# The Charlottetown Guardian

Subscription and Advertising Phone .....132
News and Edit. Phone .....133

Head Office at Charlottetown, Branch Offices at Summerside, Alberton, Souris and Montague.
Morning Daily (founded 1891). $3.50 per year. (delivered) in advance; $2.50 per year (mailed) in advance to anywhere in Canada; and $3.50 (mailed) to U. S. A.
Evening Daily (founded 1907) $1.50, (delivered or by mail) in Canada, and $2.00 for U. S. A.
Saturday Weekly (founded 1887) $1.00 per annum by mail in Canada or U. S. A.
Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1916.


## BY-ELECTIONS AND A MORAL

Three prominent by-elections took place last week, details of which were received only last night. In British Columbia, as the result of the reconstruction of the Government consequent on the retirement of Sir Richard McBride, one of the new Ministers was badly baten and the other secured his seat by the narrow majority of nine. This was not unexpected. Sir Richard McBride had got into bad repute, and the gerrymandering by which he obtained the Agent-Generalship of British Columbia in London did not commend itself to the people of either the province or outside it where the facts were known, or help to popularize his successor, Mr Bowser. The result is that the electors of Vancouver have registered their disapproval by defeating Mr Charles E. Tesdale by a majority of 4,160 on a total vote of 15,238, 194 of which went to a Socialist candidate. Sir Richard overstayed his welcome, and the manner of his demission of office did not tend to help his successor or his party. Nobody likes self-seekers, and the fact that Sir Richard provided himself, at considerable cost to the province, with a comfortable billet for life in London England, has militated against the success of the party in their appeal to the country. That is all.

The third election took place in Peel County, Ontario, and resulted from the exposure of the horse-dealing transactions of the sitting member, Mr J. R. Fallis, who resigned his seat owing to criticism of his conduct in connection with the sale of horses to the Government for military purposes, at the outbreak of the war. It was asserted that Mr Fallis had made an abnormal profit out of his transactions, and exception was taken to the quality of several of the horses sold to the Government. Mr Fallis by professing that Mr John Thompson, counsel for the Commission, had verbally exonerated him from criminal responsibility for his actions, contrived to obtain renomination, but failed to obtain the support of the Conservative leaders or the leading Conservative press. He was defeated by the Liberal candidate, Mr W. J. Lowe, by 305, but no one, not even the Liberal Leader, claims this as a Liberal victory. The Toronto Globe emphasizes this by quoting the Hon. Mr W. N. Rowell, K.C., M.P.P., as saying:

"The result in Peel is a tribute to the patriotism and public spirit of the electors of the county, and I desire to express my appreciation of the action of the electors, Liberal and Conservative alike, in the splendid support they gave our candidate, Mr Lowe. It was a victory of the people rather than simply of a party....

"A special word of appreciation is due to an influential section of the Conservative press for the patriotic and courageous stand they took against Mr Fallis' re-election."

That is the Liberal attitude on the election, and the Conservative view is shown by the Toronto News, which says:

"The verdict of Peel is significant. The result is not a victory for Mr Rowell or a defeat for the Hearst Government. The conduct of Mr Fallis in buying horses for war purposes was the only issue before the electors. The clear judgment of Peel is that the methods of Mr Fallis were objectionable and that he secured profits to which he was not fairly entitled.

"No doubt the attitude of Sir Robert Borden towards Mr Garland and Mr DeWitt Foster was very influential with Peel electors. So the teaching and example of Sir James Whitney and his successors are powerful with Conservatives. The action in Peel, where there is a strong Conservative majority, as compared with Prescott, where there is a strong Liberal majority, is instructive.

"Four or five hundred Conservatives must have withheld their votes from Mr Fallis and brought about his defeat. He had fair opportunity to present his case to the electors and cannot complain of the result. Moreover, public life in Canada will be cleaner and better because of what Peel has done."

The moral is, therefore, that under the high standard set by Sir Robert Borden for political life, no one guilty of shady tactics need expect endorsation by the great Liberal-Conservative party of Canada.

## THE COMING CONFERENCE

With only fragmentary and unsatisfying reports of the war, the coming and going of our khaki-clad men and a lengthening casualty list, to remind us that there is a war, it is difficult for us, in this peaceful, prosperous province of ours to realize that the foundations of a new Canada as well as of a new world are being laid. We are helping to lay these foundations, we are paying the price for an inheritance which came to us through the labours of others and which we did not value because we had not paid for it. When we have paid the price, when we have redeemed our threatened inheritance with the best of our blood, our country will have a new meaning for us; we shall value it more highly, shall do more and better work for it. This work will be begun immediately after the war under conditions that will be new to us and with advantages and opportunities also that will be greater than any we have hitherto known.

To these new conditions we must adapt ourselves without loss of time. New markets with new demands will be opened up and some former markets will be closed; new commercial relations will arise and some of the former will disappear. These changes must be anticipated as far as possible and such preparation must be made as will facilitate adjustment to unforeseen occurrences.

It is to make preparation for these new conditions that a provincial conference, referred to in former issues of the Guardian, has been called by the Government to meet in Charlottetown on the 7th of March. At this conference it is proposed to discuss the future development of all our activities, agriculture, fishing, commerce, transportation, immigration, technical education, special and new industries, in short anything and everything that has to do with the building up of our province and the bettering of conditions during and after the war.

The readiness of Canadian industry to adjust itself to new conditions has been one of the marvels of the last two eventful years. The manufacture of war munitions, uniforms, harness and the almost infinite variety of other war requisites without previous experience and with newly made machinery and plant, has been a revelation and already Canada in many respects stands on an equality as a manufacturer with the United Kingdom and the oldest manufacturing countries in Europe. That she can adjust herself to the greater changes yet to come we may feel assured.

With this adjustment and these changes we in this province have to do. We are not manufacturers but there are industries to which we can adapt ourselves in the light of new and larger markets. Our agriculture is capable of almost infinite development; our fisheries, of which we have but touched the fringe, are yet to be exploited. Our million and a quarter acres of the best soil in the world are capable of supporting four or five times our present population. All these and many other matters will be taken into consideration at the coming conference and will be discussed by representatives from each of our different activities and the discussion cannot fail to be educative and helpful.

The war has taken away many of our young men. The great majority of them will return here or elsewhere. We cannot hope to secure them all and their loss to our different industries will be great. That loss must be made up. The wars that devastated Europe a few centuries ago and that robbed Great Britain of her best blood, were, strangely, the making of Great Britain. It was the skilled artisans driven from the war-stricken countries of Europe, notably Belgium and France, that laid the foundations of Britain's manufacturing greatness. History repeats itself. Artisans will, after the present war, seek a haven in Canada. We stand to gain by this immigration if we prepare for it. Our province is small, but it has large potentialities and the development of these must be our great aim in years to come.

Already much interest is being manifested in the coming conference, which will unquestionably be one of the most important ever held in the province. It is to deal with new things, with new conditions, with foundations. It will be well to keep the date and the purpose in view and to be ready for it.

## JUDGE McQUARRIE

Our Ottawa telegrams yesterday announced the appointment of Mr Neil McQuarrie, K.C., Summerside, to the County Court judgeship of Prince County, in succession of the late lamented Judge McLeod.

The appointment will, we feel assured, be commended by all. Mr McQuarrie is a lawyer of outstanding ability, and his name has been associated with Supreme Court matters for many years. As a citizen his genial personality has made him popular with the law-abiding of all classes, while as a lawyer his keen, analytical habit of thought and speech has given him high standing in the legal fraternity of Canada. That he will prove a just, fearless and upright judge no one will doubt who knows him. We hasten to congratulate him on his elevation to a position to which his long and strenuous practice at the bar and his excellent qualities of mind and heart richly entitle him.

Mr McQuarrie is a native of Montague and was educated in the school of his native district and Prince of Wales College. After teaching a few years he read law in the office of Hodgson & McLeod, Charlottetown, and as a student took charge of the firm's branch office in Summerside, continuing his studies with the firm of McLeod & Morson, successors to Hodgson & McLeod. In 1883 he was admitted to the bar and accepted a partnership with his firm, which then became McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie, a partnership which continued until 1893 when Mr McLeod was appointed County Court Judge of Prince County. The business was continued by Mr McQuarrie under the old firm name until 1902 when Mr (now Hon.) A. E. Arsenault was admitted into partnership under the name of McQuarrie & Arsenault. He was appointed Stipendiary Magistrate of the town of Summerside in 1886, a position which he has since filled with marked ability.

As a resident of Summerside he took an active and intelligent interest in the welfare and progress of the town, served for a time as President of the Board of Trade and for a number of years was one of its leading Councillors. He unsuccessfully contested the Bedeque District in the interests of the Conservative party in a bye-election in 1899 and also in a general election in 1900.

## NOTES

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations at Washington has unanimously agreed to the terms of the Haytian treaty, so that in due time the little republic will be taken charge of by the United States.

## PRES. WILSON T

WASHINGTON, Feb. gress has settled down to velopments in the subm troversy between the Uni and Germany with an ove majority of both houses very definitely determined action which might embara ministration in the present diplomatic negotiations. the more ardent advocates lation to keep Americans gerent ships continued the ties, and former Secretary Bryan's support for them wa in the form of telegram, bu most of them admitted there prospect of immediate action.

So far as the administration cerned it was stated authori that while agitation of the iss now was undesirable, there disposition to oppose a vote pending armed ship resolut their sponsors tried to force was declared that reports f capital during the day show clusively that both the sen the house would stand behin dent Wilson in his refusal to any abridgement of the ri American citizens on the s outlined in his letter to Stone last night.

The president reiterated his ments in that letter to Speaker Majority Leader Kitchin and sentative Flood, chairman House Foreign Affairs Com early in the day when they c the White House to tell of th

## NEW LONDON DRIVING

Sir,—In your issue of Feb. er the heading "An Exp obt. Fitzsimmons wishes to hav adicted (not corrected), the inference at Queen Alice is 3 years old. Briefly, with reference to the report of the ace the circumstances are as follows: A 3-year-old class was called for and Queen Alice started, winning the first heat but only third money in the summary.

During the race Mr. Fitzsimmons came to the judges' stand and stated that she was a 2-year-old and asked to have same announced from the stand, which request was carried out.

Whether she be 2 or 3 years old is not material, and I am ready to accept Mr. Fitzsimmons' word for it, but the imputation is that the Club management did not give him justice. I reported the race, and all others, and knowing one can't please all of the people all the time, and some of the people none of the time, do not mind personal aspersions, but too much effort has been put into bringing the Club to its high standing, to permit the impression that favorites are played, and if the author of this kick had any of this sporting blood he pretends, he would not air a petty, imagined grievance.

In the same columns Harry O'Brien seems to be laboring under some misapprehension, for his statement is the first intimation that I had about the Orphan being entered or barred in our race. We don't claim much for our 3-year-olds, but if we are short on speed, we are long on gameness, so come on Harry, there will be another 3-year-old race soon (watch The Guardian); we will do our best to give you a horse race and a good day's sport.

I am, Sir, etc.,
W. S. FOUND,
Secretary N. L. D.Club.

## New Supplies Replace Dictionaries Taken

Preparations had been made for a great demand, but the tremendous rush beginning early and lasting for into the night exceeded all expectations.

A surprising number of people presented coupons for The New Universities Dictionary, saying as they did so that the twenty-five supplementary dictionaries of special activities appealed to them with greatest force. In one book, besides all the other aids to studying modern English, are special dictionaries of words used particultrly as Americanisms and in automobiling, aviation, golf, baseball, commerce and law, football, lacrosse, lawn tennis, war, music, photography, polo, wireless telegraphy and yachting. Besides these are dictionaries of atomic weights, Christian names, classical abbreviations, every-day allusions, foreign wofds and phrases, forms of address, most common abbreviations, noted characters in literature, state names and meanings and words of opposite and like meanings.

## DAILY SELECTIONS FOR GUARDIAN READERS

Furnished by W. S. Louson.

### THE HAND OUT

By Walt Mason

The most of us are working hard to stock the cupboard shelves, to purchase coal and lime and lard, to clothe and feed ourselves. We plug along the best we can, and always strive to keep a quarter for the fellow-man who has no place to sleep. The boys are always needing shoes, and girls for dresses call, and so we strain our weary thews, to raise the wherewithal. Down to our tasks we're always bent, to meet each pressing need and have a quarter for the gent who has no place to feed. We turn no beggar from the door, however hard we're pressed; we think, "Ere many years are o'er, like him we may be dressed; like him we may be unemployed, and look as tough as he, and have a dull and aching void where fodder ought to be. Like him we may be glad to sleep in some abandoned well; the cost of living is so steep who can our fate foretell? And when we for a handout plead, for hungry kids and fruit, may people help us in our need as we help others now."

### MR. WM. McCOY

The death occurred at the family residence in Moncton on Friday morning last of Mr. William McCoy, aged 61 years, father of Mrs. J. A. Webster, of Charlottetown. He had been ill for some time with heart trouble and complications. Mr. McCoy was born in St. John, but had been a resident of Moncton for the past thirty-two years, where he was employed with the Canadian Government Railways. At the time of his death he was a foreman in the I. C. R. Mechanical epartment. Mr. McCoy is survived by his wife, four sons and four daughters The funeral took place on Monday under the auspices of the L. O. L.

### MR. ARCHIBALD MACKINNON

There passed to his eternal reward on Feb. 15th, 1916, after an illness of two weeks of heart failure one of the oldest and most respected residents of North River, viz. Archibald MacKinnon at the age of 83 years. The funeral service which was very impressive was conducted by the Rev. D. MacLean, who visited the late Mr. MacKinnon on the day previous to his death. The hymns sung were: The Lord's My Shepherd and Jesus Lover of My Soul, which were favorites of the deceased. He was a man of great vigor and was active till his last sickness which was only a few days. His passing had no fear for him it was going Home. He leaves to mourn one son and five daughters. His remains were laid to rest in Highfield Cemetery beside those of his wife who predeceased him in August. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Angus Campbell, John Campbell, John Stewart, Mosey Byrne, George Sentner and William MacKinlay.

A precious one from us is gone,
A voice we loved is stilled
A place is vacant in our home,
Which never can be filled.
(Other papers please copy)

### MR. WILLIAM RYAN

Many will learn with deep regret of the death of Mr. William Ryan, of Cardigan, in the early morning of Thursday, February 10th, after an illness of only nine days of pneumonia. Although the deceased had never possessed a robust constitution the comparative suddeness of his passing came as a great shock to a wide circle of friends who will experience deep sorrow for those bereaved.

The late Mr. Ryan was born and educated in the district in which he resided. From early manhood he followed the calling of agriculture and by untiring industry and the employment of improved methods of farming was eminently successful as a splendid and well-stocked farm and comfortable farm home bear ample evidence. Actively engaged, as he was, in his private affairs he, nevertheless, found time to devote to matters of public welfare. He took a deep interest in all public questions, but in doing so never permanently allied himself with any political party thus reserving the right to give his support to all measures which he considered in the public interest regardless of the source from which they emanated.

The deceased was in every sense a true Christian gentleman, one, who in his daily life, exemplified the teachings of the Catholic Church. He was one of those kind and sympathetic men to whom no one in sickness or misfortune ever appealed in vain.

Early in life Mr. Ryan married Margaret, daughter of the late John Moran of Newport, Lot 54, who with his two brothers, Patrick, a farmer at Head of Cardigan, and John merchant at Cardigan Bridge, one sister and an adopted daughter are left to cherish the memory of a kind and dutiful husband, brother and foster father.

The funeral, which was very largely attended, took place on Saturday morning, February 12th to All Saint's Church, Cardigan, where Requiem High Mass was celebrated by the Rev. Dr. McMillan after which the remains were intered in the adjoining cemetery.

In the expression of deep sympathy from scores of friends we trust the widow and other bereaved relatives shall find consolation.

### PROPOSAL OF MARRIAGE IS SENT BY WIRELESS

SEATTLE, Feb. 28.—Miss Mildred S. Whitehouse, of Seattle, Wash., sent a proposal of marriage by wireless this week. Hundreds of miles across the sea it flashed, was caught by the receiving wires atop the Tenadores, bound for Havana and Colon, and was read with undisguised joy by Howard Whitcomb, editor of a trade paper in New York.

"I have changed my mind," read the message, "It's leap year. Will you have me?"

Back across the waves flashed Whitcombe's reply:

"You're on! Return next trip."

Last Saturday Whitcomb had boarded the United Fruit liner sore at heart and disgusted with the world in general. Miss Whitehouse had rejected him. He was disconsolate. So he sought forgetfulness at sea.

Miss Whitehouse went to the United Fruit offices two days later and inquired how she could get in touch with Whitcomb. She was told to use the wireless, and she did. Whitcomb is expected to return to New York on Saturday and shortly afterward wedding bells are expected to ring.

Conservation stands sentinel
the natural resources
our country, and forbids
ton destruction of forests, mines and animal life.

servation multiplies the by-products of industry, and changes e into profit. It is conservation that turns rags into miladi's ty note paper.

s conservation that gathers together worn out garments, carded sheets, carpets, and similar objects which have served ir useful purposes. In the General's big roofing mills, these e mascerated, saturated, sterilized and beaten into pulp, which ally comes out of the rollers in one continuous sheet of clean, ong roofing felt.

is then thoroughly saturated with the General's own blend of ft asphalts and coated with a blend of harder asphalts, which eeps the inner saturation soft and prevents the drying-out rocess so destructive to the ordinary roofing. This explains why

**Certain-teed Roofing**

out-lasts other roofing; also why the General can safely guarantee it for 5, 10 or 15 years, according to ply. Experience has proved that CERTAIN-TEED will out last the period of guarantee.

The General makes one third of all the rolls of roofing made in America. Because of this enormous production, and the economies due to cheap power, modern machinery and favorably located mills, the General is able to make the best roofing at the lowest cost.

CERTAIN-TEED is made in rolls; also in slate-surfaced shingles. There is a type of CERTAIN-TEED for every kind of building, with flat or pitched roofs, from the largest sky-scraper to the smallest residence or out-building.

CERTAIN-TEED is sold by responsible dealers all over the world, at reasonable prices. Investigate it before you decide on any type of roof.

**General Roofing Manufacturing Company**
*World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers.*
Distributing centers: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Halifax, St. John's, N. F., Regina, Calgary, Vancouver.

SOLD BY

**The Crabbe Hardware Co. Ltd.**
Wholesale & Retail

**A Food Chopper That Will Chop Anything Chopable**

The whole long list of foods—meat, fowl, fish, vegetables, fruit bread—everything chopable can be chopped quickly and easily. For making mince pies, hash, Hamburg steak, fish balls, curries and salads, this food chopper of ours will mean a big saving in time and money for you.

This food chopper does not mash, tear or grind—chops fine, coarse or medium—is simple, durable, easily cleaned and has self-sharpening knives.

See it.

**Fennell & Chandler**
Victoria Row

# For A Quick Sale

Ladies fancy front House Slippers, all sizes **25c** a pair while they last former price **69c.**

**Job lot of Ladie's Rubbers 50c Sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, 5 1-2 6 1-2 7**

**GOFF BROS**

**Men's Rubbers 35c Sizes 11 & 11 1-2.**