

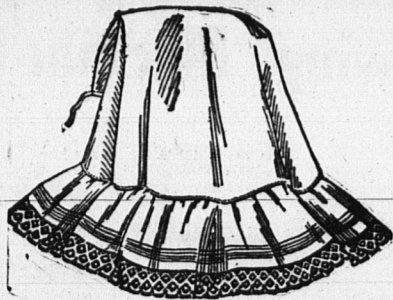
# S. A. McDonald

The Island's Leading Store

## White Goods Sale

### 20 p. c. Dis.

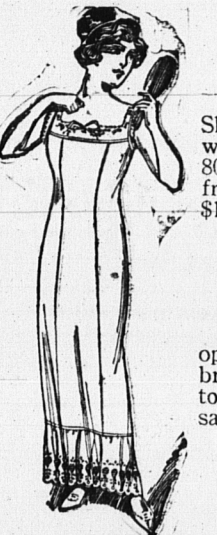
We have planned to make this the biggest White Sale in the history of our business. The goods were imported direct from the largest white goods factory in Canada. We save you the middle men's profit, also a special discount of 20 per cent during the great white sale. This sale begins today and will last for one week.



**Underskirts**  
**20 p. c. dis.**  
made from extra fine cotton, embroidery flouncing, with dust ruffles, finished with lace insertion at 1.35, 1.50, 1.65, 1.85, 1.98, 2.00, 2.25 and 2.75—20 per cent off these prices during the white sale.



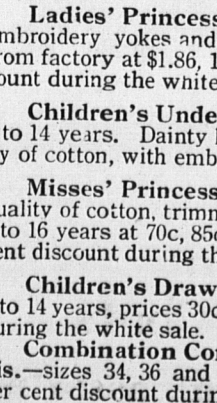
**Infants' Robes**  
**20 p. c. dis**  
made from extra fine quality white Lawn, trimmed with embroidery and insertion at 65c, 80c, \$1.20, 1.65 and 2.10—20 per cent discount during the white sale.



**Childrens' Dresses**  
**20 p. c. dis.**  
Embroidered and trimmed with lace insertion, to fit sizes from 3 to 14 years at \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.25, 2.75, 3.25, 3.50 and 3.90—20 per cent discount during the white sale.



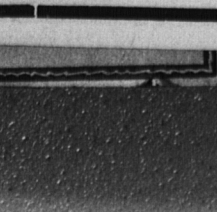
**Ladies' Nighties**  
**20 p. c. dis.**  
Slip-over style, short sleeves, finished with lace insertion, embroidered yoke at 80c, 98c, \$1.20 to 2.75; others fastened in front with embroidery trimmings at 98c, \$1.20, 1.35, 1.50, 1.75, 2.25 and 2.75.



**Ladies' Drawers**  
**20 p. c. dis.**  
opened and closed, finished with embroidery frills at 25c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 65c to \$1.30—20 per cent off during the white sale.



**Corset Covers**  
**20 p. c. dis.**  
Finished with all-over embroidery made from dainty white lawn at 60c, 75c and 80c; others with lace yokes fine quality of lawn at 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c—all sizes—20 per cent during the white sale.



**Underskirts**  
**20 p. c. dis.**  
Finished with embroidery flouncing and dust ruffles, 2 1/2 yds. wide;—other styles with lace insertion at \$1.50, 1.65, 1.85, 1.98, 2.00, 2.25 and 2.75 at 20 per cent discount during the white sale.

**Ladies' Princess Slips, 20 p. c. dis.**—finished with embroidery yokes and flouncing. New fresh goods direct from factory at \$1.86, 1.50, 2.10 and 2.25 at 20 per cent discount during the white sale.

**Children's Underskirts 20 p. c. dis.**—to fit girls from 4 to 14 years. Dainty little white skirts made from fine quality of cotton, with embroidered frills at 35c, 40c, 45c and 55c.

**Misses' Princess Slips, 20 p. c. dis.**—made from fine quality of cotton, trimmed with embroidery and lace—sizes 8 to 16 years at 70c, 85c, 95c, \$1.30, 1.45, 1.50, 1.75 at 20 per cent discount during the white sale.

**Children's Drawers, 20 p. c. dis.**—sizes to fit from 2 to 14 years, prices 30c, 35c and 45c at 20 per cent discount during the white sale.

**Combination Corset Cover and Drawers—20 p. c. dis.**—sizes 34, 36 and 38 at \$1.10, 1.35, 1.45 and 1.98 at 20 per cent discount during the white sale.

**Blouses \$1.50 to 1.75 for \$1.00**—regular values from \$1.50 to 2.00, made from very fine quality of white Lawn, trimmed with lace and embroidery. These are dainty new goods, right up-to-the-minute in style, going on sale now at \$1.00, in sizes from 34 to 42.

**Boy's Wash Shirts 20 p. c. dis.**—all sizes, going on sale during the white sale at 20 per cent discount. Bring your boy and get fitted to the largest and best selected stock of wash suits in the City. These prices are good for one week only.

# THE Charlottetown Guardian

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1915.

## A POINT WORTH EMPHASISING

Nothing requires more emphasis at public patriotic meetings than the fact that Britain could not descend to the inhuman tactics of Germany in carrying on the war. Were Britain so minded she could utilise means of wiping out the enemy that would leave her literally not a leg to stand upon. Lord Dundonald's secret, which is still in the archives of the War Office was admitted by a committee of experts to be such as to end a war in as many hours as it is taking months to-day. But the method was described as so inhuman that it would stagger humanity. Need we doubt for a moment that were Germany in possession of such a secret she would hesitate to avail herself of it? Germany will resort to any means, be they ever so foul or fiendish to gain her end. Britain cannot, dare not, do so. She is fighting for fair play in warfare as well as in times of peace, and she will not besmirch her escutcheon even though it may mean a prolongation of the war.

Not only does Britain fight fair in the field, she fights fair in the world of diplomacy and commerce. Having obtained command of the seas there was nothing to hinder her to declare what she liked contraband. She could have, for instance, listed cotton as contraband and probably ended the war by this time. This is what such authorities as Sir William Ramsay, the great scientist, and Mr Hillair Belloc, the great naval and military authority, deliberately assert. But while it would have been to Britain's advantage so to act, it would not have been to her credit—at least not so long as the cotton crop of America was still unsold. As a contemporary remarks, if Great Britain had made cotton contraband at the start of the war, she would have induced a condition of cruel business depression in the Southern part of the United States. It is all very well to say that we are fighting for civilisation, but that is no excuse for a violation of international law or an action for which we have not received the sanction of those who are to suffer most of the immediate consequences. The British Government could not have adopted a paternal attitude toward neutral nations without serious consequences. Such action would have been accepted as British adherence to the doctrine that "might is right," since the British people have no right to assume that the honest convictions they hold regarding the war are held with equal force in neutral countries by a sufficiently large number of the people of these countries to prevent a critical situation from arising. Great Britain's policy in regard to neutrals, from the first, has been carried out with a generous appreciation of the rights and conditions of neutral nations. Such a policy may possibly mean a longer wait for military success than a harsher policy would mean. But the nation which espouses a high ideal in going to war labours under a heavy responsibility in these matters and, in a world war, the British policy is as wise as it is just.

## MACHINE GUN FUND

At the request of Mr H. C. Flood, Mr A. W. Hyndman, manager of the Royal Bank, has accepted the position of treasurer of the Machine Gun Fund. The Committee will thus consist of the editors of the three Charlottetown daily papers, with Mr H. C. Flood as Secretary and Mr A. W. Hyndman as Treasurer. Mr Flood has already received promises of substantial support, and everything points to Prince Edward Island being well represented at the front by machine guns. Intending contributors should communicate direct with Mr Flood or Mr Hyndman or through any of the newspapers, and acknowledgement of contributions will be made through the various newspapers.

In addition to the gun already furnished by Messrs Matthew & McLean, Ltd., the people of Souris and vicinity have now taken in hand to furnish another gun. The fund for which has been started, headed by Mr John Nichols with a subscription of \$300, and it is expected that within a day or two the full amount of \$1,000 will be collected and forwarded to the Minister of Militia and Defence, Ottawa.

It is understood that Mr W. H. Attkin has offered \$250, and other three such donations will provide one gun. Hon. Justice Hazard has given \$50, and other 19 similar gifts will provide a third gun. Mrs George E. Auld and family have offered to provide a gun between them. Thus it will be seen that the people of Prince Edward Island have only to be shown the need of anything in connection with the war and they will readily contribute according to their ability.

## LABOR ORGANIZATION IN CANADA

The fourth annual report on Labour Organisation in Canada, containing 238 pages, embodying statistics, etc., for the calendar year 1914, has been issued by the Department of Labour.

Many will find a special interest in the chapter containing a discussion of the bearing of the European war on various aspects of trade unionism, which includes also the text of deliverances of representative labour organisations in different countries with respect of war in general or having special reference to the present war. Figures are printed showing the number of members of trade unions, who to the close of the year 1914, have as recruits or reservists gone to the front from Canada. The trade unions furnished in all 3,498 recruits and 417 reservists, these figures not including recruits joining the forces since January 1915.

The standing of the chief cities from this point of view is shown in the following statement:—

Cities	No. of Enlistments	No. of Reservists
Toronto	570	89
Winnipeg	402	52

Montreal	289	42
Vancouver	222	22
Calgary	154	9
Edmonton	153	2
Victoria	125	14
Ottawa	85	7
Regina	79	8
Quebec	77	14
Hamilton	76	8
Saskatoon	66	10
Moosejaw	55	3
London	43	4
St. John	38	3
Lethbridge	30	2
Medicine Hat	30	1
Peterborough	27	—
Brandon	24	2
Halifax	23	1
New Westminster	22	—
St. Catharines	20	1
Fort William	19	5
Kingston	18	1
All others	842	111
Total	3,498	417

The effect of the war on Canadian trade union growth is shown in a decrease of membership, the loss being 9,636. The estimated numerical strength of organised labour in Canada at the close of 1914 stood approximately at 166,163. The membership for each of the past four years, as reported to the Department, has been as follows:—

1911	133,132
1912	160,120
1913	175,799
1914	166,163

The membership for 1914 of international organisations operating in Canada was 140,482, members of non-international bodies numbered 20,935, and 4,746 belonged to independent unions.

The decrease in international membership was 9,095, and in independent unions of 1,261, while the non-international membership shows a gain of 720. At the close of the year 1914 there were 2,003 local branch unions in Canada, 1,174 owing allegiance to international organisations, 196 affiliated with non-international bodies and 33 independent unions. These figures show a reduction of 18 in local branches of international organisations, a loss of one in independent units, and a gain of five in non-international branches, making a total decrease of 14 in the number of local union branches in the Dominion.

In twenty-five of the cities more than one-half of the local unions of the country are located, and among them they comprise nearly 40 per cent. of the entire union membership in the Dominion. Montreal stands in first place as to the number of local branches, but Toronto reports much the largest membership.

A table is furnished showing the expenditure during the year 1914 on account of benefits paid by central labour organisations operating in Canada. Of the 102 international bodies whose activities extend into the Dominion 79 have benefit features on a varying scale. The total disbursements during 1914 by the various international organisations amounted to \$12,837,987, being divided for each class of benefit as follows:—

Death benefits	\$8,864,631
Strike benefits	1,953,350
Sick benefits	963,353
Accident benefits	635,580
Old age pensions	266,395
Unemployed benefits	97,392
Travelling benefits	47,286

Of the non-international bodies three reported having made payments on account of benefits, the total disbursements amounting to \$8,266.75.

The report follows closely along the lines of former reports, the various phases of the general scheme of organisation which have been developed being given due consideration.

A chapter is devoted to a discussion of some of the leading features of the organisations composed of workmen employed in the mining industry, including a brief history of their development and difficulties.

The report serves as a directory of trade unions for the Dominion for 1915, including as it does particulars not only of every known local trade union in Canada, but also a list of all international and non-international central organising bodies, together with the names and addresses of the chief executive officers.

## NOTES

American passengers on the Cunard liner Orduna are highly incensed at the German attempt to torpedo that vessel and are urging Washington to make formidable protest to Berlin. No doubt their wish will be met and communications be exchanged between the two capitals. The German diplomats are perfectly willing to receive and answer notes, but as for stopping piracy, well, that is another matter.

## DAILY SELECTIONS FOR GUARDIAN READERS

Furnished by W. S. Louison.

## THE QUESTION.

Every day the "express" goes flashing and speeding along the rails, making the hills echo with its long hoarse whistle and the earth tremble under its passing, while it whirls on its course like the wind.

Every day, out through the farmyard gate bounds a little black dog, barking and yelping furiously and chasing after the train until it is out of sight and he is utterly spent and breathless.

The slow-spoken farmer, watching the performance one morning, put his long-felt curiosity into words. "Now I wonder what that silly dog thinks he would do with the train if he ever could catch it?"

There are not a few human pursuits that awaken very much the same question. Frantic struggle after some pretty honor of social position that hold no real advance, no permanent sat-

isfaction; energy and time expended in effort to secure so-called rights and liberties that to the average citizen appear of no practical value; doubtful improvements demanded with much clamor and vociferation; worldly arguments to prove facts that are really of little consequence after they are proved—we see them on every hand, and realize that while the chase is for the most part unless the capture would be even worse. Life is too short and too full of important things to be wasted in pursuing objects that do not fit into our scheme of being.

# Russian Crash

The Germans still continue to torpedo Russian Ships, the latest news from Archangel report a cargo of flax lost. This was for the Irish Market. We received a shipment of Real Irish Linen made from Russian Flax, that escaped the German Submarines. Following are some of the lines:—

Sheer Handkerchief Linen for Waists, Sun Grass Bleach Costume Linen, Art Linens, Plain and Stamped, Circular Pillow Linens. All Linen Dowls, Crashes, Towellings, plain and fancy. Linen Huckabuck. Roller Towellings.

# PATONS

KEEP COOL—We sell the best and cheapest ICE CHESTS in the City at lowest prices. Price ours before buying. PATONS.

LAWN CHAIRS all styles at lowest prices. PATONS.

BEST VALUES in Furniture at PATONS, bought right and will be sold right.

## CHARGED WITH BEING A GERMAN SPY.

Montreal, Que., July 26.—A man giving his name as Jean Bouchard was arrested Saturday on Mount Royal, on suspicion of being a German spy. He had maps of Montreal with location of armories, stations and Public buildings marked, also German papers and nearly \$300 in cash. Police think "Bouchard" may have been signalling to aeroplanes which have been reported in this vicinity. He had been under surveillance by police in the Mountain for several days.



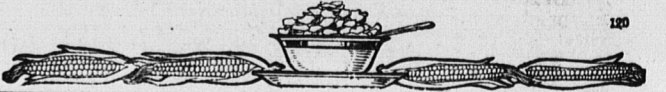
Advance and Give the Countersign—

# Kellogg's

## CORN FLAKES

The attacker knows he has the countersign to pass him through the lines. The little sentry's sense of duty keeps him at this post, but it is a hard strain to let that package pass. He would almost give up his play and even his cherished sword to get at its contents.

The Sweet Heart of the Corn. Made-in-Canada. 10c. per package.



# 50 Per Cent

Guaranteed Dividend 1915

Glenaladale Silver Black Fox Co., Ltd.

[Incorporated 1913] ONE OF THOSE THAT STOOD THE TEST

Guaranteed that 50 per cent was to be paid in 1914, but paid 100 per cent, 50 per cent in cash and 50 per cent in stock. With twenty pairs of beautiful Silver Black foxes capitalized at \$300,000.00 only \$15,000.00 a pair with all expenses and ranching free

GUARANTEES 50 PER CENT AT THE LEAST FOR 1915 OR WHATEVER MORE IT MIGHT BE

Anyone wanting to invest in this great Black Fox Industry will make no mistake to invest in this Company for they are sure of 50 per cent, whatever more the first year.

Snares are \$25. Write for prospectus and other information to

M. C. MACKINNON, Secretary-Treasurer  
Glenaladale, : : Prince Edward Island  
2238-7-24MELT

# Great Sale of White Footwear

## GOFF BROS.

Now is your time to buy White Footwear. Ladies' White Suede and Canvas Poms at 25 per cent Discount. There is a long season yet of warm weather, you will need a pair of White Poms. We have a window full at 25 per cent Discount.

# GOFF BROS.

The Shoe Store  
When out shopping come in and look over our Bargain Tables.