

If You Want a Clear Smooth Skin

There is no preparation you can use more simple, harmless and effective than

Jamieson's Carnation Cream

For any injury to the skin from frost wind or hard water this is the most soothing, Healing Application possible. Daintily perfumed, Delightful to use. Sold by us only 25c.

J. G. Jamieson
Druggist

Watches For New Years Gifts

In all grades, styles and prices. We received a few just too late for Xmas trade.

G. H. Taylor
Jeweler

DECEMBER

	High Water	Low Water	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.
1 P.	2.10	15.56	9.05	21.26
2 Sa.	3.16	16.47	10.01	22.38
3 S.	4.40	17.37	11.01	23.44
4 Tu.	6.02	18.25	12.04	24.06
5 W.	7.17	19.11	0.46	13.08
6 Th.	8.24	19.95	1.44	14.06
7 F.	9.23	20.83	2.40	15.02
8 S.	10.16	21.50	3.32	15.52
9 Sa.	11.04	22.02	4.20	16.38
10 S.	11.49	22.43	5.06	17.23
11 Tu.	12.31	23.23	5.50	18.05
12 W.	13.00	23.10	6.31	18.47
13 Th.	0.04	13.47	7.09	19.28
14 F.	0.45	14.22	7.45	20.08
15 S.	1.27	14.56	8.20	20.49
16 Sa.	2.51	15.50	8.45	21.32
17 S.	3.59	16.05	9.20	22.19
18 Tu.	4.00	16.42	10.10	23.10
19 W.	5.16	17.22	11.00	23.10
20 Th.	6.31	18.04	0.04	11.58
21 F.	7.40	18.50	1.01	13.00
22 S.	8.44	19.40	1.57	14.04
23 Sa.	9.48	20.33	2.52	15.05
24 S.	10.35	21.29	3.46	16.03
25 Tu.	11.36	22.27	4.39	16.58
26 W.	12.16	23.24	5.30	17.51
27 Th.	0.49	13.52	6.20	18.42
28 F.	1.15	14.37	7.57	20.21
29 S.	2.16	15.21	8.46	21.14
30 Sa.	3.22	16.06	9.36	22.13

DIARY OF EVENTS TO-DAY.

City Magistrate's Court 9 a. m.
Prince Edward Theatre 3, 7 and 8.45 p. m.
St. James S. S. Concert, 7.30 p. m.
Canadian Red Cross Meeting in Provincial Building 8 p. m.

BIRTHS

GRAVES—To Mr. and Mrs. Mathias Graves, Alberton, on December 7th, a daughter, Mary Ellen; 10½ pounds. —Congratulations.—A.

MARRIAGES

RICHARDS-DIXON—At St. Peter's Cathedral, December 26, before the Reverend Canon Shippson, Norman Henry Richards, of Magdalen Islands, and Susan Maud Dixon, of Bay Fortune, P. E. I.

A DELICATE INSTRUMENT
(Burlington Free Press).

Two men were in the dining car ordering breakfast. The first one said to the waiter:

"George you may bring me two fried eggs, some boiled Virginia ham a pot of coffee and some rolls."

"Yassa."

The other said:

"You may bring me the same."

"Yassa."

The second man then called the waiter and remarked:

"I'll eliminate the eggs."

In a moment the waiter came back.

"Sense me, boss, but just what did you all say about dem eggs?"

"I said just eliminate the eggs."

"Yassa." And he hurried again to the tiny kitchen.

COAL

We beg to advise all parties requiring Coal for Domestic or Steam purposes, that we have a good supply of Hard or Soft Coal in Stock for winter use, and will sell at lowest possible prices by the Car-load, in large and small quantities to suit purchasers.

If you require Coal, call and see us, write or telephone us and satisfactory delivery will be made as required.

BUNTAIN, BELL & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Coal dealers
Selling Agents for Dominion Coal Co Ltd for P. E. Island
Phone 404
Ch'town Dec. 22rd 1916

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

XMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAY Single First Class Fare.

Going Dec. 23, 24, 25. Returning Dec. 26. Going Dec. 30, 31, Janv. 1. Returning Janv. 2, 1917.
Fare and One Third
Going Dec. 21, 22, 23, 24. Going Dec. 28, 29, 30, 31. Returning Janv. 3, 1917.
3469-12-18Mttf1Dec. 30.

Fox Food

Just arrived another car load of C. V. Sekyrs Boneless Horse Meat. Also carload of Fox Biscuit. These Biscuits contain 30 per cent ground meat and bone. For the balance of the year we are selling these Biscuits for 6c per lb.

W. B. PURDY,
154 Queen St.
1943-11-17Mtl.

For Sale

15 h. p. Imperial Gas Engine with reverse gear and Friction Hoist, very suitable for a Schooner.

E. H. BEER, or
JAS. D. OFFER,
Charlottetown
2431-19-6Prmtf.

Craggan Farm Ayrshires

When you want producing Ayrshires write or call Orders taken for calves.

C. T. FERGUSON
Marshfield No 2 York R R
400-10-4Mttf1 Janv 4th.

High Grade Feed at Low Grade Prices

We have on hand a full stock of—

Choice Timothy Hay,
No. 1 white and Black Oats, Cracked Oats, Cracked Corn, Bran, Wheat, Oilcake Meal, Molassine Meal, Poultry Scratch Feed, also No. 1 "Labrador" Herring in Barrels, 1-2 Bbls. 1-4 Bbls. or by the dozen.

Phone 441 J.

MacKie & Nelson

Opp. Davis and Fraser
Grafton St East

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

THIS sole head of a family or any state over eighteen years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency and Sub-Agency on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Pre-emption—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. LUNDY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
2612-10-11Mttf.

SAYS STEEL MAKERS VIOLATED NEUTRALITY

(Canadian Press Despatch.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 28.—Counter accusations of violation of neutrality are expected to continue today at the trial of Franz Bopp, German consul-general, and six assistants who are charged with conspiracy to violate American neutrality by hampering shipments of munitions to the Entente Allies.

Consul Bopp, whose cross-examination was completed yesterday, said that American manufacturers were not over-scrupulous in their regard for strict observance of neutrality and that in various ways they sought to aid enemies of the German government. It was to trace these alleged violations that the local German consulate employed agents to visit various parts of the United States and Canada. Bopp said, but not for the purpose of dynamiting railroad

BAD WRECK ON THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

(Canadian Press Despatch.)
SMITH'S FALLS, Ont., December 27.—Six passengers were killed and six seriously injured when the east-bound Toronto-Montreal Canadian Pacific Railroad express crashed into the westbound Cornwall local at six o'clock this evening near St. Polycarpe Junction, according to reports at divisional headquarters here tonight. The crews of five trains, who were all from Smith's Falls, have no definite relatives here that they are safe.

Theo. Roche, chief of counsel for the defense, introduced correspondence yesterday from the department of state to Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, on the subject of American built submarines for the British government. Included was a statement from Chas. M. Schwab to the effect that the Bethlehem Steel Company was not building any submarines for the Entente Allies.

Schwab explained that Fall River Ship Building Company had undertaken to build ten submarines, but that none would be delivered to any of the belligerents during the war. Secretary of State Lansing quoted Schwab in another communication to Count von Bernstorff in connection with the protests which had been made by the German ambassador on the question of parts of submarine forgings and castings made by the Union Iron Works in this city and were sent to Montreal, Canada, but that the company's interest in them ceased when they were delivered to the owners. Bopp maintained that this act was unneutral and unfriendly.

John A. McGregor, president of the Union Iron Works, is to be called today by the defense and questioned as to the delivery of submarine parts to Canada and also as to the truth of reports that the company sent workmen to Canada to assemble the submarines.

Attention!

J. D. OFFER HAS REMOVED

From 127 Gt. Geo. St. ACROSS THE STREET TO 147 Gt. Geo. St. next to the 'Two Macs'

In his excellent new quarters he is better prepared than ever to attend to the trade. He has greatly increased his stock of his usual lines and has added a new and very attractive acquisition.

A \$10.00 PHONOGRAPH, OF WHICH MORE WILL BE HEARD LATER
3309-12-3Mttf.

Guardian Classified Ads.

Two cents per word for insertion in this column, one cent per word each continuation. Cash must accompany order.

AGENTS WANTED.
AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL FOR "the old reliable Fonthill Nurseries." We teach our men to sell. Experience unnecessary. Highest commissions paid; handsome free equipment. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont.
3273-12-1MttfDec. 30.

HELP WANTED—MALE
SALESMAN—EXCLUSIVE LINE for city, town or country. Big earnings, guaranteed. Permanent all year job. No experience necessary. Write Luke Brothers, Limited, Montreal. 3445-12-23Mtl.

WANTED—PARTY TO TAKE CONTRACT to cut 100 cords of hardwood. Apply R. E. White, York Point, Phone 37-L, Charlottetown. 3378-12-23Mtl.

TO LET.
TO LET—HOUSE WITH ALL modern conveniences, 269 Queen St. J. K. Ross, Opera Building. 3486-12-19Mttf.

TO LET—AT BRIGHTON, house of 10 rooms, all modern improvements, possession Nov. 1st. Apply to J. McKinnon. 1923-7-18Mttf.

JAS. S. HANSON,

The Spot Cash Fur Buyer of New York,

is now in P. E. ISLAND where he will remain for a short time only.

Parties Having Pelts

of any kind are requested to communicate with him at Post Office Box 156, Summerside. Same method as last year.

All Valuations are Backed by Spot Cash.

3682-12-28-M21.

Fire Insurance A Necessity

Then insure in good strong stock companies, which never contest an honest claim such as is represented by

E. R. BROW
Charlottetown

BERLIN HAD ADVANCE INFORMATION OF THE REPLY TO WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Officials here are surprised that Germany's answer to President Wilson's peace note was given out in Berlin before it reached this country in official form.

They pointed out that in sending his note President Wilson allowed two days between the time of its despatch and making it public, that it might first reach the German government. In the absence of an official reply official comment was withheld.

ALSACE CELEBRATES A JOYOUS CHRISTMAS

ALSACE by Chantilly, Dec. 27.—From a staff correspondent of the Associated Press:

Never in the history of Alsace, reconquered by the French, has Christmas been celebrated with such fervor and hopefulness as this year. Every village church and chapel was filled to overflowing for midnight Mass services offered public prayer; that the national councilors might be guided aright in considering the situation.

The religious exercises were preceded and followed by Sabbath schools and family gatherings around Christmas trees, which local customs this year carried out apparently with a feeling of growing security in the change of government. The correspondent attended many of these public and private functions during the day and night and found everywhere the biggest expression of confidence in the future.

The correspondent also visited a long section of front line trenches and cantonnements behind the lines. In every company, battery and detachment the commanding officer, by each other Christmas toward the men, each of whom received some simple gift.

MEXICO AGAIN WAS A WALL ST. FACTOR

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Judging from the movement of special stocks today Wall Street's speculative element appeared more concerned in the Mexican situation than in the course of European peace negotiations. Shares most affected by conditions across the southern border rose vigorously on reports in financial circles of a possible agreement between the United States and Mexico.

Shipping issues, in which dealings were relatively most active, were highly erratic. Mercantile Marine preferred recording an extreme decline of 7½ points, with 3% for the common, on further heavy selling ascribed to England's policy of "nationalization" while Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies, owing no allegiance to the British government, registered a gross gain of 9 points.

Renewal of Germany's peace overtures which became known in the latter part of the session, was followed by a moderate strengthening of representative stocks, including United States Steel, but this advantage was partly forfeited on the failure of the note to set forth any definite terms.

The moment otherwise constituted a confusion of gains and losses, munitions and equipments reflecting the conflicting views of professional traders, whose operations governed prices throughout, with minor advances predominating at the end. United States Steel fluctuated between 106 and 108 7/8, closing at 107 3/4, a gain of 1 5/8 points.

THE GERMANS COUNTER TO THE AMERICAN NOTE

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Germany's reply to President Wilson on the peace question, as transmitted by the Associated Press correspondent to New York and re-transmitted here, did not reach London until too late for comment, or even for insertion in the early morning editions of the great publications, however. In the second edition, credited to the Associated Press, the Daily Mail's headline "Germany peace dodge," and an introductory note in which the Mail says:

"If the president meant, as recent American comment says, his note should force Germany to state her terms, Germany has countered with this proposal so that she can evade an explicit answer."

GERMAN REGULATIONS REGARDING SHOES AND CLOTHING.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)
LONDON, Dec. 28.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says that the latest German papers contain the federal councils regulations regarding shoes and clothing for 1917. They prescribe that only two pairs of so-called "shoes de luxe" will be sold on the turning in of cast-off but still wearable pairs. The utilization of cast-off clothing is to be entrusted to committees which have a monopoly for the purchase of these articles. The exchange of old for new articles will be allowed only through tickets.

CHICAGO MARKETS

(Special to the Guardian.)
CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Wheat no. 2 nominal; no. 2 hard nominal.
Corn, no. 2 yellow .92½ to .92½; no. 4 yellow .88 to .90¼; no. 4 white .89 to .90½.
Oats no. 3 white .51½ to .52½; standard .52 to .53.
Rye, no. 2 nominal.
Barley, .85 to 1.32.
Timothy, 3.50 to 5.50.
Clover 12.00 to 17.00.
Pork 28.50.
Lard, 16.20.
Ribs, 13.25 to 13.87.

SIR ROBERT BORDEN SATISFIES LABOR UNION MEN

OTTAWA, Dec. 27.—Following a conference of the labor delegates with Sir Robert Borden and R. E. Bennett, M. P., regarding national service, it was stated the situation had been explained satisfactorily. It was also stated that the premier would send a letter to the laborers, but Sir Robert Borden has found it impossible

What a Surprise



The Kaiser: "It can't be yet, it is a Bear. How on earth did it get here in the West?"—Westminster Gazette, London.

AMAZING THE GERMAN

Tagblatt Surprised That English Did Not Hate Immelmann

In search of Immelmann, the German star flyer, on the Western front a representative of the Berliner Tagblatt came across two English prisoners airmen whose machine had just been brought down within the German lines. Their names are given as Percy Shaw, aged 20, and Ernest Coleman, aged 22. The correspondent writes: "They admitted quite honestly that Immelmann was a phenomenon, that his machine was extraordinarily quick in its movements, and appeared with great promptness wherever it was necessary to cause a surprise. Then followed my questions: 'Do the English hate him? How do they speak of him?'"

"Hate him?" asked both the young men, and they looked at me with astonishment. "Why should we? He flies and attacks. He is a soldier. We hate no soldiers." "Well," I replied, "it is said that you have put a price on him. Isn't that so?" They looked at each other, as if they had heard something quite new, and wished to have it confirmed by each other whether they had heard it correctly. The one said, "What price; and who will pay it?"

"I explained that I had heard it from some French prisoners, and that, after all, it might only be a fairy tale. "But," I added, "in your hangars it is possible that Lieutenant Smith, for instance, might bet Lieutenant Brown \$500 on the result of a fight between an Englishman and Immelmann." Each looked me straight in the face, with astonishment. I was very glad to see it. "Do you know how many flying machines he has already brought down?" I asked. They thought eight or ten, but believed thirteen was an exaggeration. "But," they said, "that doesn't matter at all. In England for every machine that is brought down they will build a dozen new ones, and have a dozen new fliers to put into them."

WITTENBERG HORRORS

Britain Underestimates Brutality of Prison Camp Officials

In reply to a question by Mr. Malcolm M.P., who asked him whether and if so, what, efforts were made by his Majesty's Government to secure an independent medical inspection of the prisoner camp at Wittenberg during the many months that this camp remained unvisited, owing to the prevalence of typhus, by the American Ambassador in Berlin, or by any of his staff, Lord Robert Cecil states: "The Germans permitted no kind of communication either by letter or orally as to the condition of Wittenberg during the months in question, and the Government had, I need not say, no suspicion of the horrors that were going on there, or of the gross and criminal cowardice of the German medical staff in abandoning their duties to those under their charge. Neither our allies, whose prisoners in the camp were far more numerous than ours, nor we demanded independent medical examination of the camp, and on behalf of the Government I can only express profound regret that we so underestimated the brutality of our enemies."

BISMARCK AND ENGLAND

Knew Germany's Weakness and Lacked Petty Jealousy

Stanley Whitman, who knew Bismarck better than any other Britisher, states in his Conversations with Bismarck, that the chancellor was free from the petty dislike of Britain so often imputed to him. In his German Memories the same writer has said: "I know for a fact that Bismarck's final verbal instructions to German officials, such as consuls and diplomatic agents to India and Egypt, invariably culminated in the words: 'Do all you can to obtain the good will of the English. You need never use a cipher in telegraphing for we have nothing to conceal from them. It would be madness for us to quarrel with England or she with us.'"

Italian Girl Avenge

The Swiss Alpine troops on the Stelvio Pass noticed for several days a slim Italian girl, aged about eighteen and armed with a rifle, climbing the snow-covered paths leading up to the Austrian frontier, where she spent most of the day. One of the Swiss soldiers inquired what she was doing. The Italian girl replied fiercely: "They have killed my two brothers and my sweetheart, and I am taking my revenge. I think I have killed four Austrians, but that is not enough. I shall continue shooting until I am myself killed."

Pioneer as General

Brigadier-General Sir Newton Moore, the officer commanding 10,000 Australian soldiers in England, has had an interesting career. As Surveyor-General of the State of Western Australia he was the first white man on the famous Coolgardie gold field, and drove the first stake into the plain where, ten years later, the big city of Kalgoorlie quickly sprang up.

War Kills Hun Papers

The Imperial post office department reports that since the beginning of the war three thousand German daily and weekly papers and monthly magazines have ceased publishing on account of decrease of circulation, lack of advertisements and the steady rise in price of white paper.

CANADA'S MILITIA IS IN NEED OF RECRUITS

Reasons Why Constant Drain to Europe Should be Made up in Home Forces

Capt. A. E. Middleton Hope writes in The Tatler as follows: Practically the whole of the 245,000 officers and men actually serving or having served in the Canadian Militia is the outbreak of the war enlisted for service overseas. Of the total of 245,000 more than 220,000 are now in France or on the way there. This fact is of the first significance. It proves that the men who had some training were the first to offer their services in the Cause of Right. To these men, citizenship meant service.

We have arrived at a point in Canada where the Militia is practically denuded of militarily fit men, and new enlistments are few, notwithstanding the fact that ample well-trained officers and N.C.O.'s are available for instructional purposes in every unit. These instructors, in the main, are debarrued from overseas service for various reasons. The fact that new men are not joining the Militia is having its influence on recruiting for overseas. It is becoming increasingly more expensive and difficult to complete the establishment of overseas units, and yet only 85% of the available fit men have so far been recruited.

Strong Reserves Needed

One of the essential principles upon which the military strength of Canada must rely is this: that for every 1,000 men on the firing line and lines of communication in France, we must have 2,000 men as first reserve in England, and 2,000 men in reserve in Canada. The reserve in Canada need not be men enlisted for overseas, but it must be composed of men possessing some military experience. Canada cannot be out of danger from invasion at any time during peace or war, though so long as the present war lasts, the danger is immediate.

The trained military reserve in Canada is a warning to our enemies that we are ready, or only partially so, according to our numbers. Consequently, it is very necessary that the ranks of the Militia be kept up to strength in order that the overseas units be sent over to Europe instead of being maintained in Canada. Every available man, though unable to go overseas, who carelessly neglects to serve in the Militia, is responsible for the keeping in Canada of a man who is able and willing to go overseas.

Compulsion?

If this neglect continues, it might be necessary in the immediate future to pass an Order-in-Council making it compulsory for every available man to join the Militia. In this event, the members of the Militia now serving, being trained, would become officers and non-commissioned officers of the new units that would have to be formed. It is hard to understand why men fail to appreciate the physical and social advantages to be obtained from military training for the simple giving up of say, one night a week. No man who has had the training could deny the benefits derived from it.

HUNS MUST MARRY

"Marry or pay up," is the motto of Germany to-day. A society has started operations called "The Society for Population Increase." It is going to drive the young Germans into matrimony by taxing bachelors to such an extent that they will have to pay out as much as married men with families. Professor Julius Wolf, one of Germany's leading economists, started the society. The Kaiser is delighted with the idea, and so is the King of Bavaria. It will probably mean more babies to be turned into military machines as soon as they grow up. "Motherhood premiums" are to be supplied to induce large and early families; and the society is going to advocate shorter periods of training for young men in business or professions, so that they may quickly earn sufficient to take a wife—and as soon as that happens they'll just be forced to marry whether they like it or not.

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