

DO NOT FORGET THE DATE OF THE DOMINION

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

CONFEDERATION CELEBRATION CHARLOTTETOWN

MORNING DAILY FOUNDED 1861 WEEKLY (NOW EVENING DAILY) 1887 THE LATEST NEWS CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1914 FIRST OF ALL! \$2.50 PER YEAR (DELIVERED IN ADVANCE) \$2.50 PER YEAR BY MAIL IN ADVANCE

AFRICAN MINISTER OF DEFENCE

Justifies Action of Government in Deporting Strike Leaders.

(Canadian Press.) CAFETOWN, Feb. 4.—General Jan Christian Smith, Minister of Defence, was cheered by all sections, except the Laborites when he rose in the Assembly today to move the second reading of the Bill to indemnify the Government for its acts under the law. After he had spoken nearly four hours in justification of the Government's action in declaring Martial Law and deporting the strike leaders, the House adjourned. General Smith will resume his speech tomorrow. The Minister of defence argued that the Government had to deal with no ordinary strike but a syndicalist conspiracy of the worst type. The Trades Federation attempted to paralyze Trade Transportation and terrorize the community to compel surrender to its demands. To defeat this conspiracy and prevent the country from succumbing to anarchy it was necessary to mobilize a large military force which was then employed in the Beer Rebellion. The situation had been very grave and was only saved by the prompt deportation of the strike leaders.

TO EXILE PRESIDENT

(Canadian Press.) LIMA, Feb. 5.—Despite the Revolution all is quiet in the Capital. President Billinghurst, who is held a prisoner by revolutionists, will be exiled.

RACING SCHEDULE FOR SEASON

BOSTON, Feb. 4.—With the construction of three aspirants for America's Cup defending honors will under way at Bristol, R. I., Bath, Maine, and Neponset, owners and managers will gather in New York this week to discuss and probably arrange a racing schedule for the season. The meeting will be held at the New York Yacht Club, of which nearly all those interested in the three boats are members. It is expected that the yachts will be overboard by the first or tenth of May, and that the racing will start in Upper Long Island Sound during the first week in June, though there is a possibility that the first meeting of the candidate boats may be on the regular cup course of Sandy Hook. Some of the cup yachtsmen want at least one trial off Sandy Hook, preferably before the Shamrock IV, arrives. The yachts are likely to be found in New London about June 19, for the Harvard and Yale boat races. The greater part of the racing will be off Newport, and it is from Old Brenton's Lightship that the trial races are likely to be held about mid-August.

CHANNEL BETWEEN MONTREAL AND QUEBEC NEARLY COMPLETED

OTTAWA, Feb. 3.—The thirty foot ship channel between Quebec and Montreal is practically completed. The total length of dredging in the project is 70 miles, and the length yet to be dredged, says the annual report of the department of marine and fisheries which was published yesterday, is 4.20 miles. This, of course, was at the beginning of the present fiscal year. A good deal of work was accomplished last summer, but it is stated by the department that the work will take more than one season to finish. The total cost of the ship channel from 1851 to the present time is nearly sixteen millions.

LORD STRATHCONA'S WILL

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The will of the late Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, died on the 2nd, settled his Scottish estates and \$2,500,000 on his heirs in general. The residue of the estate, the value of which is not estimated, is left to his daughter, Margaret Charlotte, the wife of Dr. R. J. Bliss Howard, after numerous personal legacies are paid. Among these latter, the will leaves \$1,000,000 to the Royal Victoria College at Montreal, and \$50,000 to St. John's College, Cambridge. Yale University benefits to the extent of \$50,000.

BRITISH TO CONTROL

(Canadian Press.) LONDON, Feb. 5.—At the request of the Admiralty Colonial Secretary Harcourt had not notified each British Possession where Oil Deposits were found that they must be controlled solely by companies registered under the British flag and the Majority Directors every company must be British.

MEN AT THEIR BEST

(Canadian Press.) LONDON, Feb. 5.—Picking his men for the Antarctic Expedition Sir Ernest Shackleton says they must be between 30 and 40 years old, below 30 he says man is still in making and is at best between 30 and 40.

PRO-HOCKEY

(Special to The Guardian.) ST. JOHN, Feb. 5.—Last night's Hockey. At Halifax—New Glasgow 5 Crescents 2. At Sydney—Sydney 6 Socials 2. Sydney and Crescents now tie for first place.

NEW WORLD RECORD

(Canadian Press.) CHARLES, Feb. 5. Aviator Garrix took five passengers 7382 feet up in the air yesterday making new World's record.

DETECTIVES IMMUNE

(Canadian Press.) MONTREAL, Feb. 4.—The Burns Detectives in Montreal to testify in the Legislative Grant are immune from arrest. Judge Charbonneau has refused an order compelling the issuing of warrants.

HOCKEY

Friday in the Arena Rink the Victorias and Connaughts meet in hockey conflict for the second time this season. The last time these teams met the Connaughts came out victorious by the score of 5-1, but since then the Victorias have become much stronger by the addition to their team of Charles Burns, their star cover point of last year. The Connaughts line up will also be changed, "Lutie Macdonald" who was unfit through illness to take part in the just games and who gave a good account of himself in the Connaught-Abeegweit game will line up on Friday night. It is expected by those who follow the game that Friday night's game will be one of the best of the year if not the best, as the teams are very evenly matched. No doubt there will be a record attendance at the match as both clubs have many enthusiastic supporters. The senior teams will line up as follows:—

Table with 4 columns: Name, Position, Team, Opponent. Rows include Moran, Cheverie, W. Prowse, J. Prowse, Burns, Callaghan, Rodd, Connaughts, MacDonald, Purcell, L. W., Hennessey, Murnaghan, McCarey, Moore.

WOMEN FORBIDDEN TO APPEAR IN DANCES IN SLIT-SKIRTED

VIENNA, Feb. 4.—Hungarian women are revolting against the regulation issued by Field Marshal Baron Feteke forbidding them to appear at military balls and similar functions in slit skirts by having refused en masse to attend a ball at the Budapest Military Casino. The function was consequently postponed. One indignant woman in an interview says: "We obey the commands of fashion imposed by Paris or Budapest, not by the commander of the garrison. We like slit skirts, besides we have got our dresses and cannot afford to buy fresh ones every few days."

TEACHERS SALARIES INCREASED

MONCTON, February 3.—At a meeting of the Moncton school board last night, it was decided to increase the salaries of the lady teachers one hundred dollars a year. The total estimates for the school board for 1914 is \$44,197.43.

TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE MEETS IN CHARLOTTETOWN

Sensational and Instructive Reports Submitted. Stipendiary Magistrates' Courts and Prosecutors Criticized. Tribute to Work of Field Secretary. Executive Makes Recommendations.

Alliance was held here yesterday afternoon in the Kindergarten Hall. The annual meeting of the P. E. I. Branch of the Dominion Temperance Association was held here yesterday afternoon in the Kindergarten Hall. There was a large attendance of representatives and the Rev. G. A. Sutherland, Kensington, presided.

EXECUTIVE'S REPORT

The Secretary, Mr. D. Schurman, read the report of the Executive which was as follows:— 1st. At our last annual meeting of the Alliance, a large program was placed in the hands of our executive. First, to wait upon the Government and endeavor to obtain further amendment to the Prohibition Act. A sub committee consisting of the President, the Rev. G. A. Sutherland, Rev. Thos. Marshall, Mr. John Anderson, Mr. Donald McKinnon and our Secretary waited upon the Premier, Hon. John A. Mathieson, and were most cordially received and patiently heard, and given the assurance that our requests were most reasonable, and that they would receive careful consideration and his support in having the Act amended as requested. We desire to thank the Hon. Mr. Mathieson and all members of the Legislature for so promptly and unambiguously acceding to our petition. The amendments are valuable, and the results most beneficial, especially the one against public treating. The nuisance of drinking in Public, especially in railway trains, as a result of the amendment is very largely reduced.

FIELD SECRETARY:

2nd. Another important work was obtaining a Field Secretary. We were authorized to endeavor to secure the services of the Rev. H. R. Grant of Nova Scotia for one month. This we endeavored to do but failed. We were so impressed with the necessity of such an official in our work, that we took the responsibility of employing the Rev. W. D. Wilson, at a salary of \$1250.00 a year and expenses. Mr. Wilson's work has justified the wisdom of our choice. His courage, discretion, and manly conduct has endeared him to the heart, not only of those with whom he is most intimately associated, but of all with whom he has come in contact. That the movement was popular it is only necessary to say that \$100.00 towards paying his salary was subscribed in Charlottetown in less than twenty-four hours.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

3rd. At a meeting of the Executive on May 18th, when Mr. Wilson's engagement was made, an Advisory Committee, consisting of Rev. T. Marshall, A. W. Street, R. C. Goff, John Anderson and your Secretary were appointed to confer with and advise with the Field Secretary in his work. We spent very little time in endeavoring to enforce the law before we found that from intimidation, bribery, and perjury of witnesses as well as the indifference of some of those whose duty it is to enforce the law, some other plans than that originally followed was absolutely necessary. We therefore on November 18th agreed with the Thiel Detective Agency, known all over the United States and Canada, to send us two good men. With the results of their work you are all more or less familiar. These men cost us about \$20.00 a day, and have been in our employ for over two months, so you can judge of the magnitude of the undertaking. This work must not be spasmodic or partial, but continuous, persistent and determined. The only places the detectives were sent to were those places commonly reported where constant violations of the law were being carried on. No innocent man was tempted either to sell or to drink, in so far as we have any knowledge. The endeavour, and not a very difficult one in most cases, was to find legal proof against those generally known to be violators of the law.

DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY OF ENFORCEMENT.

4th. We realize that it is useless to bring detectives here, or any other reliable witnesses to swear that beer sold in our Province, and doing its deadly work with young and old, is intoxicating, whilst a Magistrate ad-

mitting that beer of less than three percent has been proven in his court to be intoxicating, refuses to convict unless it is also proven the beer contains three percent of alcohol. Two reputable witnesses swore that the beer they bought and drank was intoxicating, evidence an ordinary person would say sufficient to insure conviction. But because other witnesses swore that the drink they bought from the same person at another time was not intoxicating, and we were unable to prove that the beer contained over three percent of alcohol, the case was dismissed. With the cases of drunkenness from drinking beer sold in these same places, and continually coming before the police court, one would naturally think that any person of reasonable judgment would give but little credence to the witnesses who swore that the beer was not intoxicating and more credence to the men who swore that what they got and drank was intoxicating.

THREATS, INTIMIDATIONS, BRIBES

About every obstacle possible has been thrown in our way in getting the evidence of the detectives before the courts, threats, intimidations, offered bribes, and other means were used to prevent them, if possible, giving evidence. Unnecessary postponements, delays little short of scandalous have been granted. As an instance three days were partially wasted in Summerside by the Magistrate at a cost to the Alliance of over one hundred dollars, and in these three days the actual session of the court was only eight hours. Other unreasonable delays were granted, with no other apparent reason than to embarrass the prosecution. In one instance a man not directly a party in the case was allowed to make a speech from the witness stand in the court, and to the audience gathered to witness the trial, making serious charges against absent persons, and endeavoring to array Catholicism against Protestantism, truthfully stating that the Alliance was disreputable and that the law was being enforced in an impartial manner. The course taken in Summerside by the Magistrate and the other persons opposed to an impartial enforcement of the law is little less than a public scandal. We believe that we have a serious grievance in that in some way in two cases in Charlottetown information leaked out, giving to the persons charged before they were served information that enabling them to get away from the jurisdiction of the court. We are of the opinion that it ought to be possible in the administration of the law to issue and serve summonses without the accused party receiving word of such action in time to evade service.

SUMMERSIDE:

5th. The Magistrate had before him the acting Premier's instructions, and also the Premier's instructions, and his authority, assuming the Magistrate that Mr. Bentley was authorized to act as Prosecuting Attorney in all cases entered by the Alliance and yet in spite of Mr. Bentley's protest, an improper agreement was sanctioned by the Magistrate. Three cases were entered against Dr. McLellan's Drug Store. Two convictions were obtained and it was the third charge that the Prosecutor and the Magistrate prevented coming to trial. We had good reason to believe that other similar agreements were intended to be carried out in connection with cases to follow. And as in another case apparently for no valid reason an adjournment for another week was made, and as the Alliance could not depend upon the official Prosecutor to do his duty or even to be present in court when needed, as twice he had to be brought from Brackley Point to court to compel him if possible to do his duty; it was deemed wiser to withdraw from the remaining cases and wait until we have a more faithful prosecutor and a more impartial Magistrate in charge of the Summerside Court. The matter is more fully explained in Mr. Bentley's address to the court.

If a political clique to save one of their number from trial can make a burlesque of justice and set at defiance the Premier of the Province

and refuse to carry out his instructions or to administer the law then, the clearer and fuller the situation is understood, the better it will be for the rights and liberties of the people generally. It is no wonder that with such a condition of things prevailing in some sections of this Province, even in ordinary cases, it is so difficult to secure justice. The situation is one calling for serious consideration and prompt action by those having authority to act in the matter. We have reached the position now when a question more important than gaining or losing a few convictions confront us, and that is whether partisan Prosecutors and Magistrates control the situation, or whether the authority back of the Prohibitory Law is sufficient to secure its enforcement, even if it do that officials be turned out of office to give place to others who may be expected honestly without fear or favor to enforce the law.

CHARLOTTETOWN

7th. We regret that the Prosecutor in the court in Charlottetown consented on Thursday morning, January 29th, to the dismissal of the three cases before the court. He stated to the court that he had no instructions from Mr. Bentley as to what to do, and did not know where Mr. Bentley was. Two reputable witnesses heard Mr. Bentley give the necessary instructions to the Prosecutor on the evening of January 24, instructing him to ask for an adjournment of the cases until he returned from Summerside. The Prosecutor himself on the night before the time fixed for the trials called up Mr. Bentley's house and asked where he was, and was told at Summerside, and that he would be down on the morning train for the trial. We cannot harmonize Mr. Boisner's statement with the known facts in the case. And we believe he ought not to have agreed to the dismissal of these cases, contrary to the instructions of his counsel. We fear that he allowed himself to be controlled by those opposed to the Prosecution, as he had already testified to the Grand Jury had been the fact in a previous case. It seems to us the course of Mr. Boisner was absolutely clear, and had he wished to aid the Alliance he would have secured from the Magistrate an adjournment of the cases until Mr. Bentley's return from Summerside, instead of agreeing to the dismissals.

THE DRUG STORES

8th. If the Prohibitory Law is to be effective the drug stores must be dealt with. Some of them are little better than bar-rooms and should be legislated against as such, and the sale of intoxicating liquors absolutely prohibited in them. The clause affecting doctors surely needs also to be amended, and made more stringent in its action. When doctors have issued up to three and four hundred certificates a month it is certainly time some action was taken to prevent so great a travesty on the administration of the law. We think the Medical Society in justice to itself should take steps if within its power to discipline members who so grossly and persistently violate the laws of their country, and bring discredit upon a great and honorable profession.

OFFICIAL PROSECUTIONS:

9th. We are of the opinion that in the case of Official Prosecutors their duty is not to wait until some person's place in their hands evidence of the violation of law, but they themselves should search out and prosecute all law-breakers, and sufficient means and authority should be in their hands for this purpose. It is time that the farce of playing at law enforcement be ended, and an honest and aggressive effort be made to put every rum seller on the island out of business, and that with no unnecessary delay.

During this recent campaign five persons left the Province so as to evade service. Sixty cases were entered, and twenty-one convictions were obtained. One person was indicted by the Grand Jury for attempted intimidation of witnesses and a bench warrant was issued for his arrest. In the Summerside Court seven convictions were obtained, and fourteen were dismissed. (Continued on page five)

THE STRUGGLE IN HAITI

(Canadian Press.) WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—It became known today that if the struggle of the Rebel Factions now going on in Haiti results in the Dominions of the Labor Leaders committed to the perpetuation of Constitutional Government, the United States will not interfere.

ARMY ENLARGED

(Canadian Press.) MEXICO, Feb. 5.—Huerta has issued a decree authorizing an increase of the army by 30,000 men. This will make available fighting force 23,000 and promises active campaign.

ISLANDERS IN CALGARY

ISLANDERS IN CALGARY.—Former residents of the Maritime Provinces, to the number of about 350, attended the fifth annual banquet of the Maritime Provinces Association in Paget Hall, on Tuesday evening, says a Calgary exchange. C. W. Matheson, B. A., LL.B., president of the Association, occupied the chair and welcomed the visitors in an eloquent address. The banquet hall was nicely decorated and the feast of good things put on by the Ladies' Aid of the Church of England was very creditable. After the good things provided had been disposed of a delightful programme of speech-making and musical numbers was carried out. The speeches referred to the glories of the old places down by the Atlantic, and pointed out how the sons of the maritime provinces had in one walk and another, taken a leading part in the upbuilding of the last great west, and had carried to this new country the ideals which they had inherited from the sturdy old loyalists and other pioneers who had made the maritime provinces what they are. The speakers pointed out that while the west provided the opportunities the east furnished the brains and character, and many ideals much more valuable than wealth. Stanley Jones, K. C., proposed the health of the City of Calgary, which was responded to by Mayor Sinnott. Both gentlemen delivered excellent addresses. Rev. A. D. Archibald proposed the health of Nova Scotia, speaking in his usual fine style. He was replied to by J. A. Irvine. The Province of New Brunswick was proposed by J. L. Neville in an appropriate manner, and brought forth one of the most eloquent speeches of the evening from J. S. Mavor, LL. B., president of the Bassano board of trade. Prince Edward Island is the headquarters for Macdonalds, and it has sent several good men of the name to Calgary. Dr. J. E. Macdonald proposed the health of this little province, pointing out that "The Island" had supplied the world with leading educationalists. J. T. Macdonald replied delivering one of his best speeches, which was both instructive and humorous. Both these "Mac's" by the way are school trustees in Calgary. George Ross, K. C., another former P. E. I. man who has become prominent in Calgary proposed the health of the press which was responded to by Rev. Mr. Smith of MacLeod.

GOT \$6,000 FOX IN HEN COOP

EDMONTON, ALTA., Feb. 2.—John Gentile, of this city, tried to chase what he thought was a dog out of a chicken coop in his back yard yesterday and because the animal resisted he is better off by \$6,000, as it proved the finest female specimen of genuine black fox taken this year according to fox experts, buying for eastern firms here. Forty minutes after capturing it, he was offered \$6,000, but is holding for \$7,000.

WILL AID PRINCE OF ALBANIA

LONDON, Feb. 2.—A despatch from Athens states that an entente has been arranged between Greece and Roumania by which Greece undertakes to aid the Prince of Weid in Albania and Roumania will assist Greece in case of attack by either Turkey or Bulgaria.

NEW DEPUTY POLICE COMMISSIONER OF N.Y.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—J. Robert Rubin, senior Deputy Assistant District Attorney, was appointed yesterday Second Deputy Police Commissioner of New York. The appointment is significant, as Mr. Rubin has always enjoyed the confidence of District Attorney Whitman and his choice for the civil head of the detective force indicates that this body will act in close co-operation with the District Attorney's office.

CONDITIONS IN MEXICO

(Canadian Press.) WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—There were few external signs today of the effect of the Presidential Proclamation yesterday revoking the order against shipments of arms and ammunition into Mexico. In answer to the suggestion that the work of the Border Patrol would be greatly reduced in consequence of the cessation of the task of chasing gun runners, Secretary Garrison said he would be guided entirely by General Bliss at El Paso in making changes in the disposition of troops. So far he had not considered the feasibility of making reductions. The status of refugees, Mexicans, Constitutionalists and Federalists held by the United States was not affected by the order. It was stated that when the trouble ceased in Mexico the Government would be confronted with a Bill for the Maintenance of refugees.

BRIBERY SENTENCES

(Canadian Press.) NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—For bribery Joseph Cassidy, a former Democratic Boss, and Wm. Willett, former Congressman, were sentenced for six months to a year in Sing Sing and to pay a \$1,000 fine. Louis T. Walter, politician was given 3 months and has to pay \$1,000.

LATEST FROM THEATRES

"BEAUTY IS ONLY SKIN DEEP" AT A. B. KEITH'S

William A. Brady will make his debut as a vaudeville producer at B. F. Keith's Theatre next week when his new comedy success, "Beauty is Only Skin Deep" comes to this playhouse for a run of one week only. "Beauty is Only Skin Deep" is from the pen of Elizabeth Jordan. It deals with the adventures of a lady from Oklahoma who enters Mme. O'Reilly's Beauty Parlor on Fifth Avenue, New York City, and is miraculously transformed from a plain woman into a ravishing beauty. The stage setting showing the beauty parlor, with all its equipment and various frequenters. A cast of eight comedienne portray the various characters in the play. Laddie Cliff, England's favorite comedian and eccentric dancer, will return after a long absence; and another novelty, will be Joseph Hart's production of the unique comedy skit, "A Telephone Tangle." This is described as something that occurs every day. The principal role of the telephone operator, is played by Dorothy Regal, and the other characters are well known types encountered in New York City. By a most unique and novel stage setting, the persons who are connected by the operator are shown as fast as they begin to take part in the dialogue, and to take part in fast and furious "from start to finish. Other strong features will be Frederick V. Bowers and his own company in "Bright Smiles and Songs," including some lively dancing; The Mel-Banna in a black art novelty; Paulson and Goldie, the "quitting comedians; and many other features yet to be announced.

ITALIAN BANDIT NOW IN THE CELLS

ST. JOHN, Feb. 3.—With frozen feet, swollen limbs and evidences of a trying experience the Italian who figured in the Paterson jewelry break was rounded up in the North End this morning while attempting to force an entrance into the Pigeon store, Main Street, with fast and furious feet. The fleety foreigner attempted to elude the police, but he was run down before he had made any great headway. In breaking the lock on the door of the Pigeon establishment the Italian was heard by residents living in the vicinity and soon the police were on the trail.

SERGEANT SMITH TELEPHONED TO THE NORTH END STATION

Sergeant Smith telephoned to the North End station and Officer Briggs was dispatched in search of the lanky foreigner. Sergeant Smith and he together walked towards the foot of Portland, and on Main Street they met Officer McFarlane, who joined in the search. The culprit was spied from Main Street and in a brisk chase out Bridge Street he was caught in the rear of Frank Kerr's house off Bridge Street.

To the police the Italian gave his name as John Braise, age 27, native of Italy. He was brought to the North End police station and at once hurried over to the central station in the patrol wagon. The Italian was dressed just as he was when he escaped from the jewelry store with bare head and unprotected feet. He showed signs of having undergone much pain and severe torture.