

EASTERN GUARDIAN

..IF ITS DRY GOODS we have it, lives & Murdoch, Montague.

..AUCTION SALE OF J. W. COMPTON, Montague, is postponed until further notice.

..THE MONTAGUE ODDFELLOWS will attend service in the Christian Church on Sunday, April 24th at 3 o'clock p. m.

..THE "BRUNSWICK" Phonograph is modern and superior in many respects. Sold on easy terms if desired.—Beer & Weeks.

STOCK QUOTATIONS

HALIFAX, April 21—(Quotations furnished by Johnson & Ward successors to P. B. McCurdy and Co., the Montreal Stock Exchange.)
American Car Foundry 79 1/2
American Car Foundry 122
American Smelting & Refining Co. 40
American Locomotives 85
Anacosta Copper 38
Canadian Pacific Railway 109 1/2
New York Central Railway 18 1/2
Cuban Cane Sugar 18 1/2
Crucible Steel 77 1/2
International Paper 59 1/2
Mexican Petroleum 145
Reading 67 1/2
Southern Pacific 74
Studebaker Corporation 80
United States Steel Corporation 81 1/2
Kelly's Springfield Tire 81 1/2
N. P. R. 50 1/2
I. P. 115
Wheat May 12 1/2 July 10 1/2
Corn May 5 3/4 July 6 1/4 Sept 6 3/4
Oats May 3 3/4 July 3 3/4 Sept 3 3/4
May Pork 14.90

BRITISH ADMINISTRATION.—British administration of the German district of Ujiji and those portions of Tabora and Bukoba, German East Africa and Bismarckburg, Togoland, hitherto under Belgian administration, began on March 26. The final boundaries have not yet been defined. The same currency has been adopted as in Tanganyika, but Belgian franc notes are accepted.

Hon. W. M. Lea On Taxation Question

In the course of his address on the motion to go into supply, Tuesday evening, Hon. W. M. Lea made the following observations which, as he remarked, he had committed to writing for the sake of greater accuracy.
I would ask that every resident taxpayer of the Province consider carefully for himself the needs of the Province, looking into the amount of money his own particular community is drawing from the Government and learn the exact amount that is paid by them in taxes to the Government, and balance this against the amount that they receive, and he will then be in a better position to judge whether the taxes levied by this Government are greater than our requirements demand. Let him learn if the tax paid by his community even pays the salary that the Government must spend from time to time on their roads and bridges, to say nothing of the share that each and every community must bear of the other costs of operation of a Government; of the cost of the administration of justice that is a protection to all; of the cost of our hospitals and infirmaries; of the cost of Prince of Wales College and other public educational institutions; of the cost of the Agricultural Department, nearly all of which is spent directly amongst the farmers of the country. If he will do this he will find that even after adding the share due each community of the Federal subsidy that few districts in this province are paying the amount into the Treasury that the Government is compelled to pay or expend in their particular school district. He will then be in a position to consider, and to judge whether we are collecting and expending a greater amount of money than is necessary to properly carry on the affairs of the Province, and I think he will decide that the policy adopted by this Government is "that wise expenditure is truest economy," not forgetting also that our rate of taxation is the lowest and that the percentage of money we receive from Ottawa in proportion to that which we expend is the greatest

of any Province in the Dominion. \$73.00 out of every \$100.00 we spent in 1918 came from Federal Subsidies. We only paid in direct taxation \$27.00 out of every \$100.00 of that we spent, proving conclusively that we have been a most economical people, and if we double or treble our taxes or the 27 per cent, which we have been paying, you can readily see that the Government could not possibly get anything like double the amount of total revenue. Let each and every taxpayer keep in mind that the money he pays in taxes is only his share of the money spent cooperatively by the people for the particular benefits which he himself receives and which he could not secure as cheaply nor as efficiently in any other way. In the levying of taxes which this Government has inaugurated, where the wealth of the country are made to pay according to their wealth, where the rich merchant with over \$20,000.00 income pays a 10 per cent tax, we must remember it is only the people through the Government asking these wealthy men to pay back to the people a portion of the taxes which he has levied upon them.
Let every man remember that the tax he pays to the Government is spent directly in the Province and is the best means of distributing the excessive wealth secured by a few at the expense of many. No farmer will object to his small donation of taxes when he sees the amount this Government is levying on wealth a spending in the Province, for the benefit of all. The Poll Tax is levied as the first and fairest tax, and we have exempted all incomes under \$500.00 at the same time, as some suggest we were to reduce the tax \$1.00, which amount would be saving a paltry sum to each man, he would lose the benefit of the expenditure of from \$15,000.00 to \$20,000.00 in the Province. The \$2.00 in place of \$2.00 was levied so that returned men might be exempt from all forms of taxation for five years, and it was justified by a member from Charlottetown, who now asks that if he reduced, I would remind him that the reason for its levying still exists. At the end of five years he might justly ask that this dollar be struck out.
We, who are heads of Departments find that very often those men who are more insistent that taxes be reduced are clamoring

continually for money and more money to be spent in their constituencies. A member from New Perth who continually points out the great burden of taxation and thinks that it could be reduced is supporting a request for an expenditure on an Agricultural Hall in his district of several thousand dollars. We hear with alarm the many heavy and new demands upon this Government, demands first for the teachers for more salary by the Professors in Prince of Wales College, by the entire staff of officials in the employ of the Government in all Departments, by those who are interested in education, the better health of the people and in the general prosperity and development of the country, and all besitate at the Government accepting liabilities such as the operation of an institution as the Dalton Sanitarium that might involve a yearly expenditure of \$50,000.00 to 100,000.00. I have frequently heard it stated by residents of the Province that even \$25,000.00 a year additional would be too great a liability for the Province to accept, but it will only think of the other liabilities that we are forced to accept when we create a deficit, we then see the necessity of estimating our expenditures and levying sufficient taxation to cover them without the necessity of going further in debt. We could very easily at the rate we are going have added another million dollars to our liabilities, and been forced to pay an additional sum of fifty or sixty thousand dollars yearly interest. There is no other alternative. The people demand every expenditure that we are making, and insist that they be carried out.
A Government is compelled to furnish the money and must either do so by levying a yearly tax on the people, by paying as we go, by keeping abreast with our expenditures, or putting the country further into debt, and further mortgaging the future of generations still unborn.

The Flavor is Finest in- JELLO
"Canada's Most Famous Dessert"
Made at Bridgeburg, Ontario

H. J. MABON
Optometrist
EYES EXAMINED
GLASSES FITTED
Montague, P. E. I.
Graduate of Canadian Ophthalmic College, Toronto and other post graduate courses. Exclusive Test Room connected with Drug Store.
THE REXALL STORE
Your Combs and Brushes
Do you have trouble with them—are they a source of annoyance and expense rather than a pleasure and comfort to you? Then you are not using 93 brushes and combs. Look over our line and notice the difference in quality and values.
H. J. MABON
Optometrist & Prescription Druggist
MONTAGUE, P. E. I.

LUX
for Voiles, Linens, Batistes, Cottons
Do not think of LUX as a cleanser for only georgettes, chiffons, tricolettes, crepe-de-chines. The bubbly LUX lather means double life to anything you can wash anything that pure water will not harm. Chiffon or linen, it's all the same—use LUX.
LUX free booklet, "The Care of Dainty Clothes" sent on request.
Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

Professional Cards.
H. F. DEMPSEY
Graduate of Boston School of PIANO TUNING
171 Grafton St., Charlottetown

W. Miles Garrison, M.D.
Late Superintendent Chas. Dalton Sanitarium
Specialist in Pulmonary Tuberculosis
Office 126 Brighton Road
Office Hours—2—5 p. m. and by appointment
Telephone 257

Palmer & Palmer
H. J. Palmer, K. C., H. L. Palmer
Barristers, etc.
Bank of Nova Scotia Building
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Money to Loan

Mark R. McGuigan, B.A.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Money to Loan
Cameron Block
Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Clayton Morrison
J. P. Commissioner of Deeds, Wills, Etc.
ROTARY PUBLIC
Prompt, careful attention to Deeds, Wills, Mortgages, etc., ATTESTED. Notes, Drafts, Bills, PROTESTED for non-acceptance of non-payment.
Tryon, P. E. I.

J. A. MacDONALD
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Office—Riley Building
Charlottetown

Dr. C. C. Archibald
Graduate on N. Y. Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital
Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Office Bayer Building, Great George Street, opposite Guardian Office
Telephones 256
Office Hours—9 to 12 a. m. 1 to 6 p. m. May be consulted off hours at 116 Hillside St.

S. S. HESSIAN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Montague P. E. Island

G. S. INMAN, K. C.
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
Room No. 12 Cameron Block
VICTORIA ROW

Morson & Duffy
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
MONEY TO LOAN
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

J. A. McEachen, Oph. D.
EYE SPECIALIST
Office—over 137 Grafton St., Sunnyside
Hours 10 to 1 and 2 to 5
Evenings by appointment
Phone 853-L

BACK TO PRE-WAR PRICES!

Columbia as usual leads the way

These figures speak for themselves. They constitute the most radical price readjustment ever made in the phonograph industry. And this for much improved Grafonola models equipped with the Automatic Non Set Stop and other exclusive Columbia advantages. All Columbia dealers will gladly demonstrate the unusual value of these modern phonographs.



Table with 3 columns: Models, Present Prices, NEW PRICES. Lists models L-2 through A-2 with corresponding price reductions.



185 New Columbia Records out the 20th of every month. Columbia Graphophone Company, Toronto.

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

For Sale by A. E. T. OMB S 1 67 Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.