

ALL THE ADS WORTH PRINTING THE PEOPLE'S PAPER

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

ALL THE NEWS WORTH READING READ BY EVERYBODY

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TORONTO STRIKE DECLARED OFF

SUDDEN COLLAPSE OF STRIKE WAS SURPRISE TO ULTRA RADICALS

CALLLED OFF BY METAL TRADES

Practically All The Strikers Have Returned to Work

(Special to The Guardian.) TORONTO, June 4.—With an abruptness which was evidently a surprise to the ultra-radicals, the attempt to engineer a general strike and tie up the city's industries, came to a close yesterday forenoon and all that is left of the general strike is a number of fragments. These fragments, represented chiefly by the metal trades and the carpenters, are now carrying on separate strikes of their own while the bulk of the other strikers have gone back to work or will be back at their posts today. The sudden move which broke up the general strike came from the metal trades council in the form of an announcement during the forenoon from President R. C. Brown stating that the general strike was off and asking all those who had gone out in sympathy to return to their work.

ALLIES CONSIDERING COUNTER PROPOSALS

GERMANY'S ECONOMIC DIFFICULTIES MAY NECESSITATE CONCESSIONS

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—The economic difficulties of Germany as exposed in the counter proposals to the peace treaty are being seriously considered by the inter-allied leaders. Acceptance of the German counter offer of one hundred billion marks indemnity and a change in the provisions regarding Silesia, to give the German certificate of receiving the necessary amounts of coal for East German industries, are according to reports in well informed quarters the most probable of any changes in the treaty should any concessions to the German plans be made.

Those favoring acceptance of the German offer are found in the British and American camps, while the French representatives are inclined to stand firmly upon the original proposal of the total reparation fixed by the economic commission and the collection of as much of it as is possible to collect in the course of subsequent years by the commission.

THE BOLSHEVIKI REGIME NEAR AN END

PARIS, June 3.—Despatches received here through Basle, Switzerland, say the Bolshhevik regime in Hungary is nearing an end.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

WANTED AT ONCE, NURSE GIRL Apply 80 School Street. 31.

FOR SALE AT ONCE A FORD CAR. Practically new. See display ad in this issue. 129-5-5Mtf.

WANTED SEVERAL GOOD CARPENTERS. Apply to Chas. E. Carson, 198 Queen Street. 6114-6-5Mtf.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO washing. Apply at this office. 6003-5-30Mtf.

WANTED—COOK AND DINING room girl. Apply Revere Hotel. 5932-5-27Mtf.

LOST ON TUESDAY EVENING Between Water and Hillsborough Sts., a pearl pin, crescent shape. Finder please return to Guardian Office. 6117-6-5Mtf.

WANTED AT ONCE—HOUSE TO rent for family of two centrally located and with all modern conveniences. Apply "D" c/o Guardian.

FOR SALE A FIRST CLASS GROCERY business with all modern fixtures including McCloskey Account Register and Cash Register. For information write "J" care Guardian Office. 5887-5-22Mtf.

STRAYED FROM MY PREMISES April 30th large Milch cow, color white with black markings. Any information as to her whereabouts will be thankfully received by E. L. Coffin, Bristol. 6104-6-521pd.

LABOUR COMPLAINTS IN ST. JOHN, N.B.

FOREIGNERS BEING EMPLOYED TO EXCLUSION OF CITIZENS AND SOLDIERS

(Special to The Guardian.)

ST. JOHN, N. B., June 4.—Allegations that work on contracts at the Courtenay Bay docks was being done by foreigners in receipt of twenty five cents an hour, that no citizen of this port or returned soldiers need apply for work, that eleven or twelve hours daily were worked, and that laborers had drivers over them, were made by the local trades and labor council before the industrial relations commission at a meeting in the Board of Trade rooms this afternoon. The Council presented its claims in a report on the causes of labor unrest in St. John read by its secretary John K. Melvin.

Clemenceau Opposes Revision of Treaty

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—The atmosphere in peace conference circles was full of speculation as to possible modifications in several clauses of the treaty with Germany, but nothing tangible is expected to develop until the outcome of the joint meetings of Allied experts becomes known. It is expected that some of these meetings will be held tomorrow. At the meeting of the Council of Four yesterday afternoon President Wilson made another effort to bring about an agreement as to the principle of the reply to the German counter proposals but the meeting ended without an agreement. It is understood that Premier Clemenceau maintains a firm attitude against any revision of the treaty.

Reform in Ireland Now Promised

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 4.—The Daily News said today it had learned on the most reliable authority that President Wilson had obtained a definite understanding from Premier Lloyd George that a wide measure of reform will be undertaken in Ireland immediately.

Germans Crossed Polish Boundary

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—Premier Paderewski of Poland today received a telegram saying that the Germans crossed the Polish boundary from Lyck to Rignod at 3 o'clock last Saturday afternoon. The message added that the Poles were resisting the Germans successfully and indicated that the number of Germans who crossed into Poland was comparatively small.

Germany Returns To Military Salute

(Special to The Guardian.)

BERLIN, June 4.—At the risk of involving the accusation abroad of a return to militarism, President Ebert, Herr Noske, the Minister of Defence and Col. Reinhardt, the War Minister, have decided to reestablish the military salute which had been abolished. An order has been issued that officers salute each other, those of the lower rank first, that noncommissioned officers and privates shall salute their superiors, and that sentries stand at attention for officers, the President and the members of the cabinet.

Possible Trouble In Winnipeg

(Special to The Guardian.)

WINNIPEG, June 4.—Possibility of trouble between returned soldier factions over the question of approving the general strike became apparent today after the majority faction which has condemned the recent boisterous parades in which some soldiers participated arranged a parade today. Leaders of the minority faction declared they also would march in a separate demonstration. Executives of the Great War Veterans Association declined to recognize the action of about seven hundred members who passed resolutions last night approving the sympathetic strike of Winnipeg unions.

SORROW REIGNS IN DAWSON CITY

OF 26 GUESTS AT DINNER 12 DIED OF PTOMAINÉ POISONING

VERITABLE LOTTERY OF DEATH

Blackest Period in Yukon Since the Princess Sophia Disaster.

DAWSON, June 4.—The past few days witnessed the blackest period in the history of Dawson with the exception of the Princess Sophia Disaster which claimed many Dawson lives as the result of death occurring from ptomaine poisoning, following the dinner at the Yukon Coal Co Plant number A 54, below Sunker Creek, May 24th, at which twenty six prominent men of the north sat down in a veritable lottery of death. Twelve grew fatal tickets.

The following are among the dead: Geo. Munden, 43, of Montreal, known in Halifax as Thomas Munday.

Antoine Sendavitch, better known as Smith, native of Dalmatia.

Otto Nordling, 40, native of Sweden, leaving widow and five children.

Pinley McDonald, 62, New Glasgow, N. S.

Angus Chisholm, 40, of Antigonish, N.S., leaves widow and two small children in Vancouver.

Albert Gaudier, 49, single, St. Thomas, Que.

William Cyrus Lawson, 39, Fort Scott, Kansas, former prominent dredgeman of Oroville, Cal., assistant Supt. of the Yukon Gold Company, Dawson, leaves widow in Dawson and son in American Aviation Corps, France.

Adrien Barrett, 40, Bartholomew, Quebec, leaves widow and three children, Dawson.

Alphonse Rioux, 44, Montreal, leaves daughter.

John Grant, 53, native of Antigonish, N.S.; 20 years prominent in silver mining at Aspen, Colo., where he was also sheriff, leaves widow and eight children in Dawson.

John Thompson, 49, native of Ireland.

Wm. McNeill, Antigonish, N. S.

Four other men in hospital are expected to recover.

The entire camp supplies and utensils of this camp have been destroyed. The poisoning is due to a rare type of germ known as Botulism. Samples of blood have been submitted to eminent bacteriologists of America for analysis.

GERMAN GOVERNMENT OBJECTS TO REPUBLIC

HAVE ISSUED PROTEST AGAINST FRENCH INTERFERENCE IN RHINELAND

(Special to The Guardian.)

COBLENZ, June 4.—The German Government is incensed over the formation of a Rhenish republic. It has ordered the arrest of Dr. Dorten, the president of the republic and also has protested to the Peace Congress and the Armistice Commission at Spa against the behaviour of the French authorities in the occupied Rhineland. French support of the Rhenish republic is characterized by the German Government as high treason against the empire. Strikes by dissatisfied Germans in the American occupied area, called in protest against the formation of the republic, ended quickly when the commanders issued a warning against the inhabitants.

From Overseas

A number of Island soldiers, who have been serving overseas, returned during the past few nights.

Among the number were the following: Messrs. J. T. Ross, Flat River; M. Acorn, Dundas, and C. B. Watts, Pleasant Grove, who reached Charlottetown Saturday night; G. W. Ross, Vernon River, and M. McCarthy, of Souris, who arrived Monday night; W. W. Myers, Mount Abillon, Lot 48, who arrived last night.

One of the above is a bad hospital case, Pte. Ross, of Vernon River, whose face was terribly injured by a bursting shell.

Another recent arrival was Lieut. Neil M. Rattee, son of Rev. E. J. Rattee, former Presbyterian pastor at Malpeque.

GENERAL TARIFF REVISION NEXT

Will be One of Sir George White's Announcements.—Cost of Living to be Investigated.

(From our own Correspondent)

OTTAWA, June 4.—A general revision of the tariff is expected as one of the announcements by Sir George White in the budget tomorrow. It will take place not this year but next and the inquiry before hand will be on a scale more exhaustive than any that will have preceded it. Such revisions have been periodical, and have followed investigations made by a committee of the cabinet. The probabilities are that the same course will be pursued in the coming investigation. The inquiry is being conducted by a committee of the cabinet who will visit all parts of the country and take evidence from every class including manufacturers, labor and consumers. With this inquiry conducted in 1920, revision presumably will be made in the session at the end of next year.

The budget is always surrounded with secrecy. This year the veil has not been lifted more than usual but inquiry looking to a general revision of the tariff is regarded certain. In view of that fact the probabilities of a few tariff adjustments this session are increased. The commons however is expecting something done and is not likely to be disappointed. It is an open question whether the seven and a half percent duty imposed as a war tax in 1914 will be taken off. The western movement has been directed essentially to the reduction of duty on specific commodities, rather than special taxes for revenue purposes. It is believed the British preference will be increased substantially. Canada will thus be getting into line anew with the preferential idea. Some forecast that the preference may be increased fifty percent. The effect would be to increase trade between Canada and other countries and to reduce the unfavorable trade balance with the United States if trade be diverted by the preference and also exercise an influence on adverse condition of exchange. Probably there will be other adjustments but not on extensive lines for two reasons. One is that if the whole tariff is to be revised in the light of scientific inquiry it would be inadvisable to go nibbling at it now; the other claim is that present conditions of economic uncertainty throughout the world make inopportune radical variations in the national debt. With heavy fixed charges on money required to carry on services so large new methods of raising revenue will need to be resorted to and the house is expected to hear of new war or excise taxes or a revision upwards of some taxes. The income tax it is believed will be on a new scale. The low tariff movement in the west is not overlooked but with what will be done now, the revision promised and arguments that will be presented as to the time being inopportune, no particular difficulty is anticipated with the rank and file of the western members.

Intense heat which has wrapped Ottawa for two days was very noticeable in the house today. At the first meeting of the special parliamentary committee to investigate the cost of living, the members attended in their shirt sleeves. Mr. Nicholson of Algoma was elected president and on motion of Mr. J. H. Stevens the following resolution was passed: "That with a view to assisting the committee we request the mayors of Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Fort William, Port Arthur, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver and Victoria to form committees consisting of the president of the Board of Trade, president of Trades and Labor Council, president G. W. V. A., two representatives of women's organizations and such persons as the foregoing organizations may appoint; such committee to ascertain the base cost to importer and manufacturer of the following staple articles: Boots and shoes, ordinary articles, clothes, meats, meat products, packing fresh cured; flour, cereals, coal, milk, bread, also the average rental of residents among the working classes, also the average rate of bank interest on commercial paper, also the ultimate retail prices charged by ordinary retail stores to consumers.

The above committee will be asked to perform the above duties as an emergency public service to assist the committee in its work. The object is to find out the spread between the original producer of common articles and the consumers. These committees will be asked to report as early as possible on these items and prepare subsequently such other information as they may desire.

AUSTRIAN MISSION OFF FOR PARIS

CARRYING 60 COPIES OF ALLIED PEACE TERMS IN GERMAN, FRENCH AND ITALIAN

(Special to The Guardian.)

ST. GERMAIN, June 4.—Dr. Karl Renner, head of the Austrian Peace Mission, accompanied by three of the leading ministers of the mission and two secretaries carrying sixty copies of the allied peace treaty in German, French and Italian, left St. Germain for Paris at 6:15 o'clock this evening. In Paris they will meet members of the Austrian Government. Dr. Renner will arrive in Innsbruck, Wednesday evening and probably will return to St. Germain Saturday.

Montreal May Be Near Strike

(Special to The Guardian.)

MONTREAL, June 4.—Just how near Montreal is to a general strike, labor leaders here refuse to predict. The strike of the employees of the Canadian Consolidated Rubber Company, in the opinion of labor leaders, involves matters rather seriously.

ATLANTIC EARLY CLOSERS

ATLANTA, Ga., June 4.—The Southeastern Fair Association has opened six early closing events for its Grand Circuit meeting, October 13 to 18. The list includes a two and three year old race for trotters to each of which \$500 is added, while the aged horses will appear in \$2500 purses, the classes selected for the 2:07 and 2:14 trotters and the 2:05 and 2:11 pacers. Twelve other events with purses from \$1000 to \$1500 will also be announced a few weeks prior to meeting.

IF GERMANY DOES NOT SIGN

NORTH SEA COUNTRIES WILL NOT JOIN IN BLOCKADE

BLOCKADE WILL BE SIMPLE

A Few Warships Will Be Sufficient to Seal Germany

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—Following the line taken by Denmark and Norway, the government of Sweden has notified the Peace Conference that they will not join in a blockade of Germany, should that country refuse to sign the treaty prepared by the Allies.

The ground is that the blockade can be made effective without the participation of neutral nations.

Holland is the only neutral contiguous to Germany not yet heard from and the Dutch are likely to take the same attitude as the others. This will involve the rationing of neutral countries by the Allies so far as imported food supplies and other materials of industry are concerned. Should a renewal of the blockade be necessary because of Germany's refusal to sign the treaty, the blockade will be far simpler affair than it was when the North Sea was full of mines and German submarines were encountered far out in the Atlantic.

Germany will not fight again on the sea for the sufficient reason that she has not the ships with which to carry on naval warfare. The blockading vessels of the Allies will therefore be able to lie close to the mouth of the Elbe or Wover or in the river channels if necessary and off the Dutch, Danish and Norse harbors to which neutral vessels might bring cargoes of food and raw materials destined for German consumption. Relatively few warships chiefly of the destroyer class will be able to seal tight the water routes to Germany and to watch the ports of doubtful neutrals if the need arises. It must be remembered that very little cotton, rubber, leather, wool or similar raw material has reached Germany since the signing of the armistice and that the food now going in by arrangement with the Allies is for daily bread only, the shipments permitting no accumulation.

The renewal of the blockade in the matter of food alone would mean great hardship for the poor before harvest. That is why the Socialist parties, recruited largely from the ranks of city workmen, insist that peace shall be signed. The junkers and their friends who could at a pinch keep themselves going by using their own farm products and leaving the city people to starve are the chief opponents of the peace treaty.

Germany Prepares For Emergencies

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—A report has reached peace conference circles that Gustave Noske, the German Minister of Defence, recently made a tour of the German coast defences and directed the personnel to be prepared for emergencies.

Semenoff Grand Duke of Mongolia

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 4.—General Semenov, leader of the Cossacks in Eastern Siberia has called a congress which declared the autonomy of Mongolia according to a Russian wireless despatch from Moscow. The congress, the Bolshevik message adds, elected Semenov "Grand Duke of Mongolia."

Lettonia Appeals To Peace Conference

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—The Lettish delegation has sent a note to the Peace Conference asking for recognition of Lettonia as an independent Soviet State, before the recognition of a Russian Government and also for an agreement by the Russian Government to return all Letts now in Russia to their own country.

ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

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HOT WAVE STRIKES OTTAWA CITY

MERCURY CLIMBED TO 96 WHILE TORONTO SWELTERED AT 94, MONTREAL 92

(Special to The Guardian.)

TORONTO, June 4.—Yesterday the mercury recorded a maximum of 94 degrees in Toronto while citizens of the capital sweltered in a temperature 2 degrees higher the official thermometers at Ottawa going to 96. In Montreal and Quebec however, it was comparatively cool with a modest 92 degrees while as for Winnipeg it must have been positively chilly the maximum being only 68.

German Counter Offer Makes Better Outlook

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—The German counter offer of a hundred billion marks as an indemnity surprised some of the Entente financial experts who all along had believed that the chances of getting much more from Germany were, not particularly good but who now think that some concessions as to the payment of interest which is not included in the German proposal the offer is perhaps acceptable. These experts argue that from the view point of world credit arrangements it might be better to base the future financial plans of the entente governments upon a definite sum of one hundred billion marks voluntarily offered than an indefinite assessment which the Germans might accept only under protest.

Germans Must Say What They Will Do

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 4.—Before the Allies reply to the counter proposals, the Germans may be asked indirectly to go on record as to whether they intend to sign the treaty. It was learned authoritatively today if the Germans express a willingness to accept the principles established in the present document then modifications will be made, it was said, but if they say they will not accept the basic principles the Allies will consider modifications useless.

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PROPERTY OF THE EX-KAISER

TO DETERMINE WHAT BELONGS TO HIM AND STATE RESPECTIVELY.

CROWN PRINCE'S IN IT ALSO

A Thorough Search of the Real Estate Records to be Made.

(Special to The Guardian.)

BERLIN, June 2.—Disposition of the property of the former Emperor and the former Crown Prince is claiming the attention of the Finance Ministry of the new republic. A commission has been appointed the duty of which will be to determine what may properly be considered their private holdings and what holdings may properly be looked upon as belonging to the state.

The order creating the commission provides for a thorough search of real estate records for the purpose of determining the title and says the findings must be placed before the national assembly so that proper disposition may be made of the lands and palaces which the government will take.

Manufacturers Are Not Interested

(Special to The Guardian.)

MONCTON, N. B., June 4.—Lack of interest among manufacturers as well as business men generally, may be given as the outstanding feature of the session of the Industrial Commission held yesterday. Evidence of the lack of interest in the work of the Commission on the part of the manufacturers was seen in the fact that the session had practically adjourned this afternoon before any representative of an industrial concern appeared on the scene.

The representatives of Labor Unions were the only interested ones to organize for appearing before the commission. Four labor representatives were heard at the morning session and three manufacturers appeared just in time in the afternoon to present their views.

SOLDIERS TO ARRIVE TONIGHT

Corp. Hughes has been notified that the following soldiers arrived in Quebec yesterday and will likely arrive in Charlottetown tonight

E. McKenzie, Canoe Cove
J. D. McKinnon, 209 Water Street,
Jack Morrison, Malpeque
R. E. Leach, Pisiquid Mills
L. F. Bruce, Summerside
John Gaudin, St. Louis
H. M. Henderson, Fernwood
J. E. Purchase, Mount Vernon
M. Rose, Souris.

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