

THE GUARDIAN COVERS PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND LIKE THE DEW. OVER 45,000 READERS DAILY

Charlottetown Guardian Three Cents.
Morning Guardian, Founded 1891. Evening Guardian 1887.

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1919

Annual Subscription, delivered, \$4.00.
By Mail, Canada, \$3.00; U.S.A., \$3.50

EX-KAISER RECOUNDED FOR "FORCED ABDICATION"

To be Given 170,000,000 Marks by German Government as Compensation for Loss of Throne.

(Special to the Guardian)
BERLIN, Aug. 20.—A bill has been submitted to the Prussian cabinet which provides that 170,000,000 marks shall be handed over to the former Emperor Wilhelm as a total settle-

ment for the civil list he lost "through forced abdication," according to a Weimar despatch to De Freilicht. The cabinet has not reached a decision, it is said, because the scheme is opposed by Herr Von Broun, the minister of agriculture.

SIR ARTHUR CURRIE ADDRESSES CAN. CLUB

Tells What Canadians Did During Last 100 Days of the War and Collapse of German Machine.

OTTAWA, August 21.—The last hundred days of the war, in which the Canadian Corps struck many heavy blows which finally brought about the collapse of the German military machine, came after the decision of the Supreme Allied War Council that only one more battle should be fought in 1918, Sir Arthur W. Currie, commander of the Canadian Corps, and now Inspector of the Canadian forces told an audience of 700 persons at the Canadian Club luncheon in the Chateau Laurier. "On August 1st, 1918," said General Currie, "the War Council had decided we would fight only one more battle, which was to be an effort to free the Paris-Amiens railway and gain the Amiens defense line. Then all the Allied forces on the West front would make their positions secure and wait until this spring for the American army to get there in strength. Then it was

planned that we would finish the war."

Collapse of German Defence.

However, said Sir Arthur, the attack on the Amiens line had resulted so splendidly that it was decided to push ahead, and the result was the collapse of the German defence system, and the signing of the armistice on November 11.

Previous to the delivery of the great hammer blows planned by Marshal Foch, the Canadians had been held in reserve, and had held 35 miles of front, which was one-fifth of the entire British front, and included ground that which there was no more tooting ball for the Boche. Careful organization and great secrecy was among the factors vital to the Canadian success, said the Commander.

German Royal Thief Immune from Punishment

(Special to the Guardian)
BERLIN, Aug. 20.—At a meeting of the citizens of Berlin today, there was a discussion of the conduct of Prince Friedrich Leopold, cousin of former Emperor William, who, unlike Count Hohenloer, remained there instead of leaving the country. It was alleged that he had illicit trade on a large scale and had large quantities of food. Local authorities recently searched his castle, confiscating supplies of food which were distributed among hospitals, but when they attempted to bring action against the prince they were told from authoritative quarters that he was immune, being a member of the royal family. Prince Friedrich has also stored a huge quantity of coal and other fuel with which to heat his castle during the coming winter. The castle has 140 rooms and 16 bath rooms. No decision as to what would be done with the prince was reached at today's meeting.

Sackville Merchant, on Honeymoon, Drowned at Ste. Anne De Bellevue

MONTREAL, August 21.—Clarence E. Dixon, grain merchant of Sackville (N.B.) who was married a week ago and was spending his honeymoon at Ste. Anne De Bellevue, was drowned in front of the Clarendon Hotel there this morning. He had gone for a swim before breakfast.

Echoes of the Royal Visit

It was not generally noticed that the string of flags displayed on the Parliament Building spelt the words in marine code, "Welcome to the Prince of Wales."

The arch in front of the Parliament Building was designed by Mr. Arthur Newbery, Assistant Provincial Secretary. The decorations of the Parliament Building, both inside and outside, were also under the direction of Mr. Newbery and were evidence of his well-known good taste in such matters.

The credit for the success of the luncheon to the Prince is due to the Daughters of the Empire who had entire charge of this part of the programme. The many complimentary remarks from those in attendance testify to the excellence of the service. The menu cards were prepared by Miss Helen Haszard and reflect credit on this artist.

The address presented by the Provincial Government to the Prince was engraved and illuminated by Mr. L. W. Watson, photographer of this address has been secured and will be framed. The work is in the highest degree complimentary to Mr. Watson.

The Managing Committee was composed of Mr. Justice Haszard, Mr. Justice Fitzgerald, Messrs Frank R. Hartz, C. Gavin Duffy, W. F. Timmarsh, D. O'M. Redna and the Premier. They worked hard and their efforts were crowned with success. Much work also devolved on the Administrator and Mrs. Mathieson. They were assisted by Mr. Aeneas A. McDonald, Acting Private Secretary.

At the luncheon the Premier occupied the seat immediately to the right of His Royal Highness. This was by command of His Royal Highness who on observing that the seat next to him was vacant by reason of the absence of Sir Robert Borden, sent for Premier Arsenault and requested him to occupy the seat.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

- *GIRL WANTED. A YOUNG GIRL TO do light house work. Evenings off. Apply Guardian Office. 211-8-13Mf.
- *WANTED—A GIRL FOR HOUSE-work, for 1st September. Apply Mrs. Burnett, 174 Kent Street. 337-8-21Mf.
- *LOST—A MILITARY MEDAL AT Victoria Park on Tuesday. Finder please leave at 247 Prince St. 381-8-22M3pd.
- *CAR FOR HIRE—FIRST CLASS Overland Car. Paddy McQuaid. St. John's. Phone 210. House phone 411-J. 192-8-12Mf.
- *LOST—AUGUST 12TH BETWEEN Mount Albion and Earncliffe, a note book. Notify Parkman Jenkins, Hillsboro. 338-8-19M31.
- *FOR SALE, AN UP-TO-DATE, FURNISHED cottage with all modern conveniences, nice location. Write "E" c/o Guardian. 119-8-8Mf.
- *WANTED—Sept. First a girl of woman for general housework. Must be able to take charge. Wages \$14 per month. Apply 43 Elm Ave., City. D21
- *WANTED—Apprentice in Foundry a good trade for any intelligent boy who will take an interest in this work. Apply to BRUCE STEWART & CO. LTD. DTF
- *LOST—BETWEEN HUNTER RIVER and Freetown via Millvale Road auto fire complete. Finder please communicate with Telephone Central, Hunter River. 394-8-22m21
- *TRY OUR JOB PRINTING DEPT. for your next order, for billheads, letterheads, envelopes, visiting cards, posters. All kinds of pamphlet work done. Special prices on large quantities. The Job Printing Department of The Island Guardian Publishing Co., 176 Kent Street, Charlottetown.

Carnegie Did Not "Die a Pauper"

His Estate is Valued at Much More Than \$50,000,000.

(Special to the Guardian)
NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Although Andrew Carnegie, steel magnate and philanthropist, declared during his life time that he expected to give away his huge fortune and "die a pauper," his estate to be disposed of by a will which will be filed for probate next week values several times \$50,000,000. It was learned from an authoritative source here tonight. Publication of a story to the effect that Carnegie had given away all of his estate with the exception of about \$50,000,000 brought the statement that the estate was much larger.

Yorkshire Coal Strike Has Been Settled

(Special to the Guardian)
LONDON, Aug. 21.—The strike of the Yorkshire coal miners, which has been in progress for many weeks, has been settled. All the Yorkshire pits will resume work as soon as practicable.

Ex-German Emperor Short of Cash

AMERONGEN, August 21.—Although it has been known in Amerongen that former Emperor William, in the hope of settling down to the life of a country gentleman in Holland, had been negotiating for the castle of Doorn, the correspondent to day was unable to definitely confirm a despatch from Utrecht that the deal had been completed.

"Nothing has been settled," was the reply of those close to Herr Hohenzollern, when questioned, but they added that they could not deny the report.

Despite official announcements of the intention of the Allies to try the former Emperor, the general belief among the advisors of Herr Hohenzollern, it is said, is that the Allies will not make a serious attempt to bring him to trial.

While gossip in the village is to the effect that the former Emperor is short of ready money or he otherwise would have bought the Doorn estate long ago, it is believed there is no serious financial difficulty in the way of purchase. The estate in question is the smaller of the two estates near Doorn owned by the Van Hemstra family. Compared to the Bentinck Castle here it is only a country villa. It is about seven miles from Amerongen and a short distance from the railroad.

40 Miners are Entombed in Colorado

TRINIDAD, Colo., August 21.—Forty coal miners are entombed by an explosion in the Oakview Mine of the Oakdale Coal Company near Lovato, (Col.), in Nuorteno county, according to reports reaching here early this afternoon. Calls for helmet men and rescue gangs have been sent out to mines in the Walsenburg and Trinidad districts.

110 Men Missing From Wrecked Jap Ship

(Special to the Guardian)
LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Japanese transport Shiki Maru struck a rock and foundered on August 15, south of Sanagashima, according to a Nagasaki despatch received by Lloyd's. One hundred and ten of those on board are reported missing.

Roumanian Troops To Help Denekine

(Special to the Guardian)
PARIS, Aug. 20.—Roumanian military authorities are preparing for an offensive cast of the Dniester River for the purpose of joining forces with General Denekine's army in southern Russia, according to the Echo de Paris.

"Anti-Bolshevik Troops Make Gains."
LONDON, Aug. 20.—Anti-Bolshevik forces have occupied Kherson Nikolof and Cherkassy on the Dnieper River near Kiev, according to an official statement sent out by wireless by the Soviet army headquarters at Moscow. The statement was that on the eastern front anti-Bolshevik forces have occupied Ilets, after a fierce battle. Ilets is 40 miles south-east of Orenburg.

"Slaughter of Bolsheviki Prisoners."
OSKAS, Aug. 20.—Two thousand Bolsheviki and Magyars who had escaped from prison camps at Krasnoyarsk, were surprised on July 30 by Siberian troops, 200 of the prisoners being killed and the rest, with the exception of 60, being surrounded and captured. According to a Czech report the prisoners had planned to attack the prison camp from a hill but were defeated. Czech troops prepared to co-operate with the Siberians against the Bolsheviki-Magyars.

CATASTROPHE OR CHANGE SAYS LLOYD GEORGE

"We are Spending More and Producing Less. It Cannot Last." He Makes a Moving Appeal for all to "Man the Boats and Save the Nation."

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Premier Lloyd George, when he appeared in the House of Commons today announced that it was his intention, in his address to the House, to deal only with Great Britain's trade relations and her industrial position, including the coal-mining problems.

Virtually every member of the House of Commons was in his seat when the speaker took his chair. The lobbies, galleries, and the outside courts were crowded when members of the ministry arrived.

The war cost forty billion pounds, Premier Lloyd George declared in his speech. Most of the sum was spent for purposes of destruction.

The Premier asserted that the changing from war to peace conditions would take just as long as the change from peace to war. The first outstanding fact of the present situation was the alarming adverse trade balance.

The import restrictions which will terminate Sept. 1, the Premier continued, had given British manufacturers an opportunity of making and dealing in goods which otherwise would have been hurried here from foreign countries.

The Premier said that before the war imports had exceeded exports from the United Kingdom by £150,000,000. Receipts from foreign investments at present were down to £100,000,000, while Great Britain has to pay back an adverse trade balance of £300,000,000.

Labor conditions in the United Kingdom, he added, have improved. Of the 3,600,000 men demobilized, only 350,000 have not been absorbed in industries.

The national debt, the Premier declared, has grown from £641,000,000 to £7,300,000,000.

Pensions cost the government £10,000,000 yearly. Private expenditures in the aggregate, the Premier said, were more formidable than public expenditure. One way of meeting the increase in expenditure was to increase production, but the output was less in everything except agriculture.

The Premier declared that if the country continued in the way in which it is going, the adverse trade balance would reach £1,000,000,000 compared to £150,000,000 before the war.

"We cannot prosper," he said, "we cannot even exist without recovering and maintaining our international trade. We must bring up the trade balance, adding to our exports and lessening our imports."

"At the present moment our adverse trade balance is £300,000,000. We must bridge that chasm or at the bottom of it is ruin. We are building a temporary bridge, by borrowing, not state borrowing, but traders' borrowing for raw material, food and so forth. That will only add to the catastrophe.

"In every direction we are spending more. We are earning less. We are consuming more and we are producing less. These are facts. It cannot last.

The production of coal this year, the Premier continued, would be 200,000,000 tons compared with 287,000,000 before the war, although 30,000 more miners are employed at present than in 1914. A ton of coal which cost ten shillings in 1913 now costs 25 shillings.

"Coal Chief Factor in Industry."
Premier Lloyd George declared that coal was the chief factor in the industrial situation. He said that the outlook was indeed dark unless the conditions which he stated were changed. The Premier continued:

"In America the wages are higher, hours of labor are no longer, and the labor cost in proportion to the articles produced is less. This being the case competition is impossible, and no tariff will remedy this."

After pointing out that the British pound at present was worth in the United States only 17-1/2 shillings, the Premier said:

"We shall never improve matters until we increase production, or we will be driven later to reduce even lower the standard of living in this country. There is no other alternative except quitting the country for which we fought for four years."

"Suffering Shell Shock."
"The world is suffering from shell shock on a big scale, but all of this will pass away."

reduction in time would not involve a reduction in output. There has, he said, been a substantial reduction in the hours of labor, and it has been found that the output has been reduced almost in same mathematical proportion.

Labor has made tremendous gains during the last two or three years, the Premier added, but he said, these gains could not be maintained if production did not increase.

During the session of the House of Commons today, there was introduced a bill that represented an agreement between employers and employees. The bill calls for a 48 hour week and what are considered living wages.

The Premier said he thought there was evidence of international closing down of production, and that it is necessary not only for the workmen, but the managers and foremen to put their shoulders to the task of increasing production. He said it was a dangerous fallacy, the less men worked the more work there would be for others, and that it is highly important for those having influence with the workers to do their utmost to explode this fallacy.

Summing up, the Premier said: "We saw the country imperilled by under-production and proposed to deal therewith by bringing the facts home to labor; by dealing with the question of extended hours and a minimum wage, and giving workers a voice in control and a share in the prosperity of the industry."

Turning to trade conditions, Mr. Lloyd George said: "We must forget pre-war conditions and deal with actualities."

He declared that he regarded the adverse American exchange rate as in itself protection against the importation of manufactured goods.

"With regard to protection against unfair competition," the Premier continued, "there will remain obstacles to imports in the shape of low exchange rates and high freights. These will remain, because we have decided that we cannot longer keep up exchanges. It is better we realize that it may have the effect of raising prices of food and raw materials, especially those from America."

"That is the result of under-production and it is essential that it should be brought home to everyone, otherwise it will never be cured."

Dealing with the difficulties of economizing of defenses, the Premier asserted that notwithstanding the fact that the great menace to Europe was gone, and it was under that idea that the government was prosecuting its examination into army estimates.

He said it was believed it could effect considerable reductions. In this matter it was essential that the great nation which has prompted the League of Nations should show their confidence in it and trust it. If they increased their armament the league would be a sham and a mere scrap of paper.

Those who believed in the league most must trust it most, and the rest follow. This was the fundamental and first condition of real economy in world armament. Great Britain was ready, the Premier exclaimed. Let all other lands be ready likewise, and economy would result.

In a moving peroration Mr. Lloyd George appealed to the House for fair treatment for the government. It had to deal with tremendous issues, where mistakes and errors in judgment were inevitable, and judgment on it should be on the side of generosity. It needed confidence was to be restored enable the nation to cope with difficult problems.

"The government have done their best to give direction," said the Premier. "Let all who will man the boats and save the nation."

Montreal Will Honour Sir Arthur Currie

(Special to the Guardian)
MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—When General Currie mounts his charger to take his place in the parade tomorrow afternoon from the Champs de Mars, he will be accompanied by his mounted orderly, who accompanied him throughout the entire war and the victorious entry of the Canadian into Mons on armistice day.

General Currie's orderly will carry a trophy of victory a Prussian Ulan's lance, captured during the advance into Mons on which will be affixed the Canadian corps pennant which was used during the war. The mounted orderly will ride immediately behind him throughout the parade and the distinctive Ulan lance with its Canadian pennant will enable all to distinguish the approach of the Canadian commander. Lady Currie will accompany the General to Montreal for the parade and will attend the review at the Champ de Mars from the balcony at the rear of the city hall, after which she will proceed to the Ritz Carlton to witness the final march past and salute to the corps commander which will take place immediately opposite the Ritz Carlton.

GERMANY PREPARES TO MEET OBLIGATIONS

Government Fixes Prices, Controls Labour and Wages and Will Inspect all Business Books.

(Special to the Guardian)
BERLIN, Aug. 20.—A bill providing ways and means for carrying out the peace terms was presented before the national assembly at Weimar yesterday with the approval of the imperial council. It is a far-reaching measure, the purpose of which is to set definite limits and establish control of activities in commerce, finance and industries, bearing on the means of meeting the great responsibilities laid upon Germany by the conditions of peace. It empowers the govern-

ment, for instance, to demand and enforce industrial mercantile work. Closely concerned with the work of paying indemnities the government is authorized to demand a knowledge of wages and material, and may inspect the books, papers and business documents of firms as well as fix prices, adjust labor conditions, and supervise the efficiency of industrial equipment. It also imposes penalties up to three years' imprisonment and a fine of 50,000 marks for illegal payments of money.

Germany Restricts Her Purchases

(Special to the Guardian)
BERLIN, Aug. 21.—The German Food Ministry has instructed the German offices concerned that until further orders no more purchases are to be proceeded with in Denmark or Holland. This prohibition is based on the grounds of the large purchases already made abroad, of the existing speculation and the unrestricted depression of German exchange.

Six Killed and Many Injured

(Special to the Guardian)
TRAVERSE CITY, Aug. 21.—Six persons are dead and possibly more as the result of a collision on the Pere Marquette railroad near here tonight when a passenger and a freight train met head on. Many passengers are reported injured.

Ontario Oil Companies Getting into Trouble

(Special to the Guardian)
TORONTO, Aug. 21.—The Ontario government has declared war on some oil companies that have been advertising extensively in Toronto newspapers in the past few weeks, Hon. E. Tuccer, attorney general, announced yesterday after that these companies are facing prosecution for non-compliance with the terms of the companies.

Clerks Awarded Wage Increase

SYDNEY, August 21.—Twenty-five per cent wage increase over the present scale has been granted the members of the Clerks' Union in their dispute with the Donkey Iron and Steel Company, according to the findings of the Conciliation Board, appointed some time ago under the Lemieux Act, to consider these grievances. The finding of the Board, which was composed of Mr. Justice Chisholm, Dr. John Forth and John A. Gillis, was received here this morning by officials of the Clerks' Union, and the latter will discuss the Board's award at a meeting called for Wednesday night. While the clerks received some increase, the Board in its findings did not favor recognition of the Clerks' Union. The new scale of wages under this new finding places \$60 per month as the minimum wage for clerks in the employ of the Steel Company, with \$125 per month the maximum.

Further Delay In Austrian Treaty

(Special to the Guardian)
PARIS, Aug. 21.—The Austrian delegation told the supreme council today that it would be necessary for them to take the completed text of the treaty to Vienna and to submit it to the assembly for approval before the delegates can sign it. This suggestion brought expressions of surprise from members of the council as it had been thought the Austrian delegation had full powers. The council is urging the Austrians to make some arrangements to sign the treaty without taking it to Vienna. The signing of the treaty as a result of this unexpected development, it was said, may be postponed until well into September. The completed treaty text will not be given the Austrians, it is generally understood, for at least two weeks, and if the Austrians insist upon taking it to Vienna before signature that trip probably will add ten days to the delay.

American Force Invades Mexico

(Special to the Guardian)
WASHINGTON, August 21.—The American punitive expedition into Mexico, after the bandits who held the two American aviators, is being conducted with the full knowledge of authorities in Washington, who have been withholding announcement of the Government's purpose until the two Americans were safe. It is the second expedition of its kind since the Pershing expedition in pursuit of Villa. The other was the expedition into Juarez at the time of the recent fighting.

In its diplomatic aspect it is an expedition on a "hot trail," it does not take on the character of an act of war, as its sole purpose under the international law is not to invade the sovereignty of Mexico nor to attack its Government, but to punish or exterminate the bandits who held the two American army officers for ransom.

THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, August 22.—Fair and warm.
The tide will be high this evening at 8:42; tomorrow at 9:34; it will be high tomorrow morning at 8:04 and Sunday at 9:07.
Sun sets this evening at 7:12 and tomorrow at 7:11; it rises tomorrow morning at 5:30 and Sunday at 5:31.
Last quarter moon, Monday, August 18th, 10:56 a. m.
New moon, Monday, August 25th, 10:37 a. m.

U. S. Will Deport Suspicious Aliens

(Special to the Guardian)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—A bill to stop all immigration for two years and to deport all aliens who withdrew their first papers in order to escape military service during the war, was introduced today by Chairman Johnson of the House Immigration Committee. After the end of the two-year suspension period aliens would be entitled to admission to the United States only under a passport or on their written declaration to become an American citizen. They would be required to register annually until citizenship was conferred. Fraudulent entry would be punishable by five years' imprisonment and \$1,000 fine to be followed by deportation.

Why Cost of Boots Is So Extravagant

(Special to the Guardian)
BOSTON, Aug. 21.—Enquiry into the high cost of living shows that shoe workers have been earning \$130 a week. It was testified that while the average was about \$40 unskilled help, who formerly received \$12 to \$15 a week have profited most. Last boys are getting as much as \$30 a week.

Quebec Will Ask H.R.H. for Amnesty

(Special to the Guardian)
QUEBEC, Aug. 21.—At a meeting of the National Trades and Labor Council last night it was decided to ask H.R.H. the Prince of Wales to intercede to obtain a general amnesty for absentees under the Military Act.

Navigation Open On the Danube

(Special to the Guardian)
BUDAPEST, Aug. 21.—Navigation on the Danube has been opened from Hagensburg to the Black Sea. Admiral Trowbridge and his French, Italian and American colleagues, have succeeded in clearing a channel 150 yards wide through the mine fields during the regime of Bela Kun between Pressburg and Baja. The Commission which controls navigation on the Danube has succeeded in constraining the Roumanians to conform to its decision not to interfere with shipping. Regular service has been inaugurated between Pressburg and Budapest.

ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

- *A GARDEN PARTY will be held at Crapaud Corner under the auspices of Prince Arthur L. O. L. on Saturday next, August 23rd. Everybody welcome. 353-8-21m2pd.
- *THERE WILL BE a festival at Hunter River Monday evening, August 25th the proceeds to go towards the Methodist building fund. 354-8-22M2pd.