PICKS "BARNEY" AND "PHIL" AS OLYMPIC PROSPECTS

President Covey of M. P. B. A. A. U. of C. Thinks Francis and McDonald of the Abegweits as Olympic Possibilities —Maritime Trials to be Held in Halifax.

(Canadian Press)

HALIFAX, April 6. — Among the athletes whom Mr. Covey picks as Olympic possibilities are Barney Francis of Charlottetown; Phil McDonald, of Charlottetown; Billy Mooney, of Halifax, and now attending the University of Pennsylvania; Erin Smith of Halifax; Harold Lapierre, of Halifax; Cameron of Pictou, Canadian broad jump champion; A. I. Miller, of Sussex, Canadian high jump champion; Len McDonald, of Sydney, pole vaulter; Maynes of St. John, Maritime quarter mile champion, and Campbell of St. John, sprinter. international speed skating champion, is also a track athlete and will compete in the 100 yards at the Maritime trials, which will of course, be held at Halifax.

Mr. Covey pointed out today, that the Canadian Olympic Committee had received very little financial assistance from the Government in Canada, the Federal grant is $15,000, the Ontario Hockey Association has granted $5,000 and but as yet no grant has come from any of the Maritime Provinces governments, or from the western provinces either. St. John city has financed the trip of Chas. Gorman and has recently raised over $1,000 for Hilton Belyea, but the other sections of the Maritime Provinces have not subscribed one dollar for the Olympic team.

Canada expects to send 65 athletes to Paris for the Olympic games, at an average cost of $800 each, making a total outlay of $52,000 and the amount subscribed to date is only $25,000. Mr. Covey feels that the governments in the Maritime should make some contribution to the fund.

CAMBRIDGE EASILY WON FROM OXFORD EIGHT

Light Blues Sprang Big Surprise by Beating Their Heavier Opponents by 4 1-2 Lengths.

(Canadian Press Cable)

PUTNEY, England, April 5. — The Cambridge University eight sprang a surprise today by defeating the heavier and more experienced Oxford crew in the seventy sixth revival of the historic varsity race on the Thames from Putney to Mortlake.

The light blues won by four and a half lengths. Time, eighteen minutes, fouty-one seconds.

N. H. FRANCHISE SOLD TO 'TEX'

(Canadian Press)

MONTREAL, April 6. —In a long distance telephone statement from Boston, Tom Duggan, owner and head of a number of Montreal Sporting enterprises stated today that he had sold his New York franchise option in the National Hockey League to Tex Rickard. He said there would be two teams in the New York district in the National Hockey League, one in New York and one in Brooklyn.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds.

AUCTION SALE

I will sell by Public Auction on my premises at Wood Island on Tuesday 15th day of April at 12 o'clock noon the following:

One heavy draught mare, two cows in calf, one young York sow, with litter, two driving wagons, one wood sleigh, one corn planter, 80 pure bred White Leghorn hens, one kitchen range, nearly new, one Victor phonograph, one double barrelled shot-gun, driving hames, cart harness, collars, saws,axes, shovels, household furniture, dishes and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale: All sums over $10 nine months credit on approved joint notes. Under $10, cash, 6 per cent off for cash.

HJALMAR SANDBERG.

WILL TRY TO BREAK RECORD

Leading Jumpers Will Attempt to Establish a World's Mark.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 6. — Announcement was made today that three of the greatest jumpers in the country will compete in the Drake relays April 25 and 26. L. T. Brown, former Dartmouth star and long-time holder of the intercollegiate indoor record of 6 feet 5 inches, now a student at the Colorado School of Mines, and Harold Osbourne former University of Illinois jumper and holder of the world's indoor record of 6 feet 6 inches, will compete in a special event in an effort to crack the world's record of 6 feet 7½ inches. Poor of Kansas, winner of the high jump in the Drake meet last year at 6 feet 4 inches, will again compete in the University class.

Lecture and Box Social in Y. M. C. A.

On Saturday night in the Y M C A two hundred students enjoyed a special program.

During the early part of the evening Mr. J. K. Ross addressed the students on Insurance. In a most interesting way Mr. Ross told of the benefits of insurance, that how in later years ease and comfort would come from the thrift of today.

Following the lecture and previous to it a program of moving pictures was put on.

At nine o'clock the most interesting event came off in the form of a box social. About seventy lovely boxes of good things to eat had been prepared by the girls. Mr. Wm. Williamson took charge and in his own winning way auctioned off the boxes to both girls and boys. The girls were not to be outdone and they bid spiritedly for many boxes. Following the auction sale refreshments were served.

The proceeds of the sale so kindly staged by the students of P. of W. College will go towards the fund for a new piano in the Y. M. C. A.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One Insertion ..... 10c per line of 5 words
Four Insertions ..... 8c per line of 5 words
Eight Insertions ..... 7c per line of 5 words

Agents Wanted

AGENTS WANTED.—IF YOU wish to build a profitable business of your own, ask about the Watkins Line. 175 Family Necessities.—J. R. Watkins Company, 379 Craig West, Montreal, Que. 2318-3-29-1mth

Wanted

WANTED TO RENT OR PURchase, a centrally located small house. Apply "J" Box 116, City. 2118-3-19-tf

WANTED—TO RENT BY MAY 1st, eight roomed house, central location, conveniences. Address "D" care of Guardian. 1955-3-11tf.

EIGHT OR NINE ROOMED house wanted, centrally located. Apply P. O., Box 364. 2326 3 29 tf

Female Help Wanted

WANTED—DINING ROOM AND kitchen girl. Apply Mrs. MacMillan, Morell Hotel. 2298 4 4 31

Male Help Wanted

WANTED—EIGHT DOLLARS UPward daily paid those qualifying as Electrical Battery Experts, Automobile Mechanics. We teach you, also Barber Trade. State position desired. Catalogue free. Hemphills, 163 King St. W. Toronto. 3-29-smw 6i.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON farm. Apply Shaw's Hotel Brackley Beach.—2362-4-2-61.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS GARage mechanic, experienced in repair work. Apply McLaughlan-Buick Service Station, Queen Street. 3i

Miscellaneous

JOHN A. McDONALD, LAND Surveyor, Hermanville. 2068-3-17-1mth

GERM MIDDLINGS— WONDERful feed for young pigs and dairy cattle sold by Carters. 2100 3 18 12i

For Sale

FOR HALE—HAPPY THOUGHT stove with warming oven. Apply 130 Elm Ave. 2390-4-4-3i.

Central Guardian

SHOP from Holman's Catalog

GRANVILLE CIRCUIT.—Please note the Mite Box opening of the W .M. S. in the Pleasant Valley Parsonage on Tuesday the 8th of April if not find Tuesday come on Thursday 10th. On Sunday the 13th services are as follows: Pleasant Valley 11 a. m, Granville, 3 p. m. Wheatley River 7 p. m. O. H. Peters, Pastor.

NECESSITY THE MOTHER OF INVENTION.—An amphibious contrivance in the form of half sleigh and half truck attracted more than passing attention on the streets Saturday morning. In fact the owner and inventer of the ingenious device Mr. Henry McKenzie, Lot 48, called at the office and explained his handy and convenient invention, stating that he could either change the sleigh to a truck or vice versa in one minute. The idea in its simplicity is all the more interesting, for istance with the adjustment of a steel pin on either end of the axle, the sleigh can be either lowered or raised as the case warrants and to complete the arrangement a movable bar running across the shafts at the sleigh nose gives the sleigh the rigidity of a truck when the sleigh is not a sleigh. Mr. McKenzie is to be congratulated on his inventive ability and not a few citizens who viewed the work suggested that he get it patented.

Minard's Liniment For Sprains

PERSONALS

Mr. Fred Morris who has spent the winter in the city leaves this morning, accompanied by his son Harry, on return to Vancouver, B C.

D. C. McLean has returned to DeSable, after having a successful operation by Dr. Dewar at the P. E. Island hospital.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds.

Legislative Summary

(Continued From Page One).

On motion of Mr. McLure the bill to incorporate the Charlottetown Amateur Athletic Association was read a second time and committed, Mr. J. A. McDonald in the chair. The bill provides that Francis P. Hennessey, Fred Moore, Linus Smith, Russell Chandler, Charles Dougan, Ira J. Yeo, T. Williams, L. Prowse, Samuel F. Doyle, George L Prowse, Chester Campbell, Frank McDonald and William J. McDonald shall be the first or provisional Executive of the Association and shall hold office until the first Annual Meeting of the Association is held. The annual meeting is to be held on the 15th November in each and every year. The bill was reported agreed to without amendment.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Stewart the bill to amend procedure in the Supreme Court was read a third time and pased.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Stewart the bill respecting the assignment of book debts was again committed, Mr. Hunter in the chair. Several amendments were submitted considered and adopted. The bill was reported agreed to with amendments.

The House then adjourned until 8 o'clock on Monday evening.

BIRTHS

McMILLAN.—At Grace Hospital Winnipeg, Manitoba, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis H. McMillan a son, Kenneth Bruce.

MARRIAGES

WOODSIDE-PROFIT. — At the home of the bride on April 2nd. by Rev. J. M. Murchison, Roy Clifford Woodside of Malpeque and Esther Mildred Profit of Darnley.

DEATHS

GILL.—At Boston, April 5th, Herbert W. Gill, son of the late Abraham Gill of York, P. E. I. Funeral notice later.

Hotel Victoria
Water Street, Charlottetown

Offers to the travelling public a comfortable, up-to-date hotel. Contains 44 rooms with private baths. The Cuisine is famous all over Canada. Telephone in all rooms. Courteous service.

H. C. BROWN, Manager

Charlottetown Hotel Co., Ltd.
Proprietors

Speech in Budget Debate

(Continued from Page 2)

propose to do? I ask the leader of the Opposition, WHAT AUTHORITY HAD THEY, IN 1919, OF ADOPTING ANY GOOD ROAD POLICY? Did not they come into power directly OPPOSED to it? For their inconsistency in this ,and for one other fact, the people in 1923 HURLED THEM FROM OFFICE. I believe the people of this Province will support a Government as long as they see it trying to give honest, fair service. **But I do not believe the people will ever forget or forgive any men in public life who lay down one policy in an election campaign, and when they come into power turn around and do the very opposite.** (Applause) **That is exactly that happened to the Bell Government.**

The whole question is, how much of permanency or semi-permanency is there in the improved highways that have been laid down? The people answered that on the 26th of July last year, I heard the then premier of this Province, Mr. Bell, put it squarely before a large and representative gathering. There was a road project going by the door of the hall and he asked them "Now are you not satisfied with our policy as carried out?" and there was a universal shout of "No! no!" through that hall and the people showed that they meant that on Election Day!

It has been argued that this good road expenditure should be kept away and apart from General Revenue; that it should not even be discussed on the same day, so as to keep the two items as far apart as possible in the minds of the people as well as in the Public Accounts. But every reasonable person knows that the people have to pay for them. It has been said that the auto license receipts will pay the road expenditure without one additional cent of taxation, but even Mr. Bell had to admit—and it took him three years to admit this —that one reason for increasing the taxes was that when $45,000 of auto fees were taken out of General Revenue there was a hole left and this amount of money had to be taken from the people in some other way to fill that hole. **So the argument that the good roads are not costing the people one cent —a very poor argument, because the people know better; they know that these roads have to be paid for, and that if they want good roads it means more money and more taxes.** This Government now has authority to borrow $300,000, as was drawn to the attention of the House this afternoon, and that will mean more money and more interest charges.

The Taxation Question

But on this question of taxation it was rather a strange scene that we witnessed this afternoon. The Leader of the Opposition waxed eloquent about the imposition of a tax on gasoline, of two cents a gallon, which would cost, if all the gasoline used were taxed, about $10,000 a year to the Province. He labored to show the injustice of this. Such an argument, from the lips of one who a few weeks ago told this House that he was **one of the fathers** of that magnificent tax bill of 1920, by which $200,000 was taken from the people of this Province! It is a very strange stand to take. They increased the Land Tax; they increased every tax and they denounce us for following the same principle in proposing one small tax of $10,000 on gasoline. The people do not object to paying the taxes so much as they object to the one fact I have pointed out. They **do not like to be fooled! They want the cards laid on the table.** That was what the Arsenault Government did in 1919 when they told the people that $75,000 additional revenue was needed to pay the teachers' salaries. The proposition was put fairly before them, and Mr. Bell and his followers said **it was not necessary.** "We can give the teachers all they want" they said, "and not put on one additional cent of taxes." That was the second point upon which they attained power; and instead of putting on $75,000 additional taxes **they put on $200,000 additional and that was where they wrecked their ship!** (Applause.) They knew just as well as we do that the conditions they found in 1919 were just the ordinary conditions that any government finds when they assume power after an election. **There was no deficit of $253,000, but they RAISED it.** THAT WAS PART OF THE SMOKE SCREEN BEHIND WHICH THE TAX ACT WAS PREPARED AND LEVIED. And that is what the people objected to. Had they gone to the people and said: "Premier Arsenault is only partly right; he wants $75,000 but WE want $300,000". How would the people receive that? That is exactly what they could with truth have said, for they have been receiving $200,000 more than their predecessors in office ever since.

Have they anything adequate to SHOW for that additional burden of taxes during the past four years, besides **increased liabilities** as shown by the External Auditor's report? That is another question which I think the people have fully answered on July 26th last.

Educational Problems

The Leader of the Opposition intimated to us last night that today he was going to say a great deal about Education; but he did not say very much. I wish he had, because I believe that this is one subject to which too much attention cannot be directed. We know very well that it is a great burden on the people. Figures were given last night by the hon. Premier showing that education in 1903 cost this Province $127,000; in 1913 $155,000 and last year $298,000 and I think this year it is going to cost a great deal more. Now the question which should properly be asked is this: **Is the Province getting results from the money expended on Education,** and that brings us to the Public School system of this Province, and right there we have one answer, and that answer must be, that in the opinion of those who are in a position to judge, this Province is NOT getting value for the vast amount of money expended on education. It is a regrettable fact **that out of 500 school departments in this Province there are 181 schools with an average attendance of less than fifteen pupils; that this average in individual school runs to fourteen, thirteen, twelve, nine eight, down to four, and three and two; that while the per capita cost of educating pupils, in all the schools of the province is nearly $40, it runs up in those small schools to a per capita tax of $111.00 per pupil. The small schools are costing nearly three times as much to educate the pupils.** AND THESE PUPILS ARE NOT BEING EDUCATED. It was shown last night by the hon. Premier that if you put a teacher in a small school with three or four pupils you will ruin that teacher; she will not be so ambitious; there is nothing to work for and she will soon get into a rut from which she will come out an unsuccessful teacher. And it seems to me that those three or four pupils will not be good pupils, because there is not the same competition, nor the same incentive as in larger classes In every way both the teacher and the pupils are handicapped and this Province is paying out money from which no adequate return will ever be made. How are we to remedy that? I believe it will take a long campaign of education in order to convince our conservative people throughout the country that there are good results in consolidation if they could only see it; expenses will be less, the teachers will be better and the pupils will be given a fair chance so far as the Province is concerned. It is well worth the consideration of everyone with the interests of education at heart to make a study of this and try to devise a remedy for it. It has been talked about for a long time but we are no nearer a solution of the problem now than we were thirty years ago; in fact, we seem to be getting further away from it. The tendency today, even in those small schools, is to have teachers with first and second class licenses. That is one of the hopeful signs; the third class teachers are dropping out. But the fact remains that this is costing the Province more.

Another regrettable feature is the tendency on the part of parents to try to get their sons and daughters into Prince of Wales College at too early an age. They go there ill prepared, and no matter whether they pass their matriculation examinations or not, they are often a drag on the class. They put extra work upon the teachers, and fail at the end of the year and go home to their parents who are dissatisfied at having been put to that expense. Of course the parents must blame somebody, and who can they blame but the College? If these people could be convinced that it would be better for them to keep their children at home for a year or two longer, or send them to high school rather than Prince of Wales College it would be far better; because even if these pupils succeed in passing the license examinations they are too young to teach school; they have not the dignity, the knowledge the ability or the experience to teach, and they establish a vicious circle in our educational system. They are teaching where they should still be pupils. This has been fostered of late by the fact that too many enter Prince of Wales College having failed in two or three subjects. An effort is being made to keep these students out of college. If we are going to offend people, we will then offend them at the proper place,—at the doors of the College, rather offend them after a year has been wasted to the students and a great expense has been incurred by the parents.

Incidently, I believe the curriculum at Prince of Wales College is over-crowded. It must be pared down to make more room for essential subjects; there are subjects on the curriculum that the pupils, I believe, can very well do without. Education nowadays is making a good many people think that it has just been pushed to the stage of faddism in a good many lines.

The Technical School.

In regard to the Technical School, the Premier has made our position very clear. It was a very ingenious suggestion on the part of the leader of the Opposition that we should send half the members of this House home and take their salaries and run the Technical School. Perhaps we would be just as well off with fifteen members here instead of thirty, but I hardly think his suggestion would work to the satisfaction of the people of this Province. For instance, last year there was a total enrollment of 301 in that school; and only NINE of these were attending the day classes in agriculture. 27 were taking mechanics and 14 home economics. In the night classes 15 were taking English; 15 Arithmetic; 20 Showcard Writing; 28 Mechanics; 15 Radio; 22 Woodworking; 17 Electricity; 30 Public Speaking; 25 Cooking; 15 Home Nursing; 11 Millinery and 38 Sewing.

It is very hard to convince people outside this city that the Technical School is rendering adequate service for the money expended on it. I do not think it is necessary to argue about the usefulness of technical education nowadays. If we follow the example of other provinces we will have to admit that there is something in such training, but our people are more conservative in this Province and they probably do not see that technical education is needed here, and that I think accounts for a great deal of the spirit of opposition to the Technical School that exists in this Province.

With the withdrawal of the Dominion agricultural grant certain things must go, and certain things must not go. The things that will NOT go, so fas as this Government is concerned, are Exhibitions, Seed Fairs, Women's Institutes, School Fairs, Agricultural Short Courses and things of that sort. I think that is as far as we are prepared to answer at this time. If anything else can be conserved, it will certainly be the policy of the Government I think, to do what we can, because we are just as interested in education as anyone else in this Province and I think that the interests of general or special education will be just as safe in the hands of the present Government as they were in the hands of any Government that preceded us. (Applause).

The Patriot Peeved.

I suppose the Patriot will come out tomorrow and say that I am still talking with all the assurance of a tyro, as they did before. That was the only accusation they brought against me, when on a former occasion I had the honor to represent the Premier during his short absence from the Province; they said that at a public meeting at that time I stood up and "indicated the policy of this Government" and that I had no right to do so;—that I might have had the modesty to say that certain things would be "attempted," and that was as far as I should go. If I made a mistake at hat im I am sorry for it, but I don't think I did. I just spoke with that same faith that we, on this side of the House have always had in our platform since we first laid it down before the election. I merely indicated two things on that occasion—that the sessional indemnity would be reduced and the poll tax would be taken off. These were the only things I spoke of, and before this House rises I think you will find that I merely spoke what was a foregone conclusion.

A few nights ago, when I spoke on the Draft Address, I was again brought to task by the Patriot, and asked to stick to the prescribed facts, inasmuch as I had given a "new excuse for the downfall of the Bell Government." It was no new "excuse" that I gave; everyone knows it. But the Patriot says I must stick to the PRESCRIBED FACTS. I wonder who "prescribed" the facts? I did not know the facts should be "prescribed" (Laughter).

But they went further than that. They were going to "prescribe" drugs too. They were going to prescribe SCOPOLAMINE to be administered to certain members of this House in order to get them to tell the truth. I know a little about Scopolamine, but I want to say that there are certain newspaper men in this Province, and they are not far away, upon whom I would not WASTE Scopolamine ,IT WOULD TAKE A DOUBLE DOSE OF T. N. T. TO GET ANY POLITICAL TRUTH OUT OF THE PATRIOT ONCE THE SESSION OF THE HOUSE BEGINS. OR A GENERAL ELECTION IS ON!

A great deal has been said about the Seed Potato Industry and who was the father of the Potato Growers' Association. I think if you read the papers lately you would find this matter settled—I now understand it is Mr. Peter Brodie.

The leader of the Opposition in his closing remarks expressed sympathy for the returned men. They are getting pretty harsh treatment, he says, from the present Government. He has evidently forgotten the treatment the Bell Government gave them. I think, if he draws that comparison, he will find that they have been treated just as well under this Government. If he will go over the list of appointments made by the Bell Government he will not find that they were treated more generously, even on the floor of the House. He has taken objection to the present officials here: does he remember, four years ago, when positions for returned men were moved in this House, they were TURNED DOWN by the Bell Government and other men were put in their places who were NOT returned men? And when there were vacancies as gate-keepers on the Bridge, Janitor Jailor, and other official jobs they also appointed men who were NOT returned men. I do not think the leader of the Opposition has any great complaint to make in that regard. He should remember this, that when a man occupies a public position—even a returned man—there are probably other returned men who may be just as deserving of a chance in that public position as the one who is occupying it; and if some returned men have been dismissed and others put in their places, probably those who have gone into office were just as deserving as those who have gone out. I might call his attention to the fact that very recently there have been seven Game Wardens appointed in this Province by the Dominion Government, and so far as I know, out of those seven there is ONE returned man. So I think this is a question that has different aspects. These are not large matters of policy, such as we would expect the leader of the Opposition to deal with, but since we have to discuss small things with him, we might point out that in our platform the returned men were exempt from taxation for another four years. I would like to know what would be the policy of the Bell Government; they made no mention of it in their platform at all. It has been said that exemption would never have been given to them in the first place, if it had not been suggested by the then leader of the Opposition, the former Premier Arsenault.

Department Work

The junior member for Summerside (Mr. McArthur) speaking on the Draft Address made the statement that in the Public Works Department three cheques had been issued for the same bill. The inference I drew from his remarks was that this showed mismanagement in that department. I submit that that is too small a matter to be discussed on the floor of this House, but since the question is brought up, I might remind the hon. member that i tmight have been better policy for him to have gone to the proper officials in that department and found out whether or not that was the case. It would be far better not to leave the members of this House or anyone else to infer that if a mistake of that kind had been made the Government would be out that money: it was under the Bell Government it happened, as a matter of fact, but apart from that, he knows or at least he ought to know, that the Government has never lost one dollar on account of a cheque being paid twice through any official of any department. If there has been any loss, it is incurred by the man or official who uses the cheque wrongly. Only one cheque paid the government, is cashed.

MR. McARTHUR: I qualified that statement—of course he only cashed one cheque. it was not under the Bell Government.

HON. DR. McMILLAN: You might have made that clear at the time. There is one other important department over which this Government has control—I refer now to Falconwood Institution. This has already been referred to by the Premier and I do not think very much requires to be added. It has been explained that a great deal of work was necessary there last fall; that one of the most important parts of that institution, namely the furnace room which supplies the light, heat and water power was found to be in very bad condition and required a great deal of repair, which had to be done with a good deal of haste to complete before the first frost of winter. We are glad to say that this has been attended to, though the expense was considerable. One boiler was condemned as unfit for us and had to be taken out, owing to some negligence which at the time was not reported to the proper officials in charge and which occurred during the Bell regime. The second boiler of the three then in existence was so badly used up that it could only carry a small part of its proper proportion of steam and the only one left was the third, upon which the whole burden of supplying power rested. Two excellent new boilers have been installed and we are now getting very satisfactory service. So far as the superintendent and the other officials are concerned, that part of the institution has never been in better condition. For years there has been experienced great difficulty with the water supply; it has been either unsatisfactory for drinking purposes or utterly destructive to the boilers. But it seems this problem has been solved at last. There are two pumps, one of them a new one, which taken together are now giving an adequate supply to the institution and if everything goes along as present conditions indicate this difficulty is done with. It is very hard to get along without a proper water supply, as everyone will understand. With that condition bettered, and with the improvements made to the furnace room, next year should see some considerable reduction in the cost of running that institution. At any rate, that is what the Government have been trying to aim at in the expenditures already made.

Children's Aid and Health Work.

It has been charged that this Government is very extravagant and in this connection there are one or two things I would like to speak of. We have made some grants which will probably come under the head of "extravagance" and "unwarranted expenditure" and one of these grants was of $500 made to the Children's Aid Society. I might explain partly why that was made. Two years ago we approached the then Government of the day and asked for a grant of $1,000 towards the Society, and we were put off. The Premier promised to make an appointment with the Executive for us; and when I went the second time about it, he had forgotten it. When I went to him the third time he was busy. By that time the House was in session and it was not the proper time to receive a delegation, he said. So we lost out that year. Last year we succeeded in getting some of our good Liberal friends with us. We met the whole Liberal party in their caucus room and the case was presented.

We asked for $1,000 and after the delegates retired it was decided to assist us to the extent of $500. I believe the Liberal party in caucus acted in good faith, BUT WE COULD NEVER GET THAT $500. When we sent our secretary-treasurer to Mr. Bell he would not give it to us. When we got Mr. Higgs, one of our city representtives, to go to him with representatives of our Society, Mr. Bell still refused. THOUGH THE MONEY HAD BEEN VOTED IN CAUCUS, WE NEVER COULD GET IT OUT OF MR. BELL. That is one of the unbusiness like things that is in keeping with the general experience of all WHO EVER HAD ANY THING TO DO WITH THE PREMIER'S OFFICE DURING THE LAST FOUR YEARS, and probably the members on the other side of the House know it just as well as we do. A delegateion from the Society came before this Government and we decided to give that grant in ORDER TO IMPLEMENT THE PROMISE GIVEN BY THE LIBERAL PARTY. We gave it because we considered that it was for a worthy object and that it was about time, in this Province where hundreds of thousands are being spent for good roads and agriculture and every other thing we can mention, THAT THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD PAY SOME ATTENTION TO THE PEOPLE OF THIS PROVINCE AND TO THEIR CHILDREN. (Applause). That is our idea, and I believe my hon. friend the editor of the Patriot will agree with me, because one of the best editorial I have read was written by the editor of the Patriot or the reporter, regarding Red Cross work. And if this House can see its way clear to give a grant towards Red Cross work I believe it would be a step in the right direction. The people of this Province have suffered for many years simply because there was nothing done along the lines of public health. Prince Edward Island, that gives NOTHING towards public health, suffers the MOST in death rate from preventable diseases; and with the exodus that is going on from the Island **I think it is the plain duty of any Government to pay more attention to what has been called the greatest assets we have, namely, our children.** I think th people are beginning to realize the benefit of medical inspection of schools; a benefit that is coming to the Province through the Red Cross Society, who have been sending money for this work here for years until finally their money is exhausted, and now, if the people of this Province want to carry on the work they MUST PUT SOME MONEY INTO IT. There is a great need in this Province for providing that the children who are not properly looked after do not become negligent and delinquent children; who, if they are not attended to, will find their way into our prisons, penitentiaries and reformatories, and become wards on the country and an increased burden on the taxpayers. MONEY EXPENDED ON CHILDREN IS MONEY WELL EXPENDED AND WILL HAVE THE APPROBATION OF ALL THE RIGHT THINKING PEOPLE OF THE PROVINCE. (Loud applause.)

Don't Spoil Your Child's Hair By Washing It

When you wash children's hair, be careful what you use. Do not use prepared shampoo or anything else that contains too much free alkali, for this is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It is inexpensive and beats anything else all to pieces.

Two or three teaspoonfuls of Mulsified is all that is required. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to manage. Besides it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff. You can get Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo at any drug store, and a few ounces will last for months. Be sure your druggist gives you Mulsified. Beware of imitations. Look for the name Watkins on the package.

The Virginian

Prince Edward Wednesday and Thursday

Western Guardian

—BOARD OF TRADE. — The regular monthly meeting of the Summerside Board of Trade was held on Thursday night, with the President, Mr. J. J. Morris, in the chair and a fairly large attendance. After routine, a short discussion took place by several members on the reported high cost of keeping the car ferry piers at Borden in repair.

He who quails at the sigth of a precipice will never travel in the dangerous parts of this world.

He who beats a drunken man injures one who is absent.

To a man full of questions, make no answer at all.

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