Part 2

THE MORNING GUARDIAN.

PAGES 9 to 12.

ESTABLISHED 1891 CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1903. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Wake up to the Fact That Men Women and Young Men are Wanted to Invest $20.00 and Upwards in a Safe and Sound Plan of Protection Interest Earnings Nearly 7 per cent Write for Particulars and Don't Miss his Opportunity

DAVID INGLIS,

P. O.BOX 379,

CHARLOTTETOWN.

-13 d w iw

GAMEY IS STANDING HIS EXAMINATION

He Keeps Calm Under the Questions Put by Counsel

Lawyer Talks of Forgery—Hon. S. H. Blake, Counsel for Gamey, Objects to the Term.

TORONTO, April 14—The Gamey-Stratton investigation was resumed this morning sharp at 10 o'clock. Chancellor Boyd opened the proceedings by asking for Gamey, who immediately entered the box. Mr. Johnson, in resuming the cross-examination, asked Gamey if, the first day he saw Mr. Stratton was September 10, Gamey answered, "I think so." He also said he went into Stratton's office for about half an hour, from half past ten till eleven.

After some urging by Johnson, Gamey said he would swear he did not want or expect any reward for his work in connection with the exposures. Gamey was also pretty sure; but would not swear positively, that he saw Stratton more than twice—that is, on two days following each other—September 10 and 11. Chief Justice Falconbridge here asked the witness to speak louder.

Johnston—"Truth speaks out loud, my lord."

COULDN'T JAR HIM.

Johnston—"Is this the first time you have been bought up?

"I have never been bought up, and was not then."

The furthest Mr Johnston could get the witness to go in regard to date he received money from Statton was: "I went home on the 11th, of that I am sure. If I came to Toronto on the 9th I got the money on the 10th; if I came on the 10th, I got it the following day."

Johnston asked why Gamey wrote the letter to the premier signed by his son, practically a forged letter, he claimed.

Gamey—"You can call it what you like."

Johnston tried to make the witness state that he tried by means of a forged letter to draw an old man into conspiracy.

Gamey said he sent the letter signed by his son in order to receive a letter from Ross.

Mr Blake at this point objected to the letter being termed a forgery by the counsel.

Chancellor Boyd to witness—"You sent this letter, signed as it was, in order to draw an answer from the premier?"

Gamey—"Yes."

He also stated that his son was sixteen years old, and he considered he had brought him up well.

Johnston asked witness why he wanted Thomas Fletcher, liberal, appointed a justice of the peace?

Gamey deposed that he wished liberals appointed because if he had conservatives appointed they would not have felt good when the exposure was made to the public. Gamey said he wrote a letter to Hon J. M. Gibson last fall, asking for the appointment of John McEachern as constable at Little Current, but the appointment was not made.

WOULD HAVE BEEN PROPER.

Johnston—'Do you think the appointment would have been a proper one and for the welfare of the community?

'Yes.'

Mr. Gamey keeps calm, answers and stands cross-examinations well. The letter he sent to Mr. Stratton at the time he announced his intention to support the government, asking for the best course to pursue in order to pacify the electors of Manitoulin, was next brought up by Johnston. He asked witness why he asked Stratton for his advice in regard to the situation.

Gamey—'I wanted to see what kind of an answer I would get.' Gamey also admitted after some parrying, that he sent his letter expecting an answer along the line of the letter.

Johnston—'Would you have recommended all the appointments you have whether you had been bribed or not?

'Yes.'

'The sum total, you asked Mr. Latchford for colonization roads was $5,700?'

'Yes.'

'Where the purposes you wished money for all deserving?'

'Yes'

WOULD STICK TO THEM.

'Would you have recommended them whether liberal or conservative?'

'I would have recommended every one of them.'

'The answer you got was a request to eliminate some of the items?'

'Yes.'

Gamey recently wrote to Hon. R. Harcourt, asking for a grant of $50 for a new school at Spanish Mills. Mr. Harcourt answered that Houston would visit the locality shortly and see about it.

Johnston—"You would have asked for this grant if you had not been bribed?"

Gamey—"It was for a good thing, and ought to be given anyway."

THE AFTERNOON SETTING.

At the afternoon session, Mr. Johnston did not succeed in eliciting many new facts. Gamey said that during all the time he had treated with the Sullivans about getting four thousand dollars and having his protest dropped, he had never resented the proposition. Gamey said he did not want the money himself, but it was important to get it to catch the government. He considered being promised the patronage of the riding as a bribe as important as getting the money. Payment of the money, he thought, would be harder to prove than commanding patronage. He considered that there was some one behind the Sullivans in the matter. He believed it was Stratton who was behind the Sullivans, from what he had learned from them. He had been told by Cap. Sullivan that he (Sullivan) went to Attorney-General Gibson in the first place and had been turned over to Stratton. Gamey said he had destroyed the agreement made with Sullivan, because the Sullivans wanted it destroyed. He did this to retain their confidence, while working up the case. Gamey said a man brought a parcel into the smoking room. He looked back and saw the man going out. He thought the man who brought the parcel was Meyers. He understood Sullivan to say that it was Chase. Chase and Sullivan were asked just before the adjournment of the court to stand up, but Gamey could not identify either as the man who had brought the parcel to the smoking room.

TITLES FOR CANADIANS.

OTTAWA, April 14.—Hon Sydney Fisher minister of agriculture, and Commissioner Hutchison, are to be made Knights of the Rising Sun of Japan.

Asbestos for Surgical Dressings.

The uses of asbestos appear to be almost limitless. A physician now recommends it as a practical, specially serviceable material for surgical dressings. These dressings, he says, may be carried in any parcel, paper bag, or hand-satchel, may be handled by dirty hands, bespattered by blood or any impurity, and yet can be rendered absolutely aseptic in less than two minutes, by being tossed upon the coals or into the blaze of an ordinary kitchen stove. An asbestos pad, made for the protection of the chest in skating, is also favorably spoken of by the medical profession. It is made in the form of an under vest, and while very light and compact, it enables the skater to face the bitterest and strongest wind with impunity.

The Sexes in the United States.

Some curious things in the census continue to come forward as the final remnants of the count of 1890 secure a place before the public in the bulletins. The proportion of the sexes in the eastern end of the state, for instance, as well as the western, shows that Pennsylvania is one of the few Commonwealths where the males outnumber the females by 74,648. A singular difference is the fact that while this city has an excess of 24,720 females, Pittsburg has an excess of 10,241 males. In the United States the census shows there were 32,067,880 males and 30,554,370 females in 1890, an excess of 1,513,510. The exact census figures are long in coming.—Philadelphia Times.

Why Impure Blood in the Spring

The Necessity of Looking to the Health of the Liver and Kidneys—the Natural Filters of the Blood.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

If the liver and kidneys were always kept in perfect health and activity, ready at all times to thoroughly filter the impurities from the blood, there would be no necessity of making special effort to purify the blood.

During the summer season, when the diet is composed largely of natural foods, such as fresh fruit and vegetables, there is little trouble from impure blood, because the filtering organs are kept healthy and active. It is the artificial life of winter that brings on constipation of the the bowels, clogging of the kidneys, and a congested condition of the liver.

For this reason spring finds the blood loaded with impurities, and it becomes absolutely necessary to use some means of making the filtering organ active, in order that the blood may be purified and the poisons driven from the system.

Nature has only provided one way of purifying the blood, and that is through the liver and kidneys. Because Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills act promptly, directly and thoroughly on these filtering organs, making them healthy and vigorous in action, they are unsurpassed as a medicine for purifying the blood.

Dr. Chase's Kidney Liver Pills have come to be considered a necessity in thousands of Canadian homes. As a cure for kidney disease, liver complaint, constipation, biliousness and impurities of the blood, there is no treatment so eminently satisfactory as this great prescription of Dr. A. W. Chase. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson Bates & Co. Toronto.

EXPERT OPINIONS ON SHAMROCK.

LONDON, April 13—T. F. Day, editor of the Rudder expresses the opinion that in view of the showing she made in Saturday's race, Shamrock III, is the best boat the British have ever had, and that the Reliance must be five minutes faster than the Columbia over a thirty mile course in a breeze, and much more in light airs to ensure America keeping the cup.

EASTER SUNDAY IN ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.

Last Sunday was a memorable one in the history of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York. Arrangements had been made to have the musical program surpass that of any Easter Sunday previous. Archbishop Farley was determined that nothing should be left undone in this connection as it was probably the last Easter Sunday that Madame Clary would be connected with the choir, where she has occupied the most important position for the last ten years.

The New York Symphony Orchestra was engaged to play the accompaniments for Clary's solos, and these fifty instruments together with the great organ was none too heavy for that most wonderful of all contralto voices which will be heard here May 7th. Of all the musical opportunities which have been presented to us in the past none possess the exceptional qualities of the approaching grand concert when Madame Clary America's greatest contralto will be heard here. No doubt now exists as to the patronage which is to be extended this wonderful contralto, and those who wish to hear her should secure their seats the first morning the plan opens which will be May 4th.

HOW ARE YOUR KIDNEYS?

THIS SIMPLE TEST WILL TELL.

If any of your family have been troubled with kidney disease make a test of the urine; and satisfy yourself whether you need a food remedy before the disease has caused serious complications.

To-morrow morning put some urine in a glass or bottle, and let it stand for twenty-four hours. If it shows particles or germs floating about, is milky or cloudy or contains a reddish sediment, then your kidneys are diseased.

Commence at once to take Ferrozone to arrest these unatural conditions. Ferrozone is especially intended for the immediate relief and cure of kidney and bladder troubles, and its health giving, giving, strengthing properties will be felt at once in new pure blood, healthy circulation, good color, increased vigor, and a general strengthening of the system.

Ferrozone quickly corrects urinal disorders, headache, and pain in the back. It improves the appetite, digests the food, and makes it nourish the nerves, makes them strong and enduring, and fits one for lots of hard work.

Don't be mislead by cheap, so called kidney cures offered by dealers for the sake of extra profits. There is only one safe and reliable specific for Kidney, Bladder, Liver, and urinal troubles, and its name is Ferrozone.

Refuse point blank to accept a substitute, and insist on your druggist supplying the genuine Ferrozone; it is the best. Price 50 cts. per box, or three boxes for $1.25. At all druggists or by mail from N C. Polson & Co , Kingston, Ont.

Built for Eternity.

The Roman road was built for eternity. When the roadbed had been prepared by excavation it was carefully refilled, regardless of expense, with layers of sand, stones and cement. The surface was so solidly dressed that the wear and tear was reduced to a minimum. Investigations with regard to the preparation of the roadbeds were made years ago by Bergier on Roman roads that are still in use in France, and with the following results: In one road the excavation down to hardpan was three feet deep. This trench was filled up first with a layer of sand and cement an inch thick; then came a foot layer of flattish stones and cement; then a foot layer of small traveled stones and cement. These two last layers were so hard and firmly knit together that tools could break off fragments only with great difficulty. The next layer consisted of a foot of cement and sand, covered with a top-dressing of gravel. In another road in France the foot layer of cement and sand changed places with the layer of cement and traveled stones. A third road in France was examined at a point where it had been raised 20 feet above the level of the surrounding country, and a vertical section revealed a structure of five layers. First came the great fill of 16 1-2 feet; on top of this fill they placed first a foot layer of flattish stones and cement, then a foot layer of flattish stones without mortar of any kind, then a half-foot layer of firmly-packed dirt, then a half-foot layer of small gravel in hard cement, and, lastly, a half-foot layer of cement and large gravel.

Paved roads were exceptional. An example of paved roads is the Via Appia, whose pavement consists of a hard kind of stone, such as is used for millstones. The stones of this pavement are carefully hewn and fitted together so precisely that the road often appears to be solid rock, and has proved to be so indestructible that after 2000 years of continuous use it is still a magnificent road. Ordinarily, however, the top dressing of the road consisted of gravel and hard cement, and when, in the countless inscriptions such and such a governor is said to have restored a given road, reference is made to this top dressing of gravel and cement. The width of the military road is usually 60 feet; the raised center being 20 feet wide, with side tracks each of the width of 20 feet. In some roads the raised center was paved while the side tracks were dressed with gravel and cement.

The viae privatae an the feeders of the military roads were usually dirt roads. They were much narrower than the military roads; sometimes they had a width of only ten feet and, indeed the feeders of the Via Appia were only two feet wide, but paved. The width of the Roman roads, all told, varied, therefore, from two to 120 feet.—N Y Independent.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

NORTH CAROLINA ROAD.

Splendid Macadamized Highway Built Mainly By Convicts.

While in Georgia last summer, I had an opportunity of examining a road made by convicts. Half way out from Fort Valley to the Hale's peach orchard we came upon the "chain gang" at work. The first thing we saw was a white man sitting under a tree with a loaded rifle in his hands, while up the road at some distance sat another similar armed. Between them worked a squad of 12 to 15 colored convicts. Each wore a striped suit, and had an iron ball chained to his leg. While they worked, this ball and chain were fastened around the waist. Several were driving mules and scrapers while others worked with pick and shovel. They were all hard at work and apparently goodnatured and happy. Later we saw where they spent the night. A large tent was pitched at the edge of a wood, with small open fires burning near it. After their supper of

MACADAMIZED ROAD BUILT BY CONVICTS.

corn bread and molasses, salt pork and fruit, the convicts crawled into the tent where they were chained together for the night. And an hour of singing and talking, they fell asleep and snored contentedly till daybreak, when they were crowded out for breakfast and another day on the road.

It was said that all the roads in Houston county were made by convicts. There were no jails for petty offenders; but, as fast as convicted they were sent out to the chain gang and put to work. At first thought the sight of that armed guard and the stories of whippings that were told, made the whole thing seem like a relic of a barbarous age. Yet, I saw enough to convince me that those convicts were better off working on that road than they would have been cooped up in a hot jail, and subject to all the evils of idleness. I would be glad to see the fat and lazy inmates of our northern jails out on the roads at work. If a drunkard, a thief or a wife-beater were made to understand that jailing meant hard and constant labor on the road, such people would think a good many times before they duplicated the crime that forced them into such service.

As to the character of the work done by these Georgian convicts, there can be no doubt of its value. I have never seen neater work done on a country road. They went straight through a rough country, cutting through hills, and filling low places in a thoroughly workmanlike manner. The cost to the county was ridiculously small as compared with the usual system of contracting. In the cut is shown a picture of a road in North Carolina made chiefly by convict labor. The load of cotton shown weighs 6000 pounds. Many a farmer has had a hard struggle to haul two bales into a southern town. This road is macadamized with three layers of broken stone of different sizes well spread and packed.—Rural New Yorker.

Neuralgia is Rheumatism of the face. Uric Acid left in the blood by disordered kidneys lodges along the nerve which branches from the eye over the forehead, and across the cheek to the side of the nose. The cause is the same as in all Rheumatism— disordered Kidneys. The cure is likewise the same—

Dodd's Kidney Pills

FEATHERS CLEANED

A necessary part of HOUSECLEANING is to get all your feather BEDS, PILLOWS, and CUSHIONS CLEANED. MY STEAM FEATHER RENOVATER removes all impurities and restores the feathers to their natural size. Orders left at Mr. John Newson's furniture store or at my residence, King Street will receive prompt attention. Price for bed $2.00 to $2.50, pillows 75 per pair.

R. K. JOST, Proprietor. Charlottetown

4-1 Tu, Th, Sat, 1m

FOR SALE

The valuable lot above Wm. H. Hankin's residence and grounds, formerly owned by Judge Hensley and now owned by me, containing between 10 and 12 acres running from the Royalty Road to the North River. A beautiful location for a fine residence and grounds. Apply to the owner,

W. H. HANKIN, Westwood Poultry Farm, Charlottetown.

3-14 di aw, wtf

OPERA HOUSE

Monday, April 27,

Jakobowskis Comic Opera

"ERMINIE"

With full orchestra and brilliant costumes will be produced under the auspices of the Independent Order of Oddfellows of Ch'town in celebration of their anniversary.

Caste of Characters

Marquis de Pontvert........Leslie W. Cook
Eugene Marcel......A. Tingley (Moncton, N.B.)
Ernest Viscount de Brissac........F. C. Cotton.
Capt. Delauney....................M. W. Wilson.
Dufois..............................Austin Trainor
Simon..............................J. A. S. Bayer
Hervi..............................Jas. R. Davison
Chevalier de Brabazon...........Benj. Bremner
Ravennes..............................F. Barlow
Cadeaux..............................Lewis H. Beer
Erminie de Ponvtert...Miss Constance Fitzgerald
Cerise Marcel..................Mrs. W. H. Hyndman
Javotte..............................Miss Hazel Bremner
Princess de Grampaneaux...Miss Flo. McKenzie
Marie..............................Miss May Stewart.

and a chorus of fifty voices all under direction of Prof. W. Harry Watts.

Seats 75c, 50c, and 35c.

Plans open at 8 a. m. Monday 20th inst at usual places.

8 d td.

Canned Goods Cheap

Consisting of Fruit, Vegetables, Fish, Meats, At deeply cut prices

MacNutt & Co.

Phone 33. P. O. Box 377

WHITE & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS

Agents for

Ennis & Stoppani

BANKERS AND BROKERS

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Cotton bought outright or on margin.

Newson's Building - Victoria Row

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Telephone 268 P. O. Box 469

NOTICE NOTICE

-FISH-

Jno. Powell's Son & Co.

No. 9 Fulton Fish Market

NEW YORK CITY

Commission Dealers in all kinds of Fresh Fish, including Smelts, Salmon, Mackerel, eels, etc.

For further information and directions write to the above firm who have been established in business for 51 YEARS.

Nov. 25 1902 cod & w 6m.

TENDERS

HURD'S POINT FERRY, BEDEQUE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Charlottetown, March 2, 1903

Sealed Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon on

Saturday, April 18, 1903

From any person or persons willing to contract for the running of a suitable steamer of not less than twenty horse power (nominal), between Hurd's Point, Bedeque, and Summerside, for a term of three years from 1st day of April, 1903, in 44 Vic., Cap 5.

RATES OF FARES

Passengers	7c
Horses	20c
Hogs	5c
Sheep	5c
Vehicles	10c
Horned Cattle	8c
Produce	1c per bushel
Heavy weights per 100 lbs.	1c

The contractor to provide a sufficient number of good and efficient boats for the conveyance of passengers, horses, cattle, carts, wagons and other things across said Ferry.

Tenders to express the amount of subsidy required for the service.

The signatures of two good and responsible persons willing to become bound for the faithful performance of the contract to accompany each tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. B. McMILLAN, Sec'y Public Works.

April 6—2 aw & wtd