

# A FAILING BUSINESS . .

A man's store is judged by the Clothing he keeps.  
If he keeps poor Clothing he is sure to fail.

## TO BE PROGRESSIVE IS TO SELL THE BEST.

We have the Best made in Canada.

# W. R. JOHNSON AND FIT REFORM

Would you question this, if so, call and look through our tremendous stock of Men's and Boys Suits, Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters, Pants, Overalls, etc.

We can surprise you with Beautiful goods at wonderful low prices.

## PROWSE BROS., The Wonderful Cheap Men.

### TRADE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

J. G. Stowe, the U. S. consul-general at Cape Town, has sent the following report to his Government under the date of September 5.

Trade in South Africa shows no decided decrease from that of June and July; but the conditions, not only in Cape Town, but in Johannesburg, remain very unsatisfactory. Due of course, to the political crisis. Merchants are complaining that business is practically at a standstill. Collections are bad, money scarce, and many reputable persons are out of employment.

If the present situation continues, Johannesburg will be involved in commercial ruin. Prices are advancing, and it is asked if war would not be preferable to present conditions.

I am told that the opposite state of affairs is true of agriculturists and mineral producers. More gold and diamonds are being produced and exported. Good weather has favored crops.

#### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Imports for July into Cape Colony were £1,784,166 (\$8,682,643.84), as against £1,286,307 (\$6,259,813.02) in July, 1898; the increase is due to specie which has arrived in large quantities. Exports for the same month were £2,177,561 (\$10,594,370.50) as compared with £1,987,099 (\$9,670,217.98) in 1898. The increase is in large shipments of gold and diamonds. The exports above mentioned £215,056 (\$1,051,436.52) were in agricultural produce, which was valued at £295,212 (\$1,466,649.20) in 1898. The output of gold for July was 478,493 ounces.

#### INCOME AND LAND TAX.

The Government of Cape Colony has introduced an "income and land tax," owing to an estimated deficit of £333,457 (\$1,622,564). The tax is estimated to produce £250,000 (\$1,216,625). The colony is divided into two classes—agricultural and non-agricultural. The former pay a half penny (1 cent) upon every £1 (\$4.86), value above a value of £1,200 (\$5,839.80). The latter class includes men of trades, professions, etc. The tax on incomes is 1s. (24 cent) on

every £1 (4.86) above £300 (\$1,459.95). It is claimed that the agriculturists, in this land where droughts and disease among cattle and sheep prevail, should not be taxed as heavily as the townsman, who may have a cash income from other sources. The tax, it is said, will reach the rich corporations, many of the stockholders in which do not live in the colony and expend their income in other countries. It will, it is feared, fall heaviest on the middle class, whose wage or salary runs from \$2,000 to \$3,500, per annum who in this country of expensive living—bread is dearer here than elsewhere in the world—can hardly struggle along, and to whom a tax of 5 per cent. over £300 (\$1,459.95) will mean hardship.

There is an outcry against the law, and the "excise tax" on liquors, wine and brandy produced in the colony was called for. This is one of the few countries where such a tax does not exist. Cape brandy "dope" is sold largely to the natives at a few pence per bottle and is the cause of much drunkenness.

A modification of the income and land tax is expected, to the effect that all mortgages will be deducted from the value of the land, and the income fixed at 60. (12 cents) up to £1,000 (\$4,860.50) and 1s. (24 cents) on amounts over and above £1,000. The "stamp tax" referred to in previous reports will then be repealed, so that foreign manufacturers doing business here will pay on income and not on subscribed capital.

#### WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD STUFFS

Prices of food stuffs show an advance although it is stated that they are kept low enough to bar out foreign manufacturers, particularly flour, which is selling at \$3.65 per 100 pounds.

Flour meal—	
Sifted . . . . . per 200 lbs. . . . .	\$6.45
Un sifted . . . . . per 100 lbs. . . . .	5.47
Bran . . . . . per 200 lbs. . . . .	1.58
Wheat [imported] per 100 lbs. . . . .	4.62
Corn—	
Imported . . . . . per 200 lbs. . . . .	4.38
To arrive . . . . . per 200 lbs. . . . .	3.89
Corn meal, imp't., per 100 lbs. . . . .	2.43
Samp . . . . . per 196 lbs. . . . .	4.62

### NEWS OF THE FARM

Several Interesting Experiments in Progress.

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—At the Experimental Farm, Mr. Grisdale has a large force of men engaged repairing the drains which have been badly damaged by the recent heavy rains.

Yesterday the farm received four Shropshire lambs from D. F. Hanmer, of Mount Vernon. The lambs are the finest that have been at the farm for some time. A small consignment of Leicester hogs have also been received from J. M. Guardhouse, of Highfield.

#### HOG EXPERIMENTS.

The experiments with hogs conducted by Prof. F. T. Shutt and Mr. Grisdale, are progressing favorably. Some thirty hogs have been killed since the middle of September. The object of the experiment is to ascertain the causes of hard and soft pork.

#### NEW HOT HOUSE.

The new hot house is almost completed and the beets and mangels have all been stored in it, the turnips will be taken in next week. By the new method the vegetables are dumped in the wagon directly into the bins, enabling a couple of men to do the work which formerly required a large force.

The cattle, some 110 in number, which have been in pasture all summer, were brought in to-day for the winter. They are all healthy and in good condition.

#### PROF. SHUTT'S DOMAIN.

In Prof. Shutt's laboratory, Mr. Shutt and his assistants are rushed with work. This week the analysis of well water from different sections of the country is occupying the chemist's attention. The reason of the rush to have well water examined is caused by the prevalence of typhoid fever in different portions of the country.

#### NEW ASSISTANT.

Mr. T. W. Charlton, B. A. of Toronto university, has been appointed assistant chemist at the farm and will take up his new duties to-day. Mr. Charlton comes well recommended and will doubtless be a valuable acquisition to the staff.

Prof. Shutt has taken several photographs of farm homesteads in Cape Breton for the Nova Scotia government. These pictures, which were very successful, were taken at the farm of Mr. McKeen, a prosperous farmer of Mabou, N.S. They will be sent with that province's exhibit to the Paris exposition.

### A LITTLE ASSISTANCE.

Would Bring Many British Immigrants to Canada.

Mr. Smart, deputy minister of the Interior, in an interview on the subject of assisted immigration to Canada, says there are in Great Britain and Ireland, and also on the continent, agriculturists who would gladly avail themselves of the advantages offered to settlers in Canada, but who are not in possession of sufficient means to warrant their leaving their old homes and coming to this country. He is satisfied, from personal observation, that the country could get thousands of the very best class of agricultural settlers if some assistance were granted in the way of facilitating their passage, and if possible, an advance were made by the government of a sufficient sum to carry them over a portion of the first season.

It is also suggested that the government might offer an inducement to desirable and selected settlers by arranging to erect houses on homesteads lands in the Northwest Territories, and possibly some little other advance which would amount in all to from fifty to seventy pounds. This Mr. Smart thinks would certainly be taken advantage of and would undoubtedly turn the tide of immigration to Canada.

In order to carry out the proposition it would be necessary to exercise much care in the selection of those who would receive the assisted passages. It would appear that last year the policy

### A BRAVE WOMAN.

How a Drunken Husband Was Made a Sober Man by a Determined Wife.

#### A PATIENT LETTER.

She writes:—"I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Samaria Prescription treatment on my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid he would discover that I was giving him medicine, and the thought unnerved me. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated and his week's salary nearly all spent, I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming, at all hazards. I sent for your Samaria Prescription and put it in his coffee as directed next morning and watched and prayed for the result. At noon I gave him more and at supper he never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept him on giving it regularly, as I had discovered something that set every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future spread out before me—a peaceful, happy home, a share in the good things of life, an attentive, loving husband, comforts, and everything else dear to a woman's heart for my husband had told me that whiskey was vile stuff and he was taking a dislike to it. It was only too true, for before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept giving the medicine till it was gone, and then sent for another lot to have on hand if he should relapse, as he had done from his promises before. He never has, and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst cases."

The pamphlet in plain, sealed envelope, sent free, giving testimonials and full information, with directions how to take or administer Samaria Prescription. Correspondence considered strictly confidential. Address The Samaria Remedy Co., Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

of assisted passages adopted by the government of Queensland was an inducement to many of the very best classes of farmers and farm laborers to move to that colony and it was even hinted that some of those who were thus induced to go to Queensland would have preferred Canada, but the necessity of having assistance at the outset compels them to choose the Australian colony.

It seems very hard to understand what the future is for young men of Great Britain unless they move in to the towns and engage in the manufactures as a great many would appear to do. Mr. Smart is of the opinion that these young men would make the very best settlers for the Northwest.

### A Cheese Famine in Sight.

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—The cheese market was very low this week. The exporters are still holding the prices down and although a deficit of over one half a million boxes is in plain sight it seems to have no effect on the market.

The factories will stop making this week, and as there is no surplus made in the United States it looks as if there will be a cheese famine in England before spring.

Biggs—There goes a man who is approached with fear and trembling by all who have dealings with him.  
Bogs—Ah! A criminal judge or something of that sort, I presume.  
Biggs—No; a dentist.

### A PROMINENT VANCOUVERITE.

Permanently Cured of Asthma, Clarke's Kola Compound Cures.

Mr. F. J. Painton, the well-known proprietor of Painton's Music Store, Vancouver, B. C., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from asthma in its worst form for over four years, very often having had to sit up nearly all night. I had consulted physicians both in England and Canada without obtaining any permanent relief and tried many remedies with the same result. A friend who had been cured by Dr. Clarke's Kola Compound advised me to try it. And three bottles have entirely cured me. It is now nearly two years since my recovery, and asthma has not troubled me since. I feel very grateful to Dr. Clarke for introducing this wonderful remedy, suffering as I was, and do not know of a single case where the required number of bottles have been taken that it has failed to cure. See that you get Clarke's. Press sample bottle sent to any person. Mention this paper. Address The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church street, Toronto, at Vancouver, B. C., sole Canadian agents.

For sale by George Hughes.

"WANTED" All parties indebted to W. D. McKay either by book debts, notes of hand or judgments, to make immediate payment. 28 d & w tf.

TASTE the samples of Pure Gold Jellies at your grocers during the next few days.

THE most delicious Jams ever put on the market are made from Pure Gold Jelly Powder.

THERE is only one Pure Gold Jelly Powder—it has no equal.

10 cents a package for Pure Gold Jelly Powder unequalled in quality. See exhibit at your grocers.

A ten cent package of Pure Gold Jelly Powder will make about one and fourth pints of delicious Jelly—nine flavors.

THE sales of Pure Gold Jelly Powder in Canada exceed all others combined.

Royal Oak Soap. It leads That's all! 12 tf

## \$7,000 Dollars Sale.

# GREAT SALE BOOTS AND SHOES

We have decided closing out our Boot and Shoe department, and devoting our entire store to Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing.

## We Now Offer

Seven thousand dollars worth Boots and Shoes at prices that will make a quick clearance.

- Ladies' fine boots, button and laced 33 1-3 off
- Children's fine boots 33 1-3 off
- Ladies' strong boots 25 p c off
- Children's strong boots 25 p c off
- Men's and Boys' boots 25 p c off

## Job Lots at Half Price

As the price of boots and shoes is advancing, this sale will give you an opportunity to buy your wants at Big Bargains.

# J. B. MacDONALD & CO.



Now-a-days nearly every woman rides a bicycle. The majority of these who do not, have failed to compass its difficulties because of nervousness. Many women after taking innumerable lessons and trying vainly to conquer the wheel for weeks, have finally given it up as a hopeless task for this one reason.

In nearly every instance severe nervousness in women may be traced to weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs distinctly feminine. No other class of disorders so torture a woman's nerves or break them down so quickly and effectually. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a pure, speedy and permanent cure for all troubles of this description. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy, vigorous and elastic. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain and tones and builds up the nerves. It stops exhausting drains. It banishes the predispositions that precede maternity and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It insures the little new-comer's health and an ample supply of nourishment. It transforms weak, nervous invalids into strong, healthy, nerve-steady women. Thousands have testified to its marvelous merits. An honest dealer will not offer a substitute.

"My wife was troubled with female weakness for several years," writes James Caswell, of Oshelton, Johnson Co., Kans. (P. O. Box 61). "She had tearing-down pains and pain in back. Her periods were irregular, she would have fainting spells, the best doctors did her no good. By the time my wife had taken four bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' she was completely cured. No more pain. Her monthly periods are regular, she is stout and strong. When she commenced taking your medicine she weighed about 125 pounds—now she weighs 150 pounds."

Send one-cent stamps, to cover cost of postage and mailing only, to the World's Dispensary, Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for a paper-covered copy of Doctor Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, bound in 50 cents. A whole medical library in one 1000-page volume.