

# The Charlottetown Guardian

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WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 31st 1917

## MILITARY DEPOT FOR CH'TOWN

It will be gratifying to everyone concerned to learn that the action taken by the Provincial Patriotic Society through Mr. James Paton, M.L.A., to retain a military depot in Charlottetown has been successful. Mr. Paton has received a very satisfactory letter from General Mewburn, Minister of Militia and Defence, stating that the military depot will be continued and that a company of the First Depot Battalion will be stationed here under an officer of the rank of Major and a second in command.

The people throughout the whole province should appreciate this concession when it is borne in mind that the Headquarters of the Sixth Military Division is at Halifax, and that owing to the action of the Laurier government Charlottetown was deprived of the right to have local command. When the 105th Regiment was removed there was nothing left in Charlottetown to officially represent the Militia Department and the Patriotic Society took up the matter and made strong representations to the Prime Minister and the Minister of Militia to have a military depot opened here. It was pointed out that Charlottetown as the capital of the province had a right to have a representation of the military authorities and that unless a depot were opened there would be nothing to show that Prince Edward Island was included in the military districts of the Dominion.

The Prime Minister and the then Minister of Militia, Sir Sam Hughes, gave favorable consideration to the representations and a depot was opened with Major Leigh in command. Notwithstanding that Major Leigh gave excellent service and received the very highest commendation from the Officer Commanding the Sixth Division, certain busy-bodies took action to have his services dispensed with, and as the result of questions in the House of Commons and numerous letters from the province to the Militia Department at Ottawa the authorities came to the conclusion that a depot was not wanted by the people of this province, and so ordered its removal to Halifax from which it was intended to administer the military affairs of Charlottetown; that is, after the depot was closed no soldiers would be billeted in Charlottetown, but as they reported for service they would be sent forthwith to Halifax. Major Leigh's services as Commanding Officer were dispensed with and as the depot was being removed, the Patriotic Society again intervened and through the agency of Mr. James Paton, M.L.A., petitioned the Minister of Militia to have our military status retained. Correspondence took place between Mr. Paton and the Minister with the gratifying result mentioned above. Mr. Paton went to Halifax last week and returned with Col. Bauld and Col. Flowers who have instructions to reinstate the depot of which Major J. Webb Stanley has been given command.

The militia orders now make it imperative that all commands in Canada shall be given to returned soldiers and as Major Stanley was home on furlough after two years' service at the front, he has been selected as the most suitable and deserving officer for the position. We heartily congratulate Major Stanley on his well merited appointment and the province on having secured so capable and deserving an officer.

## THE VICTORY LOAN

The organization in connection with the Victory Loan has been completed by the appointment of strong committees consisting of (1) Provincial Committee, with a chairman and ten members, (2) an Executive Committee of three members, (3) a Finance Committee of two members, Publicity committee; County committees with a chairman and organizer for each county, the committees consisting of leading citizens from every section of the province. A list of these committees will be found on another page of this issue.

The loan will be launched on November 12th and the whole province will be thoroughly canvassed. In the meantime all

necessary information will be given at the provincial headquarters, Eastern Trust Building, Richmond St., Charlottetown, through the different chairmen and through the press.

It is earnestly hoped that all information relative to this great effort will be carefully scanned by all our people and that the response will be worthy of the great cause and of the province. The loan affords an opportunity for the safest kind of investment as well as furnishing our government with the sinews of war.

## MR. MARTIN'S CANDIDATURE

Elsewhere in this issue will be found the election card of Mr. Alexander Martin, the second Win-the-War candidate now in the field in Queen's County. Mr. Martin reiterates his adherence to and continued support of the policy of Sir Robert L. Borden and on this ground as well as on his record as a former representative of the county he confidently solicits the support of the electors.

Mr. Martin's past record as a parliamentarian, his continued interest in the welfare of his native province and his intelligent grasp of all matters of public interest, entitle him to the confidence of the people. That he will, if elected, worthily represent this constituency and worthily lend his support to the war policy of the Union Government, the only policy that now really matters for Canada, those who know him best have every assurance. Few men in the county are better known, none more loyal to the Empire or to their constituency, and we feel assured that his candidature will meet with the approval of the people of the province generally and of Queen's County in particular.

Mr. Martin explains that at this season of the year it will probably be impossible for him to visit all the electors personally, although he will endeavor to do so. The electors, however, we feel assured, will not be too exacting on this point; they know Mr. Martin, know his attitude on the questions of the day and they know also that their interests will be safe in his hands.

## OPPOSITION IN QUEENS

The Guardian is informed that at a largely attended meeting of the conveners of the Liberal polls of Queen's County, held yesterday, it was decided to run two Opposition candidates, namely Messrs. Warburton and Sinclair, against the supporters of the Unionist Government, Messrs. Nicholson and Martin, at the ensuing election. It had been hoped by a number of leading Liberals that an arrangement would have been come to whereby the Liberal machine would have supported the Union Government. The proposal was that one of their candidates would withdraw on condition that one of the Conservative nominees would also be dropped. If this arrangement had been agreed to by the Liberal Convention yesterday probably a joint convention of the Liberal-Conservative and Liberal parties would have been held and a decision arrived at as to which on either side should carry the party's banner as joint supporters of the Union Government. The feeling of a majority of the Liberal conveners, however, proved to be opposed to any such arrangement. The members felt that neither Mr. Warburton nor Mr. Sinclair should be dropped and that a straight party fight was better than compromise. Under the circumstances in Queen's County we shall have two Unionist candidates supporting the Win-the-War Government and two Laurier candidates opposing the Unionist Government. The electors will have therefore a straight issue before them and we feel confident that all those Liberals who have worked assiduously towards preventing an unnecessary contest will throw in their lot with the supporters of the Unionist Government.

## WHAT'S WRONG?

A month ago or more Sir Wilfrid Laurier intimated to his more or less faithful following that he would issue in the course of a few days a manifesto explaining why he had held aloof from the Union Government, and also outlining his future course of action. Pending this very much looked for information Liberal candidates throughout the dominion "held their cards under the table," but Sir Wilfrid has not yet announced his trumps and the game is being held up. What's the matter with Sir Wilfrid's manifesto? What are his followers to think? Has he thrown up the sponge? Is he holding the cards to prevent some one else leading? These are important questions at the present juncture with an election pending. Is it not time that some one had started something?

## TEN MINISTERS IN EACH COMMITTEE OF CABINET

WAR COMMITTEE AND ALSO ONE ON RECONSTRUCTION AND NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT—HOW DUTIES ARE DIVIDED.

Canada's War Cabinet is announced; also the committee of the Cabinet which will have charge of the domestic problems arising out of the war. The War Cabinet—technically known as the War Committee of the Cabinet Council—will have the Prime Minister as its president, and Hon. N. W. Rowell as its vice-president. The other committee, which will be known as the Reconstruction and Development Committee, will also have the Prime Minister as its president, Hon. A. K. Maclean, Minister without portfolio, will be vice-president.

### Personnel of the War Cabinet

The personnel of the two committees is as follows:—

War Cabinet: Chairman, Sir Robert Borden; vice-chairman, Hon. N. W. Rowell, president of the Privy Council; Major-General Mewburn, Minister of Militia and Defence; Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance; Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Naval Service; Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice; Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works; Hon. A. L. Sifton, Minister of Customs; Hon. P. E. Blondin, Postmaster-General and Sir Edward Kemp, Minister of Overseas Military Forces.

### Reconstruction and Development

Reconstruction and Development Committee: Chairman, Sir Robert Borden; vice-chairman, Hon. A. K. Maclean; Sir George E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce; Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance; Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways and Canals; Hon. J. A. Calder, Minister of Immigration and Colonization; Hon. Arthur Meighan, Minister of the Interior; Hon. T. A. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture; Sir James Lougheed, chairman of the Military Hospitals Commission, and Hon. Senator Robertson, Minister without portfolio. Each committee, it will be observed, consists of ten members.

### Committee's Duties Defined

The duties of the War Committee which will exist during the progress of the war, and until after demobilization, are defined in an order-in-council based upon recommendations made by the Prime Minister.

Sir Robert Borden, in his recommendations, observes that the constitution of such a committee of the Cabinet is advisable "for the purpose of co-ordinating the efforts of the several departments of the Government for the prosecution of the war, for ensuring the maximum of effort with the minimum of expenditure, and generally for the purpose of throwing the full power of Canada into the national endeavor."

### All Matters of War

The Prime Minister further recommended that the committee shall inquire into and report upon the status and maintenance of the military forces of Canada, the enforcement of the Military Service Act, the defence of Canadian coasts and the patrolling of territorial and adjacent waters, the arrangements for garrisons and outposts in Canada, the training and

## DAILY SELECTIONS FOR GUARDIAN READERS

Furnished by W. S. Louson.

### WHAT IS LOVE.

Love is more than sentiment; it is kindness in action; or it is good will in the face of persecution. The world has not quite stopped sneering at Christians; it shows its petty spite in many petty ways. Love refuses to be overcome of evil. It is patient with human blindness, and the opposition of the world becomes but an occasion for the true spirit of Christ to shine forth. Pray for a love that is patient, that does not strike again, but it kind.—C. E. "World."

I have worshipped in churches and chapels. I've prayed in the busy street; I have sought my God and have found Him.

Where the waves of His ocean beat; I have knelt in the silent forest in the shade of some ancient tree; But the dearest of all my altars Was raised at my mother's knee.

God make me the man of her vision And purge me of selfishness! God keep me true to her standards And help me to live to bless! God hallow the holy impress Of the days that used to be, And keep me a pilgrim forever To the shrine at my mother's knee!

equipping of troops, the internment of aliens, the prohibitions and regulation of imports and exports, and the granting of licenses therefor, the arrangements with the Government of the United Kingdom and with the Governments of the allied nations respecting any of these matters, and, generally speaking, all matters relating to the efficient prosecution of the war so far as Canada is concerned.

While the powers and duties of the committee will be of a very wide character, special attention will be given to the increased cost of living. "Undoubtedly," says the Order-in-Council, "this is chiefly due to causes which are beyond the control of the Government of Canada, or of any other country, inasmuch as the withdrawal of more than thirty million men from productive activities and the vast and almost inconceivable expenditure entailed by the war must inevitably advance the cost of the necessaries of life. Nevertheless, it is especially important that every means should be taken to alleviate conditions so far as may be possible. It is essential that the Government should prevent any increase or inflation of prices through hoarding, through excessive profits or through combinations. The steps already taken along these lines should be considered with a view to any further action that conditions may demand."

### May Name Sub-Committees

Provisions is made for the appointment of sub-committees to consider any particular subject requiring special investigation. The committee may authorize such sub-committees to bring into consultation as members of the sub-committee in question any persons of special experience or knowledge. The War Committee will hold periodical meetings at such intervals as it may determine. Three members of the committee will constitute a quorum. Provision is made for the appointment of a secretary for the committee.

### Till After Demobilization

The Reconstruction and Development Committee will be a permanent committee during the progress of the war and until after demobilization. It will investigate the enormous and varied resources of the Dominion and will consider a scheme of immigration and colonization in order that further production and especially agricultural production may be assured. "For this purpose," says the Order-in-Council, "a more systematic and thorough study should be made of all questions touching land settle-

(Continued on Page Seven.)

## WAR MENUS

How to Save Wheat, Beef and Bacon for the men at the front. Issued from the Office of the Food Controller for Canada.

### MENU FOR THURSDAY

#### Breakfast

Griddle Cakes Syrup  
Tea or Coffee

#### Luncheon

Welsh Rarebit on Soda Biscuits  
Fruit Salad Oatmeal Cookies  
Tea

#### Dinner

Beef Stew Mash Potatoes Boiled  
Cabbage  
Cornmeal Pudding  
The recipes for Welsh Rarebit and Cornmeal Pudding, mentioned above, are as follows:—

#### Welsh Rarebit—

Make a good white sauce. To two cups, add one-half a level teaspoon of mustard, a small quantity of cayenne, and two-thirds a cup of grated cheese, and as soon as the cheese is melted, remove from the fire, pour over toast, and serve at once.

#### Cornmeal Pudding—

5 cups skim milk  
5 1/2 tablespoons cornmeal  
1/2 cup of molasses  
1 teaspoon salt  
1 teaspoon ginger  
Scald the milk and pour over the meal. Cook in a double boiler twenty minutes. Add molasses, salt and ginger. Pour into a buttered baking dish, and bake two hours in a slow oven. Raisins or dates may be added if desired.

## Why Roman Meal Is Superior To Other Foods

It is a complete food. Every ingredient required by the body for perfect health must come from food. There is not one essential food element missing in Roman Meal; all are present in proper proportion. Roman Meal is thus a "balanced ration." This accounts for the sense of "wellness" following use of

Dr. Jackson's

## Roman Meal

It is superior because:

First—It is the only balanced ration sold in package form being composed of wheat, rye bran and flaxseed—the latter rendered odorless and tasteless by electricity.

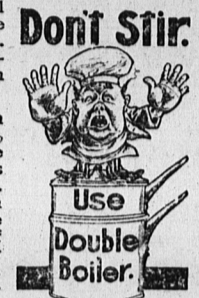
Second—Our digestive canal was developed into a forty-foot tube of muscles because our ancestors lived upon food with more waste than nutrition, considered by bulk. This waste was largely grain waste. Without plenty of waste the digestive canal does not function properly, and constipation results. Roman Meal contains exactly the right amount of waste. Over-milled and over-refined foods contain none.

Third—Roman Meal contains 25% flaxseed. Flax is three times as nourishing as wheat, rye or oats. Therefore Roman Meal not only has the correct amount of waste, but it is very nourishing as well. Flax heals the irrita-

tion caused by bran, and prevents intestinal catarrh often resulting from bran used alone, or on mixed with white flour or rye cereals. Roman Meal cures constipation or "money

fourth—The excessive quantity of starch in white flour and refined cereals ferments and produces vegetable acids. These are absorbed into the blood, turning it acid. This acidity happens because the soluble alkalis which Nature provided in the dark parts of the grain to prevent this absorption are milled and thrown away. Roman Meal contains the necessary amount of soluble alkalis to keep the blood non-acid.

Acid blood produced by the refined cereals induces disease in the organs. The alkalis in Roman Meal keep the blood fluid and "cool." Try Roman Meal. Get it at your grocer's. Do not stir Roman Meal porridge except when mixing meal and water.



Roman Meal Company, Toronto, Canada; North Tonawanda, New York; Tacoma, Washington.

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Owing to the resignation of our Manager who intends going into other business in the near future we now offer for sale our business consisting of GROCERY, MEAT, FEED & PRODUCE Departments.

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## GOFF BROS Shoemen