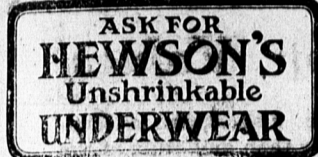


HER SKIN SEEMED ON FIRE Every Other Treatment Failed But "Fruit-a-tives" Cures

GRANDE LIGNE, QUE., Jan. 2nd, 1910. My wife was greatly distressed for three years with chronic Eczema on the hands, and the disease was so severe that it almost prevented her from using her hands. The doctor gave her several ointments to use, but none of them did any good. He also advised her to wear rubber gloves and she wore out three pairs without getting any benefit. As a last resort, I persuaded her to try "Fruit-a-tives", and the effect was marvellous. Not only did "Fruit-a-tives" entirely cure the Eczema, but the Asthma, which she suffered from, was also completely cured. We both attribute our present good health to "Fruit-a-tives". N. JOUBERT. "Fruit-a-tives" will always cure Eczema or Salt Rheum because "Fruit-a-tives" purifies the blood, corrects the indigestion and Constipation, and tones up the Nervous System. "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made of fruit juices and valuable tonics, and is the greatest of all blood-purifying remedies. 50c. a box—6 for \$2.50—or trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



ASK FOR NEWSON'S Unshrinkable UNDERWEAR

STOCK NOTES The celebrated trotting Stallion Eastland will be sold by auction on the Exhibition grounds in Summerside on Sept. 23. See ad in this issue.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

See new ad in this issue of Hazzard's Ice Cream, Imperial and McCahill's Planet flour, etc 9-20111

All N. C. O. S., and men of 7 & 8 Batteries meet at drill shed to-night at 7.30 important business. Petawawa contingent specially.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Central Christian Church will give a social in the Y. M. C. A. hall Friday, Sept. 22, at 8 p. m. Interesting programme, refreshments, ice cream and candy. Admission 10c. All invited. 9-20d3i.

POLITICAL MEETING

(Continued from Page 1.)

speaker, predicted very favorable returns from Fort Augustus and Brackley Point on the 21st, as well as the other country districts. He felt confident that the electors would largely increase the majority obtained by Messrs Warburton and Prowse in 1908, and dealt with what these gentlemen had done for their constituency and for the Province during the time they represented Queens in Parliament. He spoke of the attempt to secure annexation, of the disloyalty cry, and dealt with the Conservative policy. At the close he received hearty applause. At 9.20 Hon. A. B. Warburton arose amid applause. He spoke at once on the subject of reciprocity and said this election having only one issue, was a different one to those preceding it. The question of reciprocity interested town and country and it, if enforced, will advance the prosperity of the whole Dominion. Increased and steady markets will ensue, and a more prosperous Charlottetown will follow as the city depends on the country and the country will naturally benefit by reciprocity. He spoke of the New Plant Line steamer and said another large company was planning to operate another line of steamers to convey the increased freight business reciprocity will bring. F. E. I. was not more than half cultivated and with larger markets product will increase. Up to Jan. 26 last the Conservatives and Liberals alike were anxious for reciprocity but because the Liberals brought down the pact the Conservatives availed themselves of their principle and fought against it. Reciprocity will enable Charlottetown merchants to do more business and it also appeals particularly to wage earners. Referring to transportation he spoke of the tunnel estimate and said if shown to be practicable the tunnel will be built and present difficulties will be removed. He asked his hearers to put their shoulders to the wheel on Thursday and said he had no fear of Queen's County; from end to end the farmers were favorable to it and conservative farmers had in numbers avowed their intention to support it. He had contested in seven elections and he said he had not seen such bright prospects in any campaign. He rejoiced in the favorable reports received from Charlottetown. He closed with a reference to the Borden-Brunton-Monk Alliance and referred to it as an infamous and treasonable league and urged the loyalty of P. E. Island people which would not tolerate a treasonable league of disloyal politicians. Such incipient disloyalty should be stamped out by a hot on election day. He closed amid hearty applause. F. J. Nash was called and at 9.35 began an address in which he particularly appealed to the women. He quoted figures to show that while the cost of living had increased 33 1-2 per cent in the past ten years the ratio of wages increase was greater and claimed even better conditions to come with reciprocity. The prosperity of the farmer, he said, would increase and with this the city would rapidly progress. After dealing with the milling industries he referred to an "unholy trinity" of separatists which stands only for the domination of Quebec. He resumed his seat amid applause. Ex. Govr. McKinnon was the next speaker and dealt with the reciprocal trade regulations proposed between Canada and the United States.

CHARLOTTETOWN AND QUEEN'S COUNTY

It pays to buy in this Province. Miss Passmore, city, left yesterday morning on a visit to Portsmouth, Me.

Mrs. (Lieut Govr.) Rogers, City, was among the passengers arriving in this city on the Northumberland last evening.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING

The annual convention of the Provincial Teachers' Association will be held in the Prince of Wales College Hall on the 27th, 28th, and 29th inst. Among those who take part in the Convention will be Eon. Payton Smith, State Superintendent of Public Schools for Maine, U. S. A.

At the Conservative meeting in the Opera House S. W. Crabbe presided. The hall was by no means crowded when he called the meeting to order at 8.15 o'clock, but filled up after the speaking began. He spoke of the desire for a joint meeting which for some reason had been avoided by the Liberals. They had talked reciprocity as a good thing for the farmers and did not want to be reminded of those arguments in the city. (Cheers.) He criticized the late members for their inaction at Ottawa and their favor for their relations. Reviewing the federal situation he found Conservatives everywhere were confident while Sir Wilfrid was being voted for the last time. He predicted a solid four from Prince Edward Island to support Mr. Borden. (Cheers.)

At 8.25 Mr. McLean was called to speak and was very cordially received. He spoke of the arduous campaign and of the issues of the contest. He regarded transportation as a more important issue than reciprocity, which Sir Wilfrid and his candidates avoided. (Cheers.) The Liberals spoke of the unholy alliance between Borden and Bourassa. It did not exist but there is an unholy alliance between Taft and Laurier. (Cheers.) He asked what the Government, or Warburton and Prowse had done for the Province, or for Charlottetown. Pictou got the boat patronage and "Brother Ben" got the Senatorship. The boats were lined with Pictou men and supplied from Pictou stores. He had found all the Conservative farmers opposed to the pact and few Liberals who in their hearts favored it. If a little more time were given the Government would have no chance. (Cheers.) Taft says reciprocity is good for the States and they must have it because Canada is at the parting of the ways and the tie that binds her to Britain is slight. They had promised a survey of the Tunnel, but left it till the dying days of the session and then got a vote of \$35,000. It would not pay for a screw. They put up a bluff on the Stanley Railway, got a few thousands voted for a road that would cost millions. They called tenders for 2 1/2 miles, far back from the Island Railway.

He believed there was 50 city Liberals, men of leading who would vote against reciprocity and to sweep Laurier from power. He believed he and his colleague would get five eighths of the votes polled in the city, and cited Mr. Borden's confidence of carrying the country. Mr. Nicholson was received very heartily when introduced at 8.45 o'clock. At the start of the campaign he and Mr. McLean were met by the Liberal candidates whose sole argument was big prices for the farmers. Mr. Prowse said he was a farmer's son and wanted to check the manufacturers. Here they tell a different story and tell that it will benefit the city people. How could it give the farmer better prices and the city man lower prices? He contended the farmers' home market was the best market. The Americans had turned us down in the past and now were not seeking our good but their own. (Cheers.) He strongly arraigned the late members for their neglect of transportation. They had done nothing, made no representations, uttered no protest. When McLean and Mackin were at Ottawa it was different. Even Mr. Brodeur when here at a public banquet gave them credit for their vigorous efforts. (Cheers.) The members supporting the Government had done nothing except for themselves. (That's so! and cheers.) Proceeding

to the subject of reciprocity, he said that the Americans once before agreed to let our fish in free, and then they taxed the cans! (Cheers.) We want no agreement with men of such sharp practices. Let them mind their own business and we will attend to ours. He asked who could trust men whose promises were no more reliable than Laurier's promise of the Tunnel. He reminded of their words, he and Mr. Fielding came here and refused to say a word about it or our transportation. (Cheers.) He spoke of the vast sums expended or proposed to be spent—at least four hundred millions—while they would not spare a few millions to carry out their compact with P. E. Island. After some further criticism of the late members he closed with confident predictions of a Conservative victory on the 21st. He was heartily cheered. Editor McIsaac followed at 9.25 o'clock. He made a strong speech from

CHARLOTTETOWN AND QUEEN'S COUNTY

Miss Olive Ritchie, city, left yesterday on a visit to Boston. A meeting of the members of St. Joseph's Sodality will be held this evening in their hall at 7.30.

The political meeting held at Orwell Cove Monday night, was well attended and all the speakers received a most attentive hearing. L. R. Ings presided. The speakers in order named were:—W. E. Bentley, D. A. McKinnon, A. Nicholson, Reuben McDonald, L. P. Tanton and D. Edgar Shaw. There was no time limit, each man spoke as long as he liked.

The following were registered at the Queen Hotel in this city yesterday:—N. F. Minslage and wife, Boston, Chas. F. Fitz, Waltham; E. D. R. Morrell, Worcester; J. S. Perry, Summerside; C. Leonard Wood, Mt. H. August 35 guests; J. H. Nelson, A. Nelson and wife, Halifax; T. C. Eveleth and wife, Marblehead, Mass.; J. H. LaBlanc, Fitchburg, Mass.; Capt. D. A. McDonald, Malpaque.

Those registered at the Hotel Victoria in this city yesterday were:—John M. McKenzie, E. E. Verrie and wife, Brooklyn; A. J. McQuillan, New Port; Geo. H. Taylor, Brantford; O. R. Patiquen, Norton, N. B.; G. S. Whiston, Halifax; P. Hodson, Pictou; Geo. J. McQuarrie, St. John; L. S. Jackson, Toronto; W. L. Cole, Montreal; J. R. and Mrs. McLeod, Toronto; E. W. McTear, R. S. Keist, Toronto; R. C. Fraser, Jas. Ellsworth, Montreal; McIsaac, Woodstock; I. S. McCormack, Boston. The following registered the previous evening: A. G. Walsh, J. Raphael, J. J. Duggan, P. S. Harmon, L. C. Captin, D. Bain, Montreal; Thom. Cook and wife, New Glasgow; G. R. McLeod, Toronto; A. G. Francis, London; H. H. McMillan, Chicago; W. A. McLaren, Moncton; C. O. McGuire, Guysboro; A. C. Rogers, S. Side; F. C. Young and wife, Concord, N. H.

At 9 o'clock when W. S. Stewart, K. C., was introduced. He was warmly received and called forth hearty cheers by a confident prediction of victory for the Conservative party throughout Canada this issue is now before the country not because the people of Canada want it but because Taft wanted it. Laurier grasped at it because he needed a cloak for the sins of his government. It has been extravagant and corrupt. His useless naval policy would cost untold millions. He asked the electors would they lend themselves to play Taft's game and cover up the sins of a dying government? (Cheers.)

Canada now prosperous had seen dark days of toil and struggle. Now that we are prospering the Americans, who had exhausted their forests and fisheries want to get our products to supply their wants and employ their people. We have more than half of North America. We should be proud of our country. We did not need this bargain. Laurier had first tried to get unrestricted reciprocity twenty years ago. That is what the Americans want now, and if they can get us to accept this pact they will not rest till they get us more fully in their power. (Cheers.) He proceeded to speak of some matters growing out of a previous meeting and the Patriot's comments therein. The Americans once before agreed to let our fish in free, and then they taxed the cans! (Cheers.) We want no agreement with men of such sharp practices. Let them mind their own business and we will attend to ours. He asked who could trust men whose promises were no more reliable than Laurier's promise of the Tunnel. He reminded of their words, he and Mr. Fielding came here and refused to say a word about it or our transportation. (Cheers.) He spoke of the vast sums expended or proposed to be spent—at least four hundred millions—while they would not spare a few millions to carry out their compact with P. E. Island. After some further criticism of the late members he closed with confident predictions of a Conservative victory on the 21st. He was heartily cheered. Editor McIsaac followed at 9.25 o'clock. He made a strong speech from

to the subject of reciprocity, he said that the Americans once before agreed to let our fish in free, and then they taxed the cans! (Cheers.) We want no agreement with men of such sharp practices. Let them mind their own business and we will attend to ours. He asked who could trust men whose promises were no more reliable than Laurier's promise of the Tunnel. He reminded of their words, he and Mr. Fielding came here and refused to say a word about it or our transportation. (Cheers.) He spoke of the vast sums expended or proposed to be spent—at least four hundred millions—while they would not spare a few millions to carry out their compact with P. E. Island. After some further criticism of the late members he closed with confident predictions of a Conservative victory on the 21st. He was heartily cheered. Editor McIsaac followed at 9.25 o'clock. He made a strong speech from

Personal Power

Is the essence of success

If something seems to hamper your efforts, suppose you look for the cause.

One common, but often unsuspected handicap, is coffee. It contains caffeine—a drug—which dulls the brain, hurts the nerves, and interferes with digestion.

To know for a certainty how coffee treats you.

Quit it

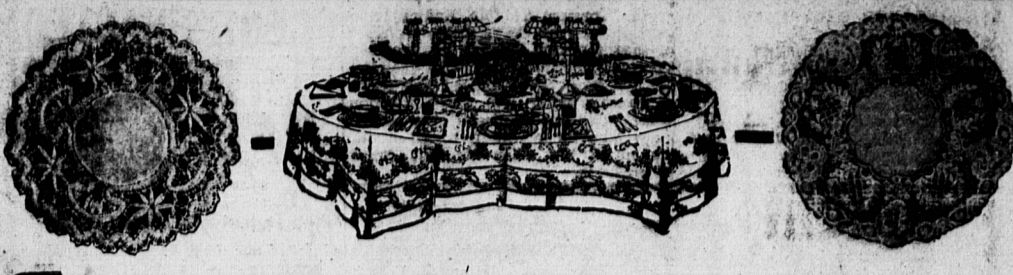
And try well-made

POSTUM

If the change brings clearer brain, steadier nerves and better digestion, you have solved the problem.

Then with returning health comes increased "personal power" which may be turned into dollars and comfort.

"There's a Reason" Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.



Swell Gift Linens Of Many Sorts

Some of the swellest fancy linens you ever saw, are on sale at our linen dept.

For Gifts these are particularly appropriate and certain to please.

Guipure Sets Drawn Work Sets Dainty lace edge We can supply various handsome patterns in sets, centers tray-centers and doyleys—beautiful designs all sizes in each pattern. An immense variety and a large range of prices. Prices run from 25c to 3.25 each.

Embroidered cushion slips, cosy covers, laundry bags, elegant embroidered linen bedspreads, fancy linen towels, damask bordered linen cloths with napkins to match in rich designs, etc, etc.

We invite Inspection.

Beer @ Weeks FURNITURE HEADQUARTERS

Stand By Borden

The Bulwark of Canadian-British Connection. and the Defender of our Canadian Prosperity

Vote for McLEAN and NICHOLSON for Queen's County

DR. P. C. MURPHY for Prince and A. L. FRASER, Esq for Kings

The Popular Champions Of Our People's Rights They Stand for Honest Government

9-19dri.

FOR VALUE RECEIVED. Liveryman (to rider)—Here, what's this. Half a dollar? Why you've been out two hours. Rider—So I may have, but I've only been on the brute's back about ten minutes.—Fliegende Blatter. We remake mattresses. Beer @ Weeks. 8-28drtf. THE FIRST POLICE DOGS IN ENGLAND Striving testimony to the value of dogs as assistants to policemen on night duty is afforded by the success which has attended the founding at Hull about three years ago, of the first police dogs kennels in Great Britain. The kennels were established by the Northern Eastern Railway Police, owing to policemen being attacked whilst on night duty on the lonely docksides, and to the large number of thefts which took place. Inspector Dobson, who enjoys the distinction of being the first police officer in the country to be entrusted with the employment of dog detectives, on the instruction of the North-Eastern Railway Company, visited Belgium, and saw the methods which the Continental police employ in the training of police dogs there, and found that at Ghent and other places a breed called the Flemish sheep-dog is used as assistants to the police. It was considered, however, that the Alredale terrier of this country would be quite as well fitted for the work as the Continental breed, and a number of young Alredales were got together, and training was commenced. The dogs were all trained separately, and the methods employed are most elaborate. The great point, around which the whole of the training revolves, is that the dogs must be given to understand that any person who is dressed in other than police uniform is an enemy; and to keep this well presented in the mind of the dog detective, no person is allowed to enter the kennels dressed in plain clothes.—Belfast paper.