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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

There is no land so lovely
In all the world to me
As this Isle called "Prince Edward,"
Cradled upon the sea.

This dear Prince Edward Island
That each one loves so well
Is full of beauty unsurpassed
That weaves a magic spell.

Its broad and fertile meadows—
Farms —woods of spruce and pine,
Expanding, winding, country roads
Link the busy towns in line.

And cosy little cabins
Are clustered here and there,
Beside the roads and by the sea,
You find them everywhere.

And when the moon is shining
O'er the sea on summer nights,
The Island is a fairy land
Of beauty and delight.

The air is full of fragrance
From ferns and spruce and pine;
There is no spot so lovely
As this Island home of mine.

Is it any wonder then,
Tourists say who visit here?
"Your Island is so beautiful
We're coming back next year."

—Constance I. Heckbert.

Scientists have discovered that by doubling the amount of chlorine added to drinking water the chlorine taste disappears and the water then tastes quite pure and fresh.

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South From Mayfair

By

Pearl Bellairs

They were well hidden among the shadows in the thicket when they stopped. He was still grasping her hand.

"I didn't expect that!" he said tersely. "They mean business, all right!"

"It—it hit my hat!" gasped Lorna.

"Yes, they're after you too. We know too much now!"

He let go her hand, and took the automatic from his pocket, broke the breech and assured himself it was in order.

"If I had a rifle!" he said. "This thing is no good for this sort of work!"

"But who are they?" Lorna breathed, staring, her dark eyes wild with wonder in her pale face. "Are they the people from the boat? You can't be the spy, then, or why are they shooting at you?"

"No, I'm not the spy. I've been paid by the Intelligence to track the spy—and you've been hindering me no end, my dear!"

She was so paralysed by the discovery that he had to pull her down beside him into the shelter of a closer thicket. He smiled slightly as he peered anxiously, gun in hand, towards the rays of light which marked the open ground from which they had come.

"My job as chauffeur gave me a good opportunity to keep my eyes open!" he told her.

She crouched there, staring at him, his big hard body, his hard brown face, the eyes two points of blue light, alert for danger. She forgot the peril which threatened, the mystery still unsolved.

"So you're not a spy?" she breathed.

"You're not a thief?"

"I'll be a corpse, and so will you," he replied. "If we don't get out of here!"

Oh, what a food she had been! She gasped aloud:

"What a fool!"

"I've been the fool, to get us into this jam! This is too good a chance for them to get rid of us. Shot in the back in these hills, and taken out in the boat to that ship out there and dumped overboard in mid-ocean!"

"But are you sure of what is happening? There was no one down by the boat!" she said.

"They were down there. While you were asking me questions I saw them—that is, I saw a chap standing on the edge of the bush a bit of a way along the shore. He ran into the bush again; they were all in there, I fancy, and he'd been left to watch. He was a little chap, a Jap, I think, and carrying a rifle. That's why I got away as quickly as possible."

"We must get back to Kaikoura immediately!" Lorna cried. "Isn't there a coastguard patrol, we could warn?"

"Yes, my dear, but we're trapped here! Once we move out of these trees we're on open ground in every direction, and we can be potted by anyone above!"

Even her shame and remorse for the mistake she had made about him faded before the desperate realities facing them. Some other time, if there ever was another time for them, she must adjust herself to the truth, and her feelings about him!

"Stay here!" he said. And he half rose and began to creep forward, so that he could see the rise of open ground to the ridge.

"No, no!" whispered Lorna. "Be careful!"

She was palpitating with fear, every moment she expected to hear the bang of the rifle and see him fall among the leaves. She crept after him.

She stopped where she was, and he crawled forward. Suddenly—ping! A bullet smashed into the trunk of a tree an inch from his shoulder, where he had made the leave shake as he advanced. He dropped flat, wormed his way rapidly back to her.

"Let's get further in!" he said. And they crept in among the trees into the innermost thicket. There was a stagnant creek among the beeches, they crouched with their backs against the bank beside it, and listened.

All was silent among the sun-flecked shadows except for the twitter and rustle of birds. A fantail with its pirouetting, dancing flight, hovered nearer and nearer to them in an ecstasy of curiosity.

CHAPTER XX

"IF HE SHOULD GET ME—"

Death in the afternoon. Menace lurking in the primal peace of sun and shadow in the woods!

"Will they come after us?" Lorna whispered.

"If it's 'they,' they may try to surround us and hunt us out. But I think that was only one rifle potting us from the ridge; so if it's one sniper alone he'll wait until we leave cover and try to make a dash for it."

"Surely no Japanese would come ashore and do this?" Lorna said. "What could they gain? It would be nothing more or less than a raid on New Zealand."

Hawksford was silent a moment, brows knitted and lip compressed.

"You're right, it's not logical!" he said abruptly. "There's only one person after us, and he knows the game is up unless he can prevent our getting away to tell the story. The boat will have gone for its life and left him to get out of his own difficulty!"

"Who is he?" asked Lorna, urgently.

"The man who came with the information for the Japs in the boat."

"You know who he is?"

But Hawksford seemed curiously obstinate.

"Hush—not so loud! Leave it—there'll be time for all that when we're out of this!"

She was too agitated to press the point; and he rose and measured the height of the bank behind them, and the trees growing on top.

"From up there I could see the ridge. I wish this gun had a longer range!"

"Don't put your head into the open and have him shoot you!"

"I'll be careful."

He climbed the bank, but could not see over the surrounding tree tops; a bough of a twisted broadleaf enabled him to climb higher, but it had hardly put enough weight on it to shake the upper branches, when a bullet whacked through the leaves a few feet to the left, and the report of the rifle on the ridge rang out again.

Hawksford dropped down to her side again.

"Oh, wait, wait——!" she implored him. "If we wait until it's dark we can cross to the top of the hill without being seen, and get away!"

"We'll see! Come, we'd better shift; it won't do to let him be too sure where we are."

She rose, and with his gun ready, on the alert for anyone moving among the undergrowth, he led her a little way along the stream, and they found another place with their backs to a rock.

Hawksford was grave, a heavy line between his brows.

"Look here," he said. "If we should get me and you be left——!"

Lorna made a frightened movement of dissent.

"We don't say 'die' yet, but it's possible!" he continued, smiling so as not to scare her too much. "If anything should happen take my gun, and get out of sight if you can. If you can't then you'll have to do the best for your self and try to make a dash for Kaikoura!"

As they crouched in the shadows against the rock Lorna looked at him, with her dark eyes very large in her white face.

(To be Continued)

HEALTH

A HEALTH SERVICE OF THE CANADIAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN CANADA

To the question "how can I safeguard my child against pneumonia" the answer is simple, says Dr. Nelles Silverthorne, writing in the current issue of "Health", organ of the Health League of Canada. Dr. Silverthorne urges: "prevent both children and adults with colds from coming in contact with the baby or the healthy child."

People with sore throats, too, should be kept away from babies and children, the doctor advises. "If this is not possible, wash the hands frequently and wear a mask" he urges.

Doctors should be called early in cases where pneumonia is developed, the writer says. "Call him when the infection is in the early stages so that he may treat it before it is too late."

In plain language, pneumonia is "the extension of a common cold into the lungs." Dr. Silverthorne explains. "Every year many babies die with bronchopneumonia, an infection in both lungs."

Any nasal or ear discharge in members of the family should be carefully handled and all handkerchiefs or dressings should be boiled or otherwise disinfected, it is advised. Feeding utensils should be properly sterilized by boiling.

In recent years very active and acute serums have been used in the treatment of many severe infections, pneumonia being one of them, he concludes. "By this means it is possible to limit the spread of the pneumonia and the patient responds to the early treatment. Instead of dying or developing a prolonged illness, the child is well on the road to recovery in a very few days.

In Memoriam

MR. NEIL CAMPBELL

The many friends of Mr. Neil Campbell will regret to learn of his decease, which occurred at his home in Kingston, Prince Edward Island, on Tuesday December 24th 1940. He was in his 88 year.

Although confined to his bed for nearly three years, he did not complain, and was tenderly cared for by his son Beecher, and his wife Mildred. He was a man of sterling character and his loving disposition won for him a host of friends. He will be very much missed in the community as well as in the home where friends and neighbors were always welcome.

He was the son of the late Charles and Anne Campbell of West River, P. E. Island, and leaves to mourn five sons: John A. and Charles of Wollaston, Massachusetts; William of Quincy, Massachusetts; Harry of Elmwood, P. E. Island, and Beecher who resides on the Homestead at Kingston, P. E. Island, and also one sister, Mrs. Alex MacFadyen, New Haven, Connecticut, and seventeen grandchildren, one of whom is Miss Katherine Campbell, who lived from infancy with her grandparents and who is now a nurse in Massachusetts.

Funeral was held on December 26th, and was largely attended. A short service was held at the home by the Rev. Mr. Woodside after which the remains were taken to the Clyde River Presbyterian Church where the regular service was conducted by Rev. T. M. Goodwill who was assisted by Rev. Mr. Woodside. The body was then interned in the family plot at Clyde River, beside his wife who predeceased him fourteen years.

The pall bearers were Messrs. John Gallant, Daniel Docherty, Alex Docherty, Tyrus Holms, Warburton Godfrey, Hugh J. McLean.

THE LITTLE SILVER RING

LONDON.— Brides may have to wear silver wedding rings before the war is over because only a quarter of the normal supply of gold is available.

So many people are being married that there may be an acute shortage of gold rings if the war lasts a long time.

Jewellers are selling wedding rings from their reserve stocks. Platinum rings also are rationed.

A True Tonic
for Blood and Nerves

Invaluable at this season because it supplies the Vitamin B_1 and mineral substances so necessary to improve the quality of the blood and help the nerves. For better appetite, better digestion, better sleep and for better health use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

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CONTAINS VITAMIN B-1

THE EDUCATIONAL HORIZON

—A SATURDAY FEATURE—

PRESENTING NEWS AND VIEWS OF INTEREST TO TEACHERS AND ALL OTHERS SEEKING IMPROVEMENT IN EDUCATION

This column is conducted by the Prince Edward Island Teachers' Federation Committee in charge: Ralph MacLean, Zilpha Linkletter, Millar MacFadyen, Dan MacDonald, and Harold Lawton. We welcome contributions which should be addressed to H. Lawton, Charlottetown.

EXECUTIVE MEETING

The Prince Edward Island Teachers' Federation held an executive on Saturday afternoon, February 15th, with the president in the chair. Several members were absent due no, doubt, to the difficulties of transportation at this particular season. The main subject under discussion was the Easter Convention. It was decided that the annual convention should be held on the 8th, 9th, and 10th, of April. Enrolment will begin on Tuesday morning, and that afternoon reports will be given by the president, general secretary, and others.

The first Wednesday meeting will be held in the afternoon. It is hoped that the teachers will be able to obtain several classrooms in order that they may have group meetings. A committee has been appointed to draw up a questionnaire which may be used by all the different groups. Some of the questions that have been suggested are as follows: What should be done at a Teachers' Convention? What do teachers expect to get from the Convention? Is the larger administrative Unit practicable for Prince Edward Island? Is there too much inequality between the salaries of men and women? Should all pupils enrolled be counted regardless of age? Is the Education Horizon of any value? We trust that the teachers will think over these questions and be prepared to discuss any or all of them at the convention.

After the group meetings the secretaries will report the findings of the individual groups. It was also decided that the Hon. Mark R. McGuigan should be asked to speak at the Wednesday afternoon session.

Wednesday night, we plan to have an address by some outside speaker. Last year we had Dr. Patterson and this year we hope to have another outstanding educationist.

The final session of the convention will be held on Thursday morning. Most of this session will be devoted to business, but at this meeting if there is not time earlier in the week, we plan to have another Forum Discussion on our educational problems.

Other matters discussed at the Executive meeting were the Spitfire Fund, Education Week program and a supplemetary Salary Brief.

With regard to the Spitfire Fund, the Secretary-Treasurer reported that $500, already been forwarded to Mr. Crutchfield. It was moved and seconded that expenses in connection with the Spitfire Fun should be borne by the Federation so that all money contributed by the teachers would go directly to the Central Fund.

It was decided that no suggestions would be forwarded at this time about the Education Week program.

The proposed Salary Brief was read and approved by the Executive. The Permanent Salary Committee is to present this brief to the government as soon as possible. A more detailed account of this brief will be published later.

We hope, by means of this column to keep the teachers well informed as to what the Federation is doing. Any suggestions as to Convention Program particularly questionnaire may be forwarded to Mr. Lowton or others members of the executive. The executive is at all times willing to consider suggestions or to take any steps which would be beneficial to the teachers of this province.

THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS

Summary of Chapter 8

The three men once more took cover when the scout began to scold Uncas for wasting powder and bullets; he was interrupted by Duncan, who took this moment to thank Uncas for saving his life. While they were speaking, a bullet whined perilously close to Duncan hitting a rock and flattening out. Hawkeye examined the bullet, and decided that it had come downward probably from an Indian in the big oak, which was leaning out over the river from the point where the Iroquois was hidden. On closer examination this proved to be the case. However, the Indian was so well protected that the men could not get a shot at him while he occasionally took quiet shots at the defenders. Even the cautious person sometimes makes an error, and this Indian made the mistake of showing too much of his body just long enough for Hawkeye to get a shot. This proved sufficient to oust the creature from his perch, and he fell headlong into the rapids. This shot cost the defenders their last bit of powder; thereupon Hawkeye sent Uncas down to the canoe for more. To the amazement of everyone the canoe was seen crossing the stream guided by an Indian. For a moment all seemed hopeless, but Cora devised a plan whereby the scout and the Indians might escape, travel to Monro, and bring aid. This plan having been adopted, Chingachgook dropped into the mad current, and was soon lost to view; he was closely followed by Hawkeye. Uncas wished to remain behind, but was persuaded by Cora to follow the others; No amount of coaxing, however, could persuade Duncan to follow their example. Giving up in despair, Cora and Alice withdraw into the cave to await the inevitable attack of the Iroquois.

Summary of Chaper 9

Still ignorant of the fate of the three who had trusted to the aid of the swift current, Heyward busied himself in making the girls comfortable and in concealing as best he could the mouth of the cave. This done, he addressed David, who had just regained consciousness, and exhorted him to be brave; whereupon David, to show his appreciation for being spared, burst in a feeble song. Once again the song is interrupted by the yells of the Indians who have landed on the island. These yells have been aroused by the discovery of the scout's rifle, and, although Heyward could not understand the language he did manage to hear the words "La Longue Carabine." This was the name the Indians had given to a trusted and feared hunter and scout of the English. And now Duncan knew who his companion of the night before had been. Meanwhile, the Indians had not discovered the cave, and the trapped party began to breathe easier when a slight rustle at the entrance to the cave which opened onto the river attracted their attention. Here stood "Le Renard Subtil." At first, in the darkness of the cave, he did not see its occupants, but all at once a smile revealed to Heyward that they had been seen. He fired at the Indian, but, when the smoke cleared away, the Indian had vanished. The yells, which had stopped at the shot, now began in greater fury, and many hands began to pull brush away from the mouth of the cave. Soon the travellers were caught, and dragged out into the sunlight.

PITFALLS AMONG COMMON WORDS

A, AN

The definite articles, "a" and "an," have the same value. The article "an" is used before any word beginning with a vowel or a vowel sound. The article "a" is used before any word beginning with a consonant or consonant sound ("y may sometimes be used as a vowel). You should therefore say and write "a boy," "an apple," "an umbrella." It is customary to say "a university" because the word begins with the consonant sound of "y" ("yewniversity"), "an honest man" because the "h" is silent, giving the word an initial vowel sound, but "a hotel' because the "h is pronounced. "An hospitable man" is usually preferred, though the "h" is sounded, the accent on the second syllable obscures the "h."

The meaning of "a" and "an" is indefinite. To say "a girl" therefore means any girl, a girl in general, one of the class of human beings known as girls. The definite article used to show that a particular one of the class it meant, is "the."

The omission of "a" or "an" before subsequent members of a series of words may cause confusion. In a series of two or more nouns, it is necessary to repeat the article unless all the nouns refer to the same person or object. It is misleading to say "a red and black tie." Notice the different when you say "a red and a black tie," meaning two ties, one red and one black. It is clearly wrong to say "an orange and apple"; the correct form is "an apple and an orange." The definite article cannot be omitted in English when its presence is clearly necessary to preserve the proper meaning of the phrase.

—A common instance of the use of "a" or "an" when neither is necessary occurs with the phrase "kind of" and "sort of." It is incorrect to say "this kind of a house" or "sort of an objection." Correct. "I do not like this kind of house"; "He raised no sort of objection"; "What kind of hat do you like?"

Definite, Definitive

Anything with fixed limits or extent may be described as **definite** That which fixes those limits may be described as **definitive**. A definite statement is a clear statement; a definitive statement is a decisive final statement.

Majority, Plurality

(Again, but with no figures).

A majority, properly speaking is the larger of two numbers considered as parts of a whole. In counting votes, a person speaks of **a majority** if the total is greater than half the total number of votes cast—that is, if the number called a majority is greater than all the other votes put together. If only two candidates receive votes, one of them must have a majority unless they are tied, but when there are more than two candidates one can receive a majority only if he gets more than half the total number of votes cast **Plurality.** Let us suppose that 110,000 votes are distributed so that A receives 50,000, B receives 33,000 and C receives 27,000. Now, no one receives a majority, but A has a **plurality** of 17,000 votes, which means that he has 17,000 more votes than his nearest competitor.

Disinterested, Uninterested

Uninterested is simply the negative of **interested**; it means "not interested." But "disinterested" means "without selfish or personal interest," which is to say **impartial.** Pupils are sometimes **uninterested** in their lessons; all judges are **disinterested** —though certainly not **uninterested** in their weighing of the proceedings.

WORDS FREQUENTLY MISPRONOUNCED

Key:

A—long (as in FATE)—Ay.
short (as in FAT)—a.
(as in FALL)—aw.
broad (as in FAR)—ah.
O—long (as in NOTE)—oh, ol.
short (as in NOT)—o.
U—long (as in CUTE) —ew.
(as in RULE)—oo.
short (as in MUD)—uh.
E—long (as in BEET)—ee.
short (as in BET)—eh.
I—long (as in BITE)—y.
short (as in BIT)—ih.
Y—final (as in VERY)—i.
G—oft (as in AGE)—j.
TH.—soft (as in FATHER)—th.
N—Nasal (as in DONG)—n.

Words:

ABDOMEN—A B-doe-men (stress fir.t).
ADMIRABLE—A D-Mih-ruh-bl.
ADVENT—A D-vent.
PADRE—PAH dray
NOISOME—NOY som
NOMINATIVE: MOMih-nay-tiv.
AGILE: AJ il.
OASIS: Oh-AY sis, OH ah-sis.
METAPHOR: MET ah-fer.
IMPIOUS: IM pih-us.
INEXORABLE: in EKS or-rah-bl.
GLYCERINE: GLIS er-in.
EXPLETIVE: EKS plee-tiv.
ALUMNAE: Al-UM nee.
AMATEUR: AM ah-ter.
POEM: POHM-em
PROGRAM: PROH gram.
LONGEVITY: Lon-JEV eh-ti.
LONG-LIVED: Long-LYVD.
MIEN: Meen.
VOLCANIZE: VOL kan-yz.
WORSTED (yarn): WOOS ted.
WORSTED (defeated): WORS ted
DOCILE: DOSS il
DIPHTHONG: DIF thong.
DIPHTHERIA: dif—THEE rih-ah.
CHEF: SHEF.
CELLO: CHEL oh.
APRICOT: AYP rih-kot.
ARABLE—AR ah-bl.
BREECHES: BRITCH iz.
DROUGHT—BROWT.
FAGILE: FRAJ il.
GAELIC: GAYLIK.
GALLIC: GALIK.
GENUINE: JEN yew-in.
DOMICILE: DOM ih-sil.
DESPICABLE: DEHS pik-ah-bl.
HOVER: HUVer.
ULTIMATUM: ul-tih-MAY tum.
VASE: VAYS, VAYZ.
TOURNIQUET: TOOK nih-ket.
TOWARD: TOE-erd.
TOWARDS: TOE erds.
STATUS: STAYtus.
Apostle: a-POSS-l.
Poem: POE-em.
Plebiscite: PLEB-ih-syt.
Data: DAY-tah.
Wainscotting: WAYN-skott-ing.
Verbatim: Ver-BAY-tim.
Alias: AY-lih-us.
Apparatus: ap-ah-RAY-tus.
Avenue: AV-eh-new.
Aviation: ay-vih-Ay-Shun.
Aviator: ay-vih-AY-ter.
Bacilli: ba SIL-y.
Bona fide: BOH-nah FY-dee.
Creek: KREEK.
Coyote: Ki-oht.
Promulgate: Proh-MUL-gayt.
Respite: RES-pit.
Quay: KEE.
Renaissance: Ren-eh-SAHNS.
Regene: ree-NEEG.
Constable: KON-stah-bl.
Reparable: REP-ah-rab-bl.
Magnesia: Mag-NEE-shih-ah.
Marital: MAR-ih-tal.

CURRENT EVENTS

REVIEW OF EVENTS FOR NOVEMBER, 1940

November 3—British officially announce landing of troops in Crete.

November 4—Spain takes full control in Tangier by abolishing International Commission.

November 5 —German pocket battleship attacks British convoy in North Atlantic; Heroism of armed merchant cruiser, JERVIS BAY saves thirty-four out of thirty-eight ships.

November 11 —Combined air and naval action against Italian fleet in harbor of Taranto crippies three battleships, two cruisers, two auxiliaries.

November 20—United States announces release of FLYING FORTRESSES and SPERRY BOMBSIGHT to Britain.

November 22—Greeks capture KORITZA.

BULGARIA

Since Bulgaria has thrown in its lot with the Axis we might very well say something about this country, which is really pivotal in its position. By the Balkans we mean Turkey, Jugo-Slavia, Bulgaria, Greece, Albania, and Rumania. Bulgaria is the smallest of the independent Balkans, being about the size of OHIO, U. S. A., or twice the size of New Brunswick. Its population is between five and six millions. Most of the people are Bulgars, but there are about eleven percent Turks. The capital, Sofia, has a population of about 300,000. Four-fifths of the people are farmers. Germany is Bulgaria's best customer, ranking far ahead of the next best, Italy. Thus, we see that Bulgaria has been closely associated with Germany and Italy through its trading. The sovereign of the nation in Boris III, who became King in 1918. Bulgaria, as we indicated above, is strategically located in the heart of the Balkan States with the Black Sea to the east, and the Aegean not far to the south. It has long played an important role in the affairs of southeast Europe. In 1878 Bulgaria won her autonomy (self-government) from Turkey; and later her independence. In the boundary settlements after the World War, during which Bulgaria was allied with Germany, this nation lost to Greece the southern stretch of land that gave her access to the Aegean Sea. It is this area to which Bulgaria has recently laid, claim, plus certain others in Jugo-Slavia in the west. In the north-east the region of DOBRUJA, which was transferred to Rumania after her intervention in the second Balkan War, 1913, was regained by Bulgaria in 1940 after Rumania's great loss of territories to other neighbors.

LEIGHTON McCARTHY, K. C.—This prominent Toronto lawyer has been recently named new Canadian Minister to Washington. He succeeds our former Minister, Loring Christie, who has had to relinquish his position, because of ill-health. One noteworthy change in the office of the Canadian Minister is that Mr. McCarthy has been made a Privy Councillor because his job will involve very confidential duties in war time. His position, is therefore, more eminent than that of his predecessors of recent years.

SIR FREDERICK BANTING. It was with the greatest regret that we read of the death of our most eminent scientist, Sir Frederick Banting of Toronto. In collaboration with Dr. Best, he was successful in the discovery of the insulin treatment for diabetes. He was on his way to England to discuss certain scientific matters with the government; and at this critical moment in the war, his untimely death is a great blow to the British Empire and the world in general.

EDEN and DILL —Anthony Eden and Sir John Dill have been talking diplomatic matters over with the governments of Greece and Turkey. After the discussions in Ankara, Turkey, it was made known that Turkey has in no way failed in her agreement with any promises made to Britain. In other words, Britain and Turkey have reached full agreement on, all matters pertaining to the Balkans and the eastern Mediterranean. While Eden and Dill were in Ankara, Sir Stafford Cripps, British ambassador to Moscow, flew to Turkey to meet the two eminent Britishers. Turkey has recently declared that she will oppose with her arms any move to destroy her independence. In the words of her foreign minister, SARCOGLU, "Turkey cannot remain indifferent to foreign activities which might occur in her zone of security." During the past week, Turkey has mined the waters of the Dardanelles. Likewise, the Greeks as a result of the discussions with Eden and Dill, have made it known that they will oppose any attempt by any nation to overrun their territory. The Greeks are not officially at war with Germany, but with Italy, a partner in the Axis. It is for this reason that the British have refrained to use Greek bases against the Germans in Rumania. This bombing of so-called German territory (German controlled) would give the Germans an excuse for decaring war on the Greeks. The Germans have massed about 150,000 men at the Greek-Bulgarian frontier, and the Greeks in preparation for a possible invasion of its territory by the Germans have rushed about 100,000 men to oppose the attack from the Bulgarian north. Just at present (Thursday) it would seem that Russia is taking a more prominent part in opposing German moves in the Balkans. Whether Stalin will risk any decided opposition that might involve him in a war with Germany only remains for the future to reveal. But at present it would seem that Russia is becoming more concerned over Germany's having control over Rumanian ports on the Black Sea; and unquestionably now as in the past, she is diametrically opposed to Germany's having control over the Dardanelles. This may be one reason why German diplomats have followed in the footsteps of Eden and Dill to try to win favor in the eyes of the Turks during their present discussions in Ankara.

AMERICAN DEFENCE BASES LEASED FROM BRITAIN

This is one of the most important changes made during the present century in the matter of territorial changes. The change involves seven isands and a South American mainland spot, which henceforth, will fly the Stars and Stripes alongside the Union Jack. From the most northery to the most southerly is a distance of 2700 air miles.

The bases leased are. Newfoundland, Bermuda, Bahamas, Jamaica, Trinidad, British Guiana, St. Lucia, and Antigua.

Newfoundland is one of the most important of the base locations, guarding the northern approaches by air and water to Canada and the United States. Newfoundland's famous **Botwood arifield** lies about 2000 miles southwest of Ireland and 950 miles southwest of Greenland.

Bermuda is within 1000 miles or less of every important port on the Atlantic coast of North America both in U. S. A. and Canada. The only passenger airline operating between the United States and Europe uses Bermuda and the Azores, 1800 miles east, as stopping points between New York and Lisbon.

The Bahamas, over which the Duke of Windsor presides, 700 miles southwest of Bermuda, are scattered over 630 miles of ocean.

Jamaica is one of the vital base locations because of its nearness to the Panama Canal, which lies about 550 miles to the south. It is Britain's so-called watchdog island beside the busy Windward Island passage, shipping channel between the North Atlantic and the Panama Canal.

Trinidad, close to the shore of Venezuela, on the basis of production is one of the most valuable of England's West Indian colonies. Its deposit of natural asphalt, PITCH Lake, covers 114 square miles. As much as 10,000,000 barrels of petroleum per year has raised this small island to eleventh place in world production.

British Guiana is the southernmost of the defence bases, and is located on the South American continent, and for this reason is extremely important.

St. Lucia has an excellent harbor. It is 200 miles north of the island of Trinidad. It is about 1100 miles east of Panama, and faces Dakar, which figured so prominently in the news some months ago when De Gaulle's forces tried to land in Vichy territory in Africa. Dakar is also the westernmost point of Africa.

Antigua guards the eastern doorway to the Caribbean Sea. It is the smallest of the West Indies Islands obained as United States bases. It is strategically set as a watch dog on the route to Panama. It is also the seat of government for the British Leeward Islands.

CORRESPONDENCE

your questions through this column. Thank you for your letter.

French Tenses

A. I. B.—The imperfect indicative is often called the **descriptial past.** It is used in descriptive narrative to give the setting or background and to describe the qualitie and condition of persons and things.

You should remember that, in the **phrase imperfect tense, tense** means **time,** (with reference to the action of the verb), and **imperfect** means **unfinished.** The **imperfect indicative must be used for simple past action** whenever the elements of "continuation," "repetition," and "habit" are stressed. It is most frequently found in translation of the English expressions **was x a present participle, were x a present participle, used to.**

The **past indefinite** is used to denote what happened, what has happened, or what has been happening. It corresponds to the English past, present perfect, and present perfect prograssive. The **past indefinite** is often called the **narrative past.** It is used in both **spoken and written French,** to tell what occurred (mostly in conversational French).

In **formal written French,** for the past indefinite, there is a substitute tense of almost identical force, namely the **past definite.** This tense, however, **is seldom used in conversational French.** (Used in the recording of events).

D. C. L.— Names in the news.
BORIS, King of Bulgaria.
FRANZ. VON PAPEN, German's Ambassador to Turkey.
HIROHITO, Emperor of Japan.
LINCOLN MacVEAGH, United States Minister to Greece.
PRINCE PAUL, Yugoslav Regent.
VIKTOR VON HEEREN, Nazi Minister to Yugoslavia.
DRAGISA CVETKOVIC, Premier of Yugoslavia.
GEN. SIR JOHN G. DILL, Chief of the British Imperial Staff.
ISMET INONU, President of Turkey.
REFIK SAYDAM, Premier of Turkey
MEHMET MUNIR ERTEGUN, Turkish Ambassador to the U. S. A.
SIR REGINALD HOARE, British Minister to Rumania.
SIR HUGH KNATCHBULL — Hugessen, Britain's Ambassador to Turkey.
DUKE OF ABERCORN, Governor of Northern Ireland.
SIR ROBERT CRAIGIE, Britain's Ambassador to Tokyo.
RICHARD BUTLER, Britain's Undersecretary for Foreign Affairs.
MAMORU SHIGEMITSU, Japanese Ambassador to Great Britain.
HENRY A. WALLACE, Vice-President of U. S. A.
Viscount Galway, former Governor-General and Commander in Chief of New Zealand, is at present visiting the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec City, for a few days before proceeding to Britain from New Zealand. Lord Galway, is particularly interested in Quebec, for he is a descendant of Robert Monckton, second in command of Wolfe's Army, who was wounded in the lung by the same volley that killed Wolfe. By an operation, particularly delicate for those days, the bullet was extracted after the wounded officer had been returned aboard ship. In the United Kingdom, Lord Galway sits in the House of Lords as Baron Monckton.
H. R. MacMILLAN, Chairman of the Canadian War Time Requirements Board.
MAJ. GEN. H. D. G. CRERAR, Canada's Chief of the General Staff.
MAJ. GEN. W. H. P. Elkins in Charge of the Atlantic Command (Canada).
MAJ. GEN. H. F. H. HERTZBERG, Commandant of the Royal Military College, Kingston, Can.
MAJ. Gen. R. O. ALEXANDER, Gen. Officer Commanding the Pacific Command (Canada).

KNIT A TURBAN

Turbans will be more popular than ever this spring and summer. When fine weather tempts you to greater outdoor activity, you'll need snug-fitting headgear that will preserve your coiffure against the breezes.

This turban is easily knitted by a tyro. The decorative knitting needles stuck in as "hatpins" give it a novel touch. The only materials you need are five one-ounce balls of double wove in any color, and a pair of No. 7 knitting needles.

Follow these directions:

Gauge: 9 sts make 2 inches; 7 rows make 1 inch. Using double yarn throughout, cast on 37 sts and work in pattern as follows:

First row: K 1, * p 1, k 1. Repeat from * across. Repeat this row for 34 inches. Bind off.

Block piece to measure 40 inches. Fold piece in half. Shir piece at fold. Place shirred part at back of head and tie ends in a square knot at front, tucking ends under knot. Drape to suit individual taste and tack in place.

ASPIRIN Now less than 1¢ a Tablet

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100 tablets 98¢

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Remember—Aspirin does not harm the heart. For great speed plus safety, don't take anything else. Get the economy size bottle at your druggist's today—100 Aspirin tablets for only 98¢. It's a bargain you can't miss.

WARNING! See this Cross!

BAYER

If every tablet is not stamped with the word "Bayer" in the form of a cross, it is NOT Aspirin. Don't let anybody tell you it is.

Does Not Harm the Heart