

ALL THE ADS. WORTH PRINTING THE PEOPLE'S PAPER

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

ALL THE NEWS WORTH READING READ BY EVERYBODY

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THE GERMANS ISSUE APPEAL

URGE PEOPLE TO CARRY OUT TERMS OF TREATY AS FAR AS POSSIBLE

MUST GO TO WORK

Exhort all People to Realize the Necessity to Work to Redeem Empire

(Special to the Guardian.) LONDON, June 26.—President Ebert Premier Bauer and all the ministers have issued a proclamation to the German people, according to a wireless message from Berlin, announcing the conclusion of peace and urging as the first pressing need the bending of all efforts to carry it out.

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—Germany has been notified in a note sent today by the Allies that they possess the right to punish the persons responsible for the destruction of German ships and to collect reparation for the loss.

Toronto Buffs Deposit Colours

(Special to the Guardian.) LONDON, June 26.—The colors of the 18th Toronto Buffs have been redeposited with full military honors in Canterbury Cathedral.

The Minedosa Sails for Canada

(Special to the Guardian.) LONDON, June 26.—The Minedosa sailed from Liverpool for Quebec with 29 officers and 293 men, also 738 dependents and 96 munition workers.

WAS CONSIDERABLE SHOCK TO FORMER EMPEROR.

AMERONGEN, June 24.—News of Germany's decision to accept the peace terms including the clause provided for the delivery of the former German Emperor to the allies, reached the Castle late yesterday evening.

When the associated press correspondent talked with attendants they declared the news already known at the castle. They made most scathing criticism of the German National assembly for its action.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

- *BOY WANTED, APPLY GUARDIAN Office. 6539-6-24M11.
*TO LET LARGE FRONT ROOMS With or without board. Apply 49 Euston Street. 6544-6-25M11pd.
*WANTED—A CAPABLE GIRL FOR general housework, must be able to do plain cooking. Apply 66 Great George Street. June 25-1f.
*CAR FOR HIRE—FIRST CLASS Overland car. Paddy McQuaid, Stand, McLellan Bros. Phone 250. House phone 411-J. 6396-6-18M11t
*WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSE-work, good wages. Apply 202 Euston Street or Revere Hotel. 6568-6-25-m3i
*AUCTION SALE OF CARRIAGES—I will sell for G. A. Gane, Esq., on the Market Square, Friday, June 27th, commencing at 12 o'clock, noon, 6 American carriages, single and double, with poles; also a quantity of harness. Terms Cash. B. Carter, Auctioneer. June 26-2M11pd

SECOND PRINCE CONVENTION

MESSRS H. D. DOBIE AND JOHN D. KENNEDY NOMINATED AS CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES.

The annual meeting of the West Prince Liberal-Conservative Association was held yesterday afternoon at O'Leary. It was one of the largest conventions held by the association, a full quota of delegates being present from all parts of the district.

The President, Mr. H. B. Huestis occupied the chair and addresses were delivered by the Premier, Sir Charles Dalton, Dr. Erskine Keir, J. Shelton Sharp and a number of others.

An interesting feature of the convention was the presentation by the Premier, in the course of a powerful speech, of the Liberal-Conservative platform which appears elsewhere in this issue.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mr. Wilfrid Tanton, Alberton; Vice-Pres. 1st District, J. A. Brennan, Tignish; Vice-Pres. 2nd District, Austin Ramsay, Conway; Vice-Pres. 3rd District, H. D. Dobie; Secretary, J. Foster White.

After the business of the association was concluded the delegates for the Second District were called to convention to nominate candidates for the forthcoming election.

Germany Threatened With Railway Strike

(Special to the Guardian.) BERLIN, June 26.—Germany is faced with a nation wide railroad strike for higher wages.

Bela Kun Accepts Ultimatum

(Special to the Guardian.) VIENNA, June 26.—It is reported from Budapest that Bela Kun has accepted General Foch's ultimatum sent through General Palle to evacuate Czechoslovak territory and retire behind the demarcation line on June 25.

Grand Lodge A.F. & A.M.

The Grand Lodge of Freemasons of Prince Edward Island concluded a very successful and largely attended two days session yesterday afternoon. The following are the Grand Officers for the current year: (Rev.) James McDougall—Grand Master.

Union Commercial College

The Union Commercial College closed for the holidays yesterday. Principal Moran presented the Diplomas, Certificates, Medals and Prizes won during the term.

The following is a list of certificate and prize winners: PRIZE LIST Gold medal to student making highest average in both courses during the term, equally merited by Katie Coyle and Elmira Nocenti. Drawn by Katie Coyle.

SIGNATURES FOR PEACE TREATY

CEREMONY WILL TAKE PLACE AT 2 O'CLOCK SATURDAY AFTERNOON

IMPOSING DOCUMENT

76 Signatures Will be Attached. Document Presented on Japan Paper Bound in Red

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—Subject to change the plan of the peace ceremony calls for the signature by the Germans at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon with the five German plenipotentiaries. Apart from Germany 27 nations will be included among the allies, represented by 62 delegates each of whom shall sign for their respective countries.

The treaty document is printed on Japan hand made paper and is bound in red morocco.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The army appropriation bill carrying \$888,000,000 and providing for an average army of 400,000 men next year an increase over the House bill of \$171,000,000 in funds and 100,000 in personnel was passed late today by the senate without a roll call and sent to a conference.

More Germans Ashamed to Sign

(Special to the Guardian.) BERLIN, June 26.—Hermann Mueller, the new Foreign Minister, the Tageblatt says, has declined to go to Versailles to sign the peace treaty.

Former Greek King Has Gone Broke

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—Former King Constantine of Greece who has been living in Switzerland is in financial difficulties according to advices from Geneva to Paris newspapers.

Crown Prince Escaped to Germany

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—News of the escape of the ex-Crown Prince caused a considerable stir in Peace Conference circles. While it is not felt that he is a figure around which the reactionaries and monarchists would gather enthusiastically nevertheless his act is regarded as an event of considerable significance in view of other German recalcitrancy.

SUCCESSFUL \$ DAY

Yesterday was Dollar Day in Charlottetown and a decidedly lively day it was around the stores which were thronged with shoppers.

THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, June 27.—Southwest winds becoming showery. The highest temperature yesterday was 79 degrees. The lowest yesterday was 57. It was 67 at 10 o'clock last night.

Allies Demand Reparation of Ships

ARE SENDING TWO NOTES TO GERMAN PLENIPOTENTIARIES ANNOUNCING INTENTION

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—The council decided this afternoon to send two notes to the president of the German peace delegation at Versailles, one regarding the actions of the Germans in Poland in connection with a significant telegram intercepted by the Poles and the other relative to the sinking of the German fleet in the Scapa Flow.

Winnipeg Strike Officially Over

(Special to the Guardian.) WINNIPEG, June 26.—At a special executive session of the Strike Committee last night, it was agreed that the general sympathetic strike which has handicapped Winnipeg industry for six weeks, should be called off at eleven o'clock Thursday forenoon but announcement of this decision was withheld until the official organ of the central strike press committee, the "Enlightener", appeared on the streets this afternoon.

The "Enlightener" is the successor of the Western Labor News which was suppressed several days ago. Official notice of the termination of the strike was sent to Premier T. C. Norris, of Manitoba by Alderman Ernest Robinson, secretary of the strike committee. Mr. Robinson also made formal application that the government appoint a royal commission to inquire into the cause of industrial troubles.

German Fined for Failing to Salute

(Special to the Guardian.) COBLENZ, June 26.—Capt. Bachhauser, assigned by the German army to duty in Coblenz, was fined one thousand marks today for refusing to salute an American Lieutenant.

Germans After Erzeberger's Scalp

(Special to the Guardian.) BERLIN, June 26.—The Tageblatt said yesterday that a party of soldiers went to the palace in Weimar on Wednesday and demanded that Matthias Erzeberger, the new vice-Chancellor and Minister of Finance, be handed over to them.

France to Celebrate Peace July 14

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—The French Government has decided that the official victory celebration by France shall take place on July 14th.

Serious Disorders Now in Berlin

(Special to the Guardian.) LONDON, June 26.—Representatives of industrial councils have assumed full political and military power in Hamburg and are sitting in the Town Hall, according to advices from Berlin, quoting newspaper advices received there.

Two Envoys Appointed to Sign Treaty

(Special to the Guardian.) BERLIN, June 26.—Hermann Mueller, the Foreign Minister and Dr. Bell, the Colonial Minister, it was announced today, have been selected as the German envoys to sign the peace terms. They will leave Berlin Friday.

Will be Signed at 3 p. m. Saturday.

(Special to the Guardian.) BERLIN, June 26.—Efforts were being made today to arrange for the signing of the peace treaty at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The Council of Three is apparently satisfied with the semi official assurances that the Germans would be on hand although the unofficial intimation received was that the German signatories would probably be Herman Mueller the Foreign Secretary, and Herr

UNION GOVT. RE-ESTABLISHED

CAUCUS DECIDES ON CONTINUATION OF UNION GOVERNMENT.

SIR ROBERT BORDEN LEADS

The beginning of a new era in Canadian Politics

(From our own Correspondent) OTTAWA, June 26.—The House of Commons today took up the prohibition bill which was so amended in the Senate as to make the federal prohibition terminable on the conclusion of peace.

When the Senate amendment came before the House, Sir Robert Borden moved that the House disagree to the amendment. If the House, he said, should assent to the amendment it would simply be denying the principle for which the bill was passed. Sir Robert's motion reads: "This House doth disagree with the Senate amendment for the following reasons: The Senate amendment destroys the principle purpose of the bill. Orders in Council are valid during the continuance of the war in any event without any confirming act. Possibly they may be valid for a period of twelve months thereafter as mentioned in the orders in Council. Therefore the bill as amended by the Senate does not give Orders in Council any greater validity than they now possess, while on the other hand it expressly limits their possible operation. In view of the difficulties which confront the country during period of readjustment, having regard to the dangers of unemployment, conditions of unrest prevailing throughout the Dominion, the reasons which justified the passing of the Orders in Council continue to exist during demobilization and will continue to exist throughout the period covered by the bill passed in the House. The bill as passed by the House is in the interest of the maintenance of peace, order and good government. Canada will then prevent waste, promote thrift, conserve resources, and increase national efficiency."

Replying to a question by Mr. Barbeau, Mr. Melgheun stated that the government had secured legal opinion from the Department of Justice to justify the passing of the bill. Lapointe, Kamouraska, said he heard so many members of the House privately approve the action of the Senate that he desired to place himself on record as opposing the motion made by the Prime Minister. When the motion was put a number of members on the opposition benches demanded a formal division. This resulted in Sir Robert Borden's motion being carried by a majority of 71 votes, standing 105 for, 34 against. Members on government side supported the motion. Messrs Baldwin, Sinclair, Antigonish, Robb, Duff, Copp, White of Victoria, Sinclair of Queen's, P. E. L. McMaster, Pedlow, and Hunt also voted for it. French members on the Liberal side were practically solid against the motion.

The Unionist party is now a permanent organization. At the caucus today it decided to organize on a permanent basis. The decision to take such a momentous step was incorporated in the form of a resolution moved by a Liberal Unionist, supported enthusiastically by the caucus. Not a single member present opposing the proposal.

The Prime Minister, in the course of a statement supporting the resolution outlined the caucus which led up to the formation of the Union Government. The Unionist party emphasized that the same patriotic reasons which called for the great experiment made two years ago still exist, although in a different form. The nation still faced issues that were difficult and solemn.

There was pressing need for men of all political faiths to stand together until more normal conditions be achieved. Sir Robert who spoke at some length said he was not concerned with political power or personal ambition. He offered to make way for a successor if the party desired that he should do so, but the caucus were unanimous in the demand that he should remain in full possession of the leadership. The only indication in the caucus against support of the idea of a permanent party came from less than half a dozen of the western Liberal-Unionists who opposed the government of the budget. These however did not oppose the step but merely refrained from speaking or voting in its favor.

Mr. Cresser, Dr. Clark, Pardee, and Fielding did not attend and may be counted in opposition to the scheme. The decision taken by caucus was not unexpected. Liberals as well as Conservative Unionists had been urging it for some time, regarding it as the beginning of a new era in Canadian politics although no decision was taken by the caucus in regard to the name. The new party it is believed will be known as the Unionist Party. The change is such as followed the merging of the Birmingham Radicals and British Tories after the Home Rule crisis in the eighties and it indicates the passing of the historic Conservative party. The decision of the caucus also means that the Prime Minister has now a clear road and a new basis upon which to reorganize his cabinet and this it is expected will be brought about without delay.

Giesberts, and Herr Leinert of the old delegation. It developed today that Herr Giesberts, who had remained in Versailles for a time, had left there for Germany. A third man will be named however to accompany Herr Mueller and Herr Lienert, it is indicated.

THE ADMIRALTY'S REPORT OF SINKING

VON REUTER AND HIS CREW ORDERED ON DECK OF WARSHIP REVENGE MADE PRISONERS

(Special to the Guardian.) LONDON, June 26.—The admiralty announces that on the afternoon of June 22, German officers were forced up on the deck of the warship Revenge, under an armed guard with Admiral Von Reuter and his staff in front.

Admiral Von Reuter he was to consider himself a prisoner of war for violating the terms of the armistice and added that this was a traitorous act but not the first occasion on which Germans had violated all laws of civilization on the high seas.

Germans Arrested For Murder Plot

(Special to the Guardian.) LONDON, June 26.—A number of soldiers have been arrested in Weimar, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen on charges of having planned to arrest and murder Philipp Scheidemann, the former Premier. The plot was to have been carried out Monday evening.

FRENCH DEMAND RETALIATION

REQUEST DESTRUCTION OF GERMAN NATIONAL MONUMENT ON THE NIEDERWALD

HISTORIC MONUMENT

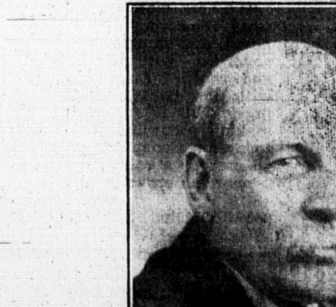
Built to Commemorate founding of German Empire in 1870-1 and Cost \$265,000

(Special to the Guardian.) PARIS, June 26.—Deputy Peyroux of the Federated Republican groups in the chamber of deputies and several of his colleagues, introduced a resolution in the chamber today calling for the destruction of the German national monument on the Niederwald, so as to punish German pride and to answer the destruction of ships at Scapa Flow and the burning of the French Battle-flags of 1870.



HON. H. D. McEWEN

ST. PETER'S CANDIDATES



DR. R. J. MACDONALD

The German national monument on the Niederwald is opposite Bingen on the Rhine in the French area of occupation. It was erected to commemorate the founding of the German Empire in 1870-1. The monument is on a hill 740 feet above the Rhine the base is 78 feet high and a large figure of Germania rises to a height of 33 feet more. It is embellished with allegorical figures and portraits. The cost of the monument was said to have been about \$265,000.