The End of Your Cough

is near when you begin to take Jamieson's White Pine and Tar. One bottle is usually sufficient to completely cure any ordinary cough. The starting cough is often overcome with a few doses.

Jamieson's White Pine and Tar acts directly upon the inflamed respiratory tract, soothing and healing the affected membrane promptly. It does not dope the taker and temporarily stop the desire to cough while the cause of the cough remains. Its a real cure; Large bottles 25 and 50c.

J. G. Jamieson
Druggist

Never Put Off Till To-Morrow What You Can Do Today

If your eyes are bothering you in any way, come in and have them tested by us, and we will insure you perfect satisfaction.

G. H. Taylor
Jeweller & Optician

Montague Black Fox Exchange
Correspondence Solicited
L. M. McKinnon, Manager
Montague, P. E. I.

1914 Options Wanted
State price and terms at once by wire.
N. C. CHRISTIE
Amherst
Nova Scotia
Breeder and Dealer in Black Silver Foxes and all other Fur Bearing Animals
1105, 2, 7, 5, 6mos.

BIRTHS

DALZIEL.— In this City, Feb. 15, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. William Dalziel a son, (stillborn.)

DALZIEL.—In this city, Feb. 15, 1914, to Mr and Mrs. William Dalziel, a son, (William).

DEATHS

WYAND.—At Mayfield on Wednesday, February 18th, Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wyand, aged 22 years. Funeral Saturday at 2 p. m. to New Glasgow cemetery.

"We have just received a full line of the very best grades in American smoking tobacco including such famous brands as Dill's, Edgeworth's Master Workman, B. & L., Mills, Prince Albert and Cube Cut. These are recognized as the best grades for the money that nature and soul can produce. The Two Macs. 149 Great Kent Sts. Etf.

FOR THIS AT LEAST.

Be thankful when Columbus comes
Across the raging main.
There were no immigration laws
To turn him back again.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. to pay postage.

THE GUARDIAN
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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1914

DIARY OF EVENTS

TODAY

City Magistrate's Court, 9 a.m.
Annual W. A. Missionary Tea, at Paul's School-room, 5 to 7 p.m.
Prince Edward, 7 and 9 p.m.
People's Theatre, 7.30 and 9 p.m.
K. of P. celebration in Castle Hall, 8 p.m.
School of Expression Reception, Smallwood's Hall, 8 p.m.
Congregational social, St. James Church, 8 p.m.
Class Dinner and Social of Young Mens' Bible Class of First Methodist Church at 6.15, p. m.

OUR FRIENDS AND FOES

The magnificent fight being put up by Mr. Borden on behalf of the Island's representation commands our admiration and deserves our gratitude. Never hitherto has the Island's case been put more fairly, honestly, cogently and effectively before the House of Commons. That the Prime Minister of the Dominion should devote five-sixths of his speech in moving the first reading of the Re-Distribution Bill to the case of Prince Edward Island, is a tribute no less to his earnest desire to see justice done "though the heavens fall" than it is to the success of those who presented the Island's case for his consideration.

Contrast the attitude and policy of Premier Borden with those of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. In power he never lifted a little finger to help the Island. His promises were many and fervent; his performance nil. Now in Opposition we get the measure of the man. "It is a question of arithmetic alone" he exclaims with a shrug of the shoulders. Justice, honor, sentiment, count for nothing with Sir Wilfrid where Quebec is not concerned. Premier Borden, we are told, spoke sympathetically of the claims of Prince Edward Island and defended his action in leaving the settlement of the Islands representation to the special Committee, but—Sir Wilfred had no bowels of compassion, no sympathy, no consideration for honor, justice, equity. With him it is merely a "question of arithmetic," let the Island be swept off the map as a province; Quebec is all right.

Mr. E. M. Macdonald, the bosom friend and political associate of Mr. J. J. Hughes of King's, true to his first reputation as the inveterate foe of the Island, was the only other member who uttered a word against the Premier's proposal. He stoutly opposed justice being done the Island; the letter of the law says we are entitled to just so many representatives, and he indignantly refuses to give any consideration to the spirit of the convention for which the Island pleads. He knows, no one knows better, that we are entitled to special treatment, that we declined to enter Confederation until we got more than the other provinces bargained for; he knows, moreover, that for the first time, the House of Commons as a whole has been made acquainted with the real position; and it is because he fears that we shall obtain that fairplay and justice, for which we have hitherto sought in vain, that he has entered the lists against us. We shall have something more to say about Mr. McDonald and his unenviable record. Meanwhile, what about his colleague Mr. J. J. Hughes? What advocacy has he put forth on behalf of the Island? So far he has not uttered a single word to further our cause. He has sat dumb—except when essaying the part of a cosmopolitan and discussing politics at large and asking questions in general. The future representation of the Island in the Dominion has concerned him not in in the least.

It is characteristic of Mr. J. J. Hughes to throw in his lot with those opposed to the Island's aspirations. In 1903, Mr. Borden tells us, the member for King's "argued strongly and forcibly against the claims put forward on behalf of the Province." In 1907 Mr. Hughes voted against the motion of Mr. Lefurgey to increase the Island's subsidy from $100,000 to $128,000. In 1913 Mr. Hughes voted against the Highways Bill, which would have given the Island $17,000 per. annum. And now in 1914 he sits dumb, while his friend Mr. McDonald does his level best to ruin our chances of increased representation. As he thinketh in his heart so is he. As a friend of the Island, Mr. Hughes has been weighed and found wanting.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

This evening in the City of Washington, D.C., the Knights of Pythias will celebrate their golden jubilee, their fiftieth birthday. Preparations have been in progress during the past year looking towards this event and with a view to making it the greatest celebration in the history of fraternal organization. In anticipation of the event, also, a campaign was inaugurated during the year to bring the membership of the order up to the million mark, and although definite statistics are not yet available, it is believed that this hope has been realized and that tonight the golden shield issued to commemorate the event will be worn on more than a million breasts throughout the world.

While the main celebration will be held in Washington, the birthplace of the order, local lodges throughout the world will all participate and uniform services will be held in all lodges. In the hall of Empire Lodge, N. 19, Charlottetown, the golden jubilee will be fittingly celebrated and invitations have been issued to the brethren and their friends and also to many who are not of the order. An elaborate programme has been prepared, including a special ritualistic ceremony in which the origin, the aims and the achievements of Pythianism will be set forth. In addition to this a literary and social entertainment, followed by refreshments will be carried out and the affair is looked forward to as one of the most imposing events of the year.

Empire Lodge has, this year, the honor of having the Grand Chancellorship for the Grand Domain of the Maritime Provinces, Mr. C. Leonard McKay of Messrs Bruce Stewart and Co., holding that honorable position. Mr. McKay is, by virtue of his office, the representative of the Maritime Grand Domain at the celebration in Washington but, unfortunately is prevented from attending owing to the fact that the annual meeting of the stock holders of the company takes place in a few days and the winding up of the year's work makes it impossible for him to leave. He has appointed Mr. Frank H. Godsoe of St. John to represent the lodges in this Domain.

The story of the founding of this great order is a singularly striking though simple one. Mr. Justus Rathborne of Washington while discussing with a few friends the familiar story of Damon and Pythias and expatiating on the sincerity of the friendship that bound these two, conceived the idea of cragnizing a few friends into a society whose object it would be to perpetuate real and practical friendship. Accordingly a ritual was agreed upon and the society was organized on February 19th, 1864. The society consisted of only a few friends but they were sincere, practical results of their friendship leaked out into the world and others united with them. The good seed took hold and grew year by year until today the Knights of Pythias are known the world over. There are now over 8,000 subordinate lodges with a membership approximating a million.

This society is more than ornamental; it is practical, philanthropic and fraternal in the truest sense of the word, and has given more practical demonstration of its true fraternity, perhaps, than any other society in the world. It is fitting then that its members should tonight enthusiastically celebrate the semi-centennial of the order. It has had an existence of fifty-years of usefulness, and is still in its youth. The greatness of its strength is still before it and in the cultivation of the virtues Friendship, Charity and Benevolence it has the world for its field and humanity to aid and to bless.

We wish the organization well, and trust that the fiftieth anniversary, great and inspiring as it is, is but the earnest of still greater things to come.

MEXICO'S PREDICAMENT

President Huerta has retaliated on President Wilson by suspending the payment of Mexico's public debt and seizing the custom's revenue to maintain his government and pay his army. This, while causing dismay in the camp of the bondholders, has enabled him to keep his forces in good humor and to make some headway against his ubiguitous antagonists. The fear is now entertained that since President Huerta has been allowed to default in the payment of his national debt without any direct punishment, as in the case of any European nation similarly situated, he may be tempted to collect further tribute by forced loans, peremptory requisitions, and the other methods that are common to dictators in need of cash. The telegrams in yesterday's Guardian indicate the trend of events. Already Mexico has opened negotiations with a Japanese financier for a loan, and provided he gets it, the "Yellow Peril" will obtain its first real hold on the American continent. Thus complications arise from the lack of statesmanship in the handling of a very thorny problem.

President Wilson has enjoyed complete freedom from anything that could be described as outside diplomatic pressure in his Mexican policy. Whatever may be the private opinion of the members of Congress and the United States people generally, this much must be said for them that they have followed loyally behind their President in the torturous policy he has seen fit to pursue. The situation now developing, however, will require some different handling. Mexico is being steadily driven to anarchy and desolution by the prevalence of a long drawn out civil war, and there is no visible prospect of things improving so long as the combatants are left to fight it out among themselves. By this means General Huerta may ultimately be got rid of, but the difficulties of Mexico will remain for any possible successor. Unless President Wilson changes his attitude, and that speedily, the Mexican problem will remain insoluble. The "Kilkenny cats" cure will never prove effective, especially with a "yellow peril" ever imminent.

IN INTEREST OF AGRICULTURISTS

OTTAWA, February 17.—The agricultural committee of the House of Commons, which came to the front last session with its inquiries into the fruit industry in Canada, promises to have another active year, judging by the programme its members have laid out four big topics were decided upon for early consideration and for the hearing of evidence by expe ts. These are the applicatioa of hydro-electric power to the farms, the sheep industry, the dairying industry in Canada, and the growing of seed corn. It was decided to begin with hydro-power, and an engineer will be brought from the Ontario Power Commission to give evidence.

Mr. John Best, of Dufferin brought up the question of meat importations into Canada from Australia, New Zealand and other countries and made a strong plea for more protection for the farmers of Canada "We should make every effort to get the Government to protect us on our sheep, cattle and grains," he said: "If anybody needs protection it is the farmer and the only way we will get good prices for our products is to have them protected."

Dr. Steele, of South Perth, also brought up the question of the dairy industry in Canada. At no time, he said, had it been in a more unsettled condition, particularly in Western Ontario. Many factories were closing up. He thought there was too great a tendency to leave the making of butter and cheese to rush into something else that would probably prove less profitable in the end. Then it was difficult to get back into it again.

J. A. Sexsmith urged the necessity of having an inquiry into the sheep industry, pointing out that the province of Ontario sixty years ago raised more sheep than the whole of Canada today. The committee concurred in his views.

W. J. Paul, Lennox, said that the Government could not more profitably spend two million dollars than in placing a one-hundred acre demonstration farm in every rural riding in Canada. If there was to be anything done in a practical way for the farmers it must be by demonstration at their own doors. This was true of the West as well as of the East. Mr. Paul said that, though his riding was a great dairy country, there was not a single silo in it, the reason being that the farmers had never been shown the advantages of a silo.

WILLS $70,000 TO HOME FOR "WOMEN IN THE WAY"

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The will of Miss Annie Mac Dowell, of Yonkers, filed on Monday, leaves her fortune of over $70,000 to found a home "for refined, educated Protestant gentlewomen, whose means are small and whose home is made unhappy by having to live with relatives who think them in the way."

Miss MacDowell, who was 70 years old, leaves her sister, Mrs. Jessie Gibson, $1, stating that she has means of her own.

FOUND SHOT DEAD IN BARN

LEAMINGTON, Ont., February 17.—On Saturday night Joseph Mooney was found dead on his barn floor, with a shot wound in his neck, by his niece, who kept house for them. Joseph Mooney was a bachelor, 55 years old, and lived on a farm a few miles east of Leamington. Neighbors say Mooney had been acting queerly of late, and Coroner King, who was called to the scene of the tragedy, decided that an inquest was unnecessary as Mooney, in a state of insanity, undoubtedly ended his own life.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } S. S.
LUCAS COUNTY }

Frank J Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney &Co, doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December. A D. 1886

(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO Toledo O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

TRUSTS THRIVE WITH FREE TRADE

It is often asserted in Canada that protection fosters combines and that a country enjoying free trade is exempt from the evils of monopolies and trusts. Several economic writers have investigated this question in Great Britian and their reports have been made public in various periodicals. One of these writers, Mr. H. W. Macrosty says in the Contemporary Review that in 1899 single amalgamations, while not entirely excluding competition controlled the screw, cotton thread, salt, alkali, and india-rubber tire industries in Great Britian. In many cases where an actual consolidation had not taken place there was an agreement to maintain prices. In Birmingham 500 employers and 20,000 workmen were working under agreements to maintain prices, which were fixed by committees after examining the conditions of manufacture. Mr. E. J. J. Smith, the author of the Birmingham scheme of trade combination, said in January, 1898: "It was first adopted seven years ago in the metallic bedstead trade, and has been so successful in that industry that the trade is today one of the most envied in the country. Since then it has been tried by the makers of spring mattresses, cased tubes, spun mounts rolled metal, brass wire, metal tubes, iron and brass fenders, china, furniture, electrical fittings, pottery ware, brass and electroplated coffin handle plates and ornaments. Amongst other manufacturers who are taking it up are the markets of jet and Rockingham wares (potteries) galvanized hollow-ware, and brass and iron pins."

MANY CONSOLIDATIONS.

"There is no open market in antimony, nickle, mercury, lead pipes, fish supply and petroleum," said Mr. Macrosty. "Steel and iron rails are controlled by a ring. All the largest paper mills engaged in making newspapers have just consolidated their interests into one large combination. In the engineering trade twenty-four firms have a subscribed capital of £14,245,000. In 1897 Armstrong & Company absorbed Whitworth & Company, raising their capital to £4,210,000 in the process. In the spring of 1897 Vickers & Company, the armorplate manufacturers, bought up the Naval Construction and Armaments Company, and later they acquired the Maxim-Nordenfelt Guns and Ammunition Company. Now they boast of being the only firm capable of turning out a battleship complete in every respect." The firm of J. & P. Coates of Paisley, after being formed into a limited liability campany for the manfacture of sewing thread with a capital of £5,750,000, absorbed Kerr & Company of Paisley, Chadwick & Company of Bolton, and Jones, Brook & Company of Meltham, the capital being raised to £10,000,000, on which a dividend of 20 per cent. is being paid. In December, 1897, the English Sewing-Cotton Company, consisting of an amalgamation of fifteen firms, was floated with a capital of £2,000,000. Messrs Coats took a large amount of the stock and it was thought that this would lead to an amalgamation, with the great Paisley combination In 1899 the new firm absorbed the Glasgow firm of R. F. & J. Alexander with a capital of £475,000. Seventeen firms of cotton spinners, mostly in Manchester and Bolton, had combined under the name of the Fine Cotton spinners' and Doublers' Association, Limited, with an immense capitalization. The Bradford Dyers' Association, Limited, is another combination which in 1899 embraced twenty-two firms with a capital of £4,500,000 and employing 7,500 men. As a result of a recent amalgamation of several coal companies one combination employed 12,000 men, and an attempt had been made oo consolidate all the coal companies. In the distributive coal trade. W. Coey & Sons, Limited, formed by the union of eight large firms, handled 5,000,000 out of 8,000,000 tons of coal that reached London by sea in 1899.

SMALL MAN'S STRUGGLE.

In the retail trade the small man has a desperate struggle to retain a footing. Great department stores known as universal providers are crowding out the smaller stores. The joint stock system has spread to the distributing business. The capitalization of trading companies in the grocery, provision, meat, oil and drug trades organized in 1896-7 was over £18,000,000 and the movement has since been accelerated. One well-known retail provision company has a capital of a million pounds and another of two and a half million pounds. These large firms spread by setting up branches in both town and country so that nowhere is the private shopkeeper secure from their competitors.

"For relieving that cold and irritation of the throat you should use Mac's Syrup of White Pine and Tar. This is a splendid tonic for the cough and is praised by everyone who has ever used it. Try it today. A bottle costs only 25c. The Two Macs, 149 Great George St. MEtf.

Glad News to All With Bad Colds
Instant Relief. Few Hours For Cure

NOTHING KNOWN TO SCIENCE IS SO INVARIABLY SURE TO CURE AS "CATARRHOZONE."

Just Breathe Catarrhzone!

The Ozonated Air Cure, better known as "CATARRHOZONE" is death to colds.

Its health-laden fumes contain the leading balsams of the pine woods.

Soothing and antiseptic, it gives instant relief—stops gagging, hawking and sneezing.

Mucous and phelgm are cleared away, breathing made easy, and Catarrh symptoms entirely disappear. Delightful and pleasant is Catarrhozone, simple to use because you breathe it—sure to cure cold and catarrh because it destroys the cause. Doctors say nothing is more scientific, nothing possesses such might of merit in winter ills.

"To clear a cold out of your nostrils and to be able in a minute or two to breathe freely again, I can't conceive of anything being better than Catarrhozone," writes J. H. Galvin, of Port Limon, C.R. For any sort of Catarrh, throat trouble or Bronchitis, Catarrhozone is a specific. I know scores of people who use Catarrhozone and all speak wonders of its merits."

Get the complete $1.00 outfit it does the work sure. Small size 50c; sample or trial size 25c. Sold by dealers everywhere.

No Woman Reads Any "Ads" in the Morning Except Those Appearing in Her Morning Newspaper

She reads her morning news paper for THE NEWS—and, to the woman who is managing her home as wisely as any man could manage his business, the ads in her morning paper constitute very real "news."

For they contain facts and suggestions WHICH SHE MAY PROFIT BY IN HER BUYING FOR THAT DAY. And these facts and suggestions are available to her BEFORE she does the day's buying. That is what gives to them their NEWS VALUE.

She might be entertained, if she had limitless leisure, by reading accounts of the shopping that was done in the stores yesterday, and the bargains secured by shoppers. But being of a practical turn of mind, she prefers to know ABOUT THE OPPORTUNITIES FOR BARGAIN FINDING WHICH WILL BE OPEN TO HER TODAY when she visits the stores.

That is why advertising in a morning newspaper HAS REAL VALUE TO A HOUSEWIFE. It has present-moment value, not mere academic interest.

In 1913 The Canada Life

Canada's Oldest and Best Life Assurance Company

Made a substantial increase in business written over 1912.

Liberal clear contracts, large dividends and low premiums is the reason.

W. K. Rogers,
Branch Manager

K. S. ROGERS, Ch'town
R. B. ROGERS, S'side
Special Agents

Fire Insurance A Necessity

Then insure in good strong stock companies, which never contest an honest claim such as is represented by

E. R. BROW
Charlottetown

Buy A Gillette

The Best Safety Razor

The Gillette is the one safety razor that suits all kinds of beards and whiskers from youth to old age—it can be adjusted for a close, medium or rough shave. Is always ready for use—plates do not have to be stropped or honed.

The Gillette is used exclusively by travellers, sportsmen's business men and every man who wants a quick, quiet and satisfactory shave.

Complete outfit $5.00

FENNELL & CHANDLER
Victoria Row

GOFF BROS.

We are now ready with a good range of footwear bargains. Women's Boots in Tan and Black, Buttoned and Laced, Patent, Vici, Dongola and Calf, $2.10 for 1.38. $3.90, 3.00 for 2.50. $4.50, 4.00, 4.20, 3.50 for 2.75. $4.00 for 3.00. Men's Boots $5.00, 4.50 for 3.50 and 3.75. Other Lines at $3.25 for 2.00. Boy's Boots at 1.00. Misses at 1.00 and 1.25. A line of Matron's Congress and Bal 1.80 for 1.39 A word in rubber goods. Women's wool lined Parisian Rubbers 1.50 for 1.00. Women's Cloth Rubbers 1.15 for 90c.

Men's Rubbers at 65c. Women's at 50c. Misses at 40c. Child's at 35c.

GOFF BROS. **128 Richmond St.**