

PRINCE EDWARD TODAY COLLEEN MOORE IN "SYNTHETIC SIN" AND COMEDY



CAPITOL TODAY

Comedy 'Girle Behave'

YOU SAY YOU LOVE ME NOW - BUT WILL YOU ALWAYS LOVE ME? SHOULD A GIRL MARRY?

Advertisement for 'Girle Behave' featuring a large circular graphic and promotional text.

Romance-Pathos

Outcast from society - a down-and-out - as weary as muddy waters in a blazing sun...



Like the ripping melody of an empty heart, calling to a pal that had forgotten!

RICHARD Barthelmess WITH "Weary River"

WED. & THURS.

PRINCE EDWARD Starting June 24 CANADIAN LEGION PRESENTS

THE GREATEST OF ALL BRITISH PICTURES

Advertisement for 'Tommy Atkins' featuring a portrait of the actor and promotional text.

Central Guardian

NASH SERVICE man from factory will be at Reliance Garage Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

START TO GET your exhibits ready for the big provincial exhibition, Charlottetown, August 19-23.

VIOLIN RECITAL by the pupils of Miss Kathleen Hornby, St. Paul's Hall, Thursday evening at 8 p. m.

RECOVERING—The many friends of Mr. James Tait, who has been seriously ill with an attack of pleuropneumonia for the past ten days...

POLICE COURT—At the Police Court yesterday morning, ball of two drunks for \$10 was ordered estraited as was ball for \$10 in a disorderly conduct case.

OPEN ALL DAY Wednesday. This store does not close Wednesday afternoons till the first Wednesday in July.

Advertisement for 'MAGIC BAKING POWDER' with an image of the product and promotional text.

IMPORTANT MEETING of Junior G. W. L. this evening, 7:30, Rosary Hall.

RED CROSS CAMPAIGN—City collectors for the Red Cross Fund will please make returns to Red Cross office on Wednesday, June 19.

IMPROVING—Mr. R. A. McPhail, accompanied by his son, Mr. J. Heber McPhail, of New Haven, have just returned from St. John, where he was visiting his daughter, Miss Annie McPhee...

NOTICE TO LOCAL ADVERTISERS—In order to insure insertion of advertisements, local advertisers are advised to have their copy in the Guardian Office not later than 10:30 a. m. the day previous to publication.

PERSONALS

Mr. Ernie Corrigan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Corrigan, a second year student at Tufts College, Boston, is spending his vacation at his home in this city.

Mrs. Annie Ross of Pinette, Belfast, spent the past week at Mount Stewart visiting her uncle and aunt, Daniel and Mrs. McWilliams.

Messrs. Ambrose, Harold and Ernest Smith, of Boston, arrived in the city last week, having been called home on account of the illness of their mother, Mrs. Smith, Malpeque Road.

The many friends of Miss Ada Sharnan of Murray Harbor will be pleased to know she is rapidly recovering from her recent operation at the Charlottetown Hospital.

Mrs. Charles Martin of Haverhill, Mass., and Mrs. Russell Campbell of Quincy, have been called home owing to the serious illness of their mother, Mrs. J. T. Inman, St. Catharines.

The many friends of Mrs. John T. Inman, St. Catharines, will regret to learn that she has undergone a serious operation in the Prince Edward Island Hospital. Her condition yesterday morning is reported as good as can be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. James T. MacKie have returned home from a honeymoon trip through the Annapolis Valley, St. John, and other parts of New Brunswick. When in the Annapolis Valley it was with them a case of orange blossoms and apple blossoms, as the trees then presented a wonderful picture.

INSTITUTE MEETING—The East Royalty Women's Institute held its regular meeting on June 14th at the home of Mrs. Morrissey. There were thirteen members present.

STRANGLES FIANCEE

PORT HURON, Mich., June 17—William Louie, 22, of London, Ont., sought since Wednesday for the slaying of his 17 year old fiancee, Beatrice Fry, surrendered to Sheriff Hugh Stringer today and confessed to the murder. Arraigned before Justice of the Peace Gordon Tappan, he pleaded guilty. Miss Fry was found strangled at the home of her brother Wednesday night. Louie was known to have been with her during the day. According to officers, Louie stated in his confession that he strangled the girl when she broke their engagement, saying she was planning to marry another.

KING POLICIES ENDANGER CANADA'S DAIRY INDUSTRY

Discussion In House of Commons on New Zealand Butter Importations Into Canada Elicits some Striking Facts From Ontario Speaker.

The effect of the importation of New Zealand butter on the dairy industry of Canada was dealt with in the House of Commons on June 3rd by Mr. M. C. Senn, Conservative member for Haldimand, Ont. Mr. Senn's remarks, which will be of considerable interest to the farmers of this Province, are reproduced from the Hansard reports:

Mr. Speaker, before you leave the chair, I wish to direct the attention of the government and of the house to the very serious condition of certain branches of the agricultural industry, particularly that of dairying. Hon. Members on the government benches are continually boasting of what they choose to call the abounding prosperity of the country. If the prosperity of which they speak is as general as they would lead us to believe, it should be shared at least by such an important industry as agriculture. I am afraid however, that they will have great difficulty in persuading the average farmer of the Dominion of Canada that he enjoys that prosperity. The fact is that agriculture is not prospering today, and I intend to submit to the house two reasons out of the many that might be advanced for making such a statement.

First of all, let me say that ever since this government came into office in 1921, there has been a steady depreciation in land values. In many communities, large numbers of farm holdings are being offered for sale, and in many instances it is impossible to sell these farm holdings for the value of the buildings. themselves. In fact, from my own observation and experience I feel that I am safe in saying that land values have depreciated by from 30, to 40 per cent during the past seven or eight years, since this government came into my power.

Advertisement for 'Eczema For Years' with a testimonial from Mrs. George Shambler.

Advertisement for 'BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS' with a testimonial from a woman.

Continual Exodus

My second reason for making the statement is the fact that there is a continual exodus from our rural communities. In many country districts it would be difficult to find a concession or even a farm from which young men and young women have not gone to our cities and to the country to the south for the purpose of finding a job and making a living. It is entirely unnecessary for me to advance any further proof of the fallacy of the government's claims of prosperity. Members of the government themselves, I believe, are more or less aware of the true state of affairs in this respect. I think it was the late member of Frontenac who, speaking in the house on the budget, quoted from a speech delivered by the Minister of Trade and Commerce (Mr. Malcolm) some time previously in which he used these words:

The fact of the matter is, that the farmer is spending more today than 100 acres of land will yield.

I am sure the Minister of Trade and Commerce or any other member of the government will not contend for a moment that the standard of living of the farmer should be lower than that of any other class in the community, and it is surely a serious condition of affairs when 100 acres of land will not yield a sufficient income to maintain a reasonable standard of living for the owner of the farm and his family. The responsibility for this lack of prosperity in the agricultural industry must be laid at the door of the present government. They must be aware of the financial position of the average farmer, and if so, they have absolutely failed to take any measures to assist him in improving his position.

Importance of Dairying

Just as it is true that agriculture is the basic industry of Canada, it is also true that the foundation of agriculture is dairying. In all the provinces the average farmer, while producing other lines of farm products, produces a considerable quantity of milk. It will be found that in the central provinces, in the Maritimes and in British Columbia every farmer is producing dairy products, and prior to a short time ago it was true that the dairy business was expanding quite rapidly in the prairie provinces also. The dairy business cannot be built up in a day or a month or a year; it takes a number of years properly to equip a dairy farm, to build up a dairy herd, and to put production on a dairy farm upon a paying basis. But after this has been accomplished, the ultimate success of the industry depends very largely upon the stability of the market and the prices which the farmer can procure. Perhaps, hon. members on the other side of the house will not agree with me in the

statement that I am going to make, but I am sure that hon. members on this side will very largely agree that the greatest factor in stabilizing prices of farm products, with the exception perhaps of wheat is the home market itself. The continued invasion of our home market by foreign producers has done much to create a lack of confidence in the mind of the dairy farmer and discourage him. In fact it has brought the industry almost to the verge of disaster. On the one hand we find that the Minister of Agriculture (Mr. Motherwell) and the government are spending large sums of money every year to aid the dairy industry by regulating the standards of dairy production, by provision for proper grading of dairy products and the accreditation of dairy herds, while on the other hand the other hand the government has sat quietly by, absolutely neglecting the most important matter of all, that of taking proper measures to retain the home market for Canadian produce. Other countries are doing everything within their power by means of tariff duties and regulations to safeguard the interests of their agricultural population. We have a concrete example of this in the recent action of the Congress of the United States. Not content with the provisions of the Fordney-McCumber tariff, they have taken more extreme measures to assist agriculture, while our government, knowing the condition of the Canadian farmer as they must know it, sat quietly by, inactive and impotent. Although there has been and is to-day a general demand that the duty on poultry products be increased, the government has done absolutely nothing; indeed, in some ways it has been worse than negligent. Last year, by rescinding the order in council giving the Minister of National Revenue power to set a fair market value on natural products, it worked a great injury to the fruit and vegetable industry, while in other ways, especially by its trade agreements, as has been repeatedly pointed out by hon. members on this side of the house, it has materially injured the farming industry, particularly dairying. The order in council of September, 1920, extending the provisions of the Australian agreement to New Zealand is a striking example of this very thing. I wish to show briefly—I am not going to quote many figures—the effect of the New Zealand agreement on the dairy industry and upon agriculture generally in Canada.

Dairy Cows Decreasing in Canada

Further figures which I obtained from the Bureau of Statistics show that the number of dairy cows in Canada decreased in the year 1920, by some 102,000. On the other hand the statistics show that while this decrease has been going on in Canada, the number of dairy cows in New Zealand has been increasing by some 50,000. If the dairy industry in this country were in a flourishing condition one would naturally expect that the population of our dairy herds would be increasing, and that our milk production would also be on the up-grade. However, we find that our milk production is not on the up-grade. In the year 1921 the production of milk in Canada was reduced by some 340,000,000 millions pounds. The figures are not available for 1920 but it is only reasonable to suppose that when the population of our dairy herds decreased by some 100,000 milk cows, the production of milk in the same period would also show a decrease. I do not intend, however to go any further in that phase of the question, because no doubt it will be dealt with later on.

That the Liberal press of this country are more or less alive to the situation is very apparent. They have been trying to explain the present conditions, and they have been spreading propaganda, in some instances at least to the effect that the price of butter in Canada is higher than in other countries. I have here, however, a statement of prices taken from the Montreal Gazette showing that during the past six months the price of butter in New York and Chicago has been uniformly six to eight cents per pound higher than in Montreal. That, it seems to me, is sufficient evidence that the price of butter in Canada is not higher than it is in other countries.

What the Figures Show

In the fiscal year 1925-26, just before the New Zealand agreement came into effect, Canada had an exportable surplus of butter of some 23,300,000 pounds, while for the fiscal year ending March 31st 1929 Canada had to import some 25,000,000 pound of butter to meet her requirements. That is a difference in three years since the New Zealand agreement came into effect of approximately 50,000,000 pounds. The Minister of Trade and Commerce, speaking on the budget some time ago, tried to explain this by saying that milk products in other forms than butter were being exported in increasing quantities to other countries, and that better returns were being obtained than would have accrued had the milk been manufactured into butter. I have a report in my hand which was sent out by the dairy and cold storage branch of the Department of Agriculture, which goes a long way towards disproving the minister's statement. It shows the amount of milk and cream ex-

ported prior to the agreement and since, as well as the amount of condensed milk, powdered milk, evaporated milk and casein and in every instant the report shows distinctly that there was a less amount exported in 1929 than in the fiscal year, 1925-26, prior to the agreement. In the fiscal year 1925-26 Canada exported some \$7,843,000 of milk and cream and in 1928, \$6,460,000 worth or a decrease of approximately \$1,383,000. Of condensed, evaporated and powdered milk there was a decrease in the calendar year 1928, as compared with the fiscal year 1925-26, of some 8,000,000 pounds, the value of which was about \$750,000. There was also a decrease in the export of casein, so that the contention of the minister that exports of other forms of milk products than butter are increasing, is scarcely warranted on facts.

Meat Importation

In regard to other farm products, I have a return that was asked for by the late hon. member for Frontenac-Addington, dated February 27, 1929 showing that farm products of a class or kind produced by Canadian farmers there was imported into Canada during the fiscal year 1928 some \$2,725,000 worth from New Zealand, in the year 1928 over \$9,461,000 worth, or an increase of some \$6,736,000. We must bear in mind that every pound of meat which is brought brought into the country replaces a similar amount of the Canadian product in our own home market. I have given the house figures which I think demonstrate quite clearly that there has been a steady falling off in milk production during the past year, that there has been an encroachment upon the Canadian market by foreign agricultural products, and that in a great measure this serious condition has been brought about by the provisions of the New Zealand agreement. I do not intend to weary the house with any further figures. That the dairy industry is in a critical condition is acknowledged by everyone who is acquainted with the facts. Our milk production is decreasing; our dairy herds are being depleted. Foreign agricultural products are finding ready access to our markets. Agriculture is labouring against great odds because of unfair competition.

Alcohol As An Aesthetic.

(British United Press) LONDON, June 15 — For the first time in England, tests have been made in a London hospital with a new anaesthetic, ethyl alcohol (ordinary alcohol), injected directly into the blood stream. The injection produces what is termed intravenous anaesthesia. Two operations were successfully performed at the French hospital and dispensary, and the surgeons and anaesthetist expressed themselves as well satisfied with the tests. The inventor of this new method is a Mexican, Dr. Miguel Marín. He has the assistance of Dr. R. Ortiz, a surgeon-dentist, who expects developments in dental surgery from the use of the anaesthetic. The principal advantages claimed for the intravenous injection of alcohol are that there is no danger to the patient, no unpleasant after effects and a greater freedom for the operator. One of the test operations was performed on a man with cancer, stated

beer which they are now shipping into Canada.

up about ten minutes after the operation feeling fresh and quite happy. The operation was performed with the diathermy (electric) knife, which cannot be used in the case of ether because of the sparks. The non-inflammable nature of alcohol is regarded as one of the greatest advantages of the new anaesthetic. Dr. Charles Dusseau, house surgeon at the French Hospital, said they were contemplating measures for using the anaesthetic at the hospital to test it more fully. "With the new anaesthetic," he said, "a definite analgesia is prolonged after the operation, which means that the part where the operation has taken place has no pain, nor is there any danger of life from the use of the anaesthetic." No mask need be worn by the surgeon, thus giving greater freedom for the use of instruments.

"Synthetic Sin"

If Colleen Moore were not already established as the most delightful comedienne on the screen, her portrayal in "Synthetic Sin" would place her at the top of the list.

"Synthetic Sin," which opened last night at the Prince Edward Theatre for a run of 2 days, is unquestionably one of the most entertaining comedy-dramas ever to be filmed, due largely to the clever work of vivacious Colleen in the stellar role. Combining qualities of humor, romance and melodrama in a far stronger plot than most comedies contain, this laughable picture is fully deserving of the enthusiasm with which it was greeted by last night's audience.

"Synthetic Sin" is the story of an unsophisticated little girl from Virginia, whose ambition to be a great actress leads her into a series of adventures as amusing as they are exciting. Having failed dismally in her first stage appearance, she determines to go to New York and "see life," better to equip herself for the realistic portrayals demanded by the modern stage. Her obvious innocence and sweet personality defeat her purpose, and she finds the inhabitants of the underworld striving to protect her, instead of permitting her to gain the "experience" she wants. The story builds to an hilarious climax in which she becomes in a deadly gang war, which she refuses to take seriously until she finds herself under arrest.

Colleen's genius for comedy action has never been more effectively illustrated than in a sequence in which she appears in the black-face make-up of a Topsy. Not only are her awkward antics screamingly funny, but they are truly amazing to one who has seen her as the tender little Jeannine of "Lilac Time," the poignantly sweet heroine of "Happiness Ahead," the pitiful old lady of "So Big," or the reckless flapper of "Flaming Youth." Certainly, Colleen Moore possesses remarkable versatility.

Arrested in different parts of London at the same time and for the same offense, twin brothers appeared in court simultaneously for permitting their barrows to obstruct traffic.

Of 167,000 immigrants into Canada for the year ending in March, 30,000 were American, 55,000 British, 12,000 German, and others of several nationalities.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

at Charlottetown, August 19-23, will be the biggest and best ever yet on here. More prizes for livestock. All freight paid on livestock. Biggest midway ever. Three performing troupes from New York, and four days horse racing. Write to your friends abroad and plan to entertain them that week. Send for price list. J. W. Boulter, Secretary, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. dly-4

SUCCESSFUL STUDENT

Word has been received that Elmore Genthner has passed a successful examination and has received a Master's Certificate in Baltimore, Md. He is 29 years old and is sailing first officer of the S. S. Helen of the A. H. Bull S. S. Co., under Capt. R. T. Eckhoff, Lt. Commander U. S. Naval Reserve. He is a grandson of the late John Cullen, Alexandria, Lot 49, and spent his childhood days watching waves breaking on old Squaw Point. Capt. Genthner is to be Commander for having worked himself up to such a position in a comparatively short time.

CHILDREN RESCUED

Sunday afternoon a number of youngsters bathing from a raft on east side of the Hillsborough Bridge went adrift on the raft and undoubtedly would have been in a more serious predicament but for the prompt action of Messrs Samuel Hood, Block and W. Lawlor, who immediately swam the channel and pushed the raft ashore. There was a strong off shore wind blowing at the time and a neat exhibition of swimming had to be done in order to catch up with the raft and its human castaways.

INSTITUTE MEETING

The East Royalty Women's Institute held its regular meeting on June 14th at the home of Mrs. Morrissey. There were thirteen members present. The answer for roll call was "My First School Teacher." The minutes of the last meeting were adopted as read. A discussion followed on having the school library formally unveiled. Mrs. J. B. Andrew and Mrs. A. McNevin were appointed to make arrangements for same. Correspondence was read. It was moved, seconded and carried that the sixteenth of July be reserved for the annual festival. Mrs. J. E. Holmes and Mrs. P. S. Bradley were appointed to buy plates, saucers and spoons. The ladies were invited to the home of Mrs. Louis Roper for the July meeting. Meeting closed with the National Anthem.