. . . LOVELY STORY — WELL DONE !
FINAL TODAY — 3.15 — 7 — 9 P.M.
ROBERT TAYLOR—FRANCHOT TONE—ROBERT YOUNG
AND MARGARET SULLAVAN IN
"THREE COMRADES"
PLUS NEWS AND TRAVELTALK

PRINCE EDWARD
THURSDAY — FRIDAY — SATURDAY

TYRONE POWER · ALICE FAYE · DON AMECHE
and
ETHEL MERMAN · JACK HALEY
DAILY 3.15 —7.00 — 9.00 P. M. SATURDAY MATINEE 2.30
ALSO DISNEY CARTOON

FINAL TODAY — 3.15 — 7 — 8.45 P.M.
CAROLE LOMBARD — FRED MacMURRAY
IN "TRUE CONFESSION"
ADDED . . . . . COMEDY

The Capitol Thurs. — Fri. — Sat.
THR-R-RILLS!

Starring
RICHARD DIX
CHESTER MORRIS
JOAN FONTAINE
With HARRY CAREY
PAUL GUILFOYLE
DAILY 3.15—7.00—8.45 P. M. SATURDAY MATINEE 2.30
ALSO KARTOON and SERIAL No. 6

Today's Short Wave Radio Program

(All Time Is Eastern Standard)

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1

9:30 a.m.—"The World Is Yours." W3XAL, 16.8 m., 17.78 meg.

MOSCOW

4:00 p.m.—Broadcast in English, RAN, 31 m., 9.6 meg.

SCHENECTADY

5:30 p.m.—The Concert Master. W2XAD, 19.5 m., 15.33 meg.

LONDON

6:35 p.m.—"Airs of Ulster." BBC Northern Ireland Orchestra. GSO, 19.7 m., 15.18 meg.; GSD, 25.5 m., 11.75 meg.; GSC, 31.3 m., 9.58 meg.; GSB, 31.5 m., 9.51 meg.; GSL, 49.1 m., 6.11 meg.

BOSTON

7:00 p.m.—Music for the Dinner Hour. WIXAL, 25.4 m., 11.79 meg.

BUDAPEST

7:00 p.m.—"Melodies from the 17th Century." HAT4, 32.8 m., 9.12 meg.

EINDHOVEN

7:15 p.m.—PHOHI Transmission for the Western Hemisphere. PCJ, 31.2 m., 9.59 meg.

7:30 p.m.—"American Hour." 2RO, 25.4 m., 11.81 meg.; IRF, 30.5 m., 9.83 meg.

PRAGUE

8:00 p.m.—Music and Entertainment. OLR3B, 31 m., 9.67 meg.

LONDON

8:00 p.m.—"International Variety," cabaret of artists from the continents. GSO, 19.7 m., 15.18 meg.; GSD, 25.5 m., 11.75 meg.; GSC, 31.3 m., 9.58 meg.; GSB, 31.5 m., 9.51 meg.; GSL, 49.1 m., 6.11 meg.

TOKYO

8:15 p.m.—Orchestral Selections. JZJ, 25.4 m., 11.80 meg.

EINDHOVEN

8:25 p.m.—Special Broadcast for America on behalf of the Liberal Protestant Radio Society. PCJ, 31.2 m., 9.59 meg.

NEW YORK

8:45 p.m.—Paul Whiteman's Orchestra. W2XE, 25.3 m., 11.83 meg.

LONDON

9:20 p.m.—"Lucky Dip." GSC, 31.3 m., 9.58 meg.; GSB, 31.5 m., 9.51 meg.; GSL, 49.1 m., 6.11 meg.

BERLIN

10:00 p.m.—Musical Program. DJD, 25.4 m., 11.77 meg.

CINCINNATI

11:00 p.m.—Music for Latin America. W8XAL, 49.5 m., 6.06 meg.

TOKYO

12:45 a.m.—The Trio Music. JZJ, 25.4 m., 11.80 meg.

LONG CREEK WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The regular monthly meeting of the Long Creek Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Wilfred Stretch on Wednesday evening, Jan. 14th, with eleven members and five visitors present. One member paid her fees. The meeting opened by singing the Ode and repeating the Creed. Roll call was answered with Jokes. The minutes of the last meeting were read, approved and signed. The sick committee reported having made one visit. It was moved by Mrs. Moore, seconded by Mrs. Alex. MacKenzie, that the bill for fruit be paid. Mrs. Annie Stretch and Mrs. Fred Stretch thanked the members for the boxes of chocolates they received at Christmas. A letter was handed over to the teacher to see if she needed any books for the school. Mrs. Earl MacKenzie and Annie MacKenzie were appointed on the School Committee for three months. It was moved by Mrs. Fred Stretch, seconded by Mrs. Moore, that the Buying Committee see about getting a stove for the hall. The five cent collection taken at each meeting during the year totalled $7.50 this money is to be given the T.B. League. Mrs. Alex. MacKenzie invited the members to her home for the next meeting, roll call to be answered with a Valentine verse. Lunch was served by the hostess and the meeting closed with singing.

In Memoriam

MRS. STEPHEN TOOLE

On Saturday morning, Jan. 21st, there passed away at her late residence, Mrs. Stephen Toole, prominent and highly respected citizen of Green Road at the age of 74 years. Following a brief illness which she faced with great courage and confidence until her death.

Mrs. Toole had lived in the United States and Charlottetown for some time, where she had been well known. During her life she enjoyed a wide circle of friends, to whom she was very loyal. The funeral held from her home to Saint Joseph's Church Kelly's Cross, where Requiem High Mass was celebrated by Rev. Father William McCabe, P.P., who also performed the burial service at the grave. Her pastor visited her frequently during her illness.

The funeral was largely attended by sympathetic neighbors and friends from all surrounding districts.

She leaves to mourn her husband Stephen Toole, Green Road, one sister Mrs. Margaret Barron, Bangor, Maine. Those who assisted as pall-bearers were: Messrs William Toole, Charles Toole, Alfred McGaughey, Jas. McGaughey, Matthew Brien, Ralph Conway.

Conservative Leader

(Continued from page 3.

"When our Sovereign was crowned, he was crowned King of Canada, for the first time in British history. And here we have, in our own capital city at Ottawa, a man speaking with the authority of the Government, saying there is doubt as to where Canada would stand in the event of war. **Where are we drifting, that such things can come to pass in this country?**

King's Geneva Speech

"It is not only this statement by Senator Dandurand that is damning. No less damning were the statements made by the Prime Minister of this country at the League of Nations Assembly two years ago, when he went out of his way to enlarge on Canada's independent status and the prerogative of the Canadian Parliament to decide when and with whom we should go to war. He implied that we had no obligations to fight in defense of Great Britain, and his speech made a profound impression in Europe.

"Has this Canadian nation no obligations to the mother that looked after us for so many years, that helped us in every way, that gave us protection with the great British Navy at the expense of the taxpayers of the Old Land? Is there anyone so base, so ungrateful, in this country who will agree with the statement made by Prime Minister Mackenzie King that we have no obligations to come to her defense in time of need? (Applause).

"You do not have to take my interpretation of Mr. Mackenzie King's speech at Geneva at that time. You can take the interpretation of the Toronto Globe, that staunch old Liberal paper which has now gone out of existence. This is what the Globe said about Mr. King's Geneva speech:

"It will occur to many that Mr. King was far too particular to emphasize the disunity of the Empire, and the absolute power of the various parts to decide singly and completely their own actions in the events as they develop. What Mr. King hoped to convey to Europe and the League States by this is difficult to understand, **but no one can be accused of distortion of his text who sees it as a step towards isolation.**"

"In much the same words, another great Liberal newspaper, the Winnipeg Free Press, denounced the same speech of Mr. King for its equivocal stand on the question of League sanctions. But, says the Toronto Globe, 'not being overly Empire-minded the Free Press did not recognize that there are two parts in Mr. King's policy, **and that he was as particular to talk Canada out of the Empire as out of the League...** It is now almost generally, if in some cases grudgingly, admitted **that Mr. King was talking isolationism.**'

"There you have the opinion of the two leading Liberal newspapers on Mackenzie King's attitude before the world at Geneva. **Do you think that man is the spokesman of those who have British blood in their veins?**

Bennett's Attitude

"What a contrast to the statements made by the man who has just left the shores of this country, a man whose shoelaces Mackenzie King was never fit to tie, the Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett! When he made his farewell speech at Halifax the other night Mr. Bennett declared that within the British Empire lies our greatest opportunity for working out our destiny; that in these critical times we cannot longer go without a common policy—a foreign policy for the whole Empire. Those are the words of a great Imperial statesman, who never lost an opportunity, in or out of office, of preaching and practising unity within the British Commonwealth! (Loud applause).

"It makes one sick to have the leaders of the government of this country talk disloyalty and disunity at a time when everyone, no matter what his opinions might be, should be doing his utmost to present a solid front for British democracy. We know those allies who are against us, boasting that the end of democracy is in sight. **Do we want that to happen? Why should we have our government leaders catering to those people, telling them that the British Empire is not united? Even the natives of India are more loyal than the leaders of the Liberal party today in their spoken words!** (Applause).

"I have listened to the speeches of Mr. Bennett too long—and you have too—not to have learned something of our duties and responsibilities to this country to which we owe so much. One with British blood in his veins must feel it boil within him to be placed in this humiliating position. We pride ourselves on being a nation. **I for one do not propose to remain quiet and let our status as a nation be dragged into the mud by those we are unfortunate enough to have as leaders of the Government at Ottawa today.**" (Applause).

UNEMPLOYMENT

Turning to the domestic situation, Dr. MacMillan asked: "What have we to thank the King Government for in this country? What has the labouring man to thank the King Government for in this Province and City?

"In 1935, on December 16th, a wonderful despatch appeared in the newspapers. It was dated from Ottawa, and it read that for the four months, December, January, February and March the grants from the federal treasury to the provinces for relief purposes, which had been paid at the rate of $1,750,000 monthly, would be increased to $3,064,667. The announcement was made by Prime Minister Mackenzie King, who stated that this was in fulfilment of the "promise made by the Government at the Dominion-Provincial Conference last week, and will enable the Provinces to lift from the municipalities some measure of the relief cost burden which it has become evident they could not continue to carry." He announced the amount of increase to each province. In Prince Edward Island's case the grant was increased from $1,250 to $2,187.

I quote further from the Prime Minister's statement:

"The decision to increase substantially and immediately the grants-in-aid to the provinces has been influenced by the fact **that the larger cities and towns of the Dominion have borne throughout the last five years a charge of unemployment relief which has involved many of them in financial difficulties and has threatened others with similar consequences.** The present increases are in the nature of interim assistance throughout the winter months pending action by Parliament. **As soon as possible following the establishment of a National Commission on unemployment relief, the administration of relief will receive a thorough investigation in order to obtain a proper basis for future financial contributions.**"

Wonderful assurances! Full of hope and promise for those suffering people throughout this country who were in need. I have here another Canadian Press despatch dated from Charlottetown a day later, quoting Premier Campbell as hailing "with satisfaction the Island's increased grant for relief purposes announced last night by Prime Minister King." "Of course," said Premier Campbell, "this is only a temporary arrangement until the Commission makes its findings. **It will tide us over until then and is certainly a great improvement over our former grant.**"

Where Did The Money Go?

More wonderful words, full of hope and assurances! But what happened?

I ask this question: **WHAT DID CHARLOTTETOWN GET?** Did it **get any share of that increased grant which was given allegedly to relieve the larger municipalities?**

"I ask the labouring men of this city that question. **How much increase did you get in unemployment relief in the last three and a half years under Liberal government?**

"The answer will be found in the brief presented by the Charlottetown Board of Trade —a non-partisan organization —before the Rowell Commission, the King Government's own Commission appointed to inquire into Dominion-Provincial relations. This is what the Board had to report:

"With regard to direct relief payments from the Federal Government to the end of the fiscal year 1936-37, Prince Edward Island received only 75 cents per capita as against $7.45 for Ontario and $24.75 for Saskatchewan. This makes possible the payment by our provincial Government to destitute persons in the rural districts of only $3. per month.

"With regard to urban districts, the problem in the city of Charlottetown has reached a point where it is beyond the capacity of the city to deal with.

With the normal population of around 11,000 or 12,000 expanded within the last few years to between 14,000 and 15,000, and with no corresponding expansion in industrial activity, the city of Charlottetown is forced to provide direct relief to approximately 600 families, amounting in all to about 3,000 persons. The total direct relief provided for these people during 1937 was $53,464.38. This works out to approximately $2.97 per person per month or about $14.86 per family per month over a six months period during which relief is provided. We invite you to compare these figures with those applicable to other districts. Of this amount, meagre though it was, **the City was forced to pay 61 per cent** while other Canadian cities pay on an average 33.3 per cent of their relief costs, and some, such as Hull, Quebec, paid only 14.7 per cent for the year 1935.

"This deplorable state of affairs is not due to the fact that the City officials have not attempted to obtain more equitable treatment by the Dominion. Our Mayor has been **forced practically to beg on his knees for the unjustly small amount of assistance that has been provided.**"

There you have the situation, on the impartial authority of the Charlottetown Board of Trade. After all those wonderful assurances from Ottawa, after all Premier Campbell's expressions of "satisfaction" at the increase in direct relief grants, our city taxpayers had to pay 61 per cent of the meagre amount available, and the Mayor had practically to go on his knees to collect the miserable balance.

Striking Contrast

"When the Bennett Government was in power, **the City was not paying 61 per cent of the relief costs, as you well know. It was paying 33 1-3 per cent.**

"That is how much the poor people, the laboring men of this City, got when they turned out the MacMillan government four years ago and elected this wonderful aggregation of thirty wise men who now govern the destinies of this Province. (Applause).

"Isn't it a disgrace that Mayor Turner had practically to beg on his knees, that he had to go to Ottawa to fight the battles of this city? His successor in office has had to do as he did. It has become a custom that the Mayor of Charlottetown has to make two or three trips a year to Ottawa. For what? To get that justice which the government refused to give. **No Mayor ever had to go to Ottawa to fight for the interests of this city when I was Premier of this Province. That is the difference!"** (Loud applause.)

Dr. Manion's Attitude

"What does the leader of the National Conservative Party say on this issue? He says the Dominion Government should assume the full responsibility for unemployment relief. There is hope there for our unemployed. Those discrepancies and injustices will be remedied under Dr. Manion's policy, and we will get our fair proportion.

"While Dr. Manion's statement has been attacked in the Liberal press, I note that the Campbell Government, in submitting its brief to the Rowell Commission made the same recommendation. The only thing they had to say in their brief about unemployment relief was this:

"The administration of unemployment relief, either by way of direct material aid, or by way of public employment projects, **has proven hopeless in the hands of municipalities or provinces,** even with the assistance of grants and subventions by the Dominion Government. It is admitted on all hands that the relief of unemployment is a social service of national concern, and that only the national Government is competent to deal with this problem in anything approaching an adequate manner. **We therefore recommend that this responsibility shall be definitely and exclusively assumed by the Dominion."**

That, you will note, is **not** the policy of the King Government but it is Dr. Manion's policy. **It is the policy the Campbell Government admits to be the only one that will prove satisfactory. Now you know what Liberals themselves think of the merits of the two party policies on this question.** (applause.)

"What does the Hon. J. P. McIntyre think of his own Government in power at Ottawa? At the last session of the Legislature he stood up and made this statement:

"In direct relief over a period of three years" (that corresponds, be it noted, with the term of the King Government) "we received only 85 or 90 cents per capita, and New Brunswick getting $3.10, Nova Scotia $2.50(and Ontario and Quebec getting $7.00. Just imagine a rich province like Ontario getting seven dollars per head for relief while we are only getting eighty-five or ninety cents."

One of his Liberal colleagues cried out, "A shame!" and Mr. McIntyre declared: "Yes, I say it is a shame; and you can go to the western provinces and find them getting up to $8.50 per capita on direct relief; and Prince Edward Island, that is isolated, getting only ninety cents."

And Mr. McIntyre went on to declare that "it was time the people of this Province woke up and demanded that they get from the Dominion their just share."

A Sorry Record

Think of that! He and his twenty nine colleagues in power in this Province, and his own party Government in power at Ottawa, and he stands up and makes that statement, that the whole Province has been discriminated against since the King Government came into power!

"Now I ask, if there was an increase in federal relief grants under Liberal regime, **let our Liberal friends tell us where it has gone. Where is their Commission that was going to adjust this matter at the next session of Parliament?** According to Mr. McIntyre we have been shamefully treated, and I believe him.

But how are our people going to demand justice, except through their elected representatives? There are the thirty of them—all Liberals —in the Legislature. There are their party friends at Ottawa. **Why don't THEY do something, instead of telling the people to wake up and do something? Goodness knows they promised you enough in 1935!"** (Applause.)

Continuing, Dr. MacMillan quoted from the Patriot's pre-election propaganda, urging the electors to "Vote Liberal and get back from the Poorhouse", and presenting the issue as one of "Jobs or Doles—Which?"

He then quoted the assurance given by Premier Campbell in the federal campaign, as published in the Patriot of Oct. 3, 1935, that the King Government had "a practical solution for the unemployment problem" and would deal with it "by a thoroughly representative commission or committee, at which the employer and the employee and various organizations will be represented"; also that the advantages of returning a Liberal Government was "quite evident from the fact that Mr. King would have the sympathetic co-operation of eight of the nine provinces of Canada."

Today, Dr. MacMillan pointed out, the Premiers of several of these "Liberal provinces" are at loggerheads with MacKenzie King, Premier Hepburn of Ontario being openly in revolt.

Contrasting the "Jobs or Doles—Which?" campaign in the Patriot in 1935 with the present situation Dr. MacMillan quoted from the same newspaper of Jan. 26 last, stating the Liberals "never made any claim" that they could cure unemployment; that it was "freely admitted" they could not do so; that it was "an impossible task" unless Canada was willing to go "into a large scale rearmament plan and conscript every unemployed man."

Continuing, Dr. MacMillan scored the Government for failing to obtain a practical relief programme. "You have heard," he said, "of the Brighton Bridge project, a perfectly feasible project and a necessary one at this time. If they wait long enough I will get that Brighton Bridge for you. (Applause). **If the Conservative Party comes to power in this Province and at Ottawa, that Brighton Bridge will be built; and we will have the docking facilities improved in Charlottetown too.** (Increased applause.)

THE SALES TAX

Referring to the Liberal increase of two cents on every dollar in federal Sales Tax, made in direct violation of pre-election pledges, Dr. MacMillan quoted from the Patriot report of a speech made by Dr. Grant, M. P. at St. Margaret's in 1935 pledging that if the King Government was elected **Sales Taxes would be abolished altogether along with direct taxes on sugar and other commodities, while postage rates would be reduced "to Liberal standards."** (Laughter).

Turning again to provincial affairs, he cited the Liberal pledge to "balance the budget annually," together with Premier Campbell's assurance, as given in the Patriot, that this "could and must be done" without any increase in unemployment, cutting out of unemployment or stopping of old age pensions.

This pledge was given in reply to Dr. MacMillan's statement that the budget could not then be balanced without extra taxation or reduction in necessary expenditures.

"Now," said the Conservative leader, "who was right? We have had nearly four years of the Campbell Government, and where is the balanced budget? They couldn't do it. Mr. Campbell knew they couldn't do it. They all knew when they were making that promise that it couldn't be implemented."

Instead of a balanced budget, he continued, there have been increased taxes. "This government now enjoys nearly half a million dollars more revenue than we had to expend in the worst period of the world depression. And what have they to show for it? (Applause).

Liberal Indebtedness

Scoring Liberal misstatements that the Conservatives left a debt of nearly $952,000,000 in their last year of office, Dr. MacMillan quoted from the report of the outside auditor, showing that $343,000 of this debt was incurred by the Liberals themselves in the last four and a half months of the election year.

As another example of wilful deception Dr. MacMillan cited Premier Campbell's repeated mis-statements during the campaign that the Borden-Charlottetown highway touched only three electoral districts; this notwithstanding that he had himself corrected Mr. Campbell at one of the first meetings, pointing out that the highway ran throught the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 5th districts of Queens and the 4th district of Prince, and touched also on 5th Prince as well.

Worse Than Hitler

"I don't think I need refer at any length to the farce of prohibition administration under this Government. You know that the administration, from the democratic standpoint, is worse than anything Hitler is doing in Germany. Hitler at least takes the people into his confidence and tells them the reasons why he is doing things. How much does Premier Campbell tell you about the administration of the Prohibition Act? He does not have to answer a single question to anyone and he does not do so. So far as the public is concerned, no one knows anything about that prohibition administration; about how much liquor is sold; about the profits and where they go. He does not have to answer and he doesn't answer!

"This Government has struck another blow at the fundamental rights of our people, by taking away the right of appeal to the law courts. The Minister of Public Works can go through your land tomorrow and take part of your garden or anything else, and say 'I am going to build a road.' What can you say about it? Nothing. If he says 'I will give you just what I think it is worth,' what can you say? Nothing. Your right as a British citizen to appeal to the courts of justice has been stolen from you. That is what you get from a Government whose leader goes to other provinces to lecture on democracy and comes back to practice autocracy and Hitlerism in the administration of the affairs of this Province! (Applause).

"That shows the seriousness of the result of the election of 1935, when the administration was turned over to thirty Liberal legislators without a watch-dog in Opposition!

Continuing, Dr. MacMillan showed that during the period of less than two years in which he filled the Premiership, the construction of the Borden-Tormentine and Rustico highways was undertaken with the active co-operation of the federal Conservative representatives. He paid tribute to the loyal support he received, both from his federal and provincial colleagues.

Today, he declared amid applause, he could go on any platform in the Province and tell precisely the same story he told the electors in 1935. **"I wonder if our Liberal friends can do that!" he challenged.**

Violating The Statute

Dr. MacMillan charged that the Campbell Government was violating the statutory requirements by introducing partisan politics in its road projects. The Dominion contributes a percentage of the cost of the preparatory work, and the statute provides that there must be no discrimination as to colour, religion or politics. The Conservatives he stated had scrupulously observed these conditions, taking recommendations as to needy unemployed from representatives of the Labor Union, and even from the Liberal party. Today jobs are awarded on a partisan basis, and the public services have been prostituted to serve the interests of Liberal politicians and their heelers.

The speaker then reviewed the White Commission award, of $150,000 increased federal subsity, obtained for this Province under the Conservatives. He cited the Liberal campaign against the Conservative claim that the door was still open for further subsidy settlement on a basis of fiscal need. He pointed out that this very claim, emphasized by Chief Justice Mathieson in his minority report as a member of the White Commission, formed the basis of the Campbell Government's presentation before the Rowell Commission on Dominion-Provincial relations. "The only difference in their brief and the brief we presented to the White Commission," said Dr. MacMillan, "is that we believed in the merits of our case, and they didn't. Naturally we made a much more convincing presentation."

Farm Rehabilitation

Discussing the need of rehabilitating farmers on the vacant farms throughout the Province, Dr. MacMillan assured his hearers that the Conservatives, if returned to power, would put through a practical policy in this regard.

At the outset of his speech Dr. MacMillan thanked the convention for the unanimous nomination tendered him and his colleague Mr. Stewart. He wished to especially thank Mr. J .O. Hyndman. Mrs. MacDonald and Mr. Grant for their complimentary remarks in moving and supporting his nomination.

MR. W. A. STEWART

Thanks was also expressed by the next speaker, Mr. W. Allan Stewart, who said that this was the third consecutive time he had been honored by being nominated Conservative candidate for Charlottetown and Royalty. He appealed for the fullest cooperation. "Should we succeed as we feel confident of doing," he said, "I can assure you that every project for the benefit of the city and Province will have my sincere and determined effort to carry them to a successful issue."

Mr. Stewart corroborated Dr. MacMillan's statement that during the Conservative regime unemployment relief work was distributed fairly and equitably, in full accord with the requirements under the federal statute.

MR. JOHN H. MYERS

Complimenting the convention on the splendid attendance and harmonious spirit, Mr. John H. Myers, federal candidate for Queen's, said there were doubtless younger men who were qualified for nomination, but it was good to see the convention's loyalty to the "old boys" who had carried the party colors on other occasions. He was particularly pleased with the eloquent address by Dr. MacMillan, whom he had rarely heard in better form, and who had done well to emphasize the question of Canada's position and responsibilities in the British Empire.

"There is no need to ask where you stand," Mr. Myers added. **"You and I are not going to let Mackenzie King lead us out of the British Empire.** When I hear a man occupying the responsible position that Senator Dandurand occupies in the Senate of Canada speak as he spoke for the Government, expressing doubt as to our loyalty to the Old Country, **I say what right had he to express any doubt for you and me?"** (Applause).

"There never was any doubt," Mr. Myers declared amid applause, "as to where the Conservative Party stands with regard to Great Britain and the affairs of the Empire. We are loyal, and we are going to remain loyal. If poor Britain, our mother that brought us up and sustained us in our infancy, needs help, we are going to stand by her. I just hope that you will carry away with you the sentiments that have been so ably expressed by Dr. MacMillan tonight on that subject."

Mr. Myers complimented Mr. J. O. Hyndman on his very forceful remarks, especially with regard to transportation problems. He recalled that his federal colleagues Messrs. McLure and MacDonald, in conjunction with Premier MacMillan, were able to obtain reduced auto rates on the car ferry steamer, and also a change in the accounting system which placed the ferry expenses in the consolidated revenue fund. Listening to Mr. Hyndman's speech he recalled the late Sir Robert Borden's pledge to give this province its first car ferry steamer, and the satisfactory manner in which that promise had been implemented.

"A Political Football

The Wood-Islands-Caribou ferry service, for transportation of motor trucks and autos, had Mr. Myers's wholehearted approval. **"Unfortunately,"** he said, **"they are making a political football of it, and I am glad to see that the Charlottetown Board of Trade has got spunk enough to stand up and tell the powers that be, both at Ottawa and Charlottetown, just what they want done, and to demand that they do it.** I am heartily in support of that project and I can visualize the fact that it will be of great assistance to our shinners and farmers when they are able to transport their goods from the eastern end of Prince Edward Island to Nova Scotia and Cape Breton."

Mr. Myers was particularly interested in Mr. Hyndman's reference to exorbitant rates on motor trucks on the Borden-Toromentine ferry. That was a matter which he and Mr. McLure would be glad to take up at Ottawa after the next election.

Discussing Charlottetown harbour improvement needs, Mr. Myers said we were further behind in shipping accommodation today in Charlottetown than when he was a boy. He recalled his own experience at that time, when there was direct connection with Liverpool.

"Mr. McLure and I are one hundred per cent behind improving the shipping facilities and harbour front in Charlottetown," he declared. The same applied to the Brighton bridge project. It would not only improve transportation services for all points west of Charlottetown, but would be of direct benefit to the unemployed in this city.

MR. MCLURE

Looking over this large convention, it was a genuine pleasure to see so many ladies representing the City and Royalty, said the next speaker, Mr. W. Chester S. McLure, Queens County candidate in the federal contest. "It also affords me a great deal of pleasure to see in the audience and as delegates, the younger men of our party." He stressed the vital importance of finding a place in the organization for the younger generation.

Mr. McLure congratulated the convention on the result of the nominations and the harmony and enthusiasm prevailing, which he predicted augured well for success at the polls. He paid tribute to the record of Dr. MacMillan and his colleague Mr. Stewart.

Referring to the unemployment problem, Mr. McLure said: "We ought to have in the very near future, here in Charlottetown, a larger meeting for the express purpose of having these questions fairly and squarely discussed that are foremost in the minds of the people not only of this city but throughout the Province. Let us have the people themselves take part in the discussion, as well as the politicians."

In conclusion he supported Mr. Myers' statements with regard to **the 100 per cent support which the Conservatives were prepared to give to the Brighton bridge and Charlottetown harbour improvement projects.**

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The Central Guardian

This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a newsy nature may be inserted at 4 cents a word strictly payable in advance.

CRASWELL for Photographs.

CONFEDERATION LIFE INSURANCE. L-6789-7-21-31

DR. F. E. SMALLWOOD'S OFFICE will be closed until further notice. L-448-1-31-2

ANNUAL MEETING Red Cross Society Board Room City Building, Thursday, Feb. 2nd 8 P. M. L-11-2-1-3

POLICE COURT — At police court yesterday a charge of stealing coal from the C.N.R. was dismissed. A man charged with the theft of a carving knife from a restaurant was remanded for three days. An application to padlock 159 Grafton Street was adjourned a week

ISLAND CONTRACTOR—Good progress is being made by Major D. A. MacDonald of Charlottetown and his 20 workmen in constructing for the Dominion department of transport, civil aviation branch the radio beam station at Fredericton Junction in connection with Blissville Airport, which lies six miles nearer Saint John. The last of the five antenna tower foundations has been finished, as well as the foundation for the building to house the radio equipment, and the towers themselves are expected to be finished and the plant ready for radio installation by the end of March. Each antenna tower foundation has a concrete base 15 feet square, sunk seven feet, and from 18 to 24 inches thick. The five towers will be 300 feet distant from each other, and stand in a field 1,000 feet square, at about the centre of this village.—Saint John Telegraph-Journal.

Personals

Mr. L. W. Roper of the Dominion Livestock Branch is confined to his home through illness.

The many friends of Mr. Edgar Roper, who has been a patient in the P. E. Island Hospital for the past six weeks, will be pleased to learn he has returned to his home in East Royalty.

In Memoriam

MRS. HUGH McLURE

On Monday morning November 14, 1938, the people of Bradalbane and vicinity were shocked by the startling news that Mrs. Hugh McLure had passed away very suddenly at her home there. Mrs. McLure had been in her usual health until a few minutes before her death, when she called to her son who happened to be near and on going to her bedside he knew the end was drawing very near. Neighbours were hastily summoned but all no avail, after uttering a few words she passed peacefully away.

Mrs. McLure's husband predeceased her only eighteen months ago.

Mrs. McLure was the daughter of the late Archibald McDonald and the late Annie Gillis of Brooklyn, Lot 61.

She leaves to mourn the loss of a kind and loving mother and sister two sons and two daughters. The sons are, Donald on the old homestead, Charlie, Malden, Mass.; the daughters are Mrs: Allan McLean, Bradalbane; Mrs. Spurgeon McLean, Glen Valley; also two step sons, Alex, Peace River, Alberta; Reddie, Winnipeg, Man.; one brother Malcolm, Kilmure; four sisters, Mrs. A. C. McInnis, Martinvale; Mrs. A. M. Nicholson, Commercial Cross; Mrs. Angus McLeod, Grandview; Mrs. J. J. Cassidy, Brooklyn Lot 61, as well as a large circle of relatives and friends who will deeply mourn her passing.

Mrs. McLure was a lady, who was quite wide y known and held in high esteem by all. She will long be remembered by her kindly deeds. To her home all worthy comers found a hearty welcome and anyone needing aid never called on her in vain.

She was a member of the women's Missionary Society and a loyal member of the Presbyterian Church.

Her loved onss will often long for her genial presence and her word of comfort and good cheer, but all in vain, she is gone never more to return so far as this life is concerned, but she has reached we believe that fair shore where storms never beat where trials and sorrows never come and where suffering is unknown.

The funeral, which was a large one was held on Thursday, November 17, the service was conducted by the Rev. O. A. Thomson, D. D., assisted by the Rev. R. H. Stavert and Rev. E. Millie. Mr. Robert Hill sang beautifully Will the Circle be Unbroken. Interment was in Springton Cemetery. The pall bearers were: Dan Buchanan, Malcolm Buchanan, Stirling McLeod, Mack McSwain, Angus McDonald and Dan McDonald.