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FOR SALE — 1936 FORD CAR. Also milk cow. Leslie Boyce, Mermaid.

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FOR SALE — 1948 INTERNATIONAL "H" tractor, plow, harrows and trailer. Will sell trailer separate. Lowell S. Johnston, Murray Harbour North, Phone 18-23.

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WANTED — FEMALE HELP. waitress, chambermaids, kitchen help, age between 18 and 25. Steady employment, fare paid to Truro. Apply Manager Belvedere Hotel, Truro, Nova Scotia.

Farm Machinery

MCCORMICK — DEERING FARM Machinery. Tractor repairs MacLeod & Green, Montague.

NOW ON HAND. 30 ROW-CROP tractors, 60 Standard tractors, hydraulic seats to fit all of our tractors, manure spreaders, and disc harrows. Distributors for Cockshutt Machinery, Farm Machines Limited, 156 Kent Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Florists

FLOWERS FOR EVERY OCCASION. George Williams, Summerside & Pioneer Florist, Phone 64

For Sale

FOR SALE — FOUNDATION SEBAGO potatoes. Richard MacPhee, New Haven.

FOR SALE — COBBLER SEED. Roy Campbell, Chelton.

FOR SALE — ROUGH AND dressed lumber. Alfred Handran, Peakes Station.

FOR SALE — PLAYDALE MARE 4 years old, Eldon Darrach, Clyde River.

FOR SALE — THREE GEESSE AND one gander. Apply George Ford, Glasgow Road.

FOR SALE — 4 YEAR OLD PLAYDALE Mare. Apply Eldon Darrach, Clyde River.

FOR SALE — 8 ROOM DWELLING and store combined. Two years old. Large lot. Just out of city limits. Write H. Guardian.

FOR SALE — ONE ENTERPRISE Range in excellent repair. One Fawcett Range, Beaverbrook, with tank, new. W. R. Shaw, Dept. of Agriculture.

FOR SALE — 2 COWS, 5-YEAR-old Shorthorn grade due to freshen last of April, one 3-year-old freshened. Enoch Newson, Westmoreland.

For Rent

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED heated room. Phone 989-J. Weymouth Street.

TO LET — HEATED ROOMS. 221 Weymouth Street.

TO LET — FRONT ROOM. Gentleman. Write B. Guardian.

TO LET — ONE OR TWO ROOMS. Phone 745-J.

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WALLPAPER, PAINTS, FLOOR Coverings, Blinds, Curtain Rods, Chrome Mouldings, Plywood, Hickey & Vandierstine, Montague.

General Stores

PAINTS, ALL COLORS, ANY quantity. At the K. and R. Store, 108 1/2 Richmond Street.

SPEECH

(Continued from Page 5)

Senate of Canada. Their proclaimed policy of nationalizing industry if ever they should gain power in this country has not, I think, worked very well in the Province of Saskatchewan. (Senator McIntyre quoted in this connection from the Financial Post, dealing with the closing down of several private industries taken over by the Saskatchewan Government.)

Purpose Of Senate

The Senate of Canada was instituted and set up by the Fathers of Confederation for the purpose of preventing legislation which would not be in the interest of the country; it was intended to provide a second thought, or, if you will, its role was to be that of a safety valve which would operate against legislation that is not in the best interests of the people.

"Honourable Senators remember the Naval Bill in 1912, whereby it was proposed to hand over \$35,000,000 to the British Government for naval purposes. The bill was opposed by the opposition, headed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The debate in the other place went on day and night, week in and week out, for months. The opposition divided itself into four groups, which were led respectively by Dr. William Pugsley, Frank Carvell, Frank Oliver, and E. M. McDonald, of the opposition, Nova Scotia. They stood guard at eight-hour intervals. Sir Wilfrid, speaking on the bill, asked if anybody imagined that there would be only one contribution? 'Contribution after contribution will be recurring,' he said 'and will leave no trace behind it.'

"Speaking further on the bill he said that a contribution of \$35 million for naval purposes would settle nothing; that any Canadian who did the Imperial naval services would not be satisfied. He said that ships should be owned, manned and maintained by Canada, and built in Canada, as soon as was practicable. After thirty-seven years it has been proven that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was right.

"During the long debate, which lasted for days and nights and weeks, and even for months, the government of the day saw fit to introduce the closure. Sir Robert Borden, then Prime Minister of Canada, introduced a resolution for this purpose, and having concluded his address, moved that it be adopted. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Hazen, who was Minister of Marine and Fisheries, rose simultaneously. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's intention was to speak to the resolution or to move an amendment, and he caught the eye of the Speaker first. The Speaker in turn announced that Sir Wilfrid had the floor. An honourable member from East Hastings, by the name of Northrup, rose and moved that Mr. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, from the county and city of Saint John, be now heard. The Speaker put the motion, the division bell rang, and the motion was carried by thirty-eight votes. Mr. Hazen immediately rose and moved for the adoption of the resolution which was moved by Sir Robert Borden, thus preventing Sir Wilfrid from speaking to the resolution or moving an amendment.

"We all can imagine Sir Wilfrid's state of mind in view of the humiliating position in which he was placed. Far be it from me to enter into politics in this debate, but I quote the words of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, uttered at that time. 'The even-handed justice commends the ingredients of our poisoned chalice to our own lips. The poison that he forced on us today will come to his own lips at some future day. We are in the minority. We can be gagged, we can be prevented from expressing our opinion, they can trample upon our rights; but, sir, the day of reckoning will come, and it will come as soon as we have a dissolution of the present parliament.'

A Safety Valve

"Honourable Senators, the Naval Bill of 1912 was passed in the other place but when it came to this chamber it was defeated, saving the country \$35 million at that time and perhaps many more millions since, because if that bill had been passed that year we might have had other naval bills for many years afterwards. This proved that the Senate was a safety valve in the matter of such legislation; and the action it took at that time would more than pay the expenses of the Senate for many years to come.

"Another eminent gentleman to speak on minority rights was Charles Evans Hughes. He spoke before the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the commencement of the first session of Congress in the United States. He had this to say: 'We not only praise individual liberty, but our constitutional system has the unique distinction of ensuring it. Our guarantees of fair trials, of due process in the protection of life, liberty, and property — which stand between

U. S. Wheat Surplus

"Does my honourable friend know that the United States grew 966 million bushels of winter wheat and 1.2 billion of spring wheat in each of the last three years? Does he know that there is a wheat surplus in the United States at the present time? Does he also know that the Argentine cannot now sell her wheat to countries to which she sold wheat for as much as \$3 and \$3.50 during the war? They will not buy from Argentine today.

"If any honourable Senator went into a tailor shop and wanted a suit of clothes in a hurry, if the suit was only worth \$75 but the tailor charged \$150, that honourable Senator would never go back to that tailor again. So it is with the wheat consuming countries. They had to have the wheat during wartime, and they had to pay the Argentine the exorbitant price that was asked for it. Does my honourable friend know that the price of wheat on the Chicago market has dropped to \$2.06 a bushel?"

Why Have Sore Feet?

"Hon. Mr. Wood: 'It may be lower than that.' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'Yes, it may be lower. The last report I read showed that it had dropped to \$2.06 a bushel.' 'In view of the reported wheat surplus in the United States, the fact that the Argentine is not selling her wheat to the countries she sold to during the war, and the fact that wheat is selling for \$2.06 a bushel on the Chicago market and may drop lower than that, say, to \$1 a bushel as it did in the past, it may be that the long-term contract which the Canadian Government made with the British Government at \$2 a bushel for 140,000,000 bushels for each of the next two years will yet bring a profit to Canada of \$50 million or \$100 million instead of a loss of \$50 million as stated by the leader of the Opposition.

Farm Income Taxes

"I should also like to call the attention of this house to the question of income tax, a subject which has caused much dissatisfaction throughout the land. I am not blaming any provincial officials because they have to take their direction from the Income Tax Department in Ottawa. But our farmers, especially in my own Province, with which I am well acquainted, have been advised to make returns for 1942, 1943, 1944 and 1945. Yet no income tax forms were sent to them prior to 1946. 'I remember taking this point up with Mr. Elliott at a Senate committee hearing when he was Deputy Minister of National Revenue for taxation. I asked him

the citizen and arbitrary power — of religious freedom, of free speech, free press and free assembly, are the safeguards which have been erected against the abuses threatened by gusts of passion and prejudice which in misguided zeal would destroy the basic interests of democracy. We protect the fundamental rights of minorities in order to save democratic government from destroying itself by the excesses of its own power. The firmest ground for confidence in the future is that more than ever we realize that while democracy must have its organization and controls its vital breath is individual liberty.'

British Wheat Contract

"The leader of the Opposition (Hon. Mr. Haig) for whom I have the greatest respect, a man who has risen to the highest position in his chosen profession, made some sweeping statements in this chamber two or three weeks ago. He said that the prairie farmers lost \$500 million because of the Canadian Government's wheat contract with the British Government."

"Hon. Mr. Aseltine: 'That is right.' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'I should just like to ask the honourable gentleman how he arrived at that figure. I tried to figure it out, and I must confess that I could not arrive at it at all. Perhaps you are through I can provide my honourable friend that the farmers of the West did not lose a single dollar. 'It is true that the Canadian Government made a contract with the British Government for something like 160 million bushels a year for a two-year period — a total of 320 million bushels — at \$1.55 a bushel. If I am wrong I wish to be corrected. My honourable friend claimed that the West-Canadian growers lost \$500 million through that contract. Does he know that in 1944 a Canadian wheat grower got 7 cents per bushel more for their wheat than did the American growers? And does he know that in the past three years the American growers received only 35 cents a bushel more than the Canadian growers? Somebody else got the high price he speaks about; the growers did not get it; probably the speculators got it.

"In normal times in the United States wheat generally sells at 17 cents a bushel more than it does on the Canadian market. Therefore, if any loss was suffered in the last two years it would only amount to 18 cents a bushel, only 18 by \$20,000,000 and see how far short the figure is of \$500 million."

"Hon. Mr. Aseltine: 'May I ask the honourable Senator a question? What about all the wheat that was delivered to the millers of Canada for 78 cents a bushel, for which the farmers got \$1.25? How much of a loss was suffered there?' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'I have already explained that in the last three years the American growers only got 35 cents a bushel more than the Canadian growers. The speculators got the rest of it.'

Civil Servants

"One other matter that I would like to bring to the attention of the leader of the Government is the financial position of civil servants who retired not later than ten years ago. In those days salaries were generally much lower than they are at present, and the civil servants who retired then were given a considerably smaller allowance than is being paid to those in their respective classes who retire today. In many cases the pension paid to people who retired ten years ago is not sufficient to buy the necessities of life at present high costs.

"The leader of the Government in this chamber is also a member of the Cabinet, and I would suggest that he bring this matter to the attention of his colleagues and recommend that a bonus be paid to those civil servants who retired not later than ten years ago, and that this bonus be continued until such time as the cost of living comes down to normal.

"Railwaymen who retired on small superannuation ten years ago and before are in the same situation. The wages of those days were low as compared with today's standard, and many of those people are finding it hard to make ends meet. They too should be paid a bonus until the cost of living comes down to normal.

Lobster Fishery

"I would like to commend the Department of Fisheries, the Deputy Minister of Fisheries and Mr. McNaught, the Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister, for co-operating with Prince Edward Island members of the House of Commons and Senators in rearranging the time within which lobster fishermen may run their lines out in the Gulf.

"For many years prior to last year the law and the practice were that lobster fishermen could not leave the shore until six o'clock in the morning; but last year, through some misunderstanding or some action by somebody who did not know anything about the matter, this year was changed to 12 o'clock midnight. At that time of night landmarks around the shore are not visible, and furthermore fishermen cannot easily be seen and would be in danger of being run

how it was that, if a corporation or an individual paid more than he had to pay, and the Government held that money for four, five or six years, that individual or corporation received no interest on it. I asked him why, on the other hand, if the income tax was not paid in full, the department exacted a 5 per cent interest charge and, after the income was assessed, if the tax was not paid at a certain time, the interest was raised from 5 per cent to 8 per cent. The answer he made was that 'The King can do no wrong.' 'Well, if the King cannot do any wrong, those who are working under the King can be wrong; and the King is subject to his own laws. I claim that no attempt should be made to collect the income tax from farmers on income earned prior to 1946.'

"Hon. Mr. Aseltine: 'The farmers of Saskatchewan have been paying income tax ever since 1917. A lot of them filed returns immediately after the law came into force, and they have been paying ever since.' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'The farmers of Saskatchewan may be more enlightened than those in other Provinces. I do not think that farmers in other Provinces were aware that they were required to do this.'

"Hon. Mr. Aseltine: 'They should have been aware. Ignorance of the law is no excuse.' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'I know that, but the farmers did not keep account of their revenues and expenditures, and therefore were not in a position to make their returns. I suppose many of them did not know they had to make returns at all. My friend himself has of course filed his returns, but if he looked around his province he would probably find many farmers who have not done so.'

"Hon. Mr. Haig: 'Will the hon. gentleman answer me a question?' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'If I can.' Hon. Mr. Haig: 'What proportion does the number of inspectors in Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Ontario bear to the number of farmers in each of those Provinces?'

"Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'I never looked up.' Hon. Mr. Haig: 'I suggest to you that there are more inspectors in Saskatchewan than there are in Ontario.'

"Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'If that is so it indicates, not that the farmers in Saskatchewan are crooks, but that probably more inspectors are needed to make them obey the law.'

"Hon. Mr. Haig: 'No, but the Government is after them to make them pay.'

"Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'In Prince Edward Island we have only one inspector.'

"Hon. Mr. Aseltine: 'There should be a good many more.' Hon. Mr. McIntyre: 'When officials ask a farmer how much he made in 1942, 1943, 1944 or 1945, he does not know, because he kept no records. If farmers do make returns for those years they have to guess, and I claim that they should not have to pay any income tax in those circumstances. If any returns were made for any year prior to 1946, and any taxes were paid on those returns, the moneys should be refunded.'

"Moreover I say that if the Department is not able to assess returns in the year in which they are made, the returns should be made in the year in which they are made. There should be no going back into the records of an individual or corporation for five or six years.

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New York Exchange

Table with columns: NEW YORK, March 20 (CP)—Close. Stocks: All Chem, Am Cer, Am Smelt, Am Tel Tel, Anaconda, Atchafson, Baldwin, B and O, Bendix Av, Beth, Borg, Briggs, C and O, Chrysler, Col Gas, Com and S, Cons Ed, Curtiss Com, Elec Auto, Erie, Gen El, Gen Motors, Goodyear, Gt Nor P, Hudson M, Harvester, Int Pap, Int Tel, J Many, Kenney, Montg L, Nash Kel, N Y Central, N Amer, Parm Pix, Penn R, Phillips, Radio, Repub, Sears R, Simmons, Socony, S Pacific, Sperry, Std Oil N, Stone and W, Texas, Union Pac, United Air, Untd Corp, U S Rubber, U S Steel, Vanadium, Warner, Westhse El, Wills, Woolworth.

Mining

Table with columns: (Canadian Press) TORONTO, March 20—Sales Stock. Close. 2000 Am Yknfle, 8025 Anglo Cdn, 2000 Ang Rouyn, 24500 Apex, 2000 Ashley, 4000 Athona, 5000 Base Met, 3000 Bevcourt, 4000 Brewis, 3000 Budd Edm, 500 Buff Cdn, 520 Cal Edm, 1000 Calmont, 14000 Chem Res, 2000 Cheskirk, 1500 Chesterville, 17000 Cons Ast, 10500 Con Home, 2000 Croiron, 1500 Decalta, 2500 Denison, 6850 Dickenson, 250 Dome, 5500 Dulama, 4000 E Sully, 3200 Eldona, 3000 Giant, 1200 Globe, 700 Gold Man, 8000 Goldvue, 3000 Hosco, 9500 Kirk Gold, 2000 Kirk Hud, 200 Labrador, 5500 L Dufault, 1800 Leitch, 6100 Louvicourt, 2500 Macfie, 900 Mal Gf, 500 McKenzie, 1500 McManis, 1167 New Alger, 6000 New Cal, 2200 New Jas, 2000 New Norz, 1500 Nicholson, 12500 Norpik, 1500 Northland, 4500 Omberton, 1300 Pac Pet, 1000 Pamour, 10500 Piccadilly, 2000 Que Lab, 500 Que Man, 139 Queumont, 8400 Roche, 915 Royallite, 6000 Senator, 600 Sheep Ck, 1408 Sherritt, 7035 Sladen, 1100 Sullivan, 445 Teck Hugh, 1500 Torbit, 1500 Towmagac, 234 Upp Cda, 100 Ventures, 3525 Waite, 3200 Wiltsey, 125 Wrt Harg, Total sales 359,000.

Quiet Trading Saturday On Stock Exchanges

NEW YORK, March 20.—(AP)—Interest in stocks dwindled to the vanishing point in the market Saturday. Price changes were inconclusive for the most part and gains and losses in almost exact balance. Trading volume of 260,000 was the smallest for any two-hour session in the last month. Atlantic Gulf and West Indies Common stood out with a drop of 5 points to 61 on turnover of 100 shares. Friday this issue advanced one point and the Preferred 7 1/2 at one time (although it closed 3 1/2 higher) to highs for the year. Demand appeared to have been created by news the company is selling some of its assets for around \$4,500,000.

At Toronto

TORONTO, March 20.—(CP)—Trading crawled along in the two-hour session on the Toronto Stock Exchange Saturday. Several basic metals showed a bit of strength early in the session but weakened in the last hour and western oils slipped lower. Dome and Lake Shore added the minimum fraction in senior golds while several junior producers showed gains ranging up to five cents. Giant Yellowknife however, dipped 15 cents and Dickenson and New Jason were lower. Wiltsey-Coghlan attracted considerable attention for a slight advance.

At Montreal

MONTREAL, March 19.—(CP)—A general lower irregular trend featured trading on the Montreal stock exchange and curb market during the past week. The utility group, however, was an exception and gave a fairly firm display. Industrial volume at 150,568 shares

was much lighter than the previous week when 372,760 shares were traded. Mining volume, on the other hand, bolstered by the strong showing of United Asbestos and Goldvue, was greater at 1,033,066 shares. All weekly averages, with the exception of the utility groups were on a sharp decline. Papers were off 2.91 with industrials down 2.1 and golds 1.24. Utilities moved ahead a point. Trading in Saturday's abbreviated session was typical of the rest of the week with industrial turnover light and mining sales quite heavy. No definite trend was established by industrials, but mines were on a slight upward movement.

Produce

MONTREAL, March 20.—(CP)—Produce prices quoted here Saturday were reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture as follows: Eggs: Free cases, A large 44 1-2-45; med 42 1-2-43 1-2; pullets 41 1-2; B 41-41 1-2; C 34-35. Butter: Wholesale Quebec no 1 pasteurized fresh 69-60 (nominal); first grade creamery print job price 62-62 1-2; solids 61 1-2. Cheese: Current receipts western white 32 1-16; western colored 32 1-2 (nominal); western white 32 (nominal); western colored 33 (nominal). No other prices established. Potatoes: Quebec no 1 75 lbs new 1.20-1.30; NB no 1 75 lbs 1.30-1.40; 10 lb bags 20-22 cents; PEI no 1 75 lbs 1.50-1.55; 10-lb bags 24 cents.

BOUND IN WOOD

Until about 100 years ago, books were usually bound in wooden boards or temporary covers.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Grid of professional advertisements including: J. E. Burnett, L.B. (Barrister, Solicitor, etc.); Dr. J. C. Gallant, B. Sc. (Dentist); William A. Reddin (B.A., B.Sc., LL.B. Barrister, Solicitor, etc.); Neil W. Higgins (Chartered Accountant); Chas. R. McQuaid (B.A. Barrister, Solicitor, etc.); Matheson & Peake (A. H. Matheson, K.C., A. H. Peake, B.A., LL.B. Barristers, etc.); MacPhee & Trainor (H. F. MacPhee, J.A., K.C. E. Somerville Trainor, B.A. Barristers, etc.); Bell & Matheson (Barristers, Solicitors, etc.); J. A. McGuigan (Notary, etc.); Joseph R. MacMillan, LL.B. (Barrister, Solicitor, etc.); H. R. Doane and Company (Chartered Accountants).

WHY HAVE SORE FEET? JUST RUB IN MINARD'S 'KING OF PAIN' LINIMENT

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