

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1918.  
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## GERMANS ADOPTING EXTENSIVE AIR TRAFFIC

### Germans Lost Over 6,000 Airplanes Destroyed and Surrendered During the Present Year.

(Special To The Guardian)  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—Air traffic has been begun between some of the largest German towns. Advice reaching here report that airplanes are carrying parcel-post matter and passengers. One country is constructing a new large type of airplane able to carry forty passengers.  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—The surrender of the 2,000 German airplanes required under the terms of the armistice convention has been proceeding during the past week and it is expected the full complement of enemy machines will be in the Allies' hands. Some light is thrown upon what this

## EMPIRE REPRESENTATIVE AT PEACE CONFERENCE

### Will be Selected this Week. Choice Will be Between Premiers Borden and Hughes.

(Special To The Guardian)  
OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—It is expected here that the representative of the Empire at the Peace Conference will be appointed this week. The Imperial War Cabinet will make the selection and the choice will be between Sir Robert Borden and Premier Hughes of Australia. The natural selection would be Sir Robert as the representative of the oldest and largest overseas Dominion. On the other hand Australia has been making urgent demands for representation being particularly anxious owing to its interest in the disposal of the German Pacific possessions. However even if Sir Robert is not a delegate he will be present in a deliberative capacity and will sit on some of the Imperial committees. If the peace conference lasts until May, as now stated, it will have considerable influence on the coming session. With Sir Robert Borden absent, the peace still unsigned and the war officially not over, there is less likelihood, of malcontents endeavoring to defeat the Government. The cabinet is confident of its ability to hold a majority.

## MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL

The City Council met in regular monthly session last evening. There were present His Worship Mayor Wright, His Honor, Mr. K. J. Martin, Recorder, Health Officer Dr. McMillan, and all the Councilors with one exception. Before the regular business of the meeting started His Worship expressed his appreciation of the manner in which the members of the Council had stood behind him in the arrangements of the reception to His Excellency the Governor General. The Recorder and most of the Councilors warmly complimented His Worship upon the efficient and dignified manner in which he had carried out his several duties in connection with the reception. The minutes and regular bills were read and approved. A petition was read from twenty-six residents of Brighton and vicinity asking that an electric light be placed at the corner of Ambrose and Green Streets. It was referred to the Light Committee who, His Worship promised, would look into the matter and if the light was considered a necessity by them, would be immediately installed. Another petition signed by the Bishop of Charlottetown and others asked that Haviland Street from Water Street to Rochford be macadamized next season. This was referred to the Street Committee who were asked to bring in a report when they submit their estimates for 1919. A petition was read from J. Lambrose, asking for permission to operate a pool and billiard table in the premises formerly occupied by Gerald Bremner, which it was decided to grant upon payment of the required license. The Mayor on behalf of the committee of the P. E. I. Orphanage, warmly thanked the council for their donation of \$150. He did not think the sum of \$300 given to the two Orphanages could be better spent. Councillor Smith agreed with the Mayor in his statement. Some discussion took place as to the advisability of Charlottetown purchasing a proper insignia of office for the Mayors in future, in order to rank with other Canadian capitals. It was generally agreed that the idea was a proper one. A proposal to appoint a fire inspector was discussed at considerable length and a committee was appointed to look into the matter. Coun. Yeo brought up an important matter dealing with the demobilization of troops and reconstruction and the necessity of cities and towns taking a share in the work of repatriation of the men from the front. He said the Council should give earnest consideration of any problem for the welfare of these men. He referred at some length to the needs of starting new industries here and reviving some old ones, building permanent streets, and sidewalks, storm sewers and carrying on all possible work that would help the city and give employment. He believed Charlottetown had a class of citizens who were capable of carrying anything through they undertook. This had been amply proved in the recent Victory Loan. He therefore moved the following resolution seconded by Coun. McKinnon, who strongly supported him: "That the Board of Trade, the Retail Merchants' Association, the Great War Veterans Association, and the Rotary Club be each requested to appoint a committee to act in conjunction with committee from this Council for the purpose of inquiring into the industrial condition of the city with a view to the extension and development of industry." The tender of C. B. Murley for printing the City Report was accepted, being the lowest. The necessity of enforcing the snow-shoveling by-law and some other matters were discussed after which the meeting adjourned.

## SIR ARTHUR CURRIE'S MESSAGE TO TROOPS

### Reminds Them That Discipline of the Highest Standard Must be Maintained and the Memory of Their Dead Comrades Demands That They Bring Back to Canada Their Glorious Record Pure and Unsullied.

Sir Arthur Currie issued the following special order of the day to the Canadian troops forming part of the army of occupation. "Some of you have already commenced, while others are about to march on the Rhine, liberating Belgium in your advance. In a few days you will enter order to secure the fulfilment of the terms of the armistice preliminary to the peace treaty. The rulers of Germany, humiliated and demoralized, have fled. That unscrupulous nation, who in 1914 set at naught every treaty and violated every moral obligation, who have since perpetrated the most ferocious atrocities on land as well as on sea, is beaten, famished, and at our mercy. Justice has come. Retribution commences. During four long years, conscious of the righteousness of your cause, you have fought many battles and endured cruel hardships, and now your mighty efforts are rewarded. Your comrades are avenged. You have demonstrated on the battlefield your superior courage and unflinching energy. By the will of God you have won. Marching triumphantly through Belgium, you will be received everywhere as liberators, but the kindness and generosity of the population must not cause any relaxation of your discipline or alertness. Your task is not yet completed, and you must remain what you are—a closely knitted army in grim and deadly earnest. German agents scattered through the country must not be able to report to their masters any weakness or evidence of disintegration of your fighting power. It is essential that on the march and at the halt discipline must be of the highest standard. Every possible protection should be taken at all times to guard against hostile acts by organized bodies and to lessen the possibility, always present, of isolated murders or desperate guerrilla acts by factions. To the enemy above all it is of capital importance to establish in Germany the sense of your overwhelming moral and physical standing so as to complete by the presence of your potential strength the victories you have won on the battlefield. All external signs of discipline must be insisted upon, and the example in this, as in all else, must come from the leaders. Clothing and equipment must be, if possible, spotless, well kept and well put on. Badges and distinguishing marks must be complete, while the transport should be clean as the circumstances will allow. In short, you must continue to be and appear to be that powerful force which has won the fear and respect of your foes and the admiration of the world. It is not necessary to say that the population and private property will be respected. You will always remember that you fought for justice, right and decency, and that you cannot afford to fall short of these essentials, even in the count against which you have every right to feel bitter.

## CANADA WAR COST NOW BEING ESTIMATED

### One Billion Sixty-eight Million Dollars to November 30. Total Outlay Will Probably be \$300,000,000 Per Year.

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—The Minister of Finance has forwarded to Sir Robert Borden full particulars as to the war expenditure of Canada and as to the annual pension burden which will result from the war. The total expenditure of Canada is estimated at one billion and sixty eight million dollars to November 30th. To the 31st March next it is estimated at one billion two hundred and ninety millions. To this estimate should be added the amount of war outlay which will be incurred after March 31st, 1919 which may exceed \$300,000,000 per year and probably more. Canada's net debt at March 31st 1918 was \$338,000,000. The net debt to March 31st, 1919 is estimated at one billion and a half. In addition to the above Canada will have a large claim for indirect or consequential damages as well as those arising out of the raids of Ger-

## LIBERALS HUNTING FOR NEW LEADER

### Section of Party Realizing That Laurier is Impossible are Combing the Party for a Successor. Hudson of Manitoba is Spoken of.

(Special to the Guardian)  
OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—There are evidences of growing friction among the Laurier Liberals. The disappointing show of Sir Wilfred at London with its thrashing of old political straw and its unfortunate reference to the noble German people has convinced a section of the Opposition at least that a new leader must be obtained if they are to make any progress. They are looking to the West for a man as they hope to consolidate western Liberalism with Quebec. The idea in mind is to secure a westerner as the Liberal Leader having Sir Wilfred as

## HOLLAND'S CONDITION ON KAISER'S SURRENDER

### Will Urge Internment for Life in Dutch Island as Sufficient Punishment.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—If the Allies insist upon the delivery of the former German Emperor and Crown Prince to International Court of Justice Holland will yield but will first urge that the Allies content themselves with a determination to intern them for life in one of the Dutch Colonies, according to an Amsterdam despatch to the Express. Holland it is understood, will suggest that Herr Hohenzollern and his family be placed on an island in the east or West Indies where he will be guarded by a Dutch fleet. It is also anticipated that Holland will ask for compensation for permitting a violation of her neutrality by allowing German troops to pass through the Province of Limburg on their retreat from Belgium and receiving German ships from Antwerp. The Compensation, says the correspondent, may possibly be the cession of certain territories along the Belgium frontier owned by Holland since 1831. It is proposed that the southern part of Limburg, the population of which is claimed to be principally Belgian be ceded as compensation.

## THE DEPENDENTS OF CANADIAN SOLDIERS

### 50,000 Women and Children Still in England.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Canadian press learns that a reliable estimate shows 50,000 women and children, dependents of Canadian soldiers are in England. Roughly speaking they can be transported at the rate of 500 each sailing.

## British Troops Hurried to Cologne

Aix La Chapelle, Dec. 9.—British troops have been hurried to Cologne to maintain order but what the nature of the trouble there is has not been made public and its source is not stated. It is reported that Red Forces and their opponents have been rioting and that the situation demands armed British forces. In the meantime British infantry have been pushed up as far as Durt which was entered tonight. Stringent orders have been issued along the British front forbidding any one not actually a member of the Army of Occupation to cross the border without a special pass.

## UNFALTERING ENERGY

You have demonstrated on the battlefield your superior courage and unflinching energy. By the will of God you have won. Marching triumphantly through Belgium, you will be received everywhere as liberators, but the kindness and generosity of the population must not cause any relaxation of your discipline or alertness. Your task is not yet completed, and you must remain what you are—a closely knitted army in grim and deadly earnest. German agents scattered through the country must not be able to report to their masters any weakness or evidence of disintegration of your fighting power. It is essential that on the march and at the halt discipline must be of the highest standard. Every possible protection should be taken at all times to guard against hostile acts by organized bodies and to lessen the possibility, always present, of isolated murders or desperate guerrilla acts by factions.

## GERMANY PUNISHED

"Rest assured that the crimes of Germany will receive adequate punishment. Attempts will be made by insidious propaganda to undermine the source of your strength, but you, the soldier citizens of the finest and most advanced democracy in the world, will treat such attempts with the contempt they deserve. You know that self-imposed, stern discipline has made you the hardest, most successful and cleanest fighters of this war. Beginning by the immortal stand at the second battle of Ypres, you were fittingly closed by the capture of Mons your fighting record, in which every battle you fought is a resplendent page of glory. I trust you, and the memory of your dead comrades demands of you to bring back that glorious record pure and unsullied to Canada."

## Transylvania and Roumania Unite

BERNE, Dec. 9.—The national Roumanian council of Transylvania has proclaimed union with the Kingdom of Roumania. Roumanian flags are flying everywhere and great enthusiasm is manifest.

## Britain Day in U.S. Splendidly Celebrated

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—America's nation-wide tribute to Britain which found expression in the national dedication of a day to her honor was unique and remarkable. From coast to coast throughout this Republic the Union Jack was displayed, big parades and ceremonies took place in almost every city, public men and newspapers vied with one another in earnest and eulogistic expression of appreciation and admiration. The celebration of "Britain Day" by the United States is an event absolutely unique in American history and formally marks the commencement of the new and enduring British American Entente.

## German Princes Accept Situation

BERLIN, Dec. 9.—Most of the Hohenzollern Princes accept the new situation only reluctantly. Other German Princes are quite resigned to it and try their best to make themselves useful to the Republic. The most conspicuous among the latter is the Prince of Reuss of the younger line who is now acting as a theatrical manager in Gera.

## Accident in Ghent Kills Ten Persons

GHEENT, Dec. 9.—The western Railway station here was accidentally set on fire and burned yesterday. The fire caused the explosion of a bomb that had been secreted by the Germans with the result that ten persons were killed and several others injured.

## Sweden Out With Bolsheviks

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Sweden has severed diplomatic relations with the Bolsheviks according to an exchange Telegram despatch from Copenhagen today. The Swedish Foreign Office has requested Myrooski, Minister to leave Stockholm immediately, the despatch adds.

## Mackenzies Army Being Disarmed

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 9.—The disarming of Field Marshall Von Mackenzies' army has begun in Hungary, according to a Berlin despatch received here. The soldiers will not be interned but will be permitted to cross the frontier they are selling their motor cars, horses and other equipment cheaply.

## British Arrive At River Rhine

LONDON, Dec. 9.—British advance troops reached the River Rhine yesterday between Godesburg and Cologne. Field Marshal Haig announced today in reporting the progress of the British Army of Occupation. Godesburg is about 20 miles southeast of Cologne near the Rhine, above Bern.

## Col. Thompson, K.C., D.S.O., On Pension Board

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—Col. John T. C. Thompson, K. C., D. S. O., has been appointed by the government to the vacancy on the board of pension commissioners to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Col. K. Labat.

## Bavarian Premier To Succeed Self

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Karl Eisnor, the Bavarian Premier, will probably succeed Dr. W. S. Solf, as German Foreign Minister. Negotiations on the subject are now proceeding between Berlin and Munich, according to the Cologne Gazette quoted in an Amsterdam despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co.

## Giving Germans Pointers in Etiquette

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 9.—The British authorities in charge of the occupation in the German zone assigned to the British army have ordered all German men to raise their hats to British officers, according to an official announcement in Berlin. They must do similarly when the British national anthem is sung, the announcement adds.

## Millions of Armenians Massacred by Turks

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Morning Press publishes from Constantinople a detailed account of the massacres of Armenians by the Turks. It is a terrible tale pertaining to the extermination of the whole nation. It is estimated that of 4,300,000 who were deported to western Asia only 1,500 are now alive.

## Insulting Propaganda By Bolsheviks

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 9.—Bolshevik propaganda is again distributing a long message from Maxim Gorky insulting the president, but no Swedish paper except the Bolshevik organ, The Politiken will publish it.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

\*A Bazaar in aid of Rustico Conv. will be held in the Public Hall on December 17 and 18. 2872-12-9M21.  
\*A Bazaar in aid of Rustico Conv. will be held in the Public Hall on December 16 and 17. 2872-12-9 M21  
\*THE BEAN SUPPER which was to have been held in Hamilton Hall has been postponed for an indefinite period owing to influenza in neighboring districts. 2885-12-10 mltpd  
\*THE THANKSGIVING MEETING of the Women's Missionary Society will be held in the church at Clifton, New London, on Friday, Dec. 13th at 7.30 p.m. instead of Wednesday as announced. Interesting addresses, good music, unveiling Honor Roll, etc. Silver collection in aid of missions. 2888-12-10 mltpd

## THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, Dec. 10.—Fair and cold. Tide will be high this afternoon at 3.36 and tomorrow at 4.18, tomorrow morning at 3.24 and Thursday at 4.39. Sun sets this afternoon and tomorrow at 4.41; it rises tomorrow at 7.41 and Thursday at 7.42  
Moon sets tonight at 12  
New Moon—Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1918  
First quarter moon Tuesday Dec. 10th, 9.31 p.m.  
Length of today nine hours and one minute.

## BRITISH TROOPS ENTER COLOGNE

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 7.—British troops entered Cologne at four o'clock Friday afternoon. The British forces which entered Cologne today were English Lancers and armed motor cars.

## DULY CELEBRATED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Britain Day proclaimed a holiday in New York by Governor Whitman was celebrated in this city Saturday by a generous display of the Union Jack and a series of dinners and fetes.

## Epidemic Cost Montreal \$23,836,963

MONTREAL, Dec. 9.—The recent influenza epidemic cost the city of Montreal \$23,836,963.

## CONDENSED SPECIALS

\*FOR SALE, A LADY'S FUR-LINED coat (practically new). Apply at Guardian Office. 3713-1180mt.  
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