

Now is the Time

to look after that cold before it gets established.

Foster's Laxative Cold Cure

will check a cold in a few hours.

Does not cause ringing in the head.

Also a quick relief for Neuralgia, Headache, and all feverish conditions of the system.

Price 25c mailed at our expense.

E. A. Foster

Central Drugstore
Sunnyside

Have you a cough? If so consult us as to a remedy.

PLEASANT AFFAIR

A very dainty and tasteful supper was served on Thursday night last at the Railway Hotel, Cape Traverse, of which Mrs. F. Crosby is proprietress. The promoters belong to Culeton and Traverse, the invited guests include Charlottetown, Summerside and Sydney.

Capt. T. G. Taylor, Agent Marine, Charlottetown, was specially invited by his employees in the Ice Boat Service and it might be mentioned that no superior is more adored and respected by his employees at Traverse than is the present agent of marine.

It is unnecessary to boast of Mrs. Crosby's catering, however it would do honor to the Touraine or Copley-Plaza, Boston. The following is the menu card:-

MENU.

Oysters, Lemon Points, Grapefruit Au Porto, Supreme of Halibut, Sauce Normande Sliced Tomatoes, Potatoes Natural

WILD GAME.

Brant, Black Duck, Wild Goose Roast Turkey, Cranberry Sauce, Salad De Noel, Creamed Potatoes, French Peas and Beans.

English Plum Pudding, Brandy Sauce, Spanish Pudding, Ice Cream, Assorted Cake, Celery, Roquefort, Bisquit, Fruit and Confectionery.

Cocoa, Coffee, Tea.

TAMED.

"Wombat used to be a great outdoor man and all-round sport. Is he reconciled to married life?" "I think so. I called on him recently and found him sitting ashes with a tennis racket."



PRESIDENT SUSPENDER

NONE-SO-EASY
MADE IN CANADA

HON. CHARLES DALTON'S SCATHING CRITICISM

(Continued from page one)

pretty attractive display of type, but it only served to remind one of the failure of the party the paper supported. Who had obtained the means to improve the public conditions of the Province? Who had succeeded in placing the finances of the country in the magnificent position in which they were today? he asked. If the Government had been more energetic, business-like, and attentive to the welfare of the people than its predecessors in obtaining grants from the Dominion to spend on the island, where was the sense in such a childish heading as "Slash-Away, Dash-Away"? Was that the kind of language that one would expect to emanate from a newspaper with any claims to respectability and good sense? The Liberals had a deficit of \$45,000 a year, and those were the people who were talking of "spending the cash." At the present time there was evidence of advancement, encouragement and prosperity in every phase of the country's life. In agriculture the province today was in a position far beyond what it ever was at the brightest period in the Liberal regime. There had been added to the funds for agriculture, \$30,000 a year. Had it not been for the progressive nature of the Government and its determination to see right done by the province, the grant would have been that much less twenty thousand dollars. They all knew that the proposition in regard to the distribution of the agricultural grant was based upon population. The population of Canada being made up very largely of residents in large cities, such a distribution would be palpably unfair to Prince Edward Island, which is pre-eminently agricultural in its population. The Premier and the Island's other representatives laid these matters before the Dominion authorities in convincing terms, insisted with tenacious emphasis on the injustice that would be done the province by a distribution according to population, fought strenuously for the proper division, and were successful in their efforts in having a flat contribution of \$20,000 all round made before the per capita distribution was effected. This twenty thousand dollars, of population, would add very materially to the advancement of agriculture in the province. The speaker then referred to the great advantages which are making themselves felt as a result of the inauguration of seed fairs in the province. In this connection he was very much pleased to observe in looking over the records, that in the field competitions for West Prince every one of the prizes had been captured by farmers in the first district of Prince County. Anybody who went to see these exhibitions would agree that it was nothing else but sheer merit that was responsible for this fact, and he felt proud that night that he had the honour to represent the district that had carried off all those prizes. (Laughter and cheers.)

Coming now to education, Mr Dalton said he would refer to the House to the time when, under the Liberal administration, the educational system of the province was in a state of inertia and crying for improvement. They saw then salaries being ruthlessly cut down, and the appeals of the people and the teachers, who were not half paid. The present Government as soon as it came into power set about putting the Department on its feet, and, after numerous improvements effected in the educational conditions, they had the gratifying knowledge to-day that the teachers were receiving higher salaries than any previous time in the history of Prince Edward Island. The Leader of the Opposition had made the statement that seventy-five per cent. of the increases in teachers' salaries went to the towns and centres, where large supplements were voted, and that in the rural sections the teachers' salary had increased very little. This, said Mr Dalton, might be disposed of as follows: Charlottetown and Summerside, with a combined population of 14,200, or 15 per cent. of the province, receive for teachers' supplements and bonuses \$4,397.50. In the Tignish district (First Prince) the teachers receive in supplements and bonuses \$4,461.25, a larger sum than Charlottetown and Summerside, although the Tignish district is not by any means as populous, and this increase, divided among sixty-two teachers, averages \$70 per teacher. The Leader of the Opposition had also made the statement, which he took as the basis for a discourse of half-an-hour, that the schools were on the down-grade. There was, in the Report of the Superintendent of Education, just one report on Little Pond as follows: "I regret to say this school

seems to be on the down-grade. I don't think the teacher is responsible for it; she has decided to leave at the end of the term." The Opposition Leader had spoken for half-an-hour on the "down-grade" of the schools, when all that he was driving at was contained in those three lines. Surely he could not be willing to condemn the whole system because he found such a report in regard to one school. Speaking specially in regard to Prince County, he said that a total of over four thousand dollars had been paid to teachers in the first district more than under the late Government. This did not tend to show, as the Leader of the Opposition endeavoured without success to indicate, that the educational condition of the province was on the decline; it showed indeed the very opposite. It was an evidence of the fact that the system was in a position far better than ever it was before. (Cheers.)

Mr Dalton next took up the question of public works. He stated that the House had been favoured by an elaborate and masterly report on the Department of Public Works by the Commissioner, who reserved abundant congratulation on the explicit manner in which he had dealt with the work of the Department. He did not think there had ever been a better report by the House a better report in regard to any department. The speaker remembered, before the inauguration of the present system, when supervisors had charge of certain sections; they had not only charge of the sections, but they had charge of the roads, and treasury as well. They had everything indiscriminately in their power. This was a state of affairs that lent itself to abuse and that, as a matter of fact, was abused. He recalled distinctly two instances in support of this statement. One was a case in which a man would support the Liberal Government for ten dollars. Next day he received a cheque for ten dollars, signed by a supervisor, without any remarks. That looked like a matter for investigation. The man said he was joking; he told his friends and it went back to the ears of the supervisor, who with alacrity stopped payment of the cheque. Another case was where a man was given a cheque for four dollars for work at a bridge where he had never lifted his hand to do a stroke of work. The cheque was paid, but investigations in these cases were muffled and there was no satisfaction for anybody. These were two cases of which the speaker was himself cognizant. By way of comparison, what was the state of affairs to-day? asked Mr Dalton. They found that roadmasters were each vying with the other in the earnest effort to make good roads; and they had to account for every cent they handled. There was a distinct improvement in this regard, notwithstanding anything which the Leader of the Opposition might say to the contrary. Of course, everybody with any reason at all, would make allowance for climatic changes, and at times the weather was such as to render it extremely difficult to keep the roads in condition. But the consensus of opinion of those who travelled over the roads to any extent was nothing but an expression of satisfaction all round; if they asked the country people they would find that they had better roads than ever before. Apart from that, however, and speaking from personal experience, he had never seen roads in other provinces and abroad to compare with the roads here, taking both under reasonable conditions in summer. Neither in Nova Scotia nor New Brunswick were the roads as good as the roads in Prince Edward Island. In regard to bridges, there was no gainsaying the fact that there had been an enormous improvement during the past three years. In his district he thought he was doing splendidly with having received four steel bridges, but he found that a member for Crapaud had twelve! He felt rather jealous when he saw how many steel bridges the other members were enumerating to their credit. (Laughter.) They could easily see how much had been expended to bring the province forward in this direction. Under the late Government it was almost a miraculous happening if a man got one steel bridge a year, while to-day if a man did not have five or six bridges he felt inclined to regard himself as ill-used. (Laughter.) In view of these facts, therefore, it was safe to say that the Department of Public Works and the public works generally were in a state never before dreamed of under the Liberal rule. But the Government had not confined its efforts and activities to agriculture and education alone; they had gone beyond that. The result of the endeavours of the representatives sent up to Ottawa in regard to the car ferry was a matter of common knowledge. What the car ferry would mean to this province everyone realised. Any person who had not visited Cape Tormentine and Cape Tormentine, said Mr Dalton, was losing an opportunity of seeing tangible evidence of what the Dominion Government, through the instrumentality of the province's representatives, whose splendid efforts they all admired, had given Prince Edward Island. The benefits of the car ferry would be great and far-reaching, and would revolutionise agriculture and all the other industries of the province. People in the province could send goods from Charlottetown to the other end of the continent without their being transferred in the slightest degree. This was due to the fact that this Government and the Government at Ottawa were in sympathy. He would like to ask, continued the speaker, in view of all the improvement that had been effected—if the subsidy of \$100,000 without any understanding as to what it was given for, leaving individual claims still open, the \$26,000 for agriculture, the steady reduction of the enormous debt—in view of all these things, would the Leader of the Opposition or the press in support of him, think for a moment that the people of this country, who had their senses about them, and their memories too, would say, "Put us back into that state of things when there was an annual deficit of \$45,000; put us back to that time when there was not the faintest idea of a \$100,000 from the Dominion Government; put us back to that time when our agricultural conditions were as low as they could be and our educational system aemic?" Did the Leader of the Opposition think that the people would say that? Did the Leader of the Opposition and his supporters now want to attempt to take credit for what the Conservative party, by real and earnest work, had done? If the Liberal party had managed their affairs sufficiently well to secure a surplus of \$10,000, would they, he wondered, have labelled it an "easy sur-

plus"? He thought not. If they had ever been placed in the position in which the Conservative Government found themselves when they took up the reins, with a colossal debt as the only memento of the retiring party's activities, would they have undertaken the task of pulling the province together and putting it on its feet? Before another Parliament met, continued the speaker, the electors of the province would be asked for their verdict. The Conservative party would ask: "Have we done better in three years than the Liberals did in twenty years? Have we not obtained a surplus for three years? And although it is only a 'measly' surplus of \$10,000, will you take the other party with their deficit of \$45,000 a year?" This would be asked the country before another year went by, and any man who wanted to think sensibly would know what the answer would be. Would any person stand for a Government that had kept the country in bankruptcy until they cried, in their agony, "Save us! We perish!" Would the electorate of Prince Edward Island understand the situation, say, "We will take back the other fellows who could not manage our affairs"? It was absurd to think it. There was only one answer that could be given to that question: "The Conservative Government, said Mr Dalton, had used funds in an economic manner and had spent every cent to the best possible advantage. Would the Opposition Leader point to one fifty-dollar bill, or one five-dollar bill, or one one-dollar bill and say, 'You have mis-used it; you have not spent it in the interests of the country'? Would the Leader of the Opposition say that? He would if he could. If the Government had succeeded in adding to the finance of the country, year by year, and getting for it? He did not think the electorate would say that they should pay off all the old bills incurred promiscuously by their predecessors; but still that was what they were doing. If the present party did as well during the coming years as they had done during the past four, the old and tremendous debt of the Liberals would be completely wiped out in the course of time; and if the people of the country appreciated all that the Conservative Government had done for them in the last four years—and there was no doubt the people did appreciate it—then the Conservatives would have the gratification of seeing the last of the Bete Noir left them by their Liberal opponents as a keepsake. (Applause.)

PROCEEDINGS IN THE LEGISLATURE

(Continued from page one)

to amend an Act further to amend the Act to regulate the Registry of Deeds and Instruments relating to the title of land and to repeal the laws heretofore for that purpose."

Hon. Mr ARSENAULT moved the third reading of a bill to amend an Act respecting the Central Christian Church of Charlottetown. The bill was passed.

Hon. Mr McNEILL moved the third reading of a bill to amend an Act to incorporate A. E. McLean, Ltd. The bill was passed.

Hon. Mr MYERS moved the second reading of a bill entitled, "An Act to further Amend an Act to incorporate the Eureka Fox Co., Ltd." The House in Committee, Mr J. A. Dewar in the chair, considered the bill, which was agreed to, engrossed and ordered to a third reading.

Hon. Mr ARSENAULT moved the second reading of a bill to amend the Incorporation Act of the Prince County Hospital. The House in Committee, Mr Buntain in the chair, considered the bill, which was agreed to and ordered to a third reading.

Hon. Mr McNEILL moved the second reading of a bill entitled, "An Act to incorporate the Muddy Creek Rural Telephone Co., Ltd." The House in Committee, Mr Buntain in the chair, considered the bill, which was agreed to, engrossed and ordered to a third reading.

Hon. Mr ARSENAULT then moved the resumption of the debate on the Budget.

Mr J. H. BUNTAIN, who had moved the adjournment on Friday evening, continued his address, which, owing to lack of space, will be reported later. (To be continued.)



Beer & Weeks

TODAY----BEDSPREADS

One of the most important features of our Annual Linen Sale is our splendid showing of Bedspreads, specially selected for the event

No matter what size your bed is—No matter what kind of a bedspread you want—No matter what price you want to pay. We can please you in every particular.

Bedspreads of every description at special sale prices

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| Very popular line of English Honeycomb Spreads—nice quality—wear and wash well—either hemmed or fringed all around as preferred. | Dainty spreads printed in artistic designs and colorings—guaranteed fast colors—splendid for color scheme rooms—ideal for summer use. |
| 64x84 inch 1.20 for 95 | 64x86 inch 1.15 for 92 |
| 72x96 " 1.50 for 1.20 | 68x96 inch 1.25 for 98 |
| 84x108 " 1.90 for 1.49 | The old reliable English "satin" finish spreads—very smooth, closely woven goods—woven in elegant designs—nothing finer. |
| Splendid line of extra quality closely woven honeycomb spreads, mercerized finish woven in handsome designs. | |
| 72x90 inch 1.75 for 1.40 | 76x96 inch 2.25 for 1.80 |
| " " 2.25 for 1.80 | 64x84 " 3.25 for 2.60 |
| " " 2.50 for 2.00 | " " 3.50 for 2.80 |
| 78x98 " 2.25 for 1.80 | " " 3.00 for 2.40 |
| " " 3.00 for 2.40 | " " 3.25 for 2.60 |
| " " 3.50 for 2.80 | " " 4.60 for 3.68 |
| | 84x108 " 3.50 for 2.80 |
| | " " 3.90 for 3.10 |
| | " " 5.25 for 4.20 |
| | " " 6.00 for 4.80 |

3 Attractive Lines

Crochet spreads hemmed ready for use—woven in nice designs—extra special values.

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| 56x76 inch 75c |
| 64x80 " 1.00 |
| 76x95 " 1.25 |

Curtains at Half

There are still a few pairs of those sample curtains we are selling at HALF PRICE. Also a small quantity of those pretty curtains by the yard which are greatly reduced—were 26, 28, 32, 34c your choice. 20c yd.

Magnificent Display of the New Squares, Rugs, Stair Carpets

We invite you to call and see them without feeling under any obligation to purchase. Every weave—all the new designs—a magnificent selection.

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| Tapestry Squares | \$4.50 to \$20.00 |
| Brussels Squares | 15.00 to 30.00 |
| Wilton Squares | 25.00 to 75.00 |
| Axminster Squares | 25.00 to 45.00 |
| Velvet Squares | 15.00 to 35.00 |

Stair carpetings to match—small rugs to match.

Miles and Miles of Floor Coverings

Hundreds of new and attractive patterns to select from—for your hall, dining room, bedroom, bathroom and kitchen, 25c to \$1.25 yd.

Oilcloths at 25c, 30c, 35c sq. yard.
Linoleums at 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c sq. yard.
Inlaid Linoleums 85c, 1.00, 1.25 sq. yard.

Beyond a doubt the finest selection to choose from



Yorkton your cut-away collar a superb satin stripe created by FOOKE Bros Limited at two for 25 cents

SEEDING TIME Will Soon be Here

And we have as usual just received our stock of Imported:

- White Russian Wheat
- White Fife Wheat
- Red Fife Wheat
- Peas—Vetches
- Oats—Barley
- Corn—Buckwheat
- Mangle and Turnip Seed
- Number 1 Timothy Seed
- Number 1 Early Clover
- No. 1 Mammoth Clover
- No. 1 Alsike Clover
- Choice White Clover

We guarantee our seeds to be EXTRA NUMBER 1 QUALITY. Call and see them and you will be convinced, we have the best on the market. Our prices are low consistent with the best quality.

Remember our motto—"ONE GRADE ONLY AND THAT THE BEST" We will give special prices to Farmers Institutes, write or call.

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