

RED ROSE

For particular people—
COFFEE

Grown from seed of the rare old Java and Mocha of days gone by.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One insertion 10c per line of 5 words
 Four insertions 8c per line of 5 words
 Eight insertions 7c per line of 5 words

Agents Wanted

AGENTS WANTED.—A \$2.50 Sorel keyless padlock free. Write for particulars. Sorel Lock Ltd., Sorel, Quebec. 471-11-24-4Sat

WHY NOT START A BIG BUSINESS with Watkins 150 Family Necessities. 100% profits. J. R. Watkins Company, Dept. E., 379 Craig West, Montreal. 248-11-14-1mth

AGENTS WANTED—AGENTS IF you want a good steady line showing a profit of \$50 weekly up, write for literature on our rubber specialties. Steady demand. D. & E. Mig., Co., Dept. 32, London, Ontario. 9-29-stf.

AGENTS WANTED.—RUBBER aprons, children's wear, household necessities and other rubber goods. Agents wanted for this territory. Good profit for right party. Write for particulars, London Art Rubber Co., Desk Q., London, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED — LOCAL Agent wanted to sell for the "Old Reliable" Fanthill Nurseries. Spring selling season now starting; largest demand for stock since the war; exclusive territory; highest commissions; free equipment. Stone & Wellington, Toronto. 11-3-Ws181

AGENTS WANTED—GET IN A profitable all year commission business of your own. Every prospective owner needs some of our nine hundred varieties of hardy Red Tag trees and plants. No capital needed. Complete equipment and instructions free. Write Dominion Nurseries, Montreal.

For Sale

FOR SERVICE — REGISTERED prize winning Berk horse. Service fee \$1.00. D. H. Buchanan, Mt. Buchanan. 550-11-28-41

FOR SALE—1 SET BRANTFORD Computing Scales, new; 1 Cheese Cutter, new; 1 Cash Register, slightly used. Apply to S. S. Hessian, Solicitor, Montague. 557-11-27-1st

Miscellaneous

SAUSAGES SAUSAGES, FRESH today. Saunders, Newsome & Co., Market Building. 602-9-24-6mo.

EXPERIENCED CARPENTER wants jobbing. Rates reasonable. Phone 977L. 602-11-39-41

ICAN ACCOMMODATE SEVERAL pairs of foxes on shares or rent. Geo. D. MacKenzie, Mt. Stewart. 629-11-27-61

FOR CHRISTMAS, INSTEAD OF the usual card, send your friends copies of "We Remember," a little Canadian story in verse. Beautifully printed booklet, with six full-page illustrations, by foremost Canadian artist. Press opinions every where favorable. Thousands sold. Booklets, as you receive them are in envelopes, ready to post. All profits for Building Fund of St. Cyprian's Anglican Church, Montreal. Four copies \$1.00. Eight \$2.00, etc. Order now from Rev. D. Victor Warner, 432, Pie IX Boulevard, Maisonneuve, Montreal, P. Q. 1534-11-3-4 Sat

QUEEN HOTEL

WATER STREET CHARLOTTETOWN

This popular Hotel has been completely renovated and re-furnished throughout and offers very comfortable accommodation to the travelling public. The table is especially good and the public are courteously cared for.

Rates \$3.00 a day.
BRUCE J. TAYLOR, Manager

Charlottetown Hotel Co., Ltd., Proprietors

QUEEN HOTEL

W. Gargan, Montreal; H. D. Mutton, Moncton; F. W. Booner, London; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hennessy, Boston.

Central Guardian

SHOP from Holman's Catalog.

NOTE:—Advertising locals cost five cents per word, payable in advance.

HEAR COMMISSIONER SOWTON in Salvation Army Hall Monday, December 3 at 8 p. m.

POLICE COURT—One prohibition offender was fined \$300 for four months, at the Police Court yesterday.

ALL ARE WELCOME to the afternoon tea and sale of fancy work at Salvation Army Hall, Tuesday, December 4th, commencing at 3 p. m. Proceeds in aid of officers' new home.

TO SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS—Returns for Bible Society memory work will be accepted by the secretary of Sunday school department not later than Dec. 11th.

THE MARKETS.—The following prices were quoted at the market yesterday:—Butter sold at 38c to 40c; apples 10c and 20c doz.; chickens, 70c to \$1.15; ducks \$1.30 to \$1.40; fowl 75c; geese \$2.50 to \$3.00; beef, wholesale 9c; retail, roast, 12c and 11c; pork, wholesale, 9 1/2c; hay 50c to 55c. There was very little fish; fresh cod selling at 10c.

BANKER RETIRING.—The news was made public yesterday that Mr. Graham Jardine, manager of the Royal Bank of Canada here is retiring from the service of the Bank and will be succeeded by M.A. W. Hyndman, of Halifax. General regret is expressed over Mr. Jardine's retirement as he has made many friends during his residence here.

INTERESTING LECTURE.—Mr. C. Gavan Duffy, delivered an interesting and timely lecture on Community Welfare on the evening of the 20th November, in New Perth Hall under the auspices of the New Perth Women's Institute. Mr. William Cain presided. There was a large attendance and the lecture was fully appreciated by all. The community needs and the means by which the Community Welfare may be advanced were well and interestingly portrayed by the lecturer, and it would do much for the whole community of Prince Edward Island if such lectures were more generally given throughout the province. A vote of thanks, on the motion of Mr. J. A. Dewar and supported by Mr. Russell McLaren and Mr. William Kaneen was tendered the lecturer. After the lecture a pie social which was fully enjoyed by all, brought to a close one of the pleasantest evenings of the season.

WANTED TO RENT WAREHOUSE suitable for storing cars. Phone 533 McLaughlin Bulck Service Station. 583-11-29-1f.

WANTED TO HEAR FROM OWNERS of a house for sale; give particulars and lowest price. John J. Black, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin. 343-11-17-3 Sat.

EXPERIENCED DUPLEX PRESSMAN wanted at once—Highest wages paid. Apply Gazette Publishing Co., Glace Bay, N. S. 645-11-28-4f

To Let

TO LET—MODERN 7 ROOMED house. Furnace \$20.00 per month. McLeod & McKinnon. 523-11-27-4f.

TO LET—A HOUSE, CORNER OF Pownall and Eaton, modern conveniences. Apply to S. B. French, 55 Upper Prince St., phone 601-31

Teachers Wanted

"TWO HUNDRED QUALIFIED" teachers required for town, village and rural schools throughout Saskatchewan and Alberta opening January 2nd. Favorable salaries obtained. Apply, stating qualifications, to Canadian Teachers' Agency, Box 14, Regina, Sask. 474-11-24-2sat

LOST

LOST—AUTOMOBILE CHAIN ON old Tryon road between Kelly's Cross and Charlottetown. Finder please communicate with Bishop's Palace. 607-11-30-41

BILLIARDS

A large crowd of fans were on hand last night at the Lambros Bros. Billiard Parlours in witness of the opening of the big tournament which is now in progress.

The first contest between Fred McMahon and Bill Nicholson was interesting from start to finish; Nicholson finally winning by a score of 250—234.

W. Henderson and Herb Vessey furnished the excitement in the second string; Vessey gaining the verdict by a majority of 32 points.

Two sets will be played next Monday night.

Valuable Business For Sale at Kensington

One of the oldest and best established businesses in Prince County for sale together with the fine residence and all furnishings of Andrew Bonness, Kensington.

This business is one of the best paying in this section of the Province and the change is only being made on account of failing health and changes necessitating other arrangements. This is an exceptional opportunity for someone to procure a first class business and comfortable home at a bargain.

Property consists of the following:—
 Undertaking Business with complete modern equipment. Grocery and Confectionery store with ice cream parlor in connection; comfortable home completely furnished; Dodge Roadster practically new; and eleven Standard Bred fully Registered Silver Foxes.
 Sat, Tues, Thurs.

PERSONALS

Premier Stewart returned to the city last evening after attending the Supreme Court at Summerside.

Sons of Heather

(continued on page 9)

family, in fact, in Ye Olden Days, when knighthood was in flower, the Irish were nearly all kings, but that made no difference. We were always ready to associate with the less favored divisions of the family. This condescension on our part would probably be unkindly to the proud English without saying a word on their behalf. No doubt they feel keenly the inferiority of their position but like true sportsmen they make the best of a situation for which they are in no way responsible and in no way to blame. In consequence we are very tolerant with them. We allow them to parade on St. George's Day and we encourage them to hold their festive celebration. In fact, we even allow them to hug the delusion that they are the bosses or managers of the company in which we are all partners, while we know well who the real governors are. But leaving fancy aside for a moment and coming down to sober realities it does not make much difference who the managers are. It is a fairly well managed company; it is a going and growing concern; in fact, it has been growing for a thousand years and more, and, according to all appearances, bids fair to continue for a few thousand years to come.

And now a word or two in regard to the toast which you have drunk, "The Land We Live In," and for which I must thank you. This is a goodly land, this land of ours, this Canada we call our own. Richly endowed by Nature in all the things that are necessary for the development of a great and populous nation, it yields most bountifully to the industrious, the courageous and the thinking; it therefore breeds a race of men and women physically and mentally strong and in this respect it resembles much the land whose history and traditions we are commemorating tonight, because there is one thing which, more than another, characterizes the Scottish race, it is physical and mental progress. Modesty forbids me to dwell much on this aspect of the Canadian character, but there is one fact which I must mention, the United States of America absorbs each year a large number of people. Lately she has put a strict limitation on the number of immigrants she will admit from every country in the world, even from the British Isles, Canada alone excepted. No limitation whatever is placed upon the number of Canadians that are welcomed to the United States, either to become American citizens or to take a part in the development of the country. No higher commendation could be given by this astute and progressive nation to a people than is thus given to Canadians.

Of course, we would prefer to see fewer of our people take advantage of this general invitation from our cousins across the border, because the opportunities for making homes, with all that word implies, in Canada and even in Prince Edward Island, are by no means exhausted. But I am not one of those who are alarmed by this migration southward, because there is a corresponding migration northward. But even if that were not so, all history bears witness to the fact that in all ages the northern races have migrated to the southern climes. The virility and the fecundity of the northern nations have been able to stand this drain and these northern peoples no doubt impressed their characteristics on the southern people among whom they settled, which was probably an advantage to the whole human race in accordance with the designs of Providence.

I have said that Canada is richly endowed by Nature in all things necessary for the development of a strong and populous nation and I think that we Canadians are taking full advantage of our heritage and are doing a work greater than that of any other nine millions of people on the face of the footstool.

I will now ask you to permit me to read a few statistics taken from the public records which will abundantly confirm the statement I have made.

In 1922 our agricultural exports were over \$420,000,000, an increase of more than \$80,000,000 over the preceding year. Last year Canada rose to the position of chief exporter of wheat in the world. This year her wheat crop was at least 50 million bushels larger than last year. She supplied 90 per cent of the world's production of cobalt.

And now, in conclusion, let me say a word in regard to Canadian literature, art and scientific research work. We must all have been thrilled with pride when we learned a few days ago that the Nobel Prize had been awarded to Drs. Banting and McLeod of Toronto University. This achievement has brought honor to Canada and distinction to those young men and their collaborators and will no doubt bring alleviation to suffering humanity. Our painters have shown their pictures in Great Britain and France, and these have been hung in the National Galleries with the works of the masters. Men and women, born in Canada, have won honor in their own and other countries for their interpretation of the classic dramatists. But it is perhaps in the field of literature that we have made the greatest advances. This is all the more remarkable when we consider that we are yet a young and undeveloped country, and that our brightest and most energetic minds will therefore be engaged in the more imperative necessities of the

88 per cent of the asbestos, 85 per cent of nickel, 32 per cent of the paper pulp, 20 per cent of the lumber, 20 per cent of the smoked fish, 18 per cent of the oats, 15 per cent of the potatoes, 12 per cent of silver, and 11 per cent of barley. Her exports, per capita, were three times more than those of the Americans, and her imports, per capita four times more than theirs. The British Empire was Canada's second largest client, and private initiative instinctively sought to develop commercial relations with all the Empire. Canada's total trade with the Empire has increased. From \$352,000,000 in 1913 it reached \$646,000,000 in 1922.

Perhaps I should also read an article which I cut from the St. John Globe a few days ago, entitled Reasons for Faith, and refers to a circular sent out by the T. H. Estabrooks Company, a wholesale tea house in St. John. It says:

That business is better, and will still be better, is the conviction of business men who are closely watching the trade figures. A striking and convincing evidence of this faith in better business is the young country's goods" card, sent by H. Estabrooks Company. A striking array of figures declares our Savings Bank deposits of \$1,200,000,000 are \$24,000,000 more than last year; that our \$1,850,000,000 world's trade places us first in proportion of exports per capita and fourth in volume, although in 1915 we were tenth. The quick over-subscription of the recent \$200,000,000 loan, a \$500,000,000 wheat crop, a 3,500,000 barrel apple crop, a \$22,352,627 increase in customs and excise revenue, a \$17,383,750 increase in C. N. R. earnings, and an increase of \$7,000,000 in the year's output of Canada's gold mines, are a few reminders that faith in Canada is not only to the advantage of that country, but that its resources offer wonderful opportunities for development.

These figures, of course, refer to Canada as a whole, but I believe that here in Prince Edward Island we have much reason to be optimistic of the future. During the last few years the Department of Agriculture in connection with the P. E. Island Seed Potato Growers Association have proved beyond peradventure that we can grade the best seed potatoes on the North American continent. There is a large demand for this product in the Southern States of the American Union, in the islands of the Caribbean Sea and in Cuba, at prices that will pay well to grow for some years, and that we can produce the best foxes in the world, equal to the best produced anywhere, but we are not taking advantage of our opportunities in this matter, because while we export we also import many hundreds of bushels of seed oats and this we should not do. We can produce butter and cheese equal to any in the world because our cool summer nights are favorable to this business. Yet, we do not, as a people, give proper attention to our dairy cattle. Our eggs take first place and bring the highest price in Montreal and other popular centres. This is, therefore, no reason for a young man who loves the soil and who loves animals, and has an aptitude for farming, to leave our shores to make a home anywhere. Of course, all men cannot be successful farmers any more than all could be successful lawyers or doctors or clergymen. To be a successful farmer a man must have an executive mind, must be able to place his work ahead, if he cannot do this—and the majority of the human race cannot do it—then he will probably be better for him to migrate to the industrial centres, where his work will be planned for him, and where he will be a weekly wage earner.

A word or two in regard to our political institutions, which I believe to be the best in the world. If not, we have ourselves, and only ourselves, to blame, because they are just what we wish to make them. We are the finest people on the globe today. We have a written constitution, the B. N. A. Act, but parliament is supreme. Because we have a written constitution, when any changes are asked for, they must be carefully considered, but if deemed advisable they can be made with little difficulty. If afterwards we find that a mistake has been made, the necessary correction can be easily made. Parliament is always responsive to the public wish, because the government cannot hold office for a day longer than it can command the votes of the majority of parliament. In these respects, I think, our system of government is better than that of our neighbors to the south, which is probably the best governed Republic in the world.

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best capable to judge state that we are developing a distinctly national literature, modelled after the best British and French authors, which in time bids fair to be well worthy of this half of the North American continent. And here let me finally conclude by reading a couple of stanzas from one of our bright young Canadian singers, Mr. John Reader:

Canada, Canada, land of the Maple,
 Queen of the forest and river and lake,
 Open thy soul to the voice of the people,
 Close not thy heart to the music they make.
 Canada, Canada, land of the bravest,
 Sons of the war-path and sons of the sea,
 Land of no slave-lash, today thou enslavest,
 Millions of hearts with affection for thee.
 Bells, chime out merrily,
 Trumpets, call cheerily,
 Let the sky ring with the shout of the free.

Canada, Canada, land of the fairest,
 Daughters of snow that is kissed by the sun,
 Binding the charms of all lands that are rarest,
 Like the bright cestus of Venus in one!
 Bells, chime out merrily,
 Trumpets, call cheerily,
 A new reign of beauty on earth is begun!

"Our Province"

HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD, in replying to the toast "Our Province" said:—
 In rising to address such a gathering as we have assembled here this evening on a subject of such importance to all of us, as "The Island," I feel somewhat puzzled regarding the particular points to discuss in the few minutes allowed. There are so many matters of moment on which one might dwell, and so much to be said about each that it seems hopeless to attempt any comprehensive remarks on this occasion. I shall therefore confine myself to a few of the important problems which press upon us at the present time. It is unfortunate that the Premier, whose place I am attempting to fill should be unable to attend owing to the meeting of the Supreme Court at Summerside this week.

A few main facts stand out clearly in the minds of all regarding our history and development in the past. The discovery of the country, its population and development by the hardy pioneers who first landed here from the old countries—chiefly Scotch, Irish, English and French—its struggles, industrially, religiously, educationally and politically, its advancement from the crudest beginnings to the proud position we now occupy along these lines are matters of common knowledge to every one.

The active and intelligent part taken by our Scotch ancestors in all movements for the betterment of our Provincial condition, as well as their broad outlook and unwavering support in the building up of a great Canadian nationality, can be looked upon with pride by those of us who keep alive their traditions and commemorate their memory here tonight. While recalling these things, however, we do not wish to disparage the part taken by our fellow citizens of other nationalities. The Scotch have always been willing to work hand in hand with their brothers of Irish, English, or French extraction for the general community welfare, and do not wish for a moment to claim more than their share of credit for the splendid achievements of the past.

I believe however, that while it is well to recall these achievements, and to remember the strenuous efforts put forth by our forefathers in the past, the duty of the present generation lies in furthering and no less strenuous endeavor for the present, and wise and intelligent planning for the future. In this connection I wish to refer

to some matters in which the Province is vitally interested. The principle of these are loss of population in late years, our transportation problems, and our educational development.

With regard to loss of population—the most serious of all our conditions—perhaps our transportation and educational question are much involved. Has our country school done any thing to encourage boys and girls to remain on the farms, or has it pursued a course which educates these in an opposite direction? While opinions may be divided on this point, we are practically all agreed that the handicap of our inadequate transportation facilities in the past has had much to do with the exodus of many of our best and brightest young men and women, bringing incalculable loss to the Island. Now the question is to face these problems and find remedies. In this connection I would like to dwell briefly on a matter with which the Government is now attempting to deal, namely, immigration. I do not believe that by immigration we will get better or as good citizens as we have lost, but if we are to continue with any degree of prosperity, if we are to make our taxation and general burdens lighter it must be done by spreading these burdens over a larger number of shoulders, and from present appearances the only way to do this is by inducing immigrants to come here and to give them a reasonable chance to make good afterwards. With this end in view the Government is now assisting the Soldiers' Settlement Board in a survey of the Province, to ascertain and classify all the vacant and un-operated farm lands which are suitable for settlement. The Imperial Government will give assistance in this matter, but the Province must do its share also. At present there is a movement started from the old land, and during this year many settlers have been taken to Western Canada. A class of hardy people, farmers and fishermen from the coast of Scotland, are available if we make the necessary arrangements for settling and assisting them here. This is probably the most desirable class which this Province could secure, and I would like to appeal as strongly as I can to you gentlemen to support any movement along this line. Your support may be given in various ways, first by encouraging and helping the government in its effort to secure and settle these people, and especially by endeavoring in every possible way to make them happy and contented citizens after they arrive. This Province is easily capable of accommodating double its present population, and on our success in this direction will largely depend our prosperity in the future.

Another matter which has been almost totally neglected in the past is that of tourist traffic, and it is of much more importance than is generally considered. Other parts of Canada have profited enormously from this source in late years, and I believe that with our unrivalled natural summer conditions we could attract a large amount of this business. It is profitable to sell foreigners our climate, our scenery, our bathing, fishing, etc. It will continue to be profitable because they do not take it away, and we can continue to sell it to them year after year. Incidentally we can do a lot of good business with tourists as they come and go, because they must be fed and otherwise maintained while here, which furnishes a profitable trade in foodstuffs and other commodities. You will notice that a Provincial Tourist Association has recently been formed, and I would ask the hearty support of every person for this movement.

There are many other matters which might be discussed if time permitted, but I do not intend to weary you further. I wish to thank the management for the invitation so kindly extended and my listeners for their patient hearing.

Births

PETERS.—At the City Hospital November 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Peters a daughter.

DONAHUE.—At the City Hospital November 12, to Mr. and Mrs. John Donahue, a son.

SHEPHERD.—At the City Hospital November 13, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shepherd (twins) a boy and girl

"The Land O' the Heather"
 DR. ALEXANDER ROSS, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT, in proposing the toast of "The Land O' the Heather" ventured to say that ninety-five per cent of those assembled to do honor to the Patron Saint of Scotland had never seen that country. Before the war the percentage would have been still greater and yet the loyalty of those to the old land, most of whom are in the third generation, was as ardent, and burns with as bright a flame as did that of those who were born there. That was a very peculiar Scottish characteristic. It was a characteristic, that in his opinion did not apply in the same degree to any other nation. The only one approaching the Scotch in this respect was their kinsmen, the Irish. There was besides a peculiar flavor of romanticism about the Scottish loyalty, the heather clad hills, the mystic glens peopled in imagination and in ancient legends with mythical heroes, genii, supernatural people—the excess of mythical lore, and poverty and ardent toil to rise, the loyalty, the bravery, and daring in war, the clear religious acumen, the imagination and logical mind, the patriotism and saving instinct, the tang of the pawky subtile wit, the peculiar lilt of the Scottish music with its melancholy minor cadences—all these appealed to the heart of Scottish descent as the native born, and stamped the Scottish soul, which had left its mark on any country which it touched. It was but natural for the Scottish people to regard with pride that great Scottish soul and various elements which made up the Scottish character and soul of the people, emphasizing their loyalty and discipline, their love of church and appreciation of education, their literature, their clanishness, their independence, their bravery and determination to succeed, their influence in developing other nationalities, their leadership, their peculiar and contrasting form of music, the dryness and subtlety of their wit. In conclusion he said the Scotchman owed a great deal of all this to the "Land o' the Heather," and wherever he may be as he coned over the immortal lyrics of Burns or turned over the pages of Scott "the Wizard of the North," he in fancy revisits the land of his forefathers and dwelt upon their struggles, their sacrifices and the things that had made them great; he was inspired by their matchless love of freedom that "never brooked a wrong;" by their deathless bravery in the sagas and ages to come; by the noble efforts to rise, and he will sing:—
 Land of the maids of matchless grace,
 The bards of matchless song;
 Land of the great heroic race
 That never brooked a wrong.
 Long the first of nations free,
 May Scotland proudly stand,
 A health to thee, a health to thee!
 Our dear, dear Fatherland!

HOTEL VICTORIA

Offers to the travelling public a comfortable, up-to-date hotel. Contains 44 rooms with private baths. The Cuisine is famous all over Canada. Telephones in all rooms. Courteous services.

H. C. BROWN, Manager

Charlottetown Hotel Co., Ltd., Proprietors

VICTORIA HOTEL

A. F. Kenstead, Truro, N. S.; H. H. Acorn, Souris; W. D. Currie, Souris; C. D. Vangan, Souris; E. Grant, Truro, N. S.; Jas. Dunn, Montreal; E. J. Hanes, Toronto; E. S. Everett St. Andrews; H. K. Goodwin, Moncton; R. Hines, New York; B. F. Stewart, New York; C. B. Baskin, New York.

St. James' Presbyterian Church

Minister—Rev. W. Orr Mulligan, M. A., B. D., D.
 Sabbath Services:

11.00 a. m.—Sermon, Subject—"Christ and His Times" first of a series of Christmas Sermons.

2.30 p. m.—Sabbath School.

7.00 p. m.—Sermon, Subject—"Commercialization of the Sabbath." Rev. Mr. Mingie of the Lord's Day Alliance will preach.

ALL ARE WELCOME