

The Guardian is Read Daily by 42,000 People.

Sworn Circulation Statement Furnished Advertisers

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1915

(\$3.50 Per Year (delivered) in advance  
\$2.50 per year by mail in advance

## MUNITIONS EXPERT COMING THIS WAY

**Mr. D. A. Thomas Representative of British Minister of Munitions will Visit Shell and Gun Making Plants in Maritime Provinces with View to Enlarging Capacity.**

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, July 27.—Mr. D. A. Thomas, representative of Lloyd George, British Minister of Munitions, and his party, accompanied by General Bertram and members of the Shell Committee will leave in a day or two, it is understood, for the Maritime Provinces. They will visit the big shell and gun making plants there and will then tour the rest of Canada with the same object in view. Each factory will be inspected with a view to determining its capacity and the necessary changes that such capacity may be increased. In addition in this manner a considerable quantity of detailed statistical information has already been furnished to Mr. Thomas by the Shell Committee, which has had its experts examining the various munition plants with this end in view.

## THE FIGHT FOR WARSAW STILL RAGING FURIOUSLY

**Russians Have Driven Back Several German Attacks. The Latter Fiercely Battering Russian Fortifications but all Attacks so far have been Repulsed. Russians Sank 40 Enemy Ships Laden with Coal in Black Sea.**

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PETROGRAD, July 27.—German attacks south-east of Pultusk were driven back, but they are battering the advanced defences of Novo Georgievsk, according to an official statement issued to-night by the headquarters general staff. Assaults against the advanced fortifications of Ivangorod have also been successfully repulsed, the Russians claim, while a terrific battle is still progressing almost along the entire front between Veprez and Bug rivers.

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PETROGRAD, July 27.—In the Black Sea, Sunday, our torpedo boats operating in the coal region, destroyed forty sailing ships laden with coal. They also destroyed the new coal shaft suspension bridge.

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PARIS, July 27.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out a statement as follows: The bombardment yesterday of Furness and East Dundirk was followed by a retaliatory fire from our guns on the German barracks at Westende and at Middlekirke. In the Vosges we succeeded yesterday evening in extending and consolidating our positions on the crest of Lingkopf, occupying a height located between the river Linge and the stone quarries. On three different occasions the enemy delivered counter-attacks, but without success.

## BRITAIN'S REPLY TO AMERICAN NOTE

**Protest from Washington Regarding Britain's Restriction of Neutral Commerce is Dealt with. Blockade of Bermuda by United States in Civil War Quoted as a Precedent.**

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Great Britain's reply to the American note of March 30th, protesting against enforcement of the orders-in-council which restrict neutral commerce was received here today. It holds that the orders are within international law, although they may involve a new application of principles, and argues that it is proper to await a judicial interpretation.

The British note is a long exhaustive legal discussion of each point made in the American correspondence. Its keynote is a declaration that the British Government has steadfastly held to the broad principles of international law in all that has been done under the order-in-council; and that if a neutral government feels aggrieved at the application of the order eventually in arbitration.

Generally, it is held, that when a neutral country is made a base against a belligerent, the other belligerent is justified in blockading such country or port. The action of the United States during the civil war in blockading the British island Bermuda is cited as a warrant for the action of the British Government in preventing goods from reaching Germany from the United States through Denmark, Holland or Sweden. The original blockade on the west side of Bermuda proved deficient, the American warships were stationed on the west side and throughout the remainder of the war no goods were permitted to reach Bermuda that might be trans-shipped to the confederate states. That action was sustained by the United States Supreme Court.

Assuming a sufficient legal basis for such a stoppage of trade with Germany through the neutral ports of Northern Europe, the new note makes the point that the only way to ascertain the real destination of supplies from America consigned to those neutral countries is to consider the amount of goods consumed in their normal trade, for it is contended that the smaller Northern European countries are so much in fear of Germany that they fail to prevent, through actual embargoes, the re-shipment of such goods into Germany.

On July 17th, the United States gave notice that it did not accept the order-in-council as a substitute for international law so far as it affected American commerce. It was, in effect, a reiteration of the statement made in the American note of March 30 and October 22 that the United States Government "will insist that the rights and duties of the United States and its citizens in the present war shall be defined by the existing rules of international law and the treaties of the United States, irrespective of the Declaration of London."

## BRITISH SUB. SMASHES STATION AND TRAIN

ATHENS, July 27.—Further information has reached here from Constantinople concerning the action of the British submarine which bombarded Gheron station, near Tuzla. The station building and a train in the station loaded with coal were destroyed. The submarine then bombarded Turkish ammunition works at Zeitun Burnu, and caused several explosions.

It is realised in Turkish military circles that command of the inner seas and the Black Sea has been lost to them.

The Turks are preparing for another general attack against the British position on Gallipoli.

## GERMANS SANK NINE BRITISH TRAWLERS

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, July 27.—Apparently determined to demoralise the British fleet by any means possible, two German submarines appeared suddenly among a fishing fleet off north coast of Scotland and by shell fire sunk nine trawlers. In each case the crews escaped without injury, although in some cases the men drifted forty-eight hours before being picked up. All the men landed safely today. Many other fishing vessels have been forced to take refuge in northern harbours. Some fishermen declare the Germans on the submarines spoke good English. In one case they shouted out to the sailors: "We have nice little torpedoes here for Winston Churchill and Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey."

## BRITISH CASUALTIES ARMY AND NAVY

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, July 27.—Casualties in the British army and navy have reached a total of 339,995, according to a printed statement issued by Premier Asquith. Naval casualties up to July 20 were 9,106; military casualties to July 18 were 321,889.

## SUMMARY OF WAR SITUATION

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, July 27.—The Austro-German attempt to envelop the Russian armies defending Warsaw and to capture the Polish capital which for the time progressed almost with the momentum of the offensive which cleared Galicia of Russians has been brought to a standstill and where the Germans are moving forward it is only yard by yard and at tremendous cost in men and material.

German Field Marshal Von Mackensen has taken a few villages on the way to the Lublin-Cholm Railway between the Vistula and the Bug Rivers where the Austrians by a counter offensive at Sokal have captured positions which will make the German flank safer, but as has so often occurred lately Berlin officially reports that otherwise the position of the German troops under von Mackensen remains unchanged. Along the western front of the Vistula, from Ivangorod to Novo Georgievsk, even less progress apparently has been made, while along the Narew where Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has been directing operations in an effort to drive a wedge in behind the city he is largely occupied in meeting Russian attacks. These counter-attacks, according to Petrograd, have succeeded in forcing the Germans who had crossed the river to return to the northern bank of the Vistula. The Russians who were defeated in the Baltic provinces recently have also turned back, according to a Berlin official report. They report to-night another success in the north of Münster which apparently is their objective and the repulse of a series of German counter-attacks. The French have concentrated a lot of artillery in this region and with high explosives have been simply tearing the German defence works which are among the strongest along the whole line.

The artillery likewise is playing an important part in the battle on Isonzo, where the Italians are reported to have concentrated for three days their fire on Austrian positions. This fire is said to have exceeded in violence that which the Austro-Germans employed against the Russians in Western Galicia which up to that time was the most terrific ever experienced in war.

## DANISH SHIP SUNK BY GERMANS

(Special to the Guardian.)  
COPENHAGEN, July 27.—The Danish steamship Noglika, bound from Gothenburg, Sweden, for the river Tyne, laden with railway ties, was sunk in the North Sea by a German submarine. The crew were saved.

## FRENCH SUBMARINE SUNK IN DARDANELLES

(Special to the Guardian.)  
BERLIN, July 27.—The French submarine Mariotte was destroyed by a German submarine on July 26 in the Narrows of the Dardanelles, according to a despatch from Constantinople. 31 members of the crew were captured.

## CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—A MILCH COW. Apply John Gill, Union Road. 2252-7-24M51pd.

COW FOR SALE.—JERSEY COW just freshened. R. Weeks, Highfield. 2302-7-28M21pd.

WANTED GIRL TO ASSIST at cooking. Apply North American Hotel. 2292-7-28M4pd.

WANTED AT ONCE—HOUSE for small family, centrally located. Apply at this office. 1690-6-21M1f.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR a hope school. Supplement \$25. Apply to Isaac Lawson, Stanhope. M31pd.

SECOND CLASS TEACHER WANTED for Mount Vernon School. Supplement, \$25.00. Alex. Macdonald, Secretary Trustees. 2304-7-28E41.

WANTED—TEACHER SECOND class for Marmalade School, No. 156. Supplement \$35.00. Protestant preferred. Wm. Boyce, Secretary. Marmalade, Lot 48. 2291-7-28M21pd.

BUSINESS ENVELOPES.—No. 8 printed with name and address either on flap or front, \$3 per 1,000; \$5.50 for 2,000; \$12.00 for 5,000; \$20 for 10,000. GUARDIAN OFFICE. 8808-11-21mtf

WANTED FOR FALL DELIVERY A pure bred black male fox pup, must be a perfect specimen and price must be low. Dr. Samuel F. Wadsworth, 26 Cunningham St., Boston Mass. 2300-7-28M71511.

CANASSERS WANTED FOR IL- treated history of the war. Energetic men and women can make big money. No experience necessary. Write for full particulars immediately to The Crolier Society of London, 307 Manning Chambers, Toronto. 2301-7-28M21pd.

FOR SALE—ONE SILVER BLACK male Fox, one year old \$600.00. One Female 90 per cent. \$300.00, two males 85 per cent and 90 per cent., also five pair Northern Red Foxes. Write for prices. Walter R. Campbell, Lobo, P. O., Ont. 2249-7-2471pd.

FOR SALE—TWENTY PAIRS Island ranch raised Mink, this year's kittens. Should prove to be breeders, as they are the progeny of ten pairs, out of eleven in the ranch. Must sell at once owing to crowded ranch. J. R. Brehaut, Montauk. 2303-7-28ME61.

FOXES WANTED—Any party wishing to dispose of one or more pairs of Island Pedigree Foxes can place some with a first class organized company, owning six pairs of sitters by taking half interest in stock and balance as may be mutually arranged. Could also become a director in the company if desired. Correspondence solicited. "K." care of Guardian. 2305-7-28mf

## GERMANS HAVE NOT CHANGED THEIR BARBAROUS METHODS

LONDON, July 27.—Seven of the morning papers declare they are unable to understand President Wilson's reference in the latest note to Germany to events of the last two months which have proved that it is possible to conduct submarine operations in accordance with accepted principles of warfare. The papers argue there has been no change of German methods in this respect.

The naval correspondent of the London Times asserts the blockade of the west coast does not bear out the view of President Wilson, and points out that the few intervals of decreased activity always have been followed with renewed activity, resulting in the sinking without warning and with the loss of life, both of British and neutral vessels. He says there is not the slightest indication that German commanders have changed their methods, and that President Wilson's words therefore, taken in the ordinary acceptance, "cannot be justified."

The London Times says it is possible from the British Government some information which is withheld from the public, but argues that so far as the facts have been revealed there is no ground for supposing any changes have been made in the instructions given German submarine commanders.

## ITALIAN GENERAL KILLED IN ACTION

(Special to the Guardian.)  
UDINE, Italy, July 27.—General Cantore has been killed in battle on the Isonzo front. He is the first officer of that rank to be lost by Italy.

## AUSTRIANS BOMBARD ITALIAN COAST

(Special to the Guardian.)  
ROME, via Paris, July 27.—Certain light Austrian cruisers and four Austro torpedo boat destroyers at dawn today bombarded several points on the Italian coast along the Adriatic between Senigallia and Pesaro. At the same time several shells were thrown into the villages Fano and Senigallia. Two aeroplanes dropped bombs on Ancona. Neither bombardment killed or wounded anyone and the damage done was slight.

## S. S. BALTIC ARRIVES IN LIVERPOOL

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, July 27.—After being shadowed by a submarine, which it is believed was subsequently sunk by a British ship, the Baltic arrived safely in Liverpool this morning from New York.

When the passengers reached London this afternoon, they were all full of the submarine story. Only one, however, Arthur Plaskid, of New York, asserted that he actually saw it.

"I was on deck about 7 o'clock on Friday evening," he said. "We were near Fastnet, I saw the submarine distinctly about half-a-mile away from us coming in our direction. It must have been seen that moment by the look-out, for our course was immediately changed. I believe we must have kept that course zigzagging until we almost made Cornwall."

"A few minutes after I noticed the submarine, I saw a British torpedo boat destroyer coming from the north. She seemed to me to be chasing the submarine. Anyhow we saw no more of the latter."

## FRENCH FORCES TAKE POSITIONS IN KAMERUN

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PARIS, July 27.—The Governor-General of the French Congo, adjoining the German colony of Kamerun, Equatorial Africa, reports by telegraph that after a series of combats at Monse Besam and Assobam, the French column occupied the important German post of Lomie on June 25. The column then advanced as far as Dachaposten, where it effected a junction with another French force which occupied position north and north-east as far as Ngalanga. The entire Niamou region, according to the Governor-General's telegram, is in open revolt against Germans.

## PORT AU PRINCE NOW IN HANDS OF REVOLUTIONISTS

(From our own Correspondent.)  
PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, July 27.—After several hours fighting at the Presidential residence, President Guillaume took refuge in the French Legation, whither he had been preceded by members of his family. By noon the city was in possession of the revolutionists.

## STANDARD OIL STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK

(Special to the Guardian.)  
NEW YORK, July 27.—500 men who had been on strike several days, returned to work today in the plants of the Standard Oil Company.

The Sheriff said he was positive that an increase of pay would be granted to employees before the end of this week.

## GERMANS DESTROY VESSELS THAT WAS BUILT AT PORT ELGIN, N.B.

AMSTERDAM, July 27, via London.—The Norwegian schooner Harboe was attacked and set on fire Sunday by a German submarine. The crew, which was landed here, was given five minutes to get into the boats. The captain says he saw three other boats on fire near the spot where the Harboe was sunk.

The Harboe was a three-masted barque built in 1878 at Port Elgin, N.B. She was owned by H. J. Staegely of Christiania.

## 175,000 CHINESE PERISHED IN FLOODS

PEKIN, July 27.—Latest reports from the flood district in south-eastern China indicate that more than 175,000 persons have perished. Heavy rains are falling again, and the rivers in Kwangsi and Kwangtung provinces are over their banks once more.

More than sixty native villages have been swept away. The only way of getting food to the stricken district is by boat, and this method is so slow that thousands are starving to death.

## AEROPLANE RUMORS WERE UNFOUNDED

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, July 27.—The Dominion police, after thoroughly investigating every detail of the reported appearance of airships near Montreal and Quebec can find no definite foundation for the rumours. It is not denied that an airship may have been seen in the vicinity referred to, but that it was of hostile nature, or had any connection with bomb outrages or powder factory explosions, is scouted here.

## ROYAL COMMISSION ON WAR CONTRACTS LEAVE FOR P.E. ISLAND

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, July 27.—The Commission enquiring into war contracts left for the Maritime provinces today. It will go straight to Prince Edward Island, where it will commence its investigation into the selling of horses to Government agents there. It is expected that the first sitting will be held next Thursday.

After taking evidence in Prince Edward Island the Commission will move to Nova Scotia, and will spend some time there covering the ground already touched on by the Public Accounts Committee and taking up any new matters which may present themselves. It will then go west. It is understood that among other matters to be looked into there will be the activities of some recruiting officers in the western provinces, who have been charging up expenses against the Government with no results to show. It is alleged that some of these officers were not qualified.

## INVESTIGATING CHICAGO DISASTER

CHICAGO, July 27.—With the arrival here today of Secretary of Commerce Redfield, steps were taken to determine what form the federal investigation into the cause of the capsizing of the steamship Eastland at her dock last Saturday shall take. Secretary Redfield, following President Wilson's request for a thorough investigation, is preparing to go into the case independently of the federal steamboat inspection service, but will not announce his conclusions until he has had time to make a personal examination of conditions. With the entry of the cabinet member into the case, less than eight separate investigations are in progress or contemplated.

Bids for the raising of the Eastland will be received today and until this work is completed it is probable that the number of lives lost in the disaster cannot be definitely computed. A number of bodies are known to be in the hull of the vessel, but divers have been unable to reach them. Coroner Hoffman declares that he has no way of computing the number of unaccounted dead. Late estimates place the total dead at between 1,000 and 1,200.

Completion of a relief fund of \$300,000 for the aid of the families of the victims is expected to be attained before the close of the day.

## BRITISH TREAT NEUTRALS FAIRLY.

LONDON, July 27.—Despite the recent agitation by certain sections of the British press that cotton be declared contraband, the Government has not changed its decision on this point. This is indicated by a statement made in the House of Commons yesterday by Lord Robert Cecil, parliamentary Under Secretary for foreign affairs, who said that Great Britain did not want to deal unfairly with neutrals whatever Germany might do.

"So far as cotton reaching Germany is concerned," Lord Robert said, "it will make no difference whether it is declared contraband or not."

## COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

\*Canvas stretchers, 75c. each. Agricultural Hall. 2273-7-27mtf

\*Red Cross Picnic. Come to the Red Cross picnic to be held at Mount Stewart on Wednesday, July 28th, and help a good cause. 2271

\*\*FOR SALE.—Schr. "Theresa" as she now lies ashore in Crapaud Harbour (within thirty feet from channel) Sails and running rigging in good order. Will sell cheap. Apply to E. Boswell, Victoria. 2218-7-23M61pd.

\*\*AT QUARTER OF SIX is no time to be trying to force the speed of your tired stenographer who is trying to do impossible things with a slow typewriter. Initial a speedy Remington and let everybody get through at 5. A. Milne Fraser, Halifax, N. S. 2289.

\*\*The Fredericton Institute and Women's Institute of Graham's Road intend holding a picnic at the Experimental Farm, Thursday, July 29. Special train will leave Miscouche at 8.15 a. m. for Charlottetown. D. N. McCabe, Secretary.

\*\*Tenders will be received until August 2nd from parties willing to contract for the finding and painting of the interior of Standhope school. Space to be painted about 1750 square feet. Two coat work. By order of Trustees, Isaac Lawson, Secretary, Stanhope. 2294.

\*\*AGRICULTURAL PICNIC — On Wednesday afternoon an Agricultural Picnic will be held at or near the Hall at Argyle Shore. In addition to the usual Live Stock Classes there will be addresses by members of the staff of the Department of Agriculture. Mrs. Dunbrack, Supervisor of Women's Institutes will be present and address the ladies. In the evening an Ice Cream Social will be held for the benefit of one of the Patriotic Funds. Everyone possible should attend these gatherings, as they combine instruction and recreation. 2296

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia