NOVA SCOTIA POLITICS.

The canvassing in view of the coming elections is actively going on. The anti-Confederates are zealous, determined and confident of success. The Hon. Mr. Howe has returned from his mission, and his presence and counsel will be of immense advantage to the Nova Scotia party. The Confederates are not by any means *united* about their men. P. S. Hamilton, Esq., Commissioner of Mines, and one of the oldest Unionists in the Province, has recently addressed a letter to the electors of Halifax, from which we purpose making a few extracts. Mr. Hamilton says he was led to expect that with the exception of one or two gentlemen who intended to retire from public life, every member who voted for Union intended to face his constituents like a man. He was also, he tells us, led to believe that "the Nova Scotian contribution to the Senate of Canada was to consist, as it should do, of the best men the Province could produce—the men most distinguished for intellectual ability, education, unimpeachable moral character and high social standing—men whom Nova Scotia could be proud of. I contend, then, that, taking this view of the case alone, there are names upon the list of senators which our present Government has thought proper to recommend to Her Majesty, whose presence there is an insult to the people of Nova Scotia; and I have to admit that I, for one, fully appreciate my share in that insult." Of the names referred to, Mr. Hamilton singles out three of them, viz., Bourinot, Bell and Miller, as wholly unfit for the Senate of Canada. To this trio we might add that of Holmes of Pictou, who is as great a numbskull as either Bourinot or Bell. Commenting on Dr. Tupper's Union policy and the character of some of the Senators in *prospective*, Mr. Hamilton observes that—

"When we find a member of the Legislature, both in and out of his place in Parliament, strenuously, violently—nay, with indecent violence, opposing Union, and gratuitously insulting all who differ from his then avowed opinions, down to a certain moment; when we then see him instantaneously turn about, without any ostensible cause, and, with the same accessories of manner, pursues the diametrically opposite course: and when we soon after find him recommended to Her Majesty for one of the highest places in the gift of the Crown, what can we think? It would be a slight upon your intelligence for me to pretend to explain the secret of such sudden conversions, when followed by such results. You know that secret too well. And when we see Nova Scotia is to be represented in the Canadina House of Lords by such converts as these, it is a double insult to Nova Scotians. If, to carry an important measure like this by such factitious—such unworthily factitious means, is called *statesmanship* by those who give themselves credit for the achievement, the sooner we are done with such statesmanship the better. The cause of the Union of these North American Colonies was one worthy of being carried to a successful issue by worthy means; and it could have been made successful without resorting to measures the knowledge of which calls a blush to the cheek of every honest Unionist in the Province.

I contend that, after this worse than trifling with the feelings, the interests, and the reputation of the people of this Province, the "Premier of Nova Scotia" and his colleagues are not only not entitled to any specially favorable consideration on the part of that people, but that they have forfeited what claim they had upon the popular suffrages. Speaking as a Union man, I have been mortified to find that this Ministry has struck from under our feet much of the firmest ground upon which, as Unionists, we could have contended at the approaching Parliamentary elections. To this it has been replied that the representatives of the Maritime Provinces, or even of any one of them, by adhering to each other, could hold the balance of power between the two great inland Provinces, and that this would be especially the case in the Senate, where the numerical representation of the different Provinces more nearly approached an equality; but when we find our Government recommending to the Senate men whose venality can be compared only to that of a class of creatures who I will not offend you by naming, this security is *gone*. Even on a question affecting our dearest local interests we may think ourselves safe, and at the eleventh hour find that we are *sold*.

Again, I take the liberty of alleging that it is the height of presumption for members of the present Government to ask the people of Nova Scotia to support them, as Unionists, and their nominees at the polls, when the very members who should be the first to present themselves before their constituencies and the last to yield in the fight, have already skulked out of the field. Who, do they suppose, are going to waste their time and their energies contending for them and their partizans, *as such partizans*, under these discouraging and mortifying circumstances? I venture to predict that they will find but a small number answer to the roll-call. These gentlemen are aware that I have had no slight opportunities of knowing Nova Scotia and Novascotians; and I do not hesitate to say that I would not *now* give a sixpence for their chances at the polls *in four out of every five constituencies in the Province*. And Novascotians, strong as I know the Union sentiment to be throughout the country, would be a spiritless people if it were otherwise. For I tell you, gentlemen—but you must yourselves know it ere this—that the Tupper Government have prostrated you and your fellow countrymen, that the Millers and Bourinots, and others of their class, might walk over your backs into the Canadian Senate; and that others may hereafter tread the same road to the objects of their ambition; I think it high time that there was an end to that policy.

When we bear in mind that Mr. Hamilton, the gentleman who bears this testimony, was an officer under the Tupper Administration, and knew what was going on behind the scenes, can we doubt that such men as Miller are bribed traitors to the interests of their constituents? Mr. Hamilton knows well the measures which made the Union cause successful in the Legislature of Nova Scotia, and the "knowledge now *calls the blush to the cheek of every honest Unionist* in the Province." A work on Bribery and Corruption from the pen of Bourinot, Bill and Miller, would, we think, be very edifying and appropriate at the present time. If it contained their own *experience* only, we have no doubt it would cause the "cheek of every honest man" to blush. Dr. Tupper has, it appears, been acting in another capacity than as a new Canadian Agent. R. L. Weatherbe, Esq., a native of P. E. Island, but now a Halifax Barrister, has addressed a letter, dated 6th inst., to the "Prime Minister of Nova Scotia," in which he says:—

"I have in my desk your manuscript, in your own hand, of an article on the subject of your delegation to England, *in praise of your own ability*, which you requested me to get inserted in the 'Recorder,' and you will remember you were much annoyed that the fulsome paragraph never appeared."

Here we have an instance of a "great statesman" attempting to palm off on the public *self-praise* as the unbiassed and voluntary opinion of an independent journalist. Since their return from Quebec, some of the Union Delegates have been puffed a good deal, but it now appears that the best of his puffing was the work of their heads and hands. So much for political quackery and humbug.

His Worship Mayor Richey, of Halifax, has been on a visit to this Island. He left for Halifax by the Steamer *Heather Belle* on Monday last.

A BAZAAR.

Referring to our advertsiing colums it will be seen that the Ladies of the Congregation de Notre Dame purpose holding a Bazaar in the Upper Hall of the New Market House, Charlottetown, in June next. This Bazaar is endered necessary to realize funds to erect a new and enlarged Building for educational purposes, as the present Convent is not nearly large enough to accomodate the numerous applications for admission to the superior schools of that highly useful institution. Indeed there is not room enough for the number of pupils in attendance at the present moment, and as these schools are in reality the only ones in the city where a finished Education can be obtained for females, the necessity will at once be obvious for increased facilities to impart instruction. The fact that the facilities are already too restricted for the numbers in attendance speaks well for the training of the Ladies of the Congregation de Notre Dame, and must prove highly gratifying to all the frends of education—especially so to the Bishop of Charlottetown—to whose paternal solicitude and zeal the parents of Charlottetown are indebted for these schools. There are now four hundred children attending the Convent Schools; and the public will have ample opportunities, in the course of a few weeks, when the annual public examinations come off, to judge of the nature and extent of the instruction imparted therein. It is a source of gratification to parents, and the community generally, to witness the creditable display which the Convent children present at their annual examination. Their very appearance is suggestive of neatness, order and discipline, and the extent and variety of their information is agreeably surprising. Under those circumstances, we think it will be a pleasing duty for every person in the community who feels an interest in Education to forward by every means in their power the Bazaar which the Ladies of the Convent have advertised. Apart from the attractions of the affair and the beauty and intrinsic value of the articles which will be on exhibition, the laudable object for which it is undertaken, will, we hope, enlist the sympathy and active support of the public generally. The Ladies of the Convent will spare no pains to make the Bazaar attractive and successful, and the Hall of the Market House has been generously placed at their disposal by the members of the City Council. The friends of education have yet to discharge their duty, and we feel certain that is unnecessary to urge them to the prompt and thorough performance thereof. We direct attention to our advertising columns for particulars of the Bazaar.

We perceive by the last No. of the *Weekly*, that Mr. Ross is about to stop the publication of his paper, and wind up his business in this Island. The ingratitude of political parties, and the want of adequate support, have forced Mr. Ross to this step. We must, in candor, say that Mr. Ross has been very cavalierly dealt with by the party which he assisted so materially to place in power; but there is this much to be observed—whether by way of palliation or aggravation, our "rulers" can decide—that he is treated no worse than many others who had also lent their efforts to the return of the Party in power. The peculiar wisdom of the policy of the Government, however much appreciated at the present moment, can only be fully demonstrated at the next election which shall take place.—*Com.*

The Screw Steamer "Gulnare," Capt. McLeod, master, arrived at this port on Saturday morning, the 11th inst., from Glasgow, *via* St. John's, Newfoundland, which latter port she reached after an excellent passage of eleven days. The "Gulnare" is owned by a company consisting of some of our most enterprising and active citizens. She was built at the order and under the inspection of Capt. McLeod, by Charles Connel & Co., who hold the first rank among British Shipbuilders. In her materials she is an entire novelty to America. She is what is termed "composite," i. e., consisting of a teak planking upon an iron framework, and what may be deemed the best certificate of merit, is the fact that she has classed for 14 years, A. 1. at Llyod's. The "Margaretha Stevenson," which has been employed by Her Majesty's Surveying Officers for the last few years, having been deemed too small and unsuitable for the service, is soon to return to St. John's to embark her officers, and then proceed to the prosecution of the Surveys in which they have been engaged for several years. She is about twice as large as the "Margaretha Stevenson," being 205 tons, register. Built on the most approved model, by one of the Clyde celebrities in iron vessels, of the very best materials, and without regard to expense she might be expected to be somewhat above ordinary. It is seldom that such a handsome boat has entered our harbor. Both externally and internally she is a model of neatness and beauty. Her cabins and staterooms are large and roomy. They are made of teak, handsomely polished and ornamented by the combined skill of joiners and gilders, and on deck nothing could set off more admirably her excellent finish than the abundance of her brass mountings. Her actual qualities do not fall short of her appearence. This is her trial trip, and by no means a fair one for such a small vessel; but although she experienced some very heavy weather, yet the shortness of the passage, and the great satisfaction and pleasure of those who came as passengers abundantly testify her sea-going excellence. Her engines are direct acting, set up by Finnieston & Co., Glasgow, and have worked admirably on their first trial. On the whole, the "Gulnare" is a thorough success, and we have much pleasure in wishing her enterprising owners prosperity in their undertaking. The following parties came passengers by her to Charlottetown:—

From Glasgow—Wm. Welsh, Esq., and lady; Mrs. McDonald; and Messrs. L. G. McNeill and John Oldfield.

From St. John's—Two Misses Reid; Mrs. Bunting and two children.—*Pat.*

Diamonds in Brazil. We have been gratified by a visit from H. M. Lane, Esq., the agent for Ayer's Pills, Sarsaparilla and Cherry Pectoral, in South America, who has just visited the mines with his medicines, and described to us the process of taking gems from the earth. A driver places his gang of slaves in a mud hole, where the gems are found, and pans out the earth in the water, like gold washers. The negroes are naked, to prevent their secreting the diamonds in their clothes. They are required to work facing their overseer, and forbidden to raise a hand to the face, lest they should swallow the jewls when found. Yet they do carry them away, by becoming so expert that they can snap them with their fingers from the pan to their mouth, without detection. Ayer's medicines are the talismans for their diseases, and it was not difficult to exchange, with the negroes, Ayer's Pills in about even weight, for the rough stones in which the brilliants are holden.—[Boston Leader.

It is with great pleasure we copy the following paragraph from the Montreal *Gazette* of the 30th April:—

"University of McGill College.—Among the many students who have this year graduated in the above Institution for the degree of Doctor in medicine and surgery, it gives us great pleasure specially to chronicle the name of Mr. Peter A. McIntyre, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, who, after a satisfactory and highly creditable examination, was admitted to practice on Friday. We hope that he is not the last student who will graduate in our great Canadian University from the progressive little Island."

Mr. Peter A. McIntyre is son of Roderick McIntyre, Esq., North Side, and nephew of His Lordship the Bishop of Charlottetown. He was a student at St. Dunstan's College for a few years, and proceeded, in 1861, to the University of Laval, Quebec, where he completed his philosophical course, and commenced his medical studies, which he terminated with great distinction at McGill College, Montreal, on the 26th April. He is expected home one of those days, and we wish him every success in the practice of his profession.

Medical Notices.

Important to Mothers.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for all diseases with which children are afflicted is a safe and certain remedy. It allays all pain, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, sure to regulate the bowels, and cures wind colic. Depend upon it, mothers, it will relieve the little sufferers immediately. Perfectly safe in all cases.

Coughs and Colds are often overlooked. A continuance for any length of time causes irritation of the Lungs or some Throat Disease. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy, giving almost invariably sure and immediate relief.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Rheumatism and Gout—These purifying and soothing remedies demand the earnest attention of all persons liable to rheumatism, gout, sciatica, or other painful affections of the muscles, nerves, or joints. The Ointment should be applied after the affected parts have been patiently fomented with warm water, when the unguent should be diligently rubbed upon the adjacent skin, unless the friction should cause pain, Holloway's Pills should be simultaneously taken to reduce inflammation and to purify the blood. This treatment abates the violence, and lessens the frequency of gout, rheumatism and all spasmodic diseases which spring from pre-disposition, or from any accidental weakness of constitution.

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.

Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.

☞ We have but little confidence in the trumpet tongued statements of the proprietors of advertised medicines generally, but we are forced to concur in the opinion, uniformerly expressed by all who have used Perry Davis' Pain Killer, that it is a very valuable article, and one that it would be well for every household to have at hand, in case of bruises, scalds, burns, diarrhœa, dysentry, cholera, fever and ague, and the host of diseases, external and internal, which it is adapted to cure or alleviate. No article of medicine ever attained to such unbounded popularity and extensive diffusion. It has penetrated to every part, even the most remote, of the known world, bearing with it its healing influences more potent than those of the spices of "Araby the blest." We are informed by our principal druggists, that they sell more of this article for exportation than any or all others, and that the demand is constantly increasing.—Salem Observer.

THEO. DesBRISAY,
General Agent for P. E. Island.

May 15 1m

An Effectual Worm Medicine.—The combination of ingredients used in making Brown's Vermifuge Comfits is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. Much sickness with children as well as adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits" are effectual in destroying worms, and can do no possible injury to the most delicate child.

Curtis & Brown, Proprietors, New York. Sold by all dealers in Medicines, at 25 cents a box.

May 15 1m

News by Telegraph.

St. John, N. B., May 10, 1867.—London 8th.—Peace Congress met yesterday. France willing to accept dismantling fortress of Luxemburg. Prussia not consenting unless all powers guarantee against future designs of France; Prussia seeking aggrandizement in this direction. England hesitates to give guarantee. War preparations proceeding on both sides. Bismarck declares situation now more serious than before. 9th.—Demands of Prussia regarding Luxemburg assuming menacing tone.—Gold 137.

St. John, May 11, 1867.—Richmond 9th.—Serious riots in this city; fight between fire department and one thousand (1000) negroes. Schofield sent a company of soldiers, commanded them to disperse. The order being disobeyed, soldiers charged with bayonets and dispersed them.—Gold 137 5-8.

Late to "Herald."

BY CABLE.

Charlottetown, May 13.

Success of Derby Government, on vote of Reform Bill insures its preservation.—Death sentence of Doan committed to long imprisonment. Derby says the Government will not make public the real history of Fenian uprising on account of apprehended trouble with certain foreign Governments involved in Plot.

Peace congress treaty ratified by respective Governments.

Gold 135.3-8.

LATER.

Charlottetown, May 14, '67.

Jefferson Davis has been bound over for trial till November, charge treason; bailed for one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)—*London*, 13*th*. Lord Lyons succeeds Cowley as Ambassador to Paris.

Gold 135.5-8.

VERY LATEST.

St. John, N. B., May 15.—Mitchell's Legislative Council, said that Government were unfavorable to duality offices, and to plurality seats in local and general Legislature.—The route of the inter-colonial Railroad, left with the Confederate Legislature.

President Davis is soon expected in Montreal.—It is officially notified that peace in Europe will not be disturbed.—In House (N. B.) Postmaster vacated office yesterday. Cause ill-health.

Gold 135 1-4.

DIED.

At Grand Tracadie, in the 33d year of her age, Eliza, the beloved wife of Mr. Angus McDonald. She leaves a husband and two children to mourn her loss.—R. I. P.

1867. SPRING. 1867.

KENT STREET
CLOTHING STORE.

THE Subscriber has for sale

Black Broadcloths and Doeskins,
Silk Mixtures and Tweeds,

Suitable for Spring and Summer wear. He will make them up for parties, in want of Summer suits of Clothing, cheap for cash or approved credit.

Also a superior lot of

Ready-Made Clothing,

Manufactured on the premises under his own immediate supervision. Parties in want of a good substantial article, would do well to give him a call, before purchasing elsewhere.

P. REILLY.

May 14th 1867.

New Advertisements.

BAZAAR.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

THE LADIES OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME intend holding a

BAZAAR,

In the Upper Hall of the new Market House.

CHARLOTTETOWN,

ON

Monday, the 10th June next,

for the purpose of realizing funds to erect an enlarged Establishment to meet the increased Educational demands of the Colony. A large and varied assortment of useful and fancy articles will be offered for sale, and Refreshment Tables will be provided for visitors from the country.

List of Articles in connection with the foregoing Bazaar, to be sold by Lottery:

1.	Drawingroom Chair,	0	2 0
2.	A Prie Dieu Chair,	0	2 3
3.	Fire Screen, mounted,	0	2 3
4.	A Bride's Workbox,	0	6
5.	An embroidered Toilet Set,	0	1 6
6.	Sofa Cushion,	0	1 6
7.	China Tea Set,	0	1 6
8.	A Child's Dress, latest fashion,	0	1 6
9.	An Oriental Bead Table,	0	1 6
10.	Foot Stool,	0	1 6
11.	A Leather Frame,	0	1 6
12.	Fruit Basket,	0	0 9
13.	Flower Basket,	0	0 9

The proceeds of the Tickets herewith sent, together with any contributions from generous and charitable persons, in aid of the Bazaar will be gratefully received by the undermentioned Committee:

Edward Reilly, Esqr., Charlottetown,
Mrs. P. Walker, do
Miss Alice Newberry, do
Hon. G. Howlan, Alberton,
Miss Mary Ann Reid, do
Mrs. A. McDonald, Montague,
Miss Eliza McDonald, Georgetown,
Miss Margaret McDonald, Summerside,
T. Kelly, Esqr., do
Miss G. Stephens, Orwell,
Miss Eskildson, St. John, N. B.,
Mrs. Cronan, Halifax,
Miss C. Eckstadt, Charlottetown.

Cleanse the Blood.

WITH corrupt, or tainted blood, you are sick all over. It may burst out in Pimples, or Sores, or some active disease, or it may merely keep you listless, depressed and good for nothing. But you cannot have good health while your blood is impure. Ayer's Sarsaparilla purges out these impurities it expels disease and restores health and stimulates the organs of life into vigorous action. Hence it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are caused by impurity of the blood, such as *Scrofula, or King's Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelus, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Cancer or Cancerous Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Diseases*, such as *Retention Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility*, also *Syphilis or Venereal Diseases, Liver Complaints*, and *Heart Disease*. Try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and see for yourself the surprising activity with which it cleanses the blood and cures these disorders.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative ingredient whatever. Hence bitter disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound, "Sarsaparilla," and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistable by the class of diseases it is intended to cure. We can assure the sick, that we offer them the best alterative we know how to produce, and we have reason to believe, it is by far the most effectual purifier of the blood yet discovered.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so universally known to surpass every other medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease, that it is useless here to recount the evidence of its virtues. The world knows them.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.

W. R. WATSON
General Agent for P. E. Island.

May 15—3m

FLAX SEED!

7s. 6d. per Bushel.

THE SEED imported by the Government of Prince Edward Island last year, is now on Sale at the Royal Agricultural Society's Store, and, to encourage the growth of Flax, is offered at the low price of 7s. 6d. per bushel.

Charlottetown, May 15, 1867.

1867. SEEDS. 1867.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECEIVED, from the well-known House of Thomas Whalley, Nursery and Seedsman, 12, St. George's Crescent, Liverpool—

A Supply of Garden Seeds.

Also on hand, from Boston:

Cucumber, Squash, Melon, Carrot, Onion, Cannon Ball, California & Marblehead, Drumhead Cabbage Seeds.

WM. R. WATSON.

Victoria Building, Queen Street, May 8, 1867.

STELLA COLAS,

Rimmel's Stella Colas Bouquet, dedicated by permission to this talented Artest.

Alexandra,	Guards,	Fragebane,
Princess of Wales,	Rimmel's,	Lilly of the Valley
Jockey Club,	Wood Violet,	Millefleur,
Essence Bouquet,	Patchouly,	Violet.
West End	New Mown Hay,	Loves Myrtle.

The Bard of Avon's Perfume, in a neat Box; Sydenham Eau de Cologne, Treble Lavender Water, Extract of Lavender Flowers, Verbena Water, Tercentenary Sachet, Perfumede Tercentenary Souvenir, Shakespear Golden Scented Locken Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, for making the Hair soft and glossy; Rose Leaf Powder, an improvement oil Violet Powder; Bloom of Ninion, for the Complexion. Depilatory Powder for removing superfluous hairs without injury to the skin; Napoleon Pommade, for fixing the Mustachos, and instantaneous Hair Dye, for giving the Hair and Whiskers a natural and permanent shade without trouble and danger.

Rimmel's Rose Water Crackers, a new and amusing device for evening parties.

W. R. WATSON.

Drug Store, Dec. 22, 1864.

FOR SALE!

SAILS, RIGGING, ANCHORS & CHAINS, suitable for a small Schooner of between 30 and 40 Tons.

Persons wishing to purchase the above, will apply at the sail-loft of Mr. J. T. LONGARD, head of Pope's Wharf.

March 13, 1866. tf

THOSE in want of a real good PHOTOGRAPH or Photographs ON PORCELAIN, will do well to call at

C. LEWIS'S.

Corner Great George and King-st. Ch'town, March 6 } 3m pd

NOTICE
—OF—
REMOVAL!

THE Subscriber, thankful for the support extended to him since his commencement in business, here announces that he has REMOVED his business to the Building on QUEEN STREET, recently occupied by Messrs. Delany & Byrne, and situated between Haviie's Bookstore and Hon. D. Brenan's.

A new Supply of

Books and Stationery

daily expected. The PRINTING BUSINESS in all its branches will be carried on, and increased facilities have been secured for performing all kinds of JOB WORK in good style and on reasonable terms.

EDWARD REILLY.

Queen Street, May 1, 1867.

FOR SALE.

I HAVE for Sale—

1 HORSE, 6 years old, Black Hawk breed, 15 hands high, good Roadster, no faults.
1 Pony, 14 hands, M'Innis's Breed—fast trotter, 5 years old.
1 Express Waggon and Harness,—1 Single Waggon, new.
200 Cedar Posts.
30 Tons Pictou large COAL.
30 " small "

Terms Cash, or approved Notes of Hand. Time to suit purchasers.

JOHN P. IRVING.

Ch'town, May 1, 1867. P I tf

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND

RESPECTFULLY requests those indebted to him to Settle their Accounts before he leaves for Halifax, N. S. After the middle of MAY his Book will be left with the Messrs. Haviland & Brecken for adjustmet.

Charlottetown, 22nd April, 1867.

NOTICE.

SOURIS MAIL.

MR. HOOPER begs to announce to the Travelling and Commercial Public that he no longer puts up at Mr. Worth's, Kent Street.

☞ All Orders and Parcels to be forwarded by the EASTERN MAIL must, for the future, be left at his residence, next door to Henry Palmer's, Esq., KENT STREET, where Passengers will also find him on the mornings of Tuesday and Friday.

April 17, 1867.

Cloth Mill and Premises for Sale.

THAT eligibly situated and desirable Property, situated within three miles of Charlottetown, formerly known as Gurney's Cloth Mills. A stream of water runs nearly through the centre of the land. Being so near the City it would be a commanding position for any kind of machinery (just the place for the contemplated Flax Manufactory.) There is a Dwelling House on the premises, and Out Houses, with the Mill, which wants repairs. There is about 13 acres of Land now connected with it, but if the purchaser should desire a larger quantity, it can be extended to 24 acres or more.

BRICK YARD.

For Sale, the Brick Yard immediately adjoining the Cloth Mill. There is an extensive supply of Brick Clay on the premises. The Three Mile Stream runs through the grounds. There is some Machinery belonging to that business on the locality.

Adjoining the aforesaid grounds, and immediately fronting on the Princetown Road, several Plots of Land are offered for Sale or to Let. One acre each.

Also, on the Lower Road, adjoining the Queen's Arms, seven or eight plots of ground can be obtained for building Mechanics' houses, &c.

For further particulars apply to the owner—

JAMES D. HAZARD.

April 10, 1867.

TENDERS

for Steam Communication between Souris, Georgetown, Murray Harbor and Pictou.

TENDERS are required to be sent into the Colonial Secretary's Office on or before Thursday, the 16th day of MAY next, at Two o'clock in the afternoon, by any person or Company who may be willing to contract to run a STEAMER once or twice a week for the Conveyance of Passengers and Freights, and Mails, if required, between Souris, Georgetown, Murray Harbor and Pictou, touching at each Port going and returning, so long as the Navigation shall remain open, from the FIRST day of JUNE next, to the close of the season of 1867, and during the open season in the two following years, 1868 and 1869. The Tenderer must specify the Tonnage and Power of the Vessel to be supplied, and the amount required to be paid for the performance of the services required, and be accompanied by the names of two parties willing to become Sureties for the due performance of the Contract.

The Tender must also state what amount will be required for the present year's service alone, and also how much for one and how much for two trips in each week during the above periods.

GEORGE COLES, Col. Secretary.

Charlottetown, April 10, 1867.

"Flying Frenchman."

THIS favorite Horse, known to be the best-blooded Canadian on the Island, a sure sire, and whose stock commands the highest prices, will travel the following route during the coming season:—Commencing on Monday, the 29th April, leaves home and goes through Monaghan Road, and will stand at Mr. Fletcher's. Tuesday, the 30th, will go through Johnston's River. May 1st, will stand at Southport. May 2d, will stand 3 hours at Daniel Edmonds', Squaw Bay, and at Richard Green's same night May 3d, 3 hours at William Praught's, and then home through Vernon River. May 4th, at his own stable. Monday, May 6th, 3 hours at Finley's, New Perth; then at Cardigan Bridge. May 7th, at John Walker's, Launching. May 8th, 3 hours at Alex. Dingwell's, Bay Fortune, and at Murphy's, Red House, same night. May 9th, 3 hours at Wm. Larkin's, Birch Hill; and at Geo. McInnis's, Head St. Peter's Bay, same night. May 10th, through St. Peter's Road, to Thos. Pendergast's. Saturday, May 11th, through Baldwin's Road; and same evening, at his own stable.

This route will be continued once a fortnight until the 12th of July,

JOHN MAHER.

Barrens, Lot 49, April 3, 1867.

Big Loaf for a Small Price!

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at a reduced price,—200 barrels Extra Family FLOUR.

W. McGILL.

Charlottetown, March 20, 1867.

FISHING SITE

AT KILDARE CAPES.

THE Subscriber offers at Private Sale his FARM containing

100 acres of Land,

60 of which are under cultivation, and having a lease of 999 years. The Dwelling House and Outbuildings thereon are new and commodious. For agricultural purposes, there is no better land on this Island. As a Fishing Site it is unrivalled. Its contiguity to one of the richest Fishing grounds in the world, as also to Little Tignish Pond, where an unlimited quantity of Bait can be obtained, point it out to men of enterprise and capital as a most desirable place. Apply either by letter or in person at the "Herald" Office, or to the owner.

THOMAS MOUNTAIN.

Kildare Capes, Lot 2, March 13, 1867. 3m