

News from All Parts of the World Brought by Special Cable

CZAR NOW FAVORS KEEPING LAW AND ORDER IN RUSSIA



Miss Irene Hawkins, a beautiful English girl, who has acquired fame in London as a painter of American Indians. She has just crossed the ocean in company with Rev. Dr. Charles F. Aked, pastor of Rockefeller's church, the Fifth Avenue Baptist, of New York City, and will paint the portraits of several prominent Philadelphians.

Promptly Orders Proper Trial in Case of Murder-- Russian Government to Undertake to Find North-east Passage Through Arctic Regions.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 15.—The czar, who has always been considered as wax in the hands of stronger influences about him, has lately shown something of a decided attitude in favor of law and order.

When the czar heard of it he asked the minister of justice what the law on the subject was, and was informed that legally the trial should take place in the locality where the crime was committed.

DISPUTE LEGALITY OF SCOTCH WEDDING

Marriage At Gretna Green To Be Fought In Courts of Scotland

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A very remarkable case, involving the legality of a Gretna Green marriage, will shortly be heard in the Scottish court. It will be brought at the instance of Alexander Ross, of Thirps Hall, Bridlington, Yorkshire, who challenges the right of the present Lord Macdonald, otherwise known as the "Lord of the Isles," to his peerage and estates.

The origin of the dispute goes back to the opening years of last century, when the third Lord Macdonald made a name for himself as the tutor of the Duke of Gloucester and Lady Amelia Carpenter, daughter of the last Marquis of Tryon.

Camorra Books Seized

ROME, Oct. 15.—Remarkable revelations have been made at Naples, in consequence of the seizure by the police of the account books of the Camorra, the rich and powerful secret society whose sinister influence has ruled the affairs of Naples for many years.

SEARCH NORTHEAST PASSAGE

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 15.—A "Northeast Passage" through the Arctic regions is the objective of a great expedition scheme undertaken by the Russian government, which proposes to cut a trade route along the northern coast of Asia, thus immensely shortening the voyage from European Russia to Vladivostok and other ports in the Far East.

The present route—from the White and Baltic seas around Gibraltar, through the Mediterranean, the Red Sea, the Indian Ocean, the China sea, and the Pacific—is almost prohibitive as the late Admiral Rojdestvensky incidentally learned.

It is with a view of opening up a much shorter route that the Russian government is about to spend \$750,000 on exploration work.

Next spring an expedition of two "icebreakers," carrying scientists, hydrographers, etc., and a crew of eighty men, will be dispatched north and east through the Kara straits and Nova Zemba to Cape Cheliuskin, the northernmost point of Asia, in lat. 78 N. long. 103 E.

WIRELESS PHONE TESTS

French Officers Talked at Distance of 150 Miles Apart

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Charles Bos, naval expert, describes the most recent experiments of Naval Lieutenant-Colonel Jeanne in wireless telephony. He is on board the cruiser Sable, anchored in Saline roadstead, talked with the utmost clearness with Lieut. Jeanne at Port Venise, a distance of 150 miles. As wireless telephony depends for its success upon the height of the antennae, those used by the lieutenants were of considerable height, but successful tests were made with radio destroyers at a distance of 54 miles.

FORTUNE TELLER JAILED

Witnesses Numbering 175 Appeared Against Defendant

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—The most famous fortune-teller in the world, as he proudly terms himself, Heinrich Bettermann, was brought up at Cologne asizes the other day.

FRENCH ARE HAVING GREAT TROUBLE WITH ESPIONAGE METHODS

PARIS, Oct. 15.—How to solve the problem of leakages in military centres is the grave consideration of French statesmen. Foreign espionage encounters home treachery only too often now. The reason is the adoption for some time past of a pernicious system of drafting in the regiments—conscripts who have been in the hands of the police.

CHINA'S BIG NAVAL PLANS

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Chinese advices from a trustworthy source give interesting facts concerning the plans for the reorganization of the Chinese navy, which have been approved by imperial decree, and on which work has already begun. On account of the vast expenditure involved, the work will be spread over seven years. The most striking items will be carried out from 1911 to 1915 when the government will have built eight first class battleships for naval bases, expand the naval schools and enlarge the dockyards. She also plans the creation of an admiralty board, the establishment of a new naval academy and to recruit a force of marines.

Bad for Barbers

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—The barbers' business in Oberammergau will be a poor one for the next twelve months. The reason is that in September, 1910, the decennial Passion Play is to be performed, and every man in the village will be an actor in the scriptural drama. There will be no wig worn so the performers are required to allow their hair and beards to grow. Accordingly the village actors of this rule. Unkept heads and chins will be the rule in Oberammergau until the famous Passion Play is over.

Confesses to Crime

The man was questioned and confessed to the murder in the Rue du Mont Thabor. He declared that he had been given to one of his employees, who afterward went to Buenos Ayres and opened a French restaurant there. On the vest being shown him he said that he had given it, with other garments, to one of his compatriots, a Belgian subject named Knockaert, whom he met in Buenos Ayres down on his luck. Work was found for the latter but he became homeless and sailed for Antwerp as a scullion.

Queen Is Diplomatic

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Queen Alexandra has shown once more, in a small way, the justice of her claim to be "the first lady in the land" and the word "lady" is here used in its best sense. Her majesty has a private budget now in September, when she takes her annual holidays during the summer. She has been troubled, however, by intrusive sightseers, who have caused her to post up a notice to the effect that trespassers will be prosecuted in the usual arrogant (and illegal) way, her majesty simply had a board erected with the simple words "Private property please." Not even the most cautious "rubber neck" could then appeal from the gracious

BRITONS PLAY BIG ROLE IN A TRAGIC MYSTERY

Strange Case of Murdered Young Man Peculiarly Solved

SEARCH ALL OVER WORLD FOR CLUES

Solution of Crime Committed in March Has Just Been Found

PARIS, Oct. 1.—There are particulars today of a real Sherlock Holmes exploit—a police inquiry which is almost stranger than fiction. In March of the present year the police were informed of the discovery of a mysterious crime on the Rue du Mont Thabor.

A young man was found in his bedroom lying in a pool of blood. A six-chambered revolver lay by his side. All the bullets had been discharged. A blue handkerchief was placed around the victim's neck and it suggested the theory that before shooting him the murderer had attempted to bring about death by strangulation.

The murderer has now been arrested through these buttons. The investigation instituted by the police revealed a real romance in crime detection.

Buttons Provide Clue

The murderer has now been arrested through these buttons. The investigation instituted by the police revealed a real romance in crime detection. The trousers and vest were shown to several tailors in Paris. One tailor declared that the cut and style of the garments pointed to their having been made by a Belgian workman. Acting on this theory the detectives turned their attention to the frontier. Their inquiries elicited the information that the cloth had been manufactured at Verviers.

Excavations at Messina Have Been Resumed

ROME, Oct. 15.—It is estimated that \$2,000,000 in coin, \$6,000,000 in bonds and other securities and \$1,000,000 worth of jewels recovered from the ruins of Messina are still unclaimed. In addition to the foregoing there is a further deposit of 100 strong boxes and 4,000 sealed packages, known to contain valuables which have not been opened since the earthquake of 1908. This total of \$13,000,000 does not include the treasures from the cathedral, churches and vaults of banks. The valuables were excavated and were sometimes found clutched in the hands of the unidentified. The excavations have begun again. As it is generally impossible for survivors to establish the claims to property the state is likely to benefit largely.

Stood by Boiling Lake

HONOLULU, Oct. 15.—L. M. Hale J. Reynolds and Ernest Moses, a photographer, descended into the pit of the crater of Mount Kilauea, remaining a half-hour on the edge of a boiling lake of lava and fire. This is the first time this feat has been accomplished.

DESTROYS WIFE'S BEAUTY

Impresario Taken Stenning Means to Satisfy His Jealousy

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The fatal gift of beauty is the cause of a tragedy which has taken place near the Marigny theatre. An impresario, named Lamin, was deserted by his wife, a beautiful woman, Lamin became despondent after her wife's departure, but made up his mind to find his wife again.

He gave up his work and spent his days in walking through the streets and his evenings in visiting those theatres and restaurants where he thought his wife was most likely to attend.

He visited the Marigny theatre, and saw his wife in the company of several young Scotch-Americans. There and then Lamin made up his mind to disfigure his wife in such a way as to make it impossible for her to attract admirers. He waited until the woman left the theatre, then, confronting his wife, he fired a revolver point blank at her. The bullet struck in the woman's nose, where it still remains.

GERMAN POLITICIAN WRITES IMPROPERLY AND HAS TO SUFFER

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—Gossip in Germany this week has been concentrated upon the case of Herr Schack, a well-known anti-Semite, who for many years has represented the constituency of Eisenbach in the reichstag. Under the name of "Triole," Herr Schack advertised in the newspaper for a young woman companion to accompany himself and wife on a tour through Switzerland.

The advertisement produced a shop of replies and a number of the applicants were invited to call. To one whose appearance and credentials made a particularly favorable impression on Herr and Frau Schack the M.P. wrote an effusive letter, speaking enthusiastically of her capacity to fulfill the requirements of the position.

The young woman in question seems to have considered the letter an impropriety, and through her family it found its way into the Berliner Tageblatt. As the principal organ of the liberal Jewish interests the Tageblatt at once instituted a campaign against Herr Schack, with the result that within twenty-four hours the Liberal and Radical press of the country was shouting for his political head.

Herr Schack issued an open letter in his own defence, stating that his motives and his communications to the young woman were entirely correct and misunderstood. In response to his request the public prosecutor has instituted proceedings against him for criminal libel in Hamburg in order that he might be cleared of the charge.

Herr Schack issued an open letter in his own defence, stating that his motives and his communications to the young woman were entirely correct and misunderstood. In response to his request the public prosecutor has instituted proceedings against him for criminal libel in Hamburg in order that he might be cleared of the charge.

Herr Schack issued an open letter in his own defence, stating that his motives and his communications to the young woman were entirely correct and misunderstood. In response to his request the public prosecutor has instituted proceedings against him for criminal libel in Hamburg in order that he might be cleared of the charge.

GERMAN NOBLEMEN ARE TO BE INVOLVED IN SCANDAL

Court Martial Will Cause Considerable Stir in Military and Social Circles-- Count Pfeil Is Centre of Affair

(By Malcolm Clarke.)

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—A remarkable scandal which involves some of the best known names of the German nobility, and has caused considerable stir in military and social circles here, is shortly to be unravelled before the courts-martial of Berlin, Coblenz, and Graudenz.

In 1898, Count Hans Pfeil, a member of one of the most widely ramified of the Prussian titled families, married Stephanie Helm, daughter of a prominent Berlin architect. Three children sprang from the marriage, which was, however, a very unhappy one, and in 1907, after years of litigation, it was finally dissolved.

In the pleadings, the countess declared that the cause of the marital disaster was the cruelty of her husband, which had compelled her to leave his house. He, on the other hand, accused her of having ill-treated her children, and was supported in his accusations by the evidence of the servants.

In the issue the little ones were taken away from their mother and placed under the guardianship of the Reichstag Deputy Baron von Richthoven, a relation of the family.

Count Pfeil was not long in marrying again, but his second wife, who was a baroness, soon left him, also on the grounds of his alleged cruelty. Meanwhile the countess had been bombarding the commander of his regiment, the district headquarters, the emperor's military cabinet and the war office with representations in which she brought various charges against him, and demanded that the matter should be investigated.

At length these petitions met with success, and an inquiry was ordered. On June 17 last—Count Pfeil made an attempt on his own life, but did not seriously injure himself. He was forthwith granted leave on grounds of ill health, and during his absence the whole affair was thoroughly sifted.

The result was that the authorities found it necessary to open a prosecution against him. At this moment doubts were raised as to his sanity, and he is at present under observation in the military hospital at Posen, which in Germany is a criminal and not a civil court, against her brother-in-law, Colonel Count Gersdorff, and Major-General von Brusewitz. The trial is being looked forward to with a great deal of interest.

DIETETIC EXPERIMENTS

REMARKABLE EFFECTS BROUGHT ABOUT IN YORKSHIRE WORKHOUSE

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Remarkable dietetic experiments have been conducted in a Yorkshire workhouse during the last few months with the object of reducing the superfluous weight of two aged but exceedingly fat paupers. With such success has the "cure" been carried out that in sixteen weeks the patients have each lost forty pounds and at the same time gained in health and strength.

For fifteen years Henry Williamson and Joseph Kemp have been inmates of the Keighley workhouse. Both men possessed insatiable appetites and in addition to their own food were always on the lookout for any crusts of bread or odds and ends left at meal times by the other inmates, and yet they were always hungry.

Both men suffered from ailments which prevented them from taking exercise or doing much work. This fact, and their gargantuan appetites, led to a steady increase in girth. Kemp, who is sixty years of age, at one time weighed nearly 280 pounds, and Williamson, who is seventy-seven, became so stout that he could only walk with difficulty.

The workhouse medical officer ultimately decided that for the benefit of their general health they would have to undergo an anti-fat cure, and the old men were placed on a special dietary. The men, however, got surreptitious supplies of food from other inmates, and Dr. Gabriel then had the patients placed in an isolated ward of the workhouse infirmary.

The nurses made them understand that what was being done was solely for their benefit, and after a few days the men, who at first resented the treatment, fell in with the doctor's proposal. Three meals a day were allowed them, the dietary, including brown bread, green vegetables, watercress and stewed fruit. Potatoes, sugar, and fat in any form were strictly forbidden. The efficiency of Dr. Gabriel's treatment exceeded expectation.



Duke of the Abruzzi, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, who is reported to have given up all hope of winning the hand of Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator Stephen B. Elkins, of West Virginia, and now plans to command a flying squadron of the Italian navy, cruising in north European waters.

SOLDIER SERVES UNDER TWO FLAGS

Peculiar Position of Man at Nancy—Military Authorities Ignorant of Fact

PARIS, Oct. 15.—From the eastern frontier comes an extraordinary story of a man who serves under two flags. Now he dons a German uniform and now a French one, and he does his duty to both armies without demur and in a very conscientious manner.

He is a resident at Nancy, and was born in 1881, in Paris, his father and his mother being German subjects. When the due time came he went through the usual three years' service in a regiment of the Prussian army, but one fine day, after his return to France, he received a notice to join a certain corps for the four weeks' training of reservists, and, promptly obeying, he was attached to the Sixty-ninth regiment at Toul.

In the following year came a notice for three weeks' service in a Prussian corps, which was duly accomplished, and now, as a Nancy telegram tells us, he has started again for a similar term of training in the Kaiser's army.

The situation, however, is rather complicated by the fact that since his departure a notice has been left at his abode at Nancy for a fresh period of training under the tricolor. But his difficulty is likely to be got over, as this summons leaves him just sufficient time to go through his three weeks' service in Germany and to return home to change his uniform.

It seems to be assumed that the military authorities in each country are ignorant of the fact that their respective armies are in possession of the same soldier, whose experiences of the drill and training generally in each would be well worth recording, and whose docile and accommodating disposition has led him to raise no objection to service in both.

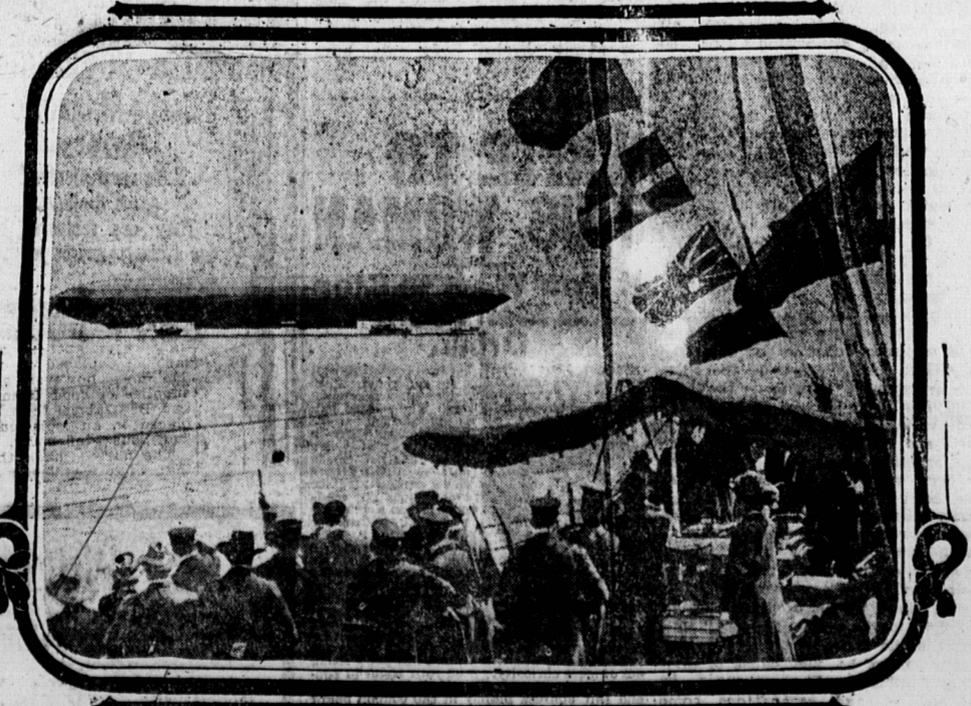
It is not everybody who can boast of having served under two flags as the German and the French, especially in these days.

Coming London Debutant

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Lady Jean Blyth, who comes of age in November, is the youngest of the late Lord Blyth's four children. Both Lady Joan and her elder sisters have always been regarded with special interest and affection by the various members of the royal family, owing to the fact that their father was held in high regard by Queen Victoria, while their mother was the eldest daughter of Admiral Lord Frederic Kerr.

More Aviation Prizes

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Prizes from \$500 to \$1,500 will be awarded the successful competitors in the grand "flying fortnight," which are being held at Juvisy, ten miles from Paris, this week, lasting until Oct. 17. For the coming contests most of the aeronauts who have distinguished themselves in the Rheims (France), and Brescia (Italy), meetings are entered.



Zeppelin III, great German airship, which displays the grace and agility of a seagull in landing upon and arising from the water. A recent flight of the monster Zeppelin III was witnessed by members of the German Imperial Reichstag, who greatly prize souvenir photographs depicting the graceful sailing upon the water of the aerial craft, of which this picture is a reproduction.