

Mrs. Bramwell Booth



The wife of the head of the Salvation Army who is touring Canada in the interests of immigration.

Bandits Secured \$75,000 In Cash

VANDERGRIFT, Pa. Nov. 6.—Two armed men about noon today held up Warren Walthour, messenger for the Vandergrift Savings and Trust Company, and took a satchel, said to contain \$75,000, Walthour reported to the police here.

Curzon's Daughter To Visit America

STOKE-ON-TRENT, Eng., Nov. 6.—Lady Cynthia Mosley, daughter of the late Marquis Curzon recently nominated as prospective Labor candidate for Parliament from this district, plans to visit the United States in the near future. The date of the election in which Lady Cynthia will contest for a seat in the House of Commons is entirely uncertain, depending upon the future of the Baldwin Government and she sees no immediate prospects of adding the letters M. P. to her name. Lady Cynthia plans to leave England late this month. She expects to visit Chicago, where she has relatives on the side of her mother, who was Miss Mary Leiter, of that city. She intends to spend several months in America unless politics should call her home.

SYRIAN PROTESTS SENT TO FRANCE

GENEVA, Oct. 6.—Protests to the League of Nations mandating commission from Syria relative to the French administration of the Syrian mandate were referred today to France for explanations. They are expected to come before a special committee of the commission in February.



ROBSON BLACK Manager of the Canadian Forestry Association in an address at Ottawa said replanting trees in timber areas would never save the Canadian timber supply. It could only be done by rigid fire supervision and co-operation of every Canadian citizen. Under such conditions, he said, nature would perpetuate the forests.



THE BEGUM OF BHOPAL A powerful Indian ruler who is famous for her good government and her interest in education and a visit to London in connection with the succession to the throne. Three little granddaughters are in London studying music.

Ancient Town, Temple, Burial Places Found

LONDON, Nov. 6.—News has reached London of important discoveries made recently by the French Institute of Oriental Archaeology in Egypt. Work was carried out at four different points—At Abu Roash, near Cairo; at Medinet, and at Tell-el-Medinet, on the site of the ancient Thebes, and at Edfu. A temple, a series of burial places, and, at one point, a whole town was excavated. The burial places were unearthed at Abu Roash, and belong to the remote epoch before the Egyptians began to mummify the dead. The cemetery uncovered consists of twenty burial places, including small truncated pyramids built from the beginning of the fourth dynasty to the end of the fifth, and fifty tombs of more ancient date.

Interest in these burial places lies in the fact that they belong to persons ranging from prehistoric times, when bodies were entered in a contracted position and without a coffin, up to the first periods of mummification, thus presenting in a complete series the evolution of all methods of burial practised.

It has been established that the great incomplete pyramid at Abu Roash is the tomb of Dedefo, a king of the fourth dynasty, whose name does not occur on the famous lists of Pharaohs in the temples of Abydos and Karnak. It is hoped that the excavations, which brought to light the tomb of one of his sons, will shed some light on the history of this king, who, for some unknown reason, was forgotten when the lists were made about the year 300 B. C.

A great temple of the Ptolemaic period has been discovered at Medinet, six miles northeast of the temple of Karnak. It has a frontage of 132 feet, which is exactly the dimension of the famous temple of Hathor at Denderah, recognized as the most perfect in Egypt. The excavations laid bare a great outer wall covered with sculptures and inscriptions (wherein occurs, among others, the name of Trajan), a passage round the inner temple, some of the inner chambers and the whole area of the colonnade.

The temple was apparently built by the last Ptolemies and finished by Emperors Domitian, Trajan and Antoninus Pius. It has produced inscriptions dating back to the eighth century, 1580, to 1320 B. C., and even to the twelfth dynasty, about 2000 B. C.

Exceedingly interesting is the threshold of rose granite dating from the time of Usersten III, a powerful king of the twelfth dynasty, and also two fine seated colossi of Usersten III, of excellent workmanship. Two magnificent statues of Osiris and Amen were also found.

The most epigraphical discovery is a relief showing a procession of the Nile's alchemical figures, which symbolized the different provinces of ancient Egypt. Inscriptions accompanying them give a quantity of geographical information, for the temple is dedicated to Montu, a Theban god of whom very little hitherto was known.

At Tell el Medinet, the French excavators laid bare part of a town which is extremely interesting, because it was the quarter inhabited by painters and sculptors who decorated the famous tombs of the valley of the kings and queens. In a series of houses in unbacked brick were found all the usual articles of domestic life, toilet necessities, children's toys and tools from the workshops, which produced everything required for the burial of the dead.

The scribes left rough copies of their literary and religious manuscripts, their account books, their registers, and even intimate letters. Inscriptions in the chapels of the tombs reveal the names and genealogies of the chief painters and sculptors in Egypt, and posterity will know the names of the painters Apu Nakhtu-Amen and Nefer-Renpit and the architect Nefer-Hotep as the authors of works which have long been admired.

The fourth point where the French Institute conducted excavations is Edfu, eighty miles south of Thebes and close beside the famous temple of Horus. They laid bare an Archaic and Coptic town of the tenth century A.D. It was called Apollinopolis, and it was not very different in appearance from the existing Egyptian town Edfu. Much fine glass work was found, as well as pottery, decorated in red and gold and enamel on white ground.

The increasing favor with which corn is regarded by the western farmer is reflected in the increased sale of corn-growing implements. In 1925 the implements sold did not exceed a total of ten. This year approximately 50 corn binders were sold in addition to cultivating machinery.

LAUNDERING VOILE LINGERIE

Voile lingerie is economical and easily washed. The garments should be squeezed as silk with this material, as with lace, the question of imparting a slight stiffness arises. To do this take some clear starch and thin it down till it is little more than a just thickened water. Place the article in this for a few minutes, and then squeeze out with the hands. The lingerie should be starched wet, or, when dry, it will not be clear. When it is desired only to give a slight stiffening to lace that should be dipped in the starch water and the rest of the garment gathered up lightly in the hand. Iron while still wet, using only a moderately hot iron if the material is colored. Any embroidery should be ironed on the wrong side to raise the pattern.

ALL THE SYMPTOMS.

"My dear," said a young wife in town to her husband, "the baby has been trying to talk again." "What was he talking about?" "I think it must have been politics. He started very calmly, but in a few minutes he was as angry and red in the face as he could be."—Markham Economist.

Col. Herb Lennox



The candidate who defeated Premier King in the federal election.

Her Views At 103 Not So Strict

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Mrs. Sarah Porter, a life-long advocate of temperance announced on her 103rd birthday that her views on prohibition were "not so strict" as they had been.

Countess Supports Communist Bail

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Countess of Warwick, George Bernard Shaw, Josiah Wedgwood, who was a member of the Labor cabinet and A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation today were added to the list of sureties for the bail of the twelve Communists recently arrested on charges of inciting to sedition.

The twelve defendants were committed for trial after a hearing in which they entered pleas of "not guilty."

Marconi Wireless Men End Strike

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The strike of the Marconi wireless operators and receiving clerks, in London, Liverpool and Manchester ended today with the reinstatement of the nine operators who had been dismissed for reasons of economy. The strike crippled transatlantic and trans-Atlantic wireless communication. The government wireless service was not affected by the walkout which involved about 150 men.

CANADIAN NAVAL COMMANDER IS GIVEN NEW VESSEL

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 6.—Lieut. Com. N. Donald of Chemainus, B.C. formerly Commander of H.M.C.S. Armentieres, wrecked on the coast of Vancouver Island during a dense fog some weeks ago, has been transferred to the command of H. M. C. S. Ypres, at Halifax, it is announced.

CARRICK WILL BE CANDIDATE FOR NEXT FEDERAL ELECTION

PORT ARTHUR, Nov. 6.—John J. Carrick, defeated Independent-Conservative candidate in Port Arthur-Thunder Bay, believes in quick action. He already has announced his candidature for the next federal elections. He predicts an election within a year.

Mr. Carrick had a majority of 474 in the city of Port Arthur, but was beaten in the country districts by W. G. Langworthy, straight Conservative, Mr. Carrick is a Toronto man.

CORN IS MORE POPULAR

WINNIPEG, Man., Nov. 6.—Corn is steadily gaining in popularity throughout Western Canada and is being used to diversify farming, and it is estimated that 100,000 acres were under cultivation in Saskatchewan alone last year. Despite the scarcity of seed and higher cost of production, it is anticipated that the acreage will be materially increased this year. Minnesota Number Thirteen and North Dakota White Flint are the brands most favored in Saskatchewan.

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Prof. J. A. Clark Wins Scholarship

John Artemus Clark, Superintendent of the Experimental Station at Charlottetown, has been nominated as the Prince Edward Island representative in the post-graduate scholarship in Scientific Agriculture for 1925-6 donated by W. C. Macdonald Incorporated, tobacco and cigarette manufacturers of Montreal. This scholarship is one of ten annually donated by W. C. Macdonald Inc. It is valued at \$500 and is tenable at Macdonald College, Ste Anne de Bellevue, Que.

The scholarships are donated by the Engineering Building and which founded, built and maintained Macdonald College at Ste. Anne de Bellevue, one of the world's foremost agricultural institutes.

Mr. Clark who is this year's nominee from the Island for the Macdonald scholarship was born at Bay View and was educated at Stanley School, Prince of Wales College, New York State College of Agriculture, the Ontario Agricultural College and Toronto University. He took his B. Sc. A. in 1906, and followed a post graduate course at Cornell University in 1908. He



Winners of the ten \$500 W. C. Macdonald Inc. post-graduate scholarships in Scientific Agriculture at Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue: Front Row, left to right: Lionel Daviault, Quebec; J. Ste. Maltais, Quebec; Charles T. Townsend, British Columbia; Cyril Kay Johns, Alberta; H.J. Atkinson, New Brunswick; Back Row: left to right: J. E. Dyce, Ontario; Kenneth E. Stewart, Saskatchewan; John A. Clark, Prince Edward Island; Kenneth A. Harrison, Nova Scotia; William Popp, Manitoba.

W. C. Macdonald, Inc., in accordance with the policy of the founder of the company, the late Sir William C. Macdonald who in his lifetime gave many millions of dollars for the advancement of technical and scientific education in Canada. One of the Dominion's pioneer businessmen, the late Sir William realized that the progress of the country was largely dependent upon its supply of properly trained agriculturalists and practitioners in the engineering professions as both the basic industry, agriculture, and the development of natural resources were dependent upon such men. Accordingly he made many rich donations, prominent among which were funds which provided McGill University with its Macdon-

Nation-wide Lottery C. P. R. Won't Build Hudson Bay Line

PARIS, Nov. 6.—A nation-wide lottery to extricate France from her present financial difficulties is advocated in a resolution adopted today by the "Republican Union" a group of Senators which comprises former President Poincare, former President Millerand, former Premier Francois-Marsal, and other notable men.

The Senators emphasized the fact that they favor a lottery this one time only, and take the stand that it should not have a permanent character allowing the government to resort to such a measure only at the end of a year when it finds itself faced by a deficit. The "Republican Union" has 95 members in the Senate and wields an important influence in that house.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 6.—"The company" has no intention of building a line to Fort Churchill, on the Hudson Bay," declared D. C. Coleman, Vice President, Western Lines, Canadian Pacific Railway, here today, when advised of a report that the C. P. R. planned the construction of a branch line through The Pas mineral belt.

A local paper carried the report from its Ottawa correspondent, and it said the "ultimate destination of the line would be Fort Churchill."

"There was," said Mr. Coleman, "a survey of a proposed Prince Albert to Herb Lake line, but construction is not contemplated at the present time." (Herb Lake is a mining district of Northern Manitoba, near The Pas.)



WHAT WILL THEY DO?

The three men who have the destiny of the country in their hands, Premier W. L. M. King, who along with seven of his Ministers was defeated in the election campaign and refuse to resign. His re-constituted party in this case faces a new Conservative group of 117 members under Hon. Arthur Meighen, Robert Forke, the leader of the demised group of Progressives, now numbering twenty-three will be able to turn the tide in favor of whatever party he may throw in his lot with provided none of the French Protectionists secede to the Conservative Protectionist party. In the background of the picture is the latest view of the parliament building with the complete Victory Tower.

Sir James Lougheed



Conservative leader in the senate who is seriously ill in an Ottawa hospital.

Helium Taken Out Of Monasite Sand

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—Dr. Kurt Peters, German scientist, told the United Press today he had succeeded in extracting helium from monasite sand which occurs in large quantities in Brazil. "My method," he explained "will not serve to supply dirigibles with this valuable gas, but it will solve the perplexity of our scientists in gaining enough helium for laboratory purposes."

THE MARKETS

(Canadian Press.)

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 6.—The egg market shows some fluctuations today. Increased consumption in British Columbia has resulted in a price drop. There has been an advance of from one to two cents in the price of fresh eggs at Montreal. December refrigerators in New York show the highest point since the first week in October, being quoted at 36. Toronto fresh egg market is firm and the storage steady with prices unchanged. Montreal egg market is unchanged in tone and prices with the exception of jobbing fresh extras which are quoted at 56-57, firsts 46.

Winnipeg jobbing fresh extras 53, firsts 47, seconds 35, storage extras 45, firsts 40, seconds 34. Edmonton egg market is firm. Jobbing extras 45, firsts 40, seconds 35.

Poultry receipts are heavy and prices unchanged. Vancouver egg market is easier with fresh supply increasing dealers paying country prices extras 62, firsts 60, jobbing fresh extras 66, firsts 64, seconds and pullets 55. Live poultry steady and unchanged.

Halifax, demand is very good for both storage and fresh with supplies of the latter limited, dealers paying storage firsts 43 3-4 f.o.b. Charlottetown. Jobbing 45 to 46. St. John egg market is firm and demand is fair.

OTTAWA, Nov. 6.—The egg market in the East remains generally firm with Montreal reporting a better demand generally, western conditions are unchanged, American markets show further strength with fresh prices at both Chicago and New York reaching new high levels for the season while December futures prices at New York are only one quarter cent lower than the high quotations this fall.

Toronto—Firm and unchanged. Fresh specials, 60 to 61, extras 58 to 59, storage extras 44 to 45, firsts 41 to 42. Montreal demand is improving on all grades of eggs but the only price change is in fresh extras and firsts which have been advanced from 1 to 2 cents. Fresh extras for Thanksgiving are selling at 30 to 35 spot. Winnipeg egg market is very quiet, with eastern buyers not interested at prices asked by western dealers. It is reported that two cars of storage seconds held by an eastern buyer were sold to a local firm at 30 cents. Two cars of storage firsts are rolling to Montreal for export to Glasgow. Jobbing fresh extras 53 to 60 firsts 50, storage extras 46, first 41, poultry unchanged. Saskatchewan prices to country shippers are unchanged. Jobbing storage extras 44, firsts 42, seconds 37, poultry receipts increasing live prices unchanged. Dressed springs 13 to 19, tows 9 to 15. Edmonton jobbing extras 46, firsts 40, seconds 35.

Vancouver unchanged at recent price reduction, jobbing fresh extras 66, firsts 64, seconds and pullets 55. Montreal—There was no improvement in the export trade in Canadian grain on the Montreal market today. The demand from foreign buyers being of a very limited character and as the prices bid from wheat were fully two cents per bushel below working basis exporters found it impossible to do any business. The demand from local and outside buyers for cash grain on spot was also slow but the tone of the market was steady. Car lots of Ontario and Quebec No. 2 white oats were quoted at 52 cts. No. 3 white at 50 1/2 cts and No. 4 white at 49 cts while odd cars of Ontario matting barley sold at 85 cents to 85 1/2 cents per bushel extra. A fair amount of business was again transacted in spring wheat grades of flour and prices were unchanged. There was no change in the condition of the market for winter wheat flour. Prices being well maintained under a fair demand. Owing to the continued good enquiry from all sources for millfeed and the fact that millers in most cases have sold their output for some time to come the offerings at present are somewhat limited and in consequence the un-

Fixed Easter Sunday Up To Parley Of Nations

TORONTO, Nov. 6.—It remains only for the international conference to put into effect in 1928 the fixing of the second Sunday in April as Easter Sunday every year, according to Moses B. Cotsworth, the apostle of calendar reform and director of the "International Fixed Calendar," who was in Toronto today in conference with Board of Trade officials relative to the furthering of the 13-month year idea, with its four-weeks-in-a-month, and "year day" and "leap day" features.

Mr. Cotsworth is a Vancouver, B. C. man, but has spent most of his time of late years in New York and London, and in Geneva, where he acted as expert for the League of Nations in the subject of international reform of the calendar.

While the change in regard to Easter Sunday and its contingent movable festivals affects only the Christian nations, Mr. Cotsworth regards it as a step in the eventual adoption by the whole world of the fixed calendar idea. Mr. Cotsworth is going on to Ottawa tonight to confer with Dominion Government officials on certain aspects of the proposition.

dertone to the market was strong but there was no actual change in prices. A fair trade continues to be done in Standard grades of rolled oats and prices rule firm. A steady feeling prevailed in the market for baled hay owing to the fact that the demand continues ample to absorb the bulk of the supplies, coming forward with the result that there is no accumulation in stocks on spot. The volume of business was fair. Prices for all grades of fresh eggs were advanced three to eight cents a dozen during the last two days. The feature of the storage situation was the demand from foreign buyers for supplies and sales of carlots were made. The potato market was again stronger and prices scored another advance of 25 cents per bag. The volume of business transacted on the butter market was moderate and prices were steady. The cheese market was quiet but unchanged.

MONTREAL, Nov. 6.—The export trade in all kinds of Canadian grain on the Montreal market today was again very slow, there being few firm bids received from foreign buyers overnight on the spot. No. 1 northern wheat was offering at 12 1/2 cents per bushel over the Winnipeg November option CIF for November shipment, and an odd load of Canadian western No. 3 barley was sold 9 1/2 cents per bushel over Winnipeg option CIF here. The local market for Ontario and Quebec was easier as a decline of 1/2 cent per bushel. The demand was very limited with No. 2 white in car lots offering at 52 cents, No. 3 white 50 1/2, and No. 4 white at 49 cents per bushel, extract, and sales of several cars of Ontario barley were made at 85 1/2 cents per bushel, extract. There were no new developments in the spring and winter wheat flour markets, the volume of business being moderate sized and prices steady. The demand from United States buyers for all kinds of mill feed is steady, and as the prices bid in some cases were in line with sellers views sales of several cars were made. Standard grades of peer oats met with a fair sale at steady prices. There was no change in the condition of the baled hay markets, prices for all grades being maintained with a fair volume of business passing.

The feature of the local egg was the easier feeling that developed in the market for storage eggs and prices were reduced one to two cents per dozen. Prices for fresh eggs were unchanged. The strength which has prevailed in the local potato situation of late was more pronounced than ever today. Prices scored a further advance of 40 to 50 cents per bag. This was attributed to an increased demand from the United States. The butter and cheese markets were quiet, but prices were unchanged.

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Gustave Evanturel



Member elect for Prescott who, it is rumored, has offered to resign to make room for Premier King.

Minister Of Agriculture

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Walter B. Guinness, financial secretary to the Treasury, has been appointed Minister of Agriculture. He succeeds Edward F. Wood, recently appointed Viceroy of India.

Belgian Government To Introduce Bill

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Belgian delegates to the conference of the executive committee of the labor and Socialist Internationalists assert that the Belgian government intends to introduce a bill unconditionally ratifying the Washington Eight Hour Convention as soon as the Chamber meets. The Belgian cabinet included some Socialist members. The main purpose of the meeting of the International in London is to determine the Socialist attitude toward the Locarno treaties.

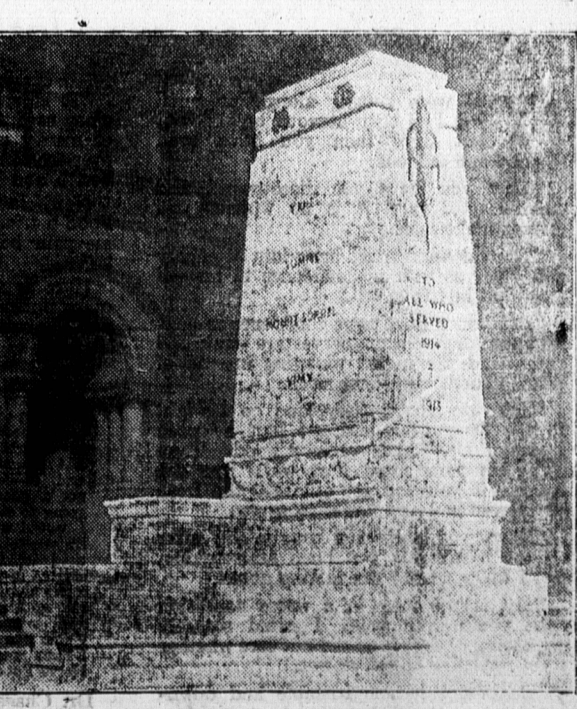
GRAHAM IS THROUGH

WINDSOR, Ont., Nov. 6.—Hon. George P. Graham is out of politics for good. The veteran Minister of Railways who contested South Essex and was badly beaten, has, according to intimate friends, declared that, no matter what happens at Ottawa, he is through.

Hon. Mr. Graham will spend the next month resting and will then clean up his desk and forget memorable political fights in Ontario and Federal politics.



LORD APSLEY Who, with Lady Apsley, went to Australia by steamer and took up a homestead there in order to learn immigration conditions at first hand. He did chores and Lady Apsley waited on table during their experiment. Lord Apsley was once rumored as a choice for a husband for Princess Mary.



TORONTO'S WAR MEMORIAL It is erected in front of the City Hall, and has aroused a controversy because of the wording of the inscription which reads "To All Who Served." This removes the suggestion that it is a cenotaph and it has even been suggested that it be torn down and re-erected and inscribed "To the Fallen."