MAXIMS OF A MERCHANT

He who finds life bitter is a failure, though multitudes cheer him on the street.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper Read by Everybody

Covers Prince Edward Island Like The Dew

MAXIMS OF A MERCHANT

There is more honor in using one talent well than in abusing the possession of ten.

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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1925

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FIND ANCIENT TEMPLE

(Canadian Press)

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 9.—The Temple of Ashtaroth renounced in the Old Testament as the sanctuary of the Philistines and edifice in which King Saul's battle armour was hung as a trophy of the Israelites' defeat at the battle of Gilboa has been found.

A cablegram notifying the museum of the University of Pennsylvania in this city that the University expedition to Beisan in Palestine has unearthed an ancient structure has been received from Alan Rowe, field director.

The temple of Astaroth was described as an oblong structure of three columns to each side. Within its cornerstone the excavators found a casket of foundation deposit containing among other objects ingots of "electrum" a mixture of gold and silver.

Canadian Horses For Scotland

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Some months ago the Glasgow Trade Commissioner reported that there was a market in Scotland for Canadian horses. Twenty horses have since been despatched from Seafort, Ont., to Glasgow, and last week 20 more Percherons have arrived for the same Scottish firms. Further shipments will consist of Clydesdale for carrier.

Make Iron Houses For Small Sums

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Approval has been given by the Ministry of Health to houses, the outer walls of which are constructed of standard cast iron plates, erected on a system devised by a Sheffield firm.

The feature of the system is the great rapidity with which the houses can be erected. A specimen pair have been built in 30 working hours in Sheffield and are now available for inspection.

Cast iron shells of houses, complete with windows and outside doors, are quoted on similar conditions at £150 a house for a parlor house with three bedrooms.

These houses are eligible for the subsidy under the Housing Acts of 1923 and 1924.

Princess Travels In Cargo Vessel

CAPETOWN, South Africa, Oct. 7.—Princess Alice, Countess of Athlone, traveled more than 3,000 miles up and down South Africa to find a boat to take her and her son, Viscount Trematon, and Lady Margaret Scott to England. They boarded the Garth Castle at Delagoa Bay after journeying from Capetown. A strike broke out in this vessel, and they returned to Durban. There was also a strike there, so they finally journeyed back to Capetown and boarded the cargo steamer Trafford Hall, which later sailed for England.

Italian Debt Mission To Sail October 22nd.

(Canadian Press)

ROME, Oct 9.—Court Volpi the Finance Minister and other members of the Italian Debt Funding Mission to United States have definitely decided to sail from Naples October 22 aboard the steamer Duilio.

Senator N. A. Belcourt

Who has been selected to preside over the meetings of the Interparliamentary Union which will be held in Ottawa.

HON. R. MONTY

Formerly Secretary of State in Mr. Meighen's Cabinet, who is a candidate in the forthcoming elections for Laurier Outremount division of Montreal.

PRINCE TO WELCOME

(Canadian Press)

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Although the Prince of Wales is not due back in London from his African and South American tour until a week from Friday the public is showing increasing interest in arrangements for his reception.

King George and Queen Mary are expected to await him at Victoria Station in London, where he also will be greeted by other members of the Royal household and cabinet ministers and high officials. Afterwards he will drive to his home St. Janes Palace alone.

Cabinet Will Deal With Mosul Issue

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The British Cabinet will take up the problem of Mosul at its first meeting for two months which will be held tomorrow and according to the best informed political observers there is likely to be much animation in the discussions.

Lord Derby's frank warning that the Baldwin government was not given power to stay in Mosul for 25 years which was uttered on a platform on which Joynson-Hicks stood has caused considerable excitement and now it is definitely asserted that Lord Birkenhead never approved the decision and intends to oppose the whole Amery policy. Amery, however, enjoys the support of both Chamberlain and Baldwin, although outside the cabinet everybody blames him for the present situation and there is every prospect of his being most directly criticized when the Conservative party meets at Brighton on Thursday.

German Fascists Said To Conspire Against Conferee

(Canadian Press)

LOCARNO SWITZERLAND—Oct. 9.—Germany and the Allies today took up for discussion in the second session of the security conference thorny points of the Rhine pact of guarantees.

Gustav Stresemann, German Foreign Minister was looking pallid after his stroke of illness. More difficult questions include the problem of satisfying France and her Allies, Poland and Czecho Slovakia, on the matter of French Military support to those countries in the event of agression against them.

Both Dr. Stresemann and M. Briand emerged from conference expressing contentment over the day's work though the French Foreign Minister was less radiant than the German, who exclaimed in bubblinb tones: "things are going on merrily."

Operating Against

(Canadian Press.)

FEZ, Oct. 9.—The first part of the plan of operations against rebellious Moroccans agreed upon by Marshal Petain and General Primo De Rivera respectively French and Spanish Commander-in-Chiefs namely the junction of their forces on the eastern portion of the battlefront has now been virtually carried out. Thanks to the existance of a practicable road the French group north of Kifane is advancing swiftly and now is less than five miles from its objective, Sidi Ali Bou Rebka the occupation of which will put the French in possession of the mountain chain, which is the last obstacle between them and the plains.

THINK STRESEMANN VICTIM OF POISON

(Special to The Guardian.)

LOCARNO, Oct. 9.—Rumors filled Locarno today to the effect that Dr. Stresemann, the German Foreign Minister, was not ill from a fever, caused by the change in climate, as announced, but rather as the result of administration of poison by political enemies. Spokesmen for the German delegation continued indignantly to deny the stories, declaring that poisoning was impossible as Dr. Stresemann had brought his own cook from Berlin and all the food served him had been carefully scrutinized. Among the rumors current was one to the effect that the police had seized a bottle of chianti, part of the contents of which Dr. Stresemann drank Sunday.

Foreign Minister Briand of France, was the first to hasten to the German statesman's bedside, and he returned for another visit. Foreign Minister Vandervelde, of Belgium, and delegates of the other countries followed.

Dr. Stresemann insisted upon attending today's session of the security conference which was postponed from the morning to the afternoon because of his indisposition. Friends of the German Foreign Minister say that he has been in indifferent health since the Weimar conference where he overworked and that any change of climate causes heart palpitation and a swelling of the throat. This they insisted is the only reason for his present illness.

LOCARNO, Oct. 6—Europe has come to Locarno to ensure peace. The technical reason for the conference is the draft of a Rhineland compact which shall give protection to France. But the conference may mean more than that if it succeeds. It may mean a real end of the world war. If these leading the Locarno conference have their way, out of it will come a political status of Europe quite different from the alignment which has been but faintly successful since the armistice. The powers are now meeting in conference as equals. Since then Europe has had an allied camp strongly dominant, with the former enemy countries particularly Germany, on the outside.

The Allies have decided what was to be done in Europe and Germany has had to accept or oppose as best she could. She made efforts to build up a rival camp. She tried the treaty of Rapallo with the Russians. The result has been sorry indeed, and now for the first time since the war there is a conference where there is no distinction of conquerors and conquered, but where Britain, France, Germany, Belgium and Italy are meeting as equals to see what can be done politically for Europe.

Captain Missing Since August 15th.

(Canadian Press)

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 9.—Captain Thomas Drake, who left Seattle in May for England in a small schooner, has not been heard from since he sailed for San Diego, Aug. 15, J. W. Lough, of Seattle, an old friend of Drake's said today.

Drake had planned to sail around Cape Horn.

Cockshutt Takes Massey To Task

BRANTFORD, Ont., Oct. 9.—Conservatives of Brantford riding last night selected Robert E. Ryerson as their standard bearer in the Federal elections. W. S. Brewster, K. C. presided. W. F. Cockshutt and F. D. Reville were the principal speakers and they attacked the record of the King Administration, claiming that the tariff policy of the Government had caused the closing of Brantford factories and the unemployment of thousands of workers. Mr. Brewster declared that Premier King had broken his promise during the last election campaign to the effect that not a Brantford industry would suffer if he was returned to power.

Mr. Cockshutt declared that Hon. Vincent Massey had done the wrong thing at a most inopportune time. The new Minister, he said, represented, neither the Massey-Harris Company the implement men of Canada nor the industry of Canada.

Almost Got Left

EDMONTON, Oct. 9.—Premier King narrowly escaped being left behind at Edmonton this morning. His special from Edmonton to North Battleford was scheduled to leave at 9.30 a. m. on the dot. The train was just pulling out when it was discovered that the Premier was not aboard. There was a hurried signal and the train was held until he arrived from his hotel a few minutes later.

Dominion To Get Share

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The High Commissioner has been advised by the Treasury that in accordance with the distribution between the different parts of the British Empire of sums received in respect of the Dawes annuities an amount of £39,756 19s. 6d. has been placed to the credit of the Receiver General of Canada.

Martial Law In Greece

(Canadian Press)

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Special dispatches from Athens say that the Greek Government has proclaimed martial law. A despatch to the Daily Telegraph quotes Premier Pangalos as saying that the purpose is to establish a censorship so as to prevent political leaders from using the newspapers to disturb public opinion.

Labor Candidate Retires From Contest

(Canadian Press)

WINNIPEG, Oct. 9.—S. M. Bartholemew, Candidate of the Canadian Labor party in North Winnipeg announced his withdrawal from the field today. His retirement leaves a threecornered fight between Hon. E. J. McMurray, Liberal, Dr. M. R. Blake Conservative and Alderman A. A. Heaps Independent Labor.

Veteran Pitcher Passed Away

(Canadian Press)

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Christy Mathewson, one of the greatest pitchers of all time, is dead in his mountain camp in Saranac Lake N. Y. He was a hero of the Great War as well as of the diamond on which he was the first big college star. He died last night of tuberculosis and pneumonia as the result of being gassed while a captain in the chemical warfare service in France.

C. N. R. Will Broadcast To England

(Special to the Guardian)

MONTREAL, Oct. 9.—An important international radio test has been arranged for the night of Thursday, October 15th when C. N. R. A. at Moncton, N. B. will broad cast a programme, at different wave length for the purpose of determining which can be received with best effect in England, the broadcast by the Canadian National Railways radio department is being prepared in conjunction with the British broadcasting company, the latter to pick up the Canadian programme at one of the stations which have been recently placed in commission for the purpose of receiving broadcasts from abroad and rebroadcasting receiving sets in the British Isles. The special programme will begin at C. N. R. A. at 7.30 o'clock, Atlantic standard time, and will continue for an hour, transmission being effected at 291 meters at 8.30 o'clock, a change will be made and for half an hour the vocal and instrumental numbers will be broadcast at 313 meters, the test broadcast terminating at 9 o'clock Atlantic standart time. The equivalent times in Greenwich time will be 11.30 p. m. to 1 a. m. Friday October, 16th. Special permission was granted for this experimental by the Halifax division of the department of marine and Fisheries, the radio branch forming a section of that department. The special British Broadcast from C. N. R. A. for which Thursday broadcast will decide the wave length will take place on Friday, November 6 between the hours 7.30 p. m. to 9.30 Atlantic tme being 11.30 p. m. to 1.30 a. m. Greenwich time, on this occasion Mr. W. D. Robb, vice president of the Canadian National Railways, who has charge of the radio department, will deliver a brief address.

Britain's Greatest Airship Takes Air

LONDON, October 9.—Britain's greatest airship, the R—33, which broke from her moorings and was carried helplessly over the North Sea last April, took the air for the first time since the accident this afternoon. She has been repaired at Pulham aerodrome and fitted with a new nose, replacing the old one torn away during the accident. Forty persons, including the crew and experts, were on board and a continuous 24-hour flight was planned, during which the ship will be put to the severest test to ascertain her power and control.

Almost 200 Jailed In Clean-up Raids

(Canadian Press)

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Quantities of gambling paraphenalia were seized and nearly two hundred men arrested last night in scores of police raids under the direction of State Attorney Robert E. Crowe. At Tommy Moran's place, known as the largest in Chicago, eighty seven arrests were made. It is within a stones throw of a police station.

United States-Belgium Liquor Treaty

(Special to The Guardian.)

BRUSSELS, Belgium Oct. 9.—The Belgian Government has opened negotiations with the United States for an agreement similar to that concluded by the Washington Government with other countries extending the zone of search for contraband liquor to an hour's sailing distance from shore. In return Belgian ships would be granted permission to carry liquor stores [illegible] into United States ports [illegible]

Three Cars For Selling 80 Cents

(Canadian Press)

MONTREAL, Oct. 9.—For stealing letters, containing in all not more than 80 cts Ulric Gervais, a mail bag officer was today sentenced to three years in prison. When the accused was arrested the letters were found in his pocket unopened.

Three Lightship Men Rescued

(Canadian Press)

PORTLAND, OREGON, Oct. 9.—Three men in a rowboat from the Umatilla lightship off the coast of Washington who were adrift early today causing the sending of radio distress signals from the lightship have been rescued, the Federal Telegraph Company's radio station here reported today.

Driller's Bravery Saves Oil Derricks

SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 9.—To save a field of oil derricks from destruction a Caddo driller yesterday donned a suit of armor and carried a charge of nitroglycerine into the heart of a towering blaze over a gusher. After placing the charge where an electrical contact would explode it he retreated uninjured. The explosion, set off after the driller's retreat, put out the fire.

Sphinx Has Back Ailment

CAIRO, Oct. 9.—The celebrated sphinx of Giza, who historians believe is being 5,000 and 6,000 years old, is having trouble with his back in his old age. The back of the giant figure which has withstood the wear of several milleniums is showing signs of cracking and the antiquities department of the Egyptian government is taking measures to strengthen it.

Town Topics

Tid-bits on the Tip of Everybody's Tongue

Vol. 1. No. 110. Saturday, October 10th, 1925 FREE

24 "CAMPS"

Having read how they revived Miss Ederle after her cross channel attempt, two tourists tried out a Camp Chocolate. Result: they ordered a box of 24 between them. As each contains a half pound their opinion of Camp Chocolate was eloquently expressed.

The sister product, Moirs Buffet Chocolate, hasn't the largest scale on the market by any manner of means. That will come later. Meanwhile it is already a habit with hundreds who have tried it in their cooking. And their friends are following suit.

SYNOD OF 1926 TO CONVENE AT HALIFAX

(Canadian Press)

NEW GLASGOW, Oct. 9.—The next annual meeting of the Maritime Presbyterian Sydnoy will convene at Halifax the first Tuesday in October 1926, according to a decision reached here tonight at the close of the session of the 1925 synod. Tonight's session was featured by a rally held in conjunction with the women's missionary society, when special speakers were Miss Crockett, Hopewell, N. S., returned missionary from China and Rev. D. W. Macdonald, Korea.

At this afternoon's session Rev. Robert Johnston, New Glasgow moderator, was requested to pay an official visit to St. John's and other places in Newfoundland as soon as possible. There was every prospect of Presbyterian churches in Newfoundland remaining firm in their adherence to the old faith and not voting in favor of union was the opinion expressed by Rev. Finlay Mackintosh and others.

Synod decided to secure control of the residence in connection with Pictou Academy. A college board was appointed consisting of Rev. Frank Baird, Pictou J. H. Cavanaugh and D. C. Sinclair, New Glasgow, Gregor Mitchell, Halifax, Ronald McVicar, Sydney, Rev. W. Townsend, St. John, Rev. G. C. Taylor, Charlottetown. Decision was reached to make sunday school work of the denomination self contained within the denomination and that in future there would be no alignment with the Maritime Religious Education Council or what was formerly called the Sunday School Convention.

Resignation Of Bishop Bidwell Is Accepted

(Canadian Press)

KINGSTON, Ont. Oct. 9.—At a meeting here today the executive committee of the Synod of Anglican diocese of Ontario decided to accept the resignation of Right Rev J. Bidwell Bishop of the diocese, when his Lordship again insisted that his decision was final. The executive voted the bishop honorarium equivalent to a six months stipend.

Bishop Bidwell, who has been a Church of England head in the diocese which comprises a large district in Eastern Ontario, for twelve years, offered his resignation following the announcement that his wife had been converted to the Roman Catholic Faith.

Archbishop Urges Better Sermons

EASTBORNE, Sussex, Eng., Oct. 9.—A severe admonition to the clergy for the inadequacy of present-day sermons which fail to draw people from golf, motoring and other Sunday diversions, was the feature of an address by the Archbishop of Canterbury at the opening of the Anglican Church congress here today.

The keynote of the congress is "world problems and Christianity." Choosing for his text verses 12 to 14 of the Forty-eighth Psalm the Archbishop enjoined the clergy to make a closer study of the needs of present-day living. "The average sermon has not kept pace with the advance in education or with the average man's and woman's wider interest in all sorts of human knowledge and world affairs," the Primate asserted.

Coal Mining Industry Inquiry Commission

HALIFAX, Oct. 9.—Dr. H P. MacPherson, resident rector of St Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N. S., and Hume Cronyn, a prominent business man of London, Ont., and member of parliament from 1917 to 1921, will, under the chairmanship of Sir Andrew Rae Duncan, of London, England, chairman of the advisory committee to the British Department of Mines constitute the commission of inquiry into the coal mining industry of Nova Scotia, according to an announcement made tonight by Premier E. N. Rhodes.

Sir Andrew will bring with him a technical expert of the British Mines Department and the Government of Nova Scotia will supply whatever technical and clerical assistance the commission may require, the Premier stated. The date of the opening session of the commission, the Premier announced depends on the time of arrival of Sir Andrew, but it is expected it will be some time this month.

The Premier stated that while the terms of reference to the commission had not yet been fully drawn, yet it was safe to say that they would be very wide and provide for a thorough inquiry.

Sidney B. Woods, K. C.

Representing Alberta and Saskatchewan in demanding the enforcement of the lower grain rates promised by the railway board. The board is hearing evidence in Ottawa.

BOMB SHIP EXPLODES

(Special to the Guardian)

BORDEAUX, France, Oct 9.—A ship laden with bombs destined for the French forces in Morocco exploded in Bordeau harbor today. There are many wounded.

Russia Buys Much From United States

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—Russia, in the melancholy person of Foreign Minister Tchitcherin, intervened openly and actively in the security pact negotiations tonight. Just before the German delegation boarded the train for Locarno, Stresemann and Tchitcherin had a confidential interview, lasting an hour, which may overshadow in actual significance all the other preliminary developments in the negotiations. The substance of the interview is being kept a secret.

German and Russian sources intimately in touch with the leading actors in the conference maintain it evolved a central idea and that is—if Russia cannot persuade Germany not to enter the pact, the League pact should be made "harmless" by including Russia. Or, to put it still more simply—Russia regards the pact as aimed primarily at herself.

A series of threats at Germany that the pact means the end of Russian-German friendship have fallen unheeded. If Russia cannot break the "united front" of the bourgeois nations she proposes entering the pact. So it is to be expected that if Germany finds easy sailing at Locarno the indirect suggestion may be made that the pact to be successful must be universal and that Russia should be included.

Germany is not ungrateful for Russia's intervention. It puts her in the position of being coveted by the two opposing factions, which is the proper position for a nation seeking a way out of the Versailles morass.

Delegates Leave For Locarno

Following the conference with Tchitcherin, Stresemann and the German delegation with Chancellor Luther left Berlin for Locarno. They left behind them a Germany singularly responsive to pacific overtures and a reactionary group willing to trade a signed peace for the evacuation of Cologne. Germany's representatives were in high good humor for it is the first time since the war that German emissaries to foreign conclaves found themselves with little to fear in their own country.

They left behind them, however, Tchitcherin, ostensibly here for a diabetes cure, but actually employed in a concentrated endeavor to spike the security pact. Tchitcherin has been keeping himself aloof from official interviewers. But the Soviet mouthpiece Rohte Fahne this morning expresses Tchitcherin's view when it states that any pact reached at Lobarno spells disruption for Russo-German friendship—that a pact without Russia is a pact against Russia. The warning comes on the eve of a Russo-German commercial agreement.

The German delegation is not inclined to regard Russia's threat seriously, however, feeling that it is an empty one because there is nothing that Russia can do about it. It is apparent from unofficial comment in high places that the security pact is assured if the Allies will agree to the evacuation of Cologne and will release Germany from Article XVI, making German territory neutral in all emergencies as a concession to her entrance into the League.

In the event of a refusal Germany is willing to listen to compromise formulae. Germany has everything to gain from the pact and nothing to lose. Even the Nationalists, who barked most loudly at the mention of the pact, are now privately conceding this much.

ITALY IS NOT SATISFIED

ROME, Oct. 9.—The Italian Government has declared its dissatisfaction with Austria's apology for an attack aimed at Italy by a Socialist Deputy, Ellenbogen, recently in the Austrian Chamber of Deputies.

After the incident the Italian Minister at Vienna protested to the Austrian Foreign Minister, who sent his representative to the Italian Legation to express regret for the ill-advised remraks of the Deputy.

Premier Mussolini is not satisfied with this, and political circles are behind him.

It is pointed out that the standing orders of the Italian Chamber eprovide that when a member insults the head of a foreign nation offends a friendly or allied nation the Chamber has the right to waive parliamentary immunity and grant authorization for the trial of such a member in order that he may be punished and due satisfaction rendered to the nation offended.

Will Fortify Air Above London

(Canadian Press)

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Floating helicopeter fortresses thousands of feet above the ground will protect London from enemy air raids in the next war. Such is the optimistic prediction made by a British airplane expert following a report in the Evening News that the famous British helicopeter which had been built in greatest secrecy crashed and was partially wrecked when it took the air for the first time Sunday.

$2,500,000 Is Needed For N. S. Highways

HALIFAX, Oct. 9.—That over two-fifths of the total revenue of Nova Scotia was required to meet annual highways obligations was the statement given out last night by Hon. Percy C. Black. But the Minister of Highways explained in view of the ever-increasing traffic and the fact that maintenance moneys and increased fixed charges would have to be provided next year for new construction carried out in 1925 the requirements for 1926 would be greater.

Highways expenditure chargeable to revenue in 1925, Mr. Black stated, were over $2,000,000. He added that the cost of maintenance during the incoming year would substantially be increased. In 1926, he said, fixed charges and maintenance would reach a figure in the vicinity of $2,500,000.

To Prevent Further Depreciation Of The Franc

PARIS, Oct. 9.—A warning that the French government may use the second Morgan loan of $100,000,000 to help prevent further fall of the Franc was issued today from the Ministry of Finance where it was declared that the present depreciation in the Franc, if continued would break "equilibrium which the government considers necessary to the normal development of commerce and industry."

The fall of the franc, the ministry's statement said "is due entirely to speculation following the failure of the French and U. S. Department Funding Commissions to come to a definite agreement.

Hon. Pius Michaud

Liberal candidate for the riding of Restigouche-Madawaska, Quebec.