

# S. A. McDonald

The Island's Leading Store

## Tea Aprons 15c

Made from nice quality Lawn well finished, price 15c

## House Dresses 98c

Another lot of these 98c dresses received yesterday, made from good quality of Cotton, comfortable, cool fitting and well finished in all sizes 32 to 44, 98c.



## Winter Coats \$10.00

New Winter Coats, our first shipment arrived, may be seen in our mantle room today. We are making a leader of a \$10.00 Coat, it's the best \$10.00 Coat we have ever shown which is saying a great deal. It has all the points of fit and finish found in the \$15, and \$18 coats. We would advise you to make an early selection as later in the season we will be unable to secure more at this price.

## Men's Hats \$1.75 to \$3 for 98c

On a table in the hat department you will find a lot of black and colored hats, regular values from \$1.75 to \$3.00, your choice, all sizes 98c.

# S. A. McDonald

## Men's Caps 75c to \$1.25 for 40c

This lot consists of a lot of odds and ends, all good shapes and patterns, all sizes for 40c.

*Maritime*

## The Boys New Suits This way Boys

Our first shipment of Boys' New Fall Suits has arrived, the make is new and smart, new plaited backs, also Norfolk and plain double breasted style, the smartest lot of suits shown here an extra pair of bloomers go with each suit, prices 6.50 7.00, 8.00, 10.00.



## Curtain Muslins and Ratines 20 p. c. dis.

All Curtain Muslins and Ratines go on sale now at a discount of 20 p. c.

## Aprons 50c

Made from a good quality Cotton made large full length, good patterns, excellent values at 50c.

# S. A. McDonald

# THE Charlottetown Guardian

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MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1915.

### ELECTION DATE FIXED

At the Convention of the Liberal-Conservative party in the Fifth District of King's, held at Georgetown on Saturday, Premier Mathieson announced that the Provincial Election would take place on Thursday, September 16, and the nominations on Thursday, September 9. These are the most convenient dates, and will enable the campaign to be brought to a conclusion with the least possible inconvenience to harvest operations. Every indication points to a return of the Mathieson Government by a magnificent majority. In every district where conventions have been held, the greatest enthusiasm in favour of the present Government has been shown, and even in the Second District of Prince, which the Liberal leader vacates for Dominion politics, the utmost confidence is felt that the Government candidates will carry the day. There is practically no opposition to the Government candidates. It is true candidates have been put forward to contest the various seats, but they are, generally speaking, unrepresentative and influenced almost exclusively by personal aspirations. The Opposition has no platform, no policy and no leader. It is merely a disorganized conglomeration of aspiring politicians who are seizing the opportunity of the dissolution of the Legislature by the effluxion of time to further their own particular interests and ambitions. Reasoned criticism of the Government's policy they have none; carping, petty fault-finding without a shadow of foundation in fact is the stock-in-trade of the aggregation served up by the Patriot and nauseam to the disgust of all fair-minded people.

The Government has a record of work accomplished that will bring undying credit to Premier Mathieson and his colleagues. Never in the history of the Province has there been a better, a stronger, a more progressive or so successful a Government. The combination has worked single-mindedly in the public interest, and worked as one man. The administration has followed the best traditions of the British Government; it has acted unanimously and harmoniously, and when there was a difference of opinion, rather than break the harmony or disturb the unanimity, a member resigned and gave place to another. This British manner of conducting the Government has been a pleasing contrast to the methods pursued by its predecessors, and because of the contrast, some of the Grit critics have failed to realize its significance and importance. Because the Government has never acted except as one man, these little-minded opponents have suggested that it is a one-man Government. Nothing is farther from the truth. Every question of policy and administration has been fully and freely discussed and moulded in the Government, just as were the plans and programme of the Mathieson Opposition when they met and decided their policy before being returned to power. The secret of the success of the Mathieson Government lies in the fact that every member of the Government has a share in moulding its policy, and when that policy is adopted on any one question, then the Government speaks as one man through the Premier. That is generalship, that is administrative sagacity, that is the essence of sound and enduring government. It is because Premier Mathieson is endowed in a singular manner with the power and ability to bring out the best that is in his colleagues and to utilize it for the advancement of the commonweal that he proved an unbounded success as leader in opposition, and a still greater success as Premier of his Government.

The little-minded critics who can realize nothing greater than the advancement of their own petty, personal interests cannot understand the reason for Premier Mathieson's tremendous success; and failing to understand they content themselves with enviously barking and snarling at him personally. But the country at large understands and appreciates. The people throughout the country who are more concerned in the advancement of the public weal than the furtherance of personal interests recognize and are not slow to proclaim the tremendous change for the better the past three years of Mathieson administration has brought about. For twenty years the Province was on the down-grade; then for three years it has been, more rapidly than at any time in its previous history, making vast strides towards becoming the best-governed and administered province in the Dominion. Let everyone of our readers peruse the magnificent speech of Premier Mathieson in to-day's issue, and then ask himself whether or not what we have said be true. There can be but one answer. The Mathieson Government has done the things which for twenty years we have longed for, and which many—nay most—of us thought unattainable if not impossible.

### BANKS AND RECRUITING

The Financial Post of Toronto, in a recent issue, tells what the Canadian banks have done in the matter of sending men into active service. The article was suggested by the appearance in certain newspapers of criticisms of the banks' attitude on the question of recruiting. The charge was made that, instead of encouraging recruiting the banks were discouraging it and placing serious obstacles in the way of enlistment. "The accusation," says the Financial Post, "was a serious one. If true, it reflected sadly on the loyalty of the banks. If untrue it was a most despicable calumny and deserved instant refutation."

In order to get at the truth of the situation, The Post approached a number of general managers and asked them for a statement of the positions of the institutions with which they were connected, on the subject of recruiting among their employees. The following tabulation of enlistments from the different banks was secured: The Canadian Bank of Commerce, 550; Dominion Bank, 116; Bank of Toronto, 100; Bank of Nova Scotia, 111; Imperial Bank, 130, averaging about 15 out of every hundred of the staffs. Mr. John Aird, Assistant General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, further stated that of the 550

enlisted, 300 were paid full salary for six months and were given indefinite leave of absence involving the retaining of their positions and their connection with the Bank's pension and life insurance funds. The remainder were given liberal retiring allowances based on their length of service, coupled with assurances respecting their reinstatement in the service on return from military duty.

Mr. H. A. Richardson, General Manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, told a somewhat similar story, no obstacles placed in the way of enlistment, recruits still retained on the bank's payroll, and assured of reinstatement on return. Not a banking institution that was interviewed but had similar experiences.

The public know little of the sacrifice made by the banks in connection with the war. Besides contributing generously to the different patriotic funds they not only permitted but encouraged their employees to enlist, and the extra burden of overwork was cheerfully borne by those who for any reason were unable to enlist. The banks without exception are deserving of the utmost commendation for the splendidly patriotic stand they have taken and the excellent example they have set in the matter of encouraging recruiting.

### SELECTING A LEADER

Our esteemed Contemporary, the Patriot, appears to have taken umbrage at some sympathetic remarks of ours with reference to Friday's rally of Charlottetown Liberals. When 40 of the faithful were present on the urgent invitation of the Patriot. Now, it is no use for the Patriot to get mad over matters of this kind. Things are as they are in the Grit world of Prince Edward Island at present because they are as they are, and the prospect is that there shall be no improvement for some time. The difficulties encountered at Friday's meeting were quite natural.

We are also informed on more or less reliable authority that there was a conference of opposition candidates on Friday to select a leader and formulate a policy. Now everybody knows how difficult it is to make a selection of a leader. In the first place the man selected must have certain outstanding qualifications. This difficulty, we believe, was overcome at once as each of the four aspirants was, on his own admission, endowed with all the essential qualifications and had several others up his sleeve for emergencies. True the other three could not see it in the same light but the fact remained that the qualifications were there—on the admission referred to. The next difficulty—and this is where the trouble arose—was to select a man who was sure of his election. It was pointed out that if the man upon whose shoulders the mantle was placed should be defeated at the polls it would place the party in a humiliating position before the people. Moreover, it would be awkward, on re-assembling after the election, to offer the leadership to one whom this representative gathering had turned down. Indeed it was intimated that such a selection would not be acceptable and the thing would have to be decided now or not at all. In thrashing this out there was naturally a good deal of bitterness and things were said that would not have been said had there been fewer eligibles. It is reported, but we cannot vouch for the accuracy of this, that a compromise was proposed, namely, as the average session of the Legislature lasts from six weeks to two months, that each of the aspirants be appointed to lead the opposition for two weeks at a time, a sort of probationary period to test their merits. Another suggestion was that the portfolios might be increased in number or the existing ones divided up. For instance there might be a separate premier, a separate Attorney-General, a separate Government Secretary, a separate Commissioner of Agriculture, a separate Commissioner of Education, a separate Commissioner of Public Works and a separate Provincial Treasurer and Whip, commonly known as Patronage Secretary; and that each of the aspirants and other candidates should be slated for the particular office of their choice and given an assurance that if alive when the party was returned to power they would be given the reversion of this particular office. In this connection one of the candidates who had neither expectation of being returned nor of obtaining office told a story which was more or less apropos: a certain little boy whose conduct was not of the usual recognized Sunday School character was lectured by a well-meaning elderly dame who assured him that if he was good he would get to heaven when he died, to which the precocious youngster replied: "Oh, that's too far ahead, as an immediate inducement to good behaviour."

Such flippancy was not appreciated by the meeting and further discussion of the claims of the various aspiring leaders was adjourned sine die.

### NOTES

The Germans, in seventeen Zeppelin raids on England since the war began, have succeeded in killing 85 persons and injuring 267, besides destroying some property. The victims were all civilians. As no military object was attained these air raids may be recorded as a failure, unless the raiders regard the indiscriminate slaying of innocent persons as a glorious thing.—Ex.

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DAILY SELECTIONS  
FOR GUARDIAN  
READERS  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Furnished  
by W. S. Louson.  
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THE SABBATH BELLS.  
The old man sits in his easy chair,  
And his ear has caught the ringing  
Of many a church bell far and near,  
Their own sweet music singing;  
And his head sinks low on his aged breast,  
While his thoughts far back are reaching  
To the Sabbath morns of his boyish days,  
And a mother's sacred teaching.

A few years later, and lo!  
The bells  
A merrier strain were pealing,  
And heavenward bore the marriage vows  
Which his manhood's joys were sealing.  
But the old man's eyes are dimming now,  
As memory held before him  
The sad, sad picture of later years,  
When the tide of grief rolled o'er him;  
When the bells are tolling  
For loved ones gone,  
For the wife, the sons and daughters,  
Who, one by one, from his

home went out  
And down into death's dark waters.  
But the aged heart has still one joy  
Which his old life daily blesses,  
And his eyes grow bright and his pulse warm  
'Neath a grandchild's sweet carresses.  
But the old man wakes from the reverie  
And the dear old face is smiling,  
While the child with his serious eyes keeps on,  
The Sabbath hour beguiling;  
Ah! bells, once more ye will ring for him,  
When the heavenly band shall sever  
The cord of life and his free soul flies  
To dwell with his own forever.

Are you a good guesser?  
The General says:—No man living can take three different kinds of Roofing and determine in advance by such tests as bending, twisting, tearing, or smelling, how long each will last on the roof. The best you can do is to make a guess. That is why

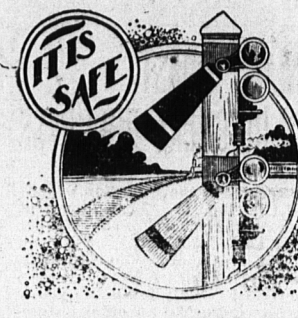
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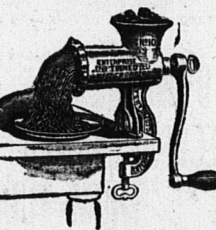
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World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers  
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## Always Be Prepared

It's the only Safeguard Carry Insurance against every contingency with



Hyndman & Co., Ltd.  
Established in 1876  
61 Queen Street Charlottetown  
The Oldest Insurance Agency in the Province.



## The UNIVERSAL Food Chopper Chops Everything Chopable

Meat, fish, fowl, vegetables, bread—in fact every kind of food can be chopped easier, quicker and better with the Universal Food Chopper than any other. The Universal Food Chopper is light in operation, simple, strong and durable. Can be quickly changed for different size and kind of cuts, easily cleaned and always ready for use. Let us show you the Universal Food Chopper, let us explain where and why it is superior to others.

Fennell & Chandler, Victoria Row

## 50 Per Cent Guaranteed Dividend 1915

Glenaladale Silver Black Fox Co., Ltd.  
[Incorporated 1913]  
ONE OF THOSE THAT STOOD THE TEST  
Guaranteed that 50 per cent was to be paid in 1914, but paid 100 per cent, 50 per cent in cash and 50 per cent in stock. With twenty pairs of beautiful Silver Black foxes capitalized at \$300,000.00 only \$15,000.00 a pair with all expenses and ranching free  
GUARANTEES 50 PER CENT AT THE LEAST FOR 1915 OR WHATEVER MORE IT MIGHT BE.  
Anyone wanting to invest in this great Black Fox industry will make no mistake to invest in this Company for they are sure of 50 per cent, whatever more the first year.  
Shares are \$25. Write for prospectus and other information to  
M. C. MACKINNON, Secretary-Treasurer  
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2238-7-24MEIT

## Midsummer Sale In Footwear

Ladies' White Suede Boots, Pumps and Button Oxfords at 40 p. c. discount.  
Women's Colored Canvas Oxfords \$1.85 for \$1.00 also White Canvas Colonial Pumps at 25 p. c off.  
Women's Tan Button and Laced Boots (good year) \$3.75 for \$2.19.  
Women's and Misses' Patent and Dongola Blucher Oxfords \$2.10 for \$1.49.  
Women's Dongola Strap Slippers \$1.15 for 89c.  
A lot of Men's Boots Tan and Black \$6.00 now \$4.50—\$5.00 now \$4.00—\$4.50 now \$3.50  
Men's Split Plow Boots \$1.50, suitable for Haying and Harvest.  
Men's Oxfords Tan and Black \$4.00 to \$5.00 now \$2.49.  
An assorted lot of Childs' Canvas Shoes, Sandals and Slippers at 50c.  
Be prompt and you'll be the gainer.

G O F F B R O S.  
128 Richmond Street