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CANADA MAKES HUGE LOAN TO GREAT BRITAIN

Weight In Diamonds For 240-Pound Aga Khan

Pilgrims Pour Into Bombay For Diamond Jubilee Of Moslem Leader.

BY G. MILTON KELLY

BOMBAY, March 7 — (AP) — The poor and rich alike among the faithful followers of the Aga Khan paid him prayerful tribute today in the opening of religious ceremonies to be climaxed Sunday when the 240-pound spiritual leader of the Ismaili Moslems will be presented with his weight in diamonds.

Tens of thousands of pilgrims from all over the Orient have flocked to this over-crowded city, assembling in camps, hotels, private homes—wherever they can find space—in a colorful showing of respect and love for the Aga Khan in observance of the diamond jubilee of his leadership.

Today the Aga Khan, his beautiful French wife and his 13-year-old son by a prior marriage, Prince Sadruddin, toured the pilgrims' encampments.

By ones and twos in rich garb and in poor the pilgrims made their offerings, then rose with their hands clasped in prayer to receive a nodded blessing.

On Sunday the Aga Khan will take a seat on a specially constructed balance scale and his followers will pile packaged diamonds on the other side until the scales balance evenly. It will be a symbolic ceremony, since the Aga Khan will receive cash equalling the value of the diamonds, which have been "rented" from a diamond syndicate. The Aga Khan will receive between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000 in the ceremony here and in its repetition in South Africa, all of which he has earmarked for benevolent purposes.

Moscow Reaction To Churchill's Speech

LONDON, March 7 — (CP) — The Moscow radio said tonight that Winston Churchill spoke "in a very aggressive tone" in his Fulton, Mo., speech last Tuesday.

It was the first reaction from Moscow to Mr. Churchill's speech.

The statement came in the announcer's introduction to a series of quotations from United States senators and British politicians expressing disapproval of the address.

The broadcast contained no comment from a Russian source.

It included comment by Prof. Harold Laski, chairman of the British Labor Party executive.

In a speech in London Wednesday night Prof. Laski questioned whether the proposal by Mr. Churchill for a virtual military alliance between Britain and the United States would be "the direct high road to the success of the United Nations Organization."

Final Score For Axis Subs Sunk

LONDON, March 7—The final score of Axis submarines sunk during the Second Great War puts the figure at 996, of which 781 were German, 130 Japanese and 85 Italian.

The figures were made public simultaneously in London and Washington today.

Of U-boats sunk, British forces accounted for 524 and the United States 174. United States forces destroyed 110.5 and British 9.5 Japanese submarines. (The half credit represents joint operations against a submarine.) British units sent down 68 Italian submarines. American forces 4.

"Other" or "unknown" causes accounted for the remaining 83 German, 10 Japanese and 13 Italian submersibles.

M. C. A. Plans New Service Next Week

MIDDLETON, N. S., March 7—A regular schedule of two flights daily will be started Monday on a Moncton - Greenwood - Yarmouth-Halifax air service by Maritime Central Airways, Capt. Carl Burke, manager of the company, said here today. The service will be for passengers and express.

U.K. Secret Service Bill Is Large One

LONDON, March 7 — (CP Cable) —The United Kingdom will spend 25,000,000 pounds ($111,250,000) on its secret service in 1946 against a token 100 pounds ($445) in 1945, the civil estimates record showed today. Secret service outlays probably actually were greater in 1945 than are expected in 1946, but it was inadvisable for the government to reveal them in wartime.

TO CURB STOCK RACKETEERS

EDMONTON, March 7 — (CP)— Action is being taken in Ontario to curb the activities of "stock racketeers," officials of the Investment Dealers' Association of Canada said here today. The party, making a western tour, is headed by A. S. Torrey of Montreal, I.D.A. president.

Coming Events

"Ice Races, Souris, March 13th. Please have entries in March 9th. 3-5-4i.

"We now have Panhonan Robin Hood specials with feed orders. Livestock Feed Agency. 3-4-6i

"Now in stock, Old Sydney Screened Coal. Stanton E. Jenkins, Vernon. 3-7-2i.

"Livestock Marketing Board loading hogs at Morell, Tuesday, March 12th, until arrival of afternoon Freight. Aldius McKenzie, Rep. 3-8-2i.

"Livestock Marketing Board loading hogs at Five Houses, Tuesday, March 12th, until arrival of afternoon train. Justin Larkin, Rep. 3-8-2i.

"Hog Growers Attention — All hogs shipped during March will qualify for the weekly "Five Spot" Country drawings in the "Little Lovers Contest" and then for the month end Provincial "Price of a Pig" Grand Prize drawing. Everybody has a chance to win five to twenty dollars. Don't miss it. Livestock Marketing Board. 3-8-2i.

First Sea Lord Stresses Danger Of Unpreparedness

LONDON, March 7—(CP Cable) —A. V. Alexander, Baptist lay preacher who became the respected First Lord of the Admiralty in three British Governments, today warned the House of Commons against military unpreparedness.

Disclosing that the government had cancelled plans since VE-Day for building 727 naval craft, including four battleships, Mr. Alexander said there was a dangerous tradition that Britain should be unprepared when war overtook her.

He told the members that work had been cancelled on the battleships Lion, Temeraire, Conqueror and Thunderer and that only one battleship, the 42,500-ton Vanguard, was under construction.

He said the reason for the cancellation was that "all our shipbuilding resources were required for more immediate needs."

Mr. Alexander said Britain had survived unpreparedness in the past because of the shield of the Royal Navy but each time the safety margin had grown less. Britain and the Empire had shown their willingness for peace to the point of sacrifice, even of humiliation, but they ought to have learned the lesson that a weak Britain was not an aid to world peace.

Looking to the future, Mr. Alexander said:

"We do not yet know the limits of effectiveness of the atomic bomb against ships at sea.

"The results of experiments to be carried out by the United States authorities may lead to big changes in methods of naval defence and forms of ships. The release of atomic energy is still so much in its infancy and may yet develop into such annihilating danger to mankind that the Second World War might be the last occasion of its use."

Mr. Alexander added that only one thing is certain—Britain's freedom depends on the maintenance of her sea communications. Otherwise any aggressor without need to incur the hazards of using the atomic bomb would simply cut British arteries at sea. Neglect of naval defence would certainly be no policy for the British Commonwealth.

Losses of British ships and craft, including requisitioned ships on naval service, from the beginning of the war to Aug. 31, 1945 amounted to 3,282. These included three battleships and two battle-cruisers, five fleet carriers, 25 cruisers, 134 destroyers and 77 submarines.

Mr. Alexander praised "the great part" played by the navies of the Dominions.

Daily Express Claims Circulation Record

LONDON, March 7 — (CP) — Lord Beaverbrook's London Daily Express reported today a daily net circulation of 3,442,366 throughout February, which it termed more than 100,000 larger than any other daily newspaper in the world.

(Average daily circulation in February for the Daily News of New York, largest in the United States was 2,150,000, with 4,500,000 on Sundays.)

The Express said its daily sales had increased by 273,164 copies in the last nine months

U. N. O. On Move To New York

Pictured above is the gymnasium building of Hunter College where the United Nations Security Council will hold its first meeting in New York. The Gothic-styled sandstone structure was used in the training of 80,000 WAVES during the war.

BY ROSS MUNRO

LONDON, March 7 —(CP Cable) —The secretariat and branches of the United Nations Security Council, including the important military staff committee, now are on the move to New York for the council meetings March 21 at which world developments of recent weeks will be considered.

The current belief here is that Ernest Bevin, Britain's Foreign Secretary, will represent the United Kingdom on the council, which will have before it in New York, among other things, the first report of the military committee on the progress it has made for establishment of an international military force to keep the peace.

Considerable progress will be reported to the security council and it is understood preparations are being made to draw up agreements which will be submitted to members of the United Nations for approval as to the military contributions each country will be asked to make.

Authorities here say the Iranian question will be among the first international issues to be discussed by the Security Council and inevitably the situation created by Russia's decision not to withdraw her troops from Northern Iran as called for in the 1942 three-power treaty with Iran will be aired.

This delicate problem, more than any other, is the one which, in all likelihood will take Mr. Bevin to New York. A Foreign Office source said: "Mr. Bevin is carrying a tremendous burden these days with his work in London but it is hardly likely he could avoid going to New York for the Security Council."

Germans Used Infra-Red Rays To See At Night

By FRANK CAREY

WASHINGTON, March 7 — (AP) —The Germans developed techniques for detecting enemy men and machines in darkness with invisible infra-red rays that have certain advantages over radar at short distances.

A report of American experts who unearthed many of Germany's wartime secrets disclosed today that the Germans effectively used these searchlights of invisible light in two ways:

1. On tanks and other vehicles. American investigators were told by German scientists that the Nazis once used night vision equipment to surprise and destroy 65 Russian tanks before being knocked off themselves. The invisible searchlights had a range of about two miles.

2. On rifles of infantrymen, enabling a German sniper to spot and shoot enemy soldiers "in complete darkness up to distances of about 100 yards."

The infra-red searchlights sent out their invisible rays and the image of the target would be reflected back and transformed into a visible image of a viewing apparatus.

Edwin Webb, Jr., chief of the communications unit of the Commerce Department's technical industrial intelligence branch, which made the report, said the infra-red technique had certain advantages over radar at short distances.

Mr. Webb says the radar waves are subjected to interference because the wave spread out after leaving the transmitting apparatus. With infra-red, he said, the rays can be kept in a narrow beam, free from interference except when an infra-red beam from the other direction is directed into exactly the same path.

Moreover, he said, infra-red radiation requires far smaller equipment than does radar.

Mr. Webb said the Germans also had worked out a technique to detect infra-red searchlights if the Allies used them. The device consisted of a screen which was first exposed to sunlight. Upon exposure to infra-red light, the screen would emit a visible red glow.

But Mr. Webb said the Allies made no use of infra-red up to the end of the war "because we developed it too late."

Fear Life Of Soviet Cipher Clerk In Danger

BY GEORGE KITCHEN

OTTAWA, March 7 — (CP) — High police authorities fear that Soviet agents will make attempts on the life of Igor Gouzenko, key witness in the Royal Commission investigation on espionage, when he and his youthful wife are released from protective custody after the investigation, it was learned today.

One authoritative source said he felt the former Russian cipher clerk was "definitely in danger," although there has been no threat or attempt against his life since he was taken into protective custody last September when he made disclosures which touched off the investigation.

At present, the young Russian couple are under heavy guard, presumably at the Royal Canadian Mounted Police barracks at suburban Rockcliffe where nine Canadians suspected of participation in the spy ring are being held.

Gouzenko is the former cipher clerk in the Soviet embassy here who became fearful for his life last September when he was ordered to return to Russia and decided to inform Canadian authorities of the under-cover ring which was absorbing secret and confidential information for transmission to Moscow

Propaganda Backfires

Sources close to the inquiry said that before the Gouzenkos came to Canada they had been schooled by the Soviet authorities in the fiction that the peoples of capitalistic countries such as Canada were ill-fed, discontented and insecure in their employment.

To their surprise, the young couple found Canadians a hale and hearty people, generally happy-go-lucky and confident about their future and their work. The Gouzenkos indiscreetly remarked at the embassy that they had been misinformed and then were advised ominously that they were being transferred back to the Soviet.

Happy in the new land and fearful about what might happen when they returned to Russia, the couple decided their best course was to tell the Canadian authorities what they knew about the embassy's under-cover activities and to seek haven in Canada.

Cardinal McGuigan Delayed In Rome

ROME, March 7 — (CP Cable)— Bad weather again today cancelled the flight to Britain of James Cardinal McGuigan, archbishop of Toronto, Bernard Cardinal Griffin, archbishop of Westminster, England and Norman Cardinal Gilroy, archbishop of Sydney, Australia.

The three Roman Catholic dignitaries left Rome by plane yesterday but storms near Marseille forced them back.

They are expected to leave tomorrow.

Co-op Marketing In Saskatchewan

REGINA, March 7 — (CP) — Thirty co-operative marketing organizations in Saskatchewan did $174,347,180 worth of business in the fiscal year ending April 30, 1945, it was shown today in the annual report of the Department of Co-operation and Co-operative Development tabled in the legislature by Co-Operating Minister L. F. McIntosh.

In the previous year 20 marketing co-ops did $159,824,595 worth of business.

The report said the 30 co-ops in the 1945 figures did not include the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creamery Association which is being reorganized as a co-operative and which did more than $11,000,000 worth of business last year.

Peron Takes Long Lead In Argentina

BUENOS AIRES, March 7 — (AP) — Col. Juan D. Peron held the lead tonight in the Argentine presidential race with 232 indicated electoral votes against 38 for his opponent, Dr. Jose Tamborini, Democratic Union candidate.

Today's count of ballots in the Feb. 24 election completed about 20 per cent of the tabulation. Peron, Labor Party candidate, has 50 sure electoral votes of the 189 needed to win, while Tamborini has 20 from the Provinces where the count is complete.

Lord Beaverbrook Enroute To Bermuda

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 7 (CP Cable) — Lord Beaverbrook, Canadian-born British newspaper publisher who landed in New York today, is expected to arrive in Bermuda this week. He will stay a month at Tuckerstown, resort at the northeast end of Bermuda's Main Island.

TWINS DIE TOGETHER

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 7 — (AP) — William R. Flood and Charles Andrew Flood, 20, Louisville twins, who enlisted in the navy together, fought together and were discharged together, died together in an automobile crash near here today.

Ontario Man To Hang May 28

(By The Canadian Press)

WHITBY, Ont., March 7 — An Ontario Supreme Court jury tonight convicted Lorne Cecil Harris of the murder Nov. 10 of Mrs. Audrey Lyons, 23, of nearby Ajax, Ont.

Harris was sentenced to hang May 28.

Mrs. Lyons, wife of an airman stationed in Newfoundland and the mother of two small children, was found strangled in her home at nearby Ajax. Police said the upper portion of her pyjamas had been twisted tightly around her neck.

Main piece of crown evidence was a package of cigaret papers bearing the signature "Lorne Cecil Harris". Investigators said the package was found on Mrs. Lyons' scantily-clad body.

For Lighter Bread Cakes and Pies use BLOSSOM CANADA Flour

Mr. McLure Begins Pre-Sessional Work At Ottawa

OTTAWA, Ont., March 7 — (Special) — First of the Maritime members to begin pre-sessional work in Ottawa, W. Chester S. McLure, Progressive Conservative M.P., for Queen's, returned to his office on the fifth floor of the Parliament buildings here today.

With Mrs. McLure, the Queen's Member had spent some time in Toronto with their daughter prior to coming to the Capital.

Enthusiastic over the spirit of the Progressive Conservative party, Mr. McLure predicted an active and fruitful session.

"I feel that our efforts of last session will be not only continued but extended in 1946," he said. "The Opposition has a great role to play in Parliament, and by constructive criticism we can do much to bring about an early solution of such pressing problems as housing, unemployment and extension of facilities to agriculture and the fishing industry."

Today Mr. McLure arranged with Dr. Arthur Beauchesne, C.M.G., clerk of the House of Commons for secretarial facilities and has made a number of appointments with senior civil servants whose work is directly linked with Prince Edward Island.

"I believe in getting a good start before the fireworks begin" he said. "In that way you won't get behind in sessional and committee duties."

Many P.E.I. Flags Entered

A staff of six men and women were today engaged in the display of new designs for "a distinctive Canadian flag" in the railway committee room of the House of Commons Of the 1,500-odd designs submitted, between 30 and 40 were sent to the joint House of Commons and Senate flag committee from Prince Edward Island.

Majority of the designs from Prince Edward Island were clear, suitable for flag purposes and carried a definite symbolism. Not so were scores from British Columbia, Quebec and Ontario.

One of the oddest designs was a conventionalized design of bacon and eggs on a black background, intended to glorify Canada's food-producing capacity.

At a preview of the flags, a large group gathered around a narrow flag which portrayed a tall girl leading a beaver on a leash. Her head was encircled by a silver star with points of the star tipped with rubies.

About 75 per cent of the flags carried the maple leaf as the chief emblem, and more than 50 per cent had a Union Jack either in a corner, or in the centre of the banner. One Quebec resident sent in 40 different designs, and an Ontario man forwarded the committee a loose-leaf book with a 7,000 word essay on the Canadian flag and some 50 separate designs.

Among wild livestock on the different flags were beaver, moose, buffalo, mountain goat, polar bears and porcupines. Birds on the flags were confined to eagles and pheasants.

In all there are 86 classifications of flags, each class kept separate for inspection by the committee. While the majority of designs received were from Canadians, a fair number were sent in from the United States and the United Kingdom, with two offerings from Australia.

United Church Sending Medical Supplies To China

MONTREAL, March 7—A quantity of medical supplies, including more than 20,000,000 units of penicillin, destined for the United Church of Canada's hospital in Chungking was taken aboard a Trans-Canada Air Lines plane yesterday by Dr. A. Stewart Allen, Montreal-born superintendent of the hospital.

Dr. Allen and the supplies, which are expected to save the lives of thousands of Chinese, are being flown to the Chinese Capital by way of London, Cairo, Calcutta and over the Himalayas.

Will Not Be Fully Repaid Until 2001

By D'ARCY O'DONNELL

OTTAWA, March 7 — Terms of the agreement for a $1,250,000,000 Canadian loan to the United Kingdom will have to be "drastically" revised if the United States Congress does not approve an American loan to Britain, a Finance Department official said today.

Explaining the workings of the agreement, announced simultaneously in Ottawa and London by Prime Minister Mackenzie King and Prime Minister Attlee, the official said the Canadian loan had been granted on the assumption the American loan of $3,750,000,000 will be ratified by Congress.

Terms of the Canadian loan are almost identical with those of the American loan, the loan will bear no interest until 1951 when Britain will begin repayments in 50 annual installments ending in the year 2001. The interest rate is set at two per cent, but because the loan bears no interest until 1951 the average rate will be 1.62 or 1.64 per cent.

Other Agreements

Besides agreeing to make the loan, Canada also agreed to allow the 1942 interest-free loan of $700,000,000 to Britain to continue interest-free until 1951. The two governments agreed to settle all claims arising out of the war effort, with Britain paying Canada $150,000,000 in cash.

While there were not exact figures available to show what the claims of the two countries were against one another, it was estimated that if Britain paid Canada $150,000,000 in cash it would be considered a fair settlement.

Among the things cancelled was Britain's $425,000,000 indebtedness on the cost of the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan.

The official said one of the largest amounts in the settlement of claims agreement was $50,000,000. This figure represented the cost of building locomotives and rolling stock for India in Canada. While this claim was cancelled, the United Kingdom reserved the right to collect the amount from India.

Repayment Plans

The text of the agreement disclosed that this is how repayment of the loan will be made:—

"Forty-nine annual instalments of principal repayments and interest shall be equal, calculated at the rate of $3,182,300 for each $100,000,000 of the credit drawn by Dec. 31, 1951, and the 50th annual instalment shall be at the rate of $3,184,078 for each such $100,000,000. Each instalment shall consist of the full amount of the interest due and the remainder of the intsalment shall be the principal to be repaid in that year."

Warning To Women In Spy Probe Case

OTTAWA, March 7 — (CP) — **Mrs. Fernande Joubarne, secretary to crown attorney Raoul Mercier and one of the key figures in the beginning of Canada's bizarre spy inquiry, today received a letter warning her that "if there are any more stories about you in the newspapers you will not be around to read them."**

Mrs. Joubarne, who received the letter in this morning's mail, turned the document and the envelope over to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, who said it was too early to reach a conclusion as to the portent of the letter.

The letter was believed by police to have been written by a crank or prankster. Mrs. Joubarne said she did not take it seriously and declined police protection.

MONTREAL, March 7 — (CP) — Five hundred pounds of snow and ice that broke from a roof and fell on William Boivin as he was alighting from his automobile sent the 41-year-old man to hospital today with a fractured skull.

Stresses Need For Faith Among Nations

PEMBROKE, Ont., March 7 — (CP) — State Secretary Martin, one of the Canadian delegates to the recent United Nations Organization meetings in London, tonight stressed the need for faith among all nations to make the world's new peace machinery work.

In a speech prepared for delivery at a civic reception arranged to honor him as a native of Pembroke, Mr. Martin said that viewed from the standpoint of overall accomplishments at the U. N. O. meetings "we have gone a long way toward building a strong, safe world."

"But we have only begun the task which is the mightiest job of work that man has ever attempted," said Mr. Martin. "Do not expect miracles. Do not imagine that the framework of society can be altered in a day or a month or a year. It will require years of sweat and study, and most of all it will require from each one of us, not only in Canada, but in every country, good will and faith."

The League of Nations failed because of the absence of the United States and Russia and because it lacked effective ways of enforcing the majority decisions.

"As an outcome nations violated treaties signed in apparent good faith," he said. "Some nations refused to honor obligations undertaken in concert with other nations, and the tragic and inevitable result was a war that has exhausted half the world and brought us face to face with a reality never before known. No longer is it a question of peace or war. It is either peace, or complete, total destruction.

"I am not an alarmist. Neither am I one who believes in giving away his soul to save his skin. Just as I believe we in Canada must give every evidence of good faith in the new organization, so I believe every other nation must show good faith, must honor its obligations and strictly observe the rules of international law, and the principles laid down in the charter of the United Nations."

Bracken Sees Loan "Good Business"

(By The Canadian Press)

OTTAWA, March 7—John Bracken, Progressive Conservative leader, said in a statement today that it was "good business" on the part of Canada to furnish Britain with some of the accommodation money she needed to re-establish trade.

Commenting on Prime Minister Mackenzie King's announcement that Canada has loaned Britain $1,250,000,000, Mr. Bracken said the amount represented about one-third of what the United States had loaned Britain.

"The Canadian commitment may appear to be a large amount for a country with less than one-tenth of the population of the United States," said Mr. Bracken. "It is to be remembered, however, that we are more dependent, per capita, on export trade than the United States."

"By granting the loan Canada improves her position for negotiating larger quotas with respect to such products as wheat, cheese, bacon and raw materials, in the sale of which our farmers are especially interested. Furthermore, the loan should arrest the present trend to the transferring of Canadian manufacturing plants to Britain. This is vital to Canadian labor."

Radios Re-Appear On British Retail Market

LONDON, March 7 — (Reuters) —British-made radio sets, not much changed from 1939 design apart from greater reliability, are reappearing at a trickle in stores throughout the country.

With prices up 50 per cent above pre-war figures and purchase tax representing another 30 per cent, an average good set costs from 17 to 22 guineas ($80 to $104).

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, Toronto, March 7—(CP)—Minimum and maximum temperatures: — Vancouver 40, 47; Edmonton 2, 18; Regina 7B 8; Winnipeg 7, 13; Toronto 41, 49; Ottawa 36, 42; Montreal 42, 43; Quebec 28, 40; Saint John 32, 43; Moncton 27, 51; Halifax 27, 44; Charlottetown 26 46; Sydney 19, 42; Yarmouth 31, 48.

HALIFAX, March 7—Following is the official weather synopsis at 9 p.m., Thursday, March 7, 1946:—

The warm air which is flowing over the Maritimes from the south and southwest is being replaced by a cooler mass of air which will enter the western portion of the forecast district Friday morning and will cover all but the extreme eastern portion of the district by Friday evening. The cooler air will be preceded by intermittent rain and showers followed by decreasing cloudiness. The wind has reached gale force in the northern part of the district and cautionary gale warnings are still displayed in the coastal areas.

Official marine weather forecast issued by the Dominion Public Weather Office at Halifax at 10.30 p.m. Thursday and valid until Friday evening:—

Northumberland Strait: Strong southwest winds of 25 m.p.h., shifting to westerly late Friday morning. Intermittent rain Friday morning with decreasing cloudiness in the afternoon and evening. Visibility variable, one to four miles in mist and rain improving to 15 miles Friday afternoon.

Gulf of Saint Lawrence: Southerly gales of 30 to 35 m.p.h. shifting to westerly throughout are area by Friday afternoon and decreasing to strong winds of 20 to 25 m.p.h. Intermittent rain, occasionally heavy, stopping in the west portion Friday morning and throughout the area by Friday afternoon. Visibility two to four miles, improving to 10 miles or better during the afternoon.

High tide this afternoon at 2.06 and tonight at 2.51.

Sun sets this afternoon at 5.56 and rises tomorrow morning at 6.25.

First quarter moon March 10, 7.03 A. M.

Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.