrived here on Saturday evening from Pictou. The news furnished by the papers is quite unimportant. The mail previously received gave us some intelligence regarding the progress of the elections in New Brunswick. It appears that these have, in many cases, resulted adversely to the Government. In the City and County of St. John the Liberals have secured the election of all their candidates, the late Speaker of the House of Assembly, the Hon. C. Simonds, being amongst the number of the rejected candidates. The *Islander* some weeks since praised this worthy as being the best statesman in the Provinces, because, in a very foolish speech which he made on giving the casting vote in support of the New Brunswick Government, he propounded the absurd theory advocated by the *Islander*, regarding the exclusion of office-holders from the Legislature. It is now very clear that the people of the Province generally, and his late constituents, thoroughly repudiate his principles. As many of the elections throughout the Province were to be held subsequently to those in the City and County of St. John, there is no doubt that the country districts will greatly profit by the example set them by the wealthiest and most intelligent constituencies of the Colony.

We have a rod in pickle for our pious friend, Holy Willie. We have no doubt it will be in good order by the time our next paper will be ready for the press. As the anticipation of impending punishment tends to check desperate sinners in their evil courses, we trust that the respite which we now graciously concede to Holy Willie will promote his spiritual improvement.

(FOR THE EXAMINER.)

The following quantities of Produce have been shipped and cleared at the Port of Charlottetown from the 13th to the 25th of April, 1857:

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Quantity. Includes Barley (2,961 bushels), Oats (53,052 do.), Potatoes (22,550 bushels), Carrots (135 do.), Pearled Barley (63 barrels), Pork (454 do.), Turnips (160 bushels), Oysters (20 do.), Hams (7,000 lbs.), Hides (green) (450), Lard (11 tubs), Hay (8 tons), Millstones (2).

Wm. E. CLARK, Controller. Custom House, April 25, 1857.

(FOR THE EXAMINER.)

MR. EDITOR.—Will you please insert the following in your journal, if you deem it worthy a place there, and oblige A SUBSCRIBER.

ENIGMA.

I am composed of 23 letters. My 4, 5, 11, 15, 5, is a river in Spain. 8, 23, 4, 8, 3, is a country in Asia. 1, 2, 15, 21, 14, is an island of Ethiopia. 9, 3, 20, 8, 11, 1, was an ancient country of Italy. 12, 7, 8, 10, 8, 12, 12, 8, is a town of Macedonia. 4, 8, 21, 23, 2, was the mother of Venus. 8, 21, was the daughter of Inachus. 9, 11, 23, 3, is Diana's name in heaven. 1, 19, 10, 13, 5, 1, 19, 23, 19, is one of the Muses. 12, 3, 23, is the god of shepherds. 5, 22, 9, was the favorite bird of Minerva. 10, 20, 7, 2, is a river in hell. 13, 21, 1, 5, 23, 3, is the goddess of fruits. 7, 2, 15, 3, is the Greek name of Juno. 8, 9, 8, 3, was the mother of Romulus and Remus. 20, 15, 8, 30, 21, 23, was Neptune's trumpeter. 20, 8, 30, 3, 23, was one of the giants who warred against Heaven. 5, 1, 12, 7, 3, 10, 2, was queen of Lydia. 3, 15, 8, 5, 23, was a celebrated poet of Lesbos. 8, 23, 5, was changed into a sea deity. 1, 3, 8, 3, was the mother of Mercury. 4, 3, 13, 7, 23, 2, was changed into a laurel. 16, 3, 11, 23, 8, are rustic deities. 3, 20, 19, is the goddess of Discord. 21, 17, 8, 5, 23, was a great and mighty hunter. 3, 11, 17, 5, 15, 3, is the goddess of Morning. 3, 1, 3, 10, 20, 7, 3, 18, 3, was the goat that suckled Jupiter. 4, 2, 10, 13, 7, 8, was considered by the ancients as the "navel" of the earth. 15, 7, 3, is the ancient name of the Volga. 3, 4, 19, 10, 3, 8, 4, 18, is a town in Australia. The whole is the writer's place of residence. M.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S LITERARY INSTITUTE.—The delivery of the lecture on "Man, and his diversity of character," by Mr. Thomas Kirwan, which was to have taken place on Thursday evening last, was, owing to an unforeseen accident, postponed until Thursday evening next, the 7th instant.

DIED. At Murray Harbor, on the 16th of April, after a short illness, in the 76th year of his age, John L. Lewellin, Esquire. The deceased was well known in this Island, from his valuable contributions some years since to the Island Press, on the subject of Agriculture. Of Scrupulous Consumption, on the 1st ult., at Tiffin, in the State of Ohio, Louis Melancthon, eldest son of the Rev. W. H. Cooper, Rector, formerly of Port Hill, P. E. Island, in the 14th year of his age.

Ship News.

Sailed for this Port. Deal, April 8.—Faith, Taylor. Liverpool, April 10.—Isabel, McDonald. Liverpool, April 10.—Majestic, Nowlan. (for Pictou) Quebec Passage.—The Bark Huzzar, owned by James Wilson, Esq., of this place, left Liverpool in January last, and arrived at Maranham, South America, in the unprecedented short passage of 20 days.

Sailed from the Port of Cascumpec. April 29.—Schr. Rival, Gallant, 600 bushels barley and 20 Barrels mackerel; New London, Oregon, Hurst, 1200 bushels oats, 60 bushels wheat, 5 tons flour and 80,000 pine shingles; Bedouque, Ruby, Gallant, 1200 bushels oats, 10 barrels pork and 10 barrels beef; Richibuctou, Pearl, Larkin, salt and fishing outfits; Magdalen Islands.

Prices Current.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes CHARLOTTETOWN MARKETS, MAY 2. Provisions: Beef (small) 5d @ 9d, Mutton 6d @ 9d, Veal 4d @ 7d, Pork 5d @ 6d, Do. (small) 7d @ 9d, Lamb 7d @ 9d, Butter 1s 3d @ 1s 6d, Do. by tub 1s 2d @ 1s 3d, Cheese 4d @ 6d, Pearl Barley 2d @ 2 1/2d, Lard 10d @ 12d, Ham 9d @ 10d, Flour 3d @ 3 1/2d, Oatmeal 1 1/2d @ 2d, Eggs 6d @ 9d, Rabbits each none. Poultry: Partridges each none, Turkeys each 4s @ 7s 6d, Fowls each 1s @ 1s 6d. Fish: Codfish qtl 18s @ 20s, Salmon 6d, Herrings 30s @ 40s, Mackerel doz 1s @ 1s 6d. Lumber: Boards (hemlock) 4s @ 5s, Do. (spruce) 5s @ 6s, Do. (pine) 7s @ 8s, Shingles 7s @ 8s, Laths 2s @ 3s. Sundries: Timothy seed 1/2 bush 15s @ 20s, Cloverseed 1/2 bush 1s 2d @ 1s 4d, Wool 1 1/2d @ 1s, Hay 70s @ 80s, Straw 1s 3d @ 1s 6d, Homespun yard 3s 6d @ 5s, Tallow 1 1/2d @ 1s 1d, Cordwood cord 1 1/2d @ 1s, Apples (P.E.I.) 1/2 bush none, Calfskins 8d @ 10d, Hides 5d @ 6d.

Married. On the 21st April, by the Rev. T. Phelan, Henry A. Bennett, to Mary, daughter of the late John Blanch, of Placentia, Newfoundland. On the 18th April, by the Rev. William Meek, Mr. James W. Stevenson, to Amelia, daughter of Mr. David Bernard, both of New London. On the 24th April, by the Rev. George Sutherland, Mr. Angus MacKenzie, of Orwell, to Miss Sarah Matthews, of Brown's Creek. At St. Eleanor's, April 9, by the Rev. J. Herbert Read, Mr. Robert Wilson, of Lot 67, to Miss Marinda Linkletter, of St. Eleanor's.

Police Court.

April 28.—James Albert Watts and James McGill; assault on Angus McIsaac; convicted and fined 5s. each, with costs, or be imprisoned 14 days each. May 2.—James Poor, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. with costs, or be imprisoned 48 hours. James Trainor and Barnabas Toole, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. each, or be imprisoned 48 hours each.

New Advertisements.

City Board of Health.

At a meeting of the above Board on the 23d April, 1857. It was Resolved, That the Health Officer do visit and inspect, until further orders, all Vessels on their arrival in the Port of Charlottetown from any Port not belonging to this Island, except those carrying Her Majesty's Mails, and those arriving from the several ports on the north shores of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, between Cape Saint George and the Bay de Chaleur, comprising Pictou, Wallace, Pugwash, Bay de Verte, Shediac, Richibucto, Miramichi, and all the other ports on the said shores not here enumerated; also, Gaspe and the Magdalen Islands, and Vessels on their return voyage from fishing, that have been fitted out in this Island. ROBERT HUTCHINSON, Chairman. W. B. WELLNER, Clerk. Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, April 30, 1857. 11 G; 21 E

Road Correspondent's Office, May 1, 1857.

NOTICE.—Persons desirous of investing Money in Treasury Warrants, on account of the Road Service, can obtain them by applying at this office. JOHN BALL, Rd. Cor.

Another Sale of Hemlock Boards!

TO BE SOLD, by AUCTION, at 6 o'clock, TO-MORROW evening, (TUESDAY) the 5th instant, on Queen's Wharf, just arrived per schr. Sarah, from Tatamagouche—25,000 feet Hemlock BOARDS, (good quality). JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, May 4, 1857.

Sale of Government Boat, Stores, &c.

TO BE SOLD, by Auction, on WEDNESDAY next, 6th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the Gunnare's Boat Shed—1 large BOAT, 29 feet keel, just thoroughly repaired and painted, fitted with 6 zinc-lined boxes. 1 suit SAILS, 1 Anchor and Cable, Oars, Masts, &c. &c. Also, a lot of unserviceable STORES, &c. May 4. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Horses, Horses.

TO BE SOLD, by Public Auction, on SATURDAY next, the 9th instant, at 12 o'clock—1 very handsome chestnut MARE, good in harness or saddle, 1 superior MARE, 6 years old, splendid action, and very fast traveller. 1 brown MARE, 7 years old (Flying Mag) a first rate roadster, 1 BUGGY, and set Harness. TERMS—6 months credit on approved notes. May 4. P & I WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Building Lots by Auction.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock, on the premises—Two BUILDING LOTS, being the northern half of Town Lot No. 80, in the first hundred, measuring 42 feet front each on Sydney Street, by 84 feet deep. TERMS—one half the purchase money to be paid down, the remaining in six months on an approved note. May 4. I & P WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Furniture! Furniture!!

THE subscriber offers for sale a variety of elegant and useful HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, which he can confidently recommend to the public, both as regards workmanship and material. Among which will be found the following:—1 Couch, 1 Book-case round, falling-leaf, kitchen and other tables; Chests Drawers, Bedsteads, various patterns; Picture Frames, Wash-hand-stands, Dressers, Settees, and a variety of other articles. The whole of the above will be sold cheap for cash. All orders for work will be promptly attended to. Shop—the building formerly occupied by Mr. T. Williams, as Sail-loft, and adjoining the premises of W. E. Clark, Esq. Charlottetown, May 4, 1857. MICHAEL REILLY. P. S.—The highest prices in cash will be paid for BIRCH BOARDS, 1 inch.

City Livery and Sale Stables.

THE subscriber, seeing the necessity of a convenient place for the sale and purchase of Horses in the City, will, in connection with his extensive Livery Stables, give every attention to the interest of parties wishing to buy or sell. His commodious Stables, fitted up for the purpose, and to which he invites inspection, can accommodate a limited number of Horses by the week or otherwise. Thankful for former patronage, he trusts a liberal public will support him in the present undertaking. Charlottetown, May 4, 1857. J. H. GATES.

I 150

PAIRS BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE KING SQUARE HOUSE,—600 pairs of which are just received, and the remainder is hourly expected per Ship "Majestic,"—comprising Lady's, Gent's, Girl's and Boy's summer wear. Also, 15 dozen SUMMER HATS now opened—some Panama. May 4, 1857. P & I lm BEER & SON.

Auction—Sugar, Molasses, &c.

THE Subscriber will SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION, upon arrival, on the usual terms, the CARGO of the Brig. "OBI," now on her passage from the West Indies, and expected about 5th May—consisting of 100 Puncheons Choise Molasses, 10 Tons Bright SUGAR, 2 Cases PRESERVES. Charlottetown, April 27. BENJ. DAVIES.

Spring Consignment from London!

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS & DEALERS. Great, Extensive & Unreserved Sale of DRY GOODS, Hardware, Crockeryware, Tea, Soap, Candles, &c. TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, at the Subscriber's SALE ROOM, QUEEN STREET, immediately after the arrival of the LONDON SHIP, an Extensive Consignment of GOODS, viz: Bales and Cases Gray and white COTTONS, Do Blue and Fancy PRINTS, Bales striped Shirtings and Bedticks, Cases Cloths, Doekings, and Ready made Clothing, Cases Orleans, Coburgs, Alpaccas and Lustras, Bales cotton Warp, Moleskins, Drills and Jeans, Cases Hosiery, Hdkfs, Shawls, white and black Thread, Cotton Balls, Buttons, Tapes, &c. &c. Cases Ironmongery, Hardware, &c. Crates Crockeryware, Boxes Soap, Chests and half-chests superior Congou and Souchong TEA, Boxes Candles, &c. &c. Terms of Sale—£10, three months; £25, four months; £50 and upwards, a credit of six months will be given, upon approved Joint Notes of Hand. April 27. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Freehold for Sale

BY AUCTION AT SUMMERSIDE. THE best stand for business now offered to the public will be sold by Public Auction at Summerside, on SATURDAY, the 30th of May next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., fronting on Water-street 60 feet, and running back on Cedar street to the water, with water privilege; together with the Buildings thereon, consisting of a comfortable Dwelling House, containing six rooms, with a Store in front, and a Kitchen attached, at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Patterson. Terms made known at sale. C. S. HUNT, Auctioneer. St. Eleanor's, April 27, 1857.