

The Best Clothes Values In Town

YOU will agree with us when you see these Uncalled-for Suits and Overcoats we are offering during our Sale. We have called in every garment that remained Uncalled-for at our 40 Quality Tailor shops and have placed the entire lot on sale at one-low - money - saving, Friend-making - Price.

The patterns and colors are most attractive, styles to suit all men and sizes for everybody. Values that run as high as \$45—the clothes are such as to surely satisfy everybody—investigate for this is really an usually good offer.

Uncalled-For Suits & O'coats

Your Choice
\$14
One Price ONLY

All Blue Serge Suits
Up to Values \$45 Included.

ODD COATS Your \$5.95 Choice	ODD VESTS Your \$1.50 Choice	ODD PANTS Your \$3.95 Choice
---------------------------------------	---------------------------------------	---------------------------------------

These Prices are Less than the Cost of Material alone

English & Scotch Woollen Co.

Charlottetown, P. E. I.
158 Richmond St.

Out-of-Town Men (You will save many dollars by attending Our Uncalled-For Suit and Overcoat Sale)

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

Mr. Charles Dalton, President. J. H. Burnett, Editor and Publisher. E. K. Currie, Associate Editor.

Printing Daily (founded 1867) \$6.00 per year (delivered) in advance 5.00 per year (mailed) in advance in Canada, and \$4.00 to U. S. A.

TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1921

REV. DR. FULLERTON.

It is with sincere sorrow and a distinct sense of loss that we today announce the death of the Reverend Dr. Fullerton which occurred, not wholly unexpectedly, at his home here yesterday morning. For the past twenty-nine years Dr. Fullerton has been an outstanding figure not only as the beloved and revered pastor of St. James' congregation but as a man among men in the religious and public life of the city and province.

As a pastor he early won and held to the end the love of his people not only through his pulpit ministrations but by his wise and kindly guidance. To the poor and especially to the sorrowing he was ever a faithful and trusted friend and counsellor. And his ministrations to the needy were not confined to his own people. Sorrow and want and trouble, wherever encountered looked to him and found in him a helper and a friend and nowhere will he be more sorely missed than among the poor and the unfortunate of the city. In every charitable organization, in the Children's Aid Society, in every effort for real moral reform he was a leading and guiding spirit and much of the reform and advance in the care of the less fortunate children of the city is due to his initiative and his untiring efforts in their behalf.

Possessed of a more than ordinary gift of eloquence a well trained and scholarly mind, his assistance was sought and willingly given in every cause that had for its aim the betterment of the community, the country or the Empire. During the South African war he strongly, eloquently and fearlessly advocated Canada's participation in the struggle and he was one of the first to volunteer for that service. He was accepted and served till the end of the war as Chaplain to one of the Canadian regiments. When the great war broke out in 1914 he again offered his services in any capacity, but the offer was declined owing to his age. He however rendered valiant service in his home province and to his eloquent and patriotic appeals throughout the country in connection with the Patriotic Society is largely due the splendid response in men and means given by our

province in the cause of humanity and freedom. To the men who enlisted for overseas service he was a steadfast friend both during their absence from home and after their return and many of the ameliorations they received were due to his intercession on their behalf.

Although in a sense laid aside from active duty for several months past, it may truly be said of him that he died in harness. With the willing consent of his congregation he directed the affairs of his church almost to the day of his death.

The passing of the Reverend Dr. Fullerton is a distinct loss not only to the province and to the congregation of St. James' but to the Presbyterian Church in Canada of which he was one of the ablest and best known ministers.

GREEN SUMMER FODDER.

While very properly depending upon summer pasturage as the most effective and most profitable feed for dairy cattle few of our best farmers depend solely upon it. They supplement it with a few acres of green feed such as oats and peas, oats and vetches or other rapidly growing fodder which may be fed as it grows or, if not so needed, cured later on in the summer as hay.

In even the most favorable summers there are weeks during the heat of summer when the best of pastures become sunburned and uninviting even to hungry cattle. The milk supply falls short, the cattle lose flesh and can only be restored to normal conditions by extra feed in the fall. It is at this time that the green fodder patch proves itself the friend of the dairyman and of the cattle. A few square yards of it will give more food than acres of sunburned pasture and the cattle will thrive upon it. Those who have tested this method of summer feeding would not go without it on any account. They declare it one of the most profitable crops on the farm and more dependable than any amount of pasture.

Sow at least an acre of oats and vetches or oats and peas, more if you can but at least an acre. It will give more food when it is most needed, and will add more to the milk returns than ten acres of ordinary pasture.

Current Comment

We referred a few days ago to the revellings in the garbage heaps so favourite an occupation for present day idle Liberalism, and now another old stogie butt which they raked out of the waste barrel is engaged the attention of their "men of weight." Our provincial Liberals may be a little clumsy in their methods of fabrication, for when they want to tell an untruth about their opponents they go right at it, and take the chances of exposure reaching all of those whom they deceived. This was in instance when Premier Bell declared that the Commissioner of Public Works of the Arsenault Government had expended \$505,000 in eight months, while the Public Account, published by himself, showed only about \$300,000 spent during the whole twelve months; by both governments. But on the mainland they have a craftier type of Liberalism than ours, and when they launch an untruth, to influence a pending election, they provide beforehand some loopholes in phraseology out of which they can escape when they are driven to cover. This occurred not long ago in the case of one Hon. Peter John Veniot, holding a portfolio in the N. B. Government.

In his most discouraging political tour through York-Sunbury, in the interests of his former candidate, the Hon. Mr. Crerar heard some floating rumors to the effect that Premier Melighan had invited Mr. Veniot to a seat in his Cabinet. One feature, not strange to political tricksters, about this invitation is that it was alleged to have been made some four months

ago, but never came to light until the bye-election campaign was in progress. Of course, it would never do to allow the Hon. Peter's dream do its intended dirty work, and when the Hon. Mr. Crerar brought the matter up in Parliament, Premier Melighan at once gave it an absolute and categorical denial. Now this flat and emphatic denial was a sharp setback to the New Brunswick Minister, and the election was not over yet so that the influence that his little story was expected to exert upon the voters, was likely to be seriously nullified, and something must be done to save the situation and his own skin. It would never do at this stage to take back his words, and confess his political ruse, so he resorts to the bluff game.

To the Liberal, bluff is a most popular expedient. Our people on the Island know this by extensive experience and the Hon. Peter takes a hand at it. He expresses surprise that Premier Melighan when speaking in the House of Commons, should have "left the impression" that he "knew absolutely nothing about such overtures being made." But the Premier was not dealing in "impressions"; it is not his method of meeting scandal-mongers and falsifiers. He spoke right out from the shoulder in flat and absolute denial of the statement in toto, of "ever having made or been a party to or had any knowledge of any overtures to Mr. Veniot." Now this Hon. Mr. Veniot further declared

(Continued on Page Five.)

Charlottetown 150 Years Ago

BY HENRY SMITH

(Continued)

In this early period, just as the machinery of the Government was being set in operation, and the Supreme Court established, the Island of St. John, and especially Charlottetown the seat of Government, seems to have fallen under evil ways. Two large schooners belonging to Beverly in New England arrived in Charlottetown harbor and their crews came on shore and plundered the houses of the inhabitants. The following correspondence between Phillips Callbeck, administrator of the Government and Lord Dartmouth will give some idea of the extent of these outrages.

"On the 17th of November last, two Privateer Schooners belonging to Beverly in New England, one of them armed with six six-pounders and the other with four six-pounders and each with a number of swivels and seventy-five men, arrived in Charlottetown, the capital of His Majesty's Island of St. John, where I resided. They immediately made preparations to fire on the town at the same time their Commanders with armed parties landed In order to preserve the town from being burned I determined to face them singly. Upon their landing they made me a prisoner and instantly conveyed me on board one of the Privateers, after which, they proceeded to commit the most wanton and flagrant outrages on Governor Patterson's and my house. I may say they possessed themselves of the whole of my property to the amount of upwards of two thousand pounds sterling, and then they sailed with me and Mr. Wright, one of the Council and Surveyor-General, whom they also made prisoner. Not satisfied with their depredations on the whole of my property, they sought Mrs. Callbeck for the purpose, to use their own words of cutting her throat, because she was a daughter of a Mr. Coffin at Boston, who is remarkable for his attachment to Government. Fortunately she was at my farm four miles distant, else it is likely her treatment would have been equal to their savage declarations. It is true she escaped but those brutal violators of domestic felicity have left her without a candle to burn, a single glass of wine, or a sufficiency of provisions of the bread kind, most of the furniture

of her house taken away, and for what I know all her clothes. They certainly have taken away all her best things together with her rings, bracelets, etc., none of which have been restored."

After a passage of fourteen days Mr. Callbeck and Mr. Wright arrived in Cambridge, Massachusetts and were taken before President Washington, who, after hearing the story of the treatment they had received, gave them their freedom with the remark that their captors had done the things they should not have done and left undone those things that they should have done.

Phillips Callbeck died on the 28th of February, 1790 and at the session of the Legislature in March of the same year the House of Assembly granted a sum sufficient to erect a monument to his memory. Messrs Cambridge and Bowrey, two members of the Legislature were appointed to have it executed in London, the device or model to be left to the decision of the artist, and the inscription to be as follows: "Sacred to the memory of Phillips Callbeck, Esquire, His Majesty's Attorney-General, Lieutenant-Colonel of Militia and late Speaker of the Honourable House of Assembly of this Province, by whose order this Monument is erected as a testimony of their esteem, and a grateful tribute to a General Benefactor of this Island, who departed this life the twenty-eighth day of February, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ninety, Aged 46 years."

For some reason this Monument



Modern milling of the world's best wheat, naturally produces the world's best flour.
Ask your grocer for the best and he will sell you
PURITY FLOUR
"More Bread and Better Bread"

was never erected, but a small white stone about two feet high with the inscription "P. C. 1790" was put at the head of the grave to mark the spot. This stone still stands in the burial ground on Elm Avenue, Charlottetown where it was placed one hundred and twenty-five years ago, but without this information few today could decipher its meaning, or know it marks the last resting place of one of the greatest public men of the Island of St. John.

To Be Continued

Anglican Clergy to Get \$1,500 Minimum

HALIFAX, N. S., May 18.—That the minimum salary paid to any priest of the Church of England in Nova Scotia should be \$1,500 per annum, was recommended by the Nova Scotian Synod in session here today. A clause originally contained in the recommendation, which would have made five years service in the Church a necessary qualification for a priest who should come "under this ruling," was struck out when the matter came before the synod as a whole.

See The New Gray Dort

The new model Gray Dort car is in a class by itself—it has all the good qualities of the previous models with the beautiful lines and roomy seating arrangements of cars costing double the price.

The best part of it is—
The new GRAY DORT is as good as it looks.
Study the specifications—they mean something

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine—Four cylinders cast en bloc. Cylinder head is removable to permit the removal of carbon and regrinding of the valves when necessary.

Bore—3½ inches, stroke 5 inches. Valves—Located on right side, and specially designed to prevent warping.

Pistons—Very light, cast iron, with three rings and special arrangement for preventing smoking.

Wrist Pins—Liberal in size, hardened and ground.

Connecting Rods—Drop forged steel, double heat treated, the lower end bushed with a special die cast bearing metal, the upper end with phosphor-bronze. Shims are provided for adjustment of lower bearings.

Crankshaft—Heavy forging of 40 carbon steel, double heat treated, carefully balanced and all wearing surfaces ground. Upper half of crankcase is cast iron, and carries the crankshaft bearings by removable caps provided with shims for adjustment. Oil pan is a steel stamping, easily removable.

Cooling—Thermo-syphon with extra liberal water jackets and cellular type radiator, and a four-blade fan driven by one-inch belt. Lubrication—Plunger pump feeding oil troughs. Connecting rod dippers splash oil from constant level troughs to all parts of engine. Oil gauge on instrument board.

Carburetor—Carter improved side outlet, easy starting, and unusual ly economical.

Ignition—Connecticut battery system. Switch combined with that controlling lights, is carried on instrument board.

Starter—Equipped with Bendix drive geared to fly-wheel. Storage battery.

Lighting—Gear driven generator. Am-meter with switches on cowl instrument board.

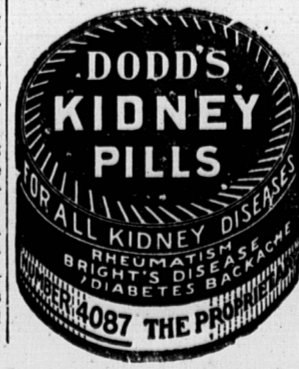
Clutch—Leather face cone with means for insuring easy engagement.

Transmission—Selective, three speeds forward, one reverse, in unit with motor.

Call at our SHOW ROOMS or phone and we will call.
R. E. WHITE,

Distributor for P. E. I.

MacNutt & White Ltd., Charlottetown, . .
DEALERS—Wright & Manson, Summerside
E. A. MacRae, Alberton
N. J. Nicholson, Montague



**DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS**
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
BACKACHE
4087 THE PROPHET