

**Doctors Recommend Eno**

All over the world doctors prescribe Eno—they use it themselves.

Refreshing, non-habit forming, Eno's "Fruit Salt" cleanses the system, purifies the blood, stimulates the liver—gently, naturally. Children need Eno, too.

**ENO'S FRUIT SALT**

The World-Famed Effervescent Saline

**LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY**

(Continued.)  
 Legislature April 23rd.  
 Mr. Gordon expressed himself in favour of the small exhibitions. He believed the people enjoyed them and did them good. He believed they created a competition among them to get better stock. He thought it a great mistake to cut out the small exhibitions. Some reference had been made to the school fairs. I wonder whether they are what they ought to be? There is a great deal of fraud in the matter.  
 As to the Charlottetown Exhibition, I agree with the leader of the Opposition. People go there largely for the horse racing.  
 Mr. Stewart asked if there was any more assistance being given the Charlottetown Exhibition.  
 Mr. Lea replied that they were detailing Mr. Boulter for this year to give the Charlottetown exhibition board assistance.  
 He went on to explain his policy of extending the use of pure bred bulls, thus encouraging community breeding. He also explained the policy in respect to high class stallions, in co-operation with the assistance of the Federal Department of Agriculture.  
 Mr. Stewart: Do I understand that any person who acquires a stallion that comes up to grade can get this bonus?  
 Mr. Lea replied that any person or club acquiring such a stallion could get the bonus, 50 per cent of which was paid by the federal department and 50 per cent by the provincial department.  
 Dr. MacMillan raised a question of the possibility of the purchase of

two Guernsey Bulls from outside the province.  
 Mr. Stewart asked what was the department's policy in respect of Field Crops and Horticulture.  
 Mr. Lea said they would like to employ a specialist, if possible. Apples, it seems, could not be efficiently grown here to suit the trade. I have an orchard of four acres myself. But they are a failure. If we had plenty of funds, we would like to employ a specialist, but in the circumstances we can't.  
 Mr. Stewart was of the opinion that apples could be grown here successfully. The late president of the potato growers Association had made a large part of his money in that way. Cranberries, too, bring in large amounts of money if properly handled. The Federal expert has reported very favourably on our possibilities both in cranberries and blueberries.  
 As to the salary of the expert, part of it was being paid from the federal branch. We should be able to spend \$3,000.00 or \$4,000.00 in Horticulture. There are great possibilities in it, if you follow it out right.  
 Mr. Lea asked why, if apples could be made to pay here, was Mr. Boyver's orchard near Georgetown being stumped out. Merchants here in this province would only buy at a very low price.  
 Mr. Stewart thought that much of the trouble was due to the fact that people had been getting poor trees.  
 Mr. Harry Cox claimed that Island apples hadn't the flavour, and wouldn't compete with imported apples. As to cranberries—it cost too much to grow them, he thought.  
 Mr. Stewart disagreed with Mr. Cox. He wouldn't eat British Columbia apples, but would go about looking for Island apples. If we were to grade and select our apples and wrap them in paper as they do, you'd soon forget about this alleged difference in flavour.  
 Mr. J. P. MacIntyre speaking of the culture of cranberries, said that in Cape Cod, where they grew them extensively, they were able to flood the bogs and so preserve them from frost in the spring and fall, from which our cranberries suffer. Cape Cod cranberries are graded and packed properly while ours are put on the market ungraded and in rough and dirty barrels. This came under his own observation in the Montreal markets. Today the package sells the goods.  
 Mr. Stewart explained that, in this very matter of packing the fruit, was where the services of an expert would come in.  
 The high initial cost of a cranberry bed was due to the arrangements made for flooding when necessary. This expenditure was made once for all, and need not be repeated.  
 Mr. W. H. Dennis was of the opinion that excellent apples could be grown on the Island by those who knew how. He gave a further explanation of the methods of cranberry growing, as practised in Cape Cod.  
 Dr. MacMillan asked the reason why the services of the Expert in Horticulture were discontinued.  
 Mr. Lea said he thought there was nothing for him to do. He was trying to further the culture of cranberries, but the initial cost of the beds seemed to be too high.  
 He wondered why the Minister of Agriculture should subscribe to a plank in his platform calling for encouragement of the growing of small fruits, and then, why his first act on coming into power was to withdraw whatever support was given to this industry.  
 Mr. Stewart asked if it was the policy of the department to encourage the growing of small vege-

tables, as also mentioned in his platform.  
 Mr. Lea again mentioned the great difficulties of orcharding and cranberry culture. Would it be logical for us to advise the people to go in for these industries—especially in the Annapolis Valley seem to be up against it most of the time. He spoke of the difficulties in the way of spraying, etc., which had to be done.  
 (There was further discussion on this matter of apple growing, there being quite an argument between Hon. J. D. Stewart, and Hon. W. M. Lea as to whether it would be profitable to grow apples in this province or not.)  
 Dr. MacMillan asked if the Minister of Agriculture was a party to the appointment of the dairy inspector.  
 Mr. Lea admitted that he had—25 per cent.  
 Dr. MacMillan: So when the statement is made that the Stewart Government had nothing to do with the appointment of the inspector, that statement is incorrect?  
 Mr. MacLure asked who the Supervisor and Assistant Supervisor of the Women's Institutes are, what are their salaries, and are they included in the \$2,000.00.  
 Mr. Lea replied that no one had been appointed in Miss Windsor's place. Her salary had been \$70.00 per month.  
 (At 6 p. m. the House adjourned.)  
 Legislative Assembly April 23.

**EVENING SESSION.**

The house resumed at 8.20 p. m. The discussion of the estimates was continued.  
 Hon. Mr. Stewart—How many school inspectors are you employing this year?  
 Hon. Mr. Lea: Nine.  
 Here a considerable discussion arose over the item of \$15,000.00 devoted to Agriculture. Short courses and technical education.  
 Mr. Lea said that if his deputy minister were here he would have more complete details.  
 Hon. Mr. Stewart—The Deputy Minister should be here. We are to spend \$30,000.00 and only five of them has been accounted for. This leaves \$25,000.00 to be accounted for.  
 The Premier—We have accounted for \$10,800.00 of the \$30,000.00. Yet you say we have shown only an amount of \$5,000.00.  
 Mr. Stewart—So you are going to pay all the school inspectors from the Agricultural department?  
 Mr. Lea—There is no new departure. It will be spent just as my hon. friend spent \$20,000.00 last year.  
 Mr. Stewart—It was not spent the way we intended last year. Our plans were not carried out.  
 Will my hon. friend tell me how he is going to spend this money in the year 1928?  
 Mr. Lea repeated his assertions that it would be spent just as his hon. friend spent it last year.  
 The Premier here once again gave it as his opinion that too much discussion of the estimates in this small province was unwise. He condemned the tactics of the Opposition in this matter, designating it as "small politics."  
 Mr. D. Stewart entirely disagreed with the Premier's view of the discussion. He had no right to set himself up as a paragon of perfection. One of the most important things to the people of this province was the way their money was being spent.  
 (Here considerable cross-firing occurred between Mr. Lea and Mr. Stewart over the Agricultural grants and last year's expenditure.)  
 Mr. Arsenault did not think the Minister of Agriculture should be angry at the discussion. He thought the people were asking for information, and it was well that we should have it. The only way to get this information was to set the Ministers to discuss every item. He did not think it good policy for the Government to complain at a wish for the information on the part of the Opposition.  
 Dr. MacMillan said he did not propose to curtail the length of his speeches (to which reference had been made) to suit the leader of the Opposition. It would take more than six hours to show to the country the sort of government they were enjoying.  
 He went on to say that the Technical grant was now available for more purposes than formerly. It was not the same as in 1920. Thus now they were able to pay the salaries of the School Inspectors from the Technical grant.  
 Mr. Arsenault—Has the Agricultural Hall in Summerside been sold?  
 Mr. Lea—It has.  
 Mr. Arsenault—How much?  
 Mr. Lea—\$5,000.00.

carried out under the provincial acts.  
 Mr. Stewart thought the estimates might be cut down unless compulsory vaccination or similar policy was taken up.  
 The Premier, though he could not say definitely, thought that this might be done.  
 The item was passed.  
 Mr. Stewart thought that the item of \$750.00 was rather high for the attendance expenses of members.  
 The Premier explained that on account of winter, train arrangements which caused them to stay over night en route, expenses of west members were rather high. So that ten cents for mileage were allowed for this. It might be possible to get on with \$400.00 or \$450.00.  
 Mr. Stewart pointed out that it would be contrary to law for the members to be paid for their loss of time.  
 He thought that the item might well be cut down to \$500.00.  
 Mr. Arsenault was also of that opinion.  
 On motion of the Premier, the amount was reduced to \$550.00.  
 Mr. Stewart enquired if the government meant to let out the printing by tender or otherwise.  
 The Premier replied that most of it would be done by calling for tenders. He understood those on the Opposition side of the house had received some of the work.  
 In answer to an enquiry by Mr. Stewart, he said that the rates paid for printing were the same as last year.  
 Dr. MacMillan called attention to the fact that one of the inspectors were paid \$1200.00 per year. One received only \$1100.00. How was the amount made up?  
 Hon. Mr. MacIntyre said it was paid out of the technical grant.  
 Dr. MacMillan asked what the item of \$2,000.00 for miscellaneous education was intended to cover.  
 Premier Saunders quoted various items which accounted for it.  
 Mr. Stewart—That item has been increasing every year lately. He went on to give figures to show this.  
 Mr. Arsenault called attention to the fact that there was no provision for a music teacher in P. W. C.  
 Mr. Stewart—I'm afraid we haven't got a musical Premier now. (Laughter.)  
 Premier Saunders—We have a Musical Opposition.  
 Mr. Stewart—I'm glad you enjoy the music. He pointed out that while the government had changed the late government with extravagance, their expenditure on this item was less than under this government.  
 Dr. MacMillan, in relation to the items for Falconwood Hospital, asked if any effort had been made to retain the services of Dr. Goodwill as Consulting Physician to the hospital, on his resignation.  
 Premier Saunders explained that Dr. Goodwill had resigned on account of his wife's health. He described the arrangements which Dr. Goodwill had made to assist his successor in introducing him to the performance of his duties.  
 Dr. MacMillan went on to say that this showed the institution would survive the departure of Dr. Goodwill. The Conservatives were astounded when they had differences with Dr. Goodwill and he left the province for a time. But evidently the hospital can get on without him. Dr. MacMillan thought the maintenance could be reduced.  
 The Premier said that last year the amount expended was \$129,000.00. He felt that the amount in the estimates was not too great.  
 To an enquiry by Mr. Stewart as to whether he planned to increase the accommodation he said that this year, at least, nothing could be done.  
 The Premier thought that people who were in good circumstances should contribute to the support of their relatives who were in the in-

situation. He hoped that some of them could be prevailed on to do so.  
 Mr. Stewart had the same feeling. He had difficulty however, in getting in the cash. But threats of throwing the patient on the hands of his relatives seemed to have little effect.  
 Dr. MacMillan said rigidity of the admission of patients was important, and the Premier was wise in following it. The item was duly passed.  
 Hon. J. D. Stewart thought that the item for bank interest (\$72,000.00) should be a little less than it was.  
 With reference to the item of \$350.00 for Draftsman in the land office called attention to the fact that Mr. May, a most invaluable public servant, was no longer able, on account of advanced age to carry on in that capacity.  
 In the late government Mr. MacDougall was being trained up to do the work, but the speaker regretted he did not see him there now. Some one should be trained up, if possible, to take Mr. May's place.  
 The Premier explained that Mr. MacDougall still occasionally did some work in that capacity. He would try to find some one who would fill Mr. May's place.  
 Mr. Stewart and the Premier both agreed that there was no wish on the part of any one to reduce the item.  
 Mr. Stewart thought that the work of the law clerk was very apparent in the drafting of the legislation of the present session.  
 The Premier, however, thought the legislation this session had been very well drafted. In fact, he never knew of a session when it had been better done. He thought some of the Opposition's objections were captious. He entered into details concerning this matter.  
 Mr. Arsenault said that he did not agree with the Premier in this matter. Even under the Bell government, when the Premier and the Attorney General were not on very good terms, was legislation worse drafted.  
 The item was carried.  
 Dr. MacMillan referred to the grant by the Harris family for a library and asked if the Premier had any information of a grant by the government.  
 Premier Saunders said that nothing definite was arrived at, because neither the government or the city were in a position to supply the necessary funds. Canon Harris said that during the summer possibly negotiations could be continued to establish this much-needed library and Art Gallery.  
 Mr. Stewart—Nothing will be done in 1928, then?  
 Premier Saunders—Nothing definite has been arrived at.  
 Mr. MacIntyre—I hope the members of the government will look on this when it comes before them from a provincial standpoint. The speaker hoped that this splendid offer would not be withdrawn and go to some other place.  
 Mr. MacLure thought there would be an increase in the grants to the Orphanages and Hospitals. There has been no increase, and possibly there is some reason.  
 The Premier said that Prince County Hospital had never asked for an increase as it was run on business principles. The Premier gave it as his opinion that the two hospitals in Charlottetown were not run in a business way.  
 Mr. MacLure disagreed with the above opinion. He said that they were well and capably run. But in both those institutions they were taking care of government wards. The government grant does not pay one quarter of the cost of the free patients there. The government should at least increase the grant sufficiently to take care of the cost of those free patients.  
 Dr. MacMillan also said the hospitals were run on a business basis. But he did not think that they had got to that point of efficiency that they, like the Prince County Hospital, come out with a surplus. The government grant does not pay one quarter of the cost of the free patients there. The government should at least increase the grant sufficiently to take care of the cost of those free patients.  
 Dr. MacMillan also said the hospitals were run on a business basis. But he did not think that they had got to that point of efficiency that they, like the Prince County Hospital, come out with a surplus. The government grant does not pay one quarter of the cost of the free patients there. The government should at least increase the grant sufficiently to take care of the cost of those free patients.  
 The Premier spoke of many unfortunate cases which had come to light in the past year. So the increase of \$450.00 was made. The speaker only regretted that he could not do more.  
 Dr. MacMillan said he assumed that special grants for delinquents in reformatories would be continued. This was one of the special difficulties. The point the delegation had emphasized was, that when the proper representation was made about the children before the magistrate, the children became the wards of the Society. In other provinces, when this happened, the government paid for the upkeep of these children until foster homes were found for them. The city in this matter were not doing their duty.  
 Small as the grant is, we appreciate it, and hope the government can do more in future.  
 Mr. Stewart asked if the government meant to keep up the item for the Fire Marshal. He was doubtful of the usefulness of that office.  
 The Premier replied that the government had been pressed, so far from decreasing the sum appropriated (\$500.00), to increase it. However, it had been decided to keep it as it was.  
 Mr. Stewart said that he was not opposed to keeping the item as it was, but would be opposed to an increase. He also wished to know if any other retiring allowances than that to Mr. Newberry were contemplated.  
 The Premier replied that next year there would be one for Mr. Henry Smith.

Mr. Lea called attention to the increasing usefulness of the Fire Marshal in Charlottetown, an account of increasing numbers of garages.  
 Mr. Stewart then asked the Premier if he intended to do anything about co-operating with the other Maritime Provinces in the matter of a freight traffic officer.  
 Premier Saunders said nothing would be done this session.  
 Mr. Stewart commented on this usefulness in procuring more equitable freight rates.  
 Mr. MacLure hoped that a grant would be made to assist those who would go on the Bisleys team to London.  
 Mr. Stewart, in considering the item of expenditure for paupers, expressed his pleasure at seeing that the government was continuing the system which had been established by the late government.  
 The Premier thought that, when this grant was properly administered, it was one of the best and most benevolent on the whole list. It expended in extreme cases—cases which are really deserving and needy.  
 Mr. Lea thought that in the different parts of the Province there was not a uniform administration of the funds. Some parts in the Province drew on it heavily; others seemed to take care of their own poor.  
 Hon. B. W. LePage also thought the money was well spent. He agreed with the Premier.  
 Some discussion ensued on the salaries of the officials in the Provincial Secretary's department. Miss Lowther and Miss Gillis were praised for their good work.  
 Mr. Stewart did not think the increase in the salary in his first year of office was wise. He thought it should be put back to \$1500.00.  
 Mr. Lea pointed out that the arrears of taxes had increased to much under the late incumbent to the office of Chief Clerk. He claimed that the new Chief Clerk had shown increased efficiency.  
 Mr. Stewart asked for the item of \$4850.00 for Clerks to be explained.  
 The Premier—The only new one is Miss Norma Younker.  
 Miss Lowther, \$1200; Miss Gillis \$1000.00; Lyriac Gallant \$1100; Geo. S. MacLeod \$1100; Lloyd Wannacot \$900; Miss Power \$600.00; Miss Younker \$600.00.  
 Mr. Stewart asked why there was an increase in the number of clerks.  
 The Premier said that, with the increase in the number of cars, the clerical work was accumulating.  
 (There was considerable discussion on the necessity for the increase in the number of these employees.)  
 Mr. Stewart asked why there was a change in the Janitor—apart from motives of political expediency.  
 The Premier considered that it was an excellent move, as the other keeper had kept the building far too hot, and the new appointee kept it very neat and clean. The Premier thought it was a splendid change.



**"Here is our Partnership Policy"**

"NOW we have some real protection against the loss the business would suffer if either of us died," said Brown. "This is a good investment. Your capital and my experience are responsible for our success. If either of us die the other will have \$10,000 with which to carry on the business. I will need the money to finance. You will need the money to get an experienced man to take my place. It protects both our interests. Our heirs may not want to remain in the business; then the surviving partners can buy their share. It is the best protection against the unknown factor that we can have."

If you and your Business Associates are not protected by a Partnership Policy see an agent of the—

**CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION**

HEAD OFFICE TORONTO

W. G. HOGG, Manager.  
 Branch Office Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

We Invite You to Look Over the

**NATIONAL LINE**

of Tailored-to-Measure Suits for men and boys before you purchase elsewhere.  
 Prices range from \$16.00 to \$55.00.

Our guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money refunded is your protection.

**E. J. CAMPBELL**  
 GENERAL AGENT ROLLO BAY

**CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS**

Change in train schedules effective Sunday, April twenty-ninth. For further particulars apply to Ticket Agent.

**FARM FOR SALE**

62 fifty acres at Whistler in the best part of the potato growing district, 2 miles from Station, 6 from Charlottetown, buildings in good repair. Will sell with stock, machinery, and seed, or farm alone. Apply NEIL MACFADYEN, Auctioneer, 4009-4-25-wim31.

**FARM FOR SALE**

100 Acres with House, Barn and Buildings in good condition at Mitchell River, about one mile from Cardigan, all cleared, water by good spring. Also 60 acres adjoining, 15 acres clear and the balance well wooded. Apply WILLIAM WILSON, Sacred Heart Home, City Or MacDonald & MacPhee, Solicitors, Charlottetown April 6-fmw-101

**CLEARANCE AUCTION SALE**

At Seal River, Lot 50, on Monday, April 30th, at 1 o'clock of farm, stock, farm implements and household effects. Farm consists of 57 acres, 40 clear, the rest covered with wood and lumber, large barn and dwelling house in good repair. Also 1 general purpose mare 16 years old, 4 good cows, 1 newly freshened, 2 to freshen in May, 1 farrow, 50 hens, 1 driving wagon, 1 box sleigh, 1 sleigh robe, 1 mowing machine, 1 hay rake, 1 cart and wheels, 1 wheel harrow, 1 drag harrow, 1 wood sleigh, 1 potato digger, 1 truck, 2 ploughs, driving and working harness, a lot of carpenter's tools, a quantity of oats and hay, 1 cream separator (Renfrew, only two years in use), 1 Singer Sewing Machine (good as new), 1 spinning wheel, 2 stoves, 4 beds and bedding, 1 side board, tables, chairs, lounges, dishes and other articles.  
 Sale positive. No reserve.  
 Terms of Farm at Sale of stock, etc., seven months on all sums over \$10.00. 6% per annum off for cash.  
 MRS. MARGARET SMALLWOOD, Vernon Bridge J. A. McDONALD, Auctioneer, 4-25-ws.

**TENDERS**

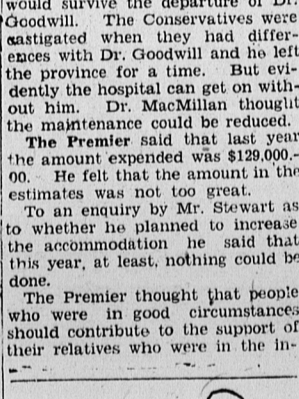
Sealed Tenders will be received up to May 12th, 1928, by the undersigned for painting the exterior of Fowal United Church, two coats. Size of Church 32x50x20 with spire about 80 feet high. Paint will be supplied. State if scaffolding needed. Work to start as soon as tender is let. Any tender not necessarily accepted.

ARTHUR G. MOORE, Chapel Steward, R. M. D. No. 1, Charlottetown, 4006-4-25-31.

**Tenders For Church**

Sealed Tenders for re-modeling and making additions to the Kensington United Church will be received by the undersigned up to May 15th. Plans and specifications may be seen at any time at the office of Dr. A. A. Lockhart, Lowther Street or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. T. LOWTHER, Secretary, 4-25-27-5-1-4.



"Last year's—but Tintex will color it new again!"

TINTEX means true economy! It gives twice as much finery at one half the cost! For faded things are quickly made new and colorful again with Tintex. No need, then, to be continually buying new finery. And how simple! With light and medium shades you just "rinse as you rinse"—in hot or cold water. Use Tintex for silk stockings, "undies," dresses, sportswear—even curtains. See Fashion's colors on the Tintex Color Card.

Blue Box—for lace-trimmed silks (into the silk—lace remains white). Grey Box—for tinting and dyeing all materials (silk, cotton, mixed goods).

15¢ at drug and dept. stores

**Tintex**

TINTS AS YOU RINSE

Tints & Dyes Anything any Color

Distributors LYMANS Ltd., Montreal

**Imperial Fox Food**

FOR PUPPIES

The wonderful success, following its use during the past three years, has clearly proven the superior merits of this IMPERIAL produce to our experienced ranchers and they are planning on feeding liberally this season.

Our formula is specially adapted to the needs of the young and growing foxes, is rich in vitamins and a sure preventative of rickets.

IMPERIAL PUPPY FOOD is guaranteed to be strictly fresh.

Order early so as to be sure of receiving your supply in good time as a heavy demand is assured.

**HAUCK FIRE GUN**

We have the exclusive agency for this popular and highly efficient ranch disinfectant which is heartily endorsed by leading ranchers for clearing pens and houses of destructive parasites. Full information on request.

**Imperial Biscuit Co.**  
 CHARLOTTETOWN  
 P. E. I.