

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper

OVER 45,000 Readers Daily

Read by Everybody

Charlottetown Guardian, Three Cents
Morning Guardian Founded 1901, Evening 1887.

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1919

Annual Subscription, delivered \$4.00
By Mail, Canada, \$8.00, for U. S. A. \$5.00.

ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME TO U. S. VETERANS

New York Pays Honor to 26th Division Men Who Co-operated with Fourth British Army.

NEW YORK, Mar. 25.—Honored by congratulatory messages from King George and from the King of Belgium, the 26th U. S. Division that co-operated with the Fourth British Army last September, marched up flag-decked avenues today to the tumultuous acclaim of a million or more people.

Police officials who called out ten thousand reserves to aid in maintaining order said it was by far the largest crowd that had ever assembled to view a parade in this city, single windows from which several persons could see the procession brought as high as seventy five dollars.

Hun Innocence Or Audacity

THE HAGUE, March 25.—An entente officer who has just returned from the negotiations at Spa informed a correspondent that while at Spa a German officer of considerable rank and many decorations came to the hotel and asked an Allied officer whether he could receive a commission in the British army as a flying officer. The Germans continued the Allied officer, do not appear to understand what they have done and are ignorant of the attitude of the world toward them. Even English and American women who married Germans seem to have lived in entire ignorance of many of Germany's crimes.

British Officers Protect Car

BASEL, March 25.—Austrian newspapers received here say the British authorities provided a special train for the trip of former Emperor Charles to Switzerland. Col. Struts who was stationed at Ekharbau by the British Government to watch the treatment accorded Charles, and a number of other British military officers accompanied the former Emperor.

Housing Problem Acute in Halifax

HALIFAX, N.S., March 25.—The housing problem is acute in Halifax. Rents have been very much advanced, and are still going up, and houses are very difficult to obtain. In this connection the attorney general gave notice in the House that on a future day he would introduce a bill to provide for fair rents for dwelling houses, and to restrict the eviction of tenants.

Debt of Germany For Cash Seized in Belgium Is Ten Million Francs

BRUSSELS, March 25.—Germany's debt to Belgium for requisitions of cash made by the Germans and other money transactions alone aggregates 10,000,000,000 francs, of which 5,000,000,000 francs represent German marks circulating in Belgium after the armistice and taken up by the Belgian Banque Nationale and 2,000,000,000 francs, confiscated by the Germans from the Banque Nationale and the Society Generale during the occupation.

Horrors of Plague in Middle Ages in Petrograd Now.

STOCKHOLM March 25.—In addition to spotted fever and typhoid fever, Petrograd is being ravaged with small pox, according to advices through Helsingfors. All the hospitals are crowded and the mortality is increasing daily. The bodies of the dead are collected in big wooden cases and emptied in large graves, the cases then being returned to the hospitals and filled again, and the process repeated.

LOCAL PRIDE IS BEST COMPETITION STIMULUS

To be a winner in any meritorious project that you go into you have to be systematic. Have a system arranged for your guidance, and the results will be multiplied. This rule applies to your candidacy in The Guardian's Automobile and Piano Contest very aptly. First get a note-book and keep account of every subscription that has been promised you and the date it has been promised. Next write down the prospects you have of people who may be induced to help you, and don't forget your tradespeople.

DEPARTMENT LETTER HELPS
If your list of prospects is an extensive one it might be well to mail or have delivered to each of them one of the letters with which the Contest Department supplies you. This will prove a time-saver, as after they have read them, all it will be necessary for

you to do, is to call and secure the subscriptions, the letter having acquainted them with the details of the plan. Impress upon them how close the competition is liable to be in your district, how heartbreaking it would be if you were to lose one of the grand prizes by one subscription. Ask each how he would feel at the end of the contest he were to see that the subscription he refused to give you was the cause of your being deprived of one of the grand prizes, after all your efforts. Do not forget to tell him how much support you are receiving from everyone else in town whom you have seen, and how anxious they are to see you succeed. Isn't it a fact that if any one from your district is going to win he would rather it were a man or woman from his own district than someone from that town just a few miles away, which was determined on sending in a candidate? If he has any local pride in his home section now is the time to show it. Always keep in mind one fact that there is a possibility of your

losing one of the grand prizes by just a few hundred votes. Keep eternally at it, talking strong, earnest talks to each and every prospect you have listed, and success is yours.

GET SUBSCRIPTIONS ANYWHERE

Candidates in "The Guardian" great circulation campaign may secure subscriptions anywhere and everywhere and are not confined to the districts in which they may reside. Bear this in mind. If you live in one district and have friends in each of the others you are entitled to secure their subscriptions and receive the votes on them. Go about the task of getting your friends to subscribe regardless of where they live. Where ever the mail will carry The "Guardian" will it be sent.

If you are not supplied with subscription blanks, or other information pertaining to campaign, kindly advise this department and we will see that same is forwarded to your at once.

Princess Pat's Wedding Present

MONTREAL, Que., Mar. 25.—Lady Fitzpatrick has been advised that the amount collected in Canada for a wedding present to her Royal Highness Patricia was \$684,280. Of this the contributions in the province of Quebec amounted to \$254,988. Lady Borden cabled the Princess that this gift from the people of Canada would be invested in Victory Loan bonds which will be forwarded to her in the near future enclosed in a silver box.

A Serious Labor Situation in Vancouver

VANCOUVER, B. C., Mar. 25.—Declaring that a serious labor situation has arisen in this city, Mayor Gale today sent letters to Sir Thomas White acting Premier and to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries and the Minister of Public Works in this city, to furnish employment.

forces have selected for their appeal the most ignorant part of the population, to whom the prohibition amendment has been represented as a discrimination against them. This in itself, it is believed, is highly unpatriotic at such a critical time as the present. A continuation of the propaganda and the agitation would be an appeal to what is practically lawlessness.

The "no beer, no work" strike proposed for July 1 has absolutely collapsed. At a meeting in Newark on Sunday the State Federation of Labor and the Building Trades Council adopted a joint resolution disapproving of the contemplated demonstration, timed to take effect when the war-time prohibition law goes into effect. How far the brewers were responsible for the plan, it is difficult to determine, but it is common knowledge that it regarded it as a favorable move for their interest.

Had the so-called "red flag" bill been enacted by Congress anyone guilty of urging cessation of work could have been penalized heavily. It may be enacted when the Overman committee makes its report.

Labor Not Mised

To the good judgment of labor, it is believed, is due the failure of a plan which had all the earmarks of a conspiracy. This probably puts an end to an unwise scheme to throw industry into turmoil in retaliation for the enactment of a statute that was designed to promote the country's war activities.

AIRPLANE POSTAL SERVICE

(Special to the Guardian.)
CAIRO, March 25.—There were renewed attacks on communications here Sunday, together with some demonstrations throughout the city. Airplane postal service has been established between Alexandria and Suez and this city.

General Strike Said to be Threatened.

PARIS, 25.—Diplomatic advices received here today reported a crisis imminent in Siberia. Railway employees have struck demanding increased wages. The Government has applied military law, mobilizing the employees. A general strike is said to be threatened.

KOREA'S CLAIMS FOR INDEPENDENCE

SEOUL, Korea, March 25.—A declaration announcing Korea's independence has been published. It says that the country represents the voice of 20,000,000 persons, speaking in the name of justice and humanity. "We are no mean people," the declaration continues. "We have 43 centuries of history as a distinct self-governing nation. It is our solemn duty to secure the right of free and perpetual development of our own national character, adapting ourselves to the principles of the reconstruction of the world."

"It is nearly 10 years since for the first time in our history we put on the yoke of another nation, and were made the victim of the cursed militaristic imperialism of the world."

The declaration continues that it is the duty of Koreans to secure their independence, wipe out injuries, get rid of their present sufferings and "stir up the national spirit and vitality so long suppressed by the unjust regime of Japan, and leave our children eternal freedom, instead of a bitter and shameful inheritance. We shall fight to the last drop of blood in the great cause of liberty."

It is asserted that there is no intention on the part of the Koreans to avenge themselves against Japan; their only desire is to right the wrongs done not by the Japanese nation, but by the few of her statesmen who were led by the old aggressive policy. It adds that the actual result of annexation without the free consent of the people concerned was bitter and unreconcilable animosity and hostility is growing deeper between the Japanese and Koreans.

The two nations, the declaration continued, ought to and must enter into new relations of friendship and happiness. Moreover, it says with a view of maintaining peace in the Far East, the independence of Korea is of deep significance, for the continued occupation of Korea is liable to provoke more suspicion and fear against Japan in the minds of the 400,000,000 people in China.

"Could any international peace be expected without perfect harmony among the eastern nations?" says the document. "We believe the independence of Korea worthy of universal consideration and approval. We shall live to be free; we shall enjoy heaven-given happiness. Justice is with us. Righteousness is leading us. All citizens, male and female, young and old, have risen from the gloomy dungeon to push their way into freedom. Our forefathers inspire us and the world supports us."

Bolshevik Army Has Reached Brody

BERNE, Mar. 25.—The Bolshevik army which is on its way to Hungary has reached Brody, according to the latest news received here. Brody is a city in northeastern Galicia, about fifty miles east of Lemberg. During the first two years of the war Brody was frequently the scene of hard fighting between the Russians and Germans and Austrians.

ASPLANES TO SPEED 300 MILES AN HOUR

Paris, Feb. 23.—An airplane with a speed of from 200 to 300 miles an hour which will bring America within a short day's journey of Europe, is the prospect held out by the invention of a French engineer, Auguste Rateau, according to the Matin. The invention of M. Rateau was one of the surprises in store for the Germans which were about to be revealed when fighting ceased. At the present time without the invention the higher an airplane mounts the less power does its engine develop on account of the rarefying of the air. The loss at 15,000 feet, for instance, is 50 per cent.

M. Rateau's device, the paper says, is very simple. It consists of an arrangement by which the exhaust from the engine works a small turbine which compresses the air drawn into the engine to normal pressure so that the engine develops full power no matter what the altitude. As the resistance of an airplane decreases enormously at high altitudes, the Matin adds, it follows that the higher a machine is fitted with the new device mounts the greater will be its speed. This fact, it is declared, was demonstrated by the famous German long range gun.

It has been found that a heavy duty bombing machine whose speed at 15,000 feet ordinarily did not exceed 80 miles an hour, made 140 miles an hour when fitted with M. Rateau's invention.

GERMANY CAUGHT TIGHTLY IN VISE

(New York Herald, Editorial.)
Perhaps it is not a mere coincidence that the allied advance beyond the Rhine occurs at the same time that the military power in Germany is reported to be organizing for a restoration of the monarchy and Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, formerly foreign minister, boasts that the Germans will be in Paris by 1925.

We seem to have heard something like this before. Was it not in August, 1914, that the Kaiser invited his generals to dine with him in Paris on Christmas Day? But after the Germans in the following month had been hurled back from the Marne that the dinner began to grow cold. Last there was again talk of a fresh invitation, but Marshall Foch and General Pershing wrote "verboten" on the menu. Dr. von Kuehlmann is wise to set the event so far in advance that Paris will have plenty of time to prepare for the guests. Meanwhile the Germans are angrily

GERMAN AUSTRIA IN A TROUBLED STATE

PARIS, March 25.—The conditions in Hungary seem to have effected German Austria. Advices to the American peace Conference delegation from private agents in Vienna indicate the existence of a threatened state of affairs there. One of these agents who has just come from Vienna reports that even the date had been fixed for some time in April for the transformation of the existing government into a soviet government to co-operate or merge with the government of the

Hungarian soviet. The Russian soviet government according to the Matin has sent a message to Budapest asking the new government there to detain the members of the French military mission as prisoners. The Russian authorities, it was added, desired this action with a view to bringing about the exchange of this French mission for a soviet mission which the Russian soviet authorities allege had been held by the French authorities at Saloniki.

Election Imminent In Newfoundland

(Special to the Guardian)
St. JOHN'S, Nfld., March 25.—The legislative situation is such that it is expected that there will be a general election in Newfoundland next November. The legislature will meet on April 2 and under the present status will expire April 30. It is considered probable that a bill will be passed to extend the life of the legislative body for some time in order to take care of necessary business.

Heroes Arrive Home

The soldiers who arrived home on Monday night were Pte. Ambrose Watling of Charlottetown, Gunner J. M. Campbell of Elmira, Private A. M. Sample of Montague and Bombardier Lloyd Jenkins of Dundas. Private Watling has been absent from the island for nine or ten years. Before leaving Charlottetown was employed with Messrs. Moore and McLeod. He enlisted in Vancouver on the outbreak of the war and was about four years in France with the C. A. M. C.

Gunner J. M. Campbell fought 13 months in France in the 2nd Siege Battery. He was wounded by a shrapnel ball in the hip in the Somme battle in 1916. He was sent to the hospital but although the ball was not removed he recovered and went back to the firing line. Last August he was again sent back to the hospital where the shrapnel ball was taken from his hip.

Bombardier Jenkins fought 28 months in France with No. 2 Siege Battery. He received a gunshot wound in the left arm at the battle of Cambrai on October 1st. He saw service at the Somme, Vimy Ridge and Hill 70.

Private Sample was three years in France with No. 2 Tunnelling Company during which he saw a great deal of the heaviest work of the campaign.

THE LABOR SITUATION

LONDON, Mar. 25.—The labor situation was said by both government and union representatives to be more hopeful today. Conferences are continuing.

protesting against the allied advance and threatening that they will never accept the peace treaty as proposed. "What is German will remain German," declares Herr Erzberger referring to Poland's aspirations for an outlet to the sea. The allies have answered this through the peace commission, awarding the Poles a corridor to the Baltic with Danzig, all of West Prussia, part of Pomerania, Posen and a slice of Silesia.

Germany as a matter of fact, will have to accept whatever peace terms the Allies impose. She has lost her navy and her air equipment and her army is broken and scattered and is to be reduced to a police force of 100,000 men. Any resistance would simply mean the slaughter of so many more Germans. She is powerless held in a vise between the French, British and Americans on the west and the Poles on the east. If she "kicks" the Allies have only to turn the screws. But she will submit, although she may not have the sense to do it gracefully.

British Capital For British Needs

(Special to the Guardian.)
LONDON, March 25.—Relying to a question in the House of Commons today right Hon. Austin Chamberlain, chancellor of the Exchequer, stated that after careful consideration of representations made to him, regarding the defence of the realm regulations providing for treasury control of capital, and after consulting members of the House interested in the question and his advisors, he had concluded that in view of the general movement toward the removal of restrictions upon trade and industry he was no longer justified in maintaining Government control over the distribution of capital for domestic purposes. An amending regulation was accordingly being prepared exempting from the requirements of the treasury license all issues by companies established in the United Kingdom where the issuing company certifies upon its prospectus that no part of the proceedings of issue would be applied for capital purposes outside the United Kingdom.

S. A. to Deport All Aliens

(Special to the Guardian)
CAPE TOWN, March 25.—The assembly has given a first reading to a bill empowering the Government to repatriate enemy subjects and naturalized British subjects of enemy origin who express a wish to that effect and to deport those of both classes who are deemed by a specially constituted board to be "a danger to the peace and welfare of the state."

PRESIDENT MASARYK HAS RESIGNED

(Special to the Guardian.)
COPENHAGEN, March 25.—A Czechoslovak army has been sent against Hungary, according to an official report received in Vienna and forwarded here. Prof. T. G. Masaryk, the President of Czechoslovakia, has resigned, according to a report received here from Berlin.

POSTAL AIRPLANE TURNS TURTLE

PARIS, Mar. 25.—One of the two airplanes which inaugurated the postal service yesterday between Paris and Bordeaux capsized over Libourne, about twenty-two miles northeast of Bordeaux, because of engine trouble. The pilot and his passenger, M. Caudelle, an editor of the Havas News Agency, were severely injured and taken to a military hospital.

MARINE OFFICER CHARGED WITH FALSEHOOD

LONDON, Mar. 25.—The court martial in the case of Captain Edmund G. Chamberlain, of San Antonio, Texas, an officer of the United States Marine Corps, the story of whose exploits in bringing down a number of German machines in an air battle, while he was on a visit to the British front last July, which have been under investigation for some time, was begun at American navy headquarters this morning. Captain Chamberlain was formally charged with "scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals," and with "falsehood." Captain Chamberlain pleaded not guilty to the charges and specifications in each case.