

MONTAGUE, SOURIS AND KING'S COUNTY

...It pays to buy in this Province.
...Horatio Nelson of Court Silvan, I. O. F., Montague, leaves this week for Toronto, to represent the High Court of P. E. Island at the session of the Supreme Court, which meets in that city on Tuesday the Second day of May, A. D., 1911.—M.

...The will of Allan L. McDonald, late of Souris, merchant, was filed a few days ago and probate was granted to the executor Arthur F. McQuaid. The estate is valued at about \$25,000.00 subject to certain bequests. The estate is devised to his executor in trust for the three infant children of deceased.—J.

...The Souris market prices Tuesday were as follows:—butter, 22 to 25c; eggs, 16c; potatoes, 70c; pork, 72c; turkeys, 25c; chickens, 36c; black oats, 38; loose hay, \$10; pressed hay \$11; hides, 8c; calfskins, 10c; hake, 4c; codfish, 5c; herring, per bbl, \$5 to \$6; fresh herring, per doz, 12c; and clams, in shell, per pair, 20c.—J.

...A special meeting of the Souris town council was held Tuesday the 25th, all the council being present. The by-law respecting truckmen and truckmen's licenses past its third reading. In addition to the chief police who has already been appointed a fire warden, the captain of the fire company, J. F. Lavie and R. C. McLean were also appointed fire wardens.—J.

...A Bristol correspondent writes:—Miss Bessie Coffin of Savage Harbor is visiting at Bristol. Victor McEwen intended spending Easter at Mt. Stewart but the roads have proved unfavorable. Erasmus Coffin has returned home after a very pleasant trip to Boston. St. Peter's Harbor School is progressing rapidly under the able management of Miss Annie McCarthy. Albert and Mrs. Anderson spent Sunday at Greenwich, the guests of Bruce and Mrs. Hayden.

...A gloom was cast over Abney and surrounding districts at the news of the sudden and unexpected death of Effie McLean, wife of William Gordon, at the early age of thirty-three years. Deceased had been in her usual health up till late Saturday night last but early Sunday morning the messenger of death came and called her to her eternal rest. The remains, together with that of her infant child, were laid to rest in Murray River Cemetery. Her pastor, Rev. A. A. Gaez, ably and solemnly conducted the funeral service. She leaves to mourn beside the sorrowing husband and five small children a father and mother, one brother and several sisters, also a large circle of friends and relatives. The deceased was a kind and loving wife and mother, a good neighbor and the sympathy of the whole community goes out to the sorrowing friends and relatives, especially to the husband and little family.

HOW M. P.'S ARE PAID IN THE COLONIES.

(Glasgow Herald.)
As a Parliamentary paper there was issued on Wednesday from the Colonial Office a return showing the salaries paid to members of Parliament of the Dominions and the several travelling allowances and other privileges.
In the Dominion of Canada both in the Upper House and the Lower House, \$2500 per session is paid, with travelling expenses, but there are deductions for non-attendance.
Ontario—Lower House, \$10 per day for 30 days and additional sum voted if the session is longer. (There is a mileage allowance, but deductions are made for non-attendance.)
Quebec—Both Upper and Lower Houses, \$6 per day for 30 days, or \$800 if the session lasts longer, with travelling expenses.
Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Manitoba—\$500 per session in both Houses with travelling expenses.
British Columbia—Lower House, \$1200 per session, with travelling expenses.
Prince Edward Island—\$100 per annum, with travelling expenses and \$12 and postage.
Saskatchewan and Alberta—\$1000 per session, with a mileage allowance, but with deductions for non-attendance.
Newfoundland—Upper House, \$120 per session; Lower House, \$200 for residents in St. John and \$300 for out-residents, with free postage during session.
Dominion of New Zealand—£200 per annum in the Upper House and £300 in the Lower House, with travelling expenses, but deductions are made for non-attendance.
In both the Upper House and the Lower House of the Commonwealth of Australia the salary is £600 per annum, with travelling expenses and deductions for non-attendance. The various States pay as follows:—New South Wales and Victoria, £300 per annum in the Lower House only, the

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Purify Your Blood

The cause of pimples, boils and other eruptions, as well as of that tired feeling and poor appetite, which are so common in the spring, is impure and impoverished blood. The best way to purify and enrich the blood, as thousands of people know by experience, is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Accept no substitute, but insist on having Hood's. Get it today. Sold by all druggists everywhere. 100 doses \$1.

Notice

Dories of all sizes and types. We have a large stock of the ordinary, single, medium and double dories and we are a present building a number of 23 ft. double end power dories which we will sell with a 2-12 H. P. Imperial installed for \$125.00, F. O. B. Car Souris L. and N. PAQUET. 2-5d1wthendttstf Souris

SUMMERSIDE, ALBERTON AND PRINCE COUNTY

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LEGISLATURE PROROGUED AFTER 7 WEEKS SESSION

(Continued from page 5)
them there at a profit we should be satisfied. Potatoes might move one way or the other across the line, when there was a failure on one side and a good crop on the other. That would be a good thing. He was not very anxious about the potato market. It would be better to feed most of them on the farm, but for those we had to sell, a large, near market was most desirable. He believed no country under the sun could produce potatoes better than we. He noted that the member for Kensington (Mr. Kennedy) thought that the Chicago pork would come in and destroy our market. He would remind that gentleman that the Canadian duty on salt pork is 2 cents and the reduction made under the agreement is about one-seventh of one cent per pound. The reduction of the American duty was about seven-eighths of a cent per pound. Surely Mr. Kennedy would see that these changes could not ruin our trade in pork. Proceeding he endeavored to show that both parties had favored reciprocity, the Conservatives during their long term of power and the Liberals throughout that period and since they had come into office. Why wait for any further mandate? He held that there was much more of a popular mandate for reciprocity than for the ballot, for which the Opposition had contended so strongly. He held they were inconsistent. Then it is held that the people should be consulted and that not sufficient information had been given. He thought the people ought to understand this question fully by this time. The member for Summerside (Mr. Wyatt) had hedged rather than tried to make it appear that he is not directly opposing reciprocity. There was a great combination of manufacturers and capitalists to oppose reciprocity and they hoped to win by sheer money power against the farmers and the working men of the country. He was in Toronto when the Manufacturers' Association met there to prevent if they could any negotiations being undertaken. They had since held a hint that they were going too far and acting against their own interests and had somewhat moderated their pretensions. He held that no man in his senses feared any danger in regard to annexation. That cry had been raised on this side of the line rather than on the other. There was no hope or expectation over there of annexing Canada. Ex-Speaker Cannon said that there is nothing in this agreement for the States, that Canada is getting it all. He (Mr. Hazard) believed the agreement would interfere with the British preference. How could that be when it deals with natural products only? What natural products do we receive from England? As to the injury which might come to our railways from diversion of trade he quoted Sir Donald Mann to the contrary. He concluded at one o'clock with expressing his opinion that reciprocity is a boon to Canada and will be accepted and endorsed by the great majority of the people.

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