

ENJOYABLE BANQUET LAST NIGHT

Captain Phil Palmer and his band of Spark-Plugs entertained Freddie Chappell's Live Wires to a chicken supper at Milton's Old Spain Blue Room last evening and needless to say the affair was a huge success from start to finish.

The banquet was the result of a recent series of hockey games between teams from the Palmer Electric, the Live Wires being returned victors after a hard fought series and as a result were the guests of honor last night.

After the banquet board had been cleared speeches from various members were the order. Captain Palmer opened by heartily congratulating the winners, stating how much pleasure had been derived from the friendly competition and expressing the wish that it would not be the last by any means.

Captain Fred Bartlett of the winners, the next speaker, also stated how much he too had enjoyed the games, expressing satisfaction in the way the series had been played.

Chick Williams, referee of the games, expressed his pleasure at being present and after a few brief remarks presented a silver trophy to Captain Chappell, the presentation being received with prolonged applause.

Several others present also made brief speeches and even in this same keen rivalry as they displayed on the ice was quite evident.

A sing-song was then indulged in, the proceedings closing with the National Anthem.

Lantern Lecture Enjoyed

A most interesting lecture was put on Wednesday night in St. Mary's Hall, showing the work of the Anglican W. A. in Canada and foreign countries.

Mr. Thomas Jackson gave a graphic description of the work in its relation to each picture as it came on the screen.

The story gave interesting details of the mission workers' activities among the Indians and Eskimos in northern Canada. Their work among the farm settlements in Northern Saskatchewan. Also among the Orientals in British Columbia. The W. A. Organization in Canada help very considerably to make this work possible.

Mr. Ross MacKenzie and Mr. Victor Innes operated the lantern. Mr. J. J. Egan moved a vote of thanks to the W. A. and their assistants for an interesting evening.

Nova Scotia Barristers Society Meets

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) HALIFAX, March 28—The Canadian Bar Association was formally invited to hold its 1935 meeting at Halifax by the annual meeting of the Nova Scotia Barristers Society in session here today.

F. D. Smith, K.C., of Halifax, was elected president of the provincial society, which recommended that execution of condemned criminals be carried out at a central place. Copies of the resolution will be forwarded to J. H. MacQuarrie, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, members of the Dominion Parliament and the Canadian Bar Association.

Other officers elected at today's session were J. A. Walker, K.C., Halifax, Vice-President; R. M. Fielding, Halifax, Treasurer; and R. E. Inglis, Halifax, Secretary.

BIRTHS

HURRY—At the P. E. Island Hospital, March 15, 1935 to Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Hurry, West Royalty, a son, Charles Sidney.

MARRIAGES

HUBLEY-McDONALD—At the Baptist Parsonage, Charlottetown, by Dr. A. C. Vincent, March 27, 1935, Luther John Hubley of Pinette to Irene Alexandra McDonald of Eldon.

MUNN-MELLISH—At the Baptist Parsonage, Charlottetown, by Dr. A. C. Vincent, January 2, 1935, Robert A. Munn of Murray River to Margaret F. Mellish of Union Road.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. MOST THE PAIN.

Central Guardian

This column is intended for the use of a local word strictly payable in advance.

Y'S MEN'S CLUB—Mr. W. J. Duchemin, B.A., a member of the teaching staff of Prince of Wales College, was the speaker at the regular weekly meeting of the Y's Men's Club held last night. Mr. Duchemin spoke on Biology. Mr. Gordon Hutchison, presided.

TO PREACH LENTEN SERMONS—Announcement has been made that Rev. A. J. Kelly, O.S.B., St. John, New Brunswick, is to preach the remainder of the series of Lenten sermons at St. Dunstan's Basilica in place of Rev. Owen McGrath, C.S.P., whose illness has necessitated his removal to the Charlottetown Hospital, where he is at present undergoing treatment.

CANADIAN LEGION MONTHLY MEETING—There was the largest attendance in the history of the Branch at the regular monthly meeting of the Canadian Legion held last night. The President Mr. Russell Chandler, presided at the meeting at which several new members were admitted. A feature of the meeting was an illustrated lecture by Lt. Col. Parker Hooper, M.C., V.D., on "The Trail of the 98th Siege Battery." Refreshments were served after the lecture.

C. G. I. T. CONCERT—A very successful concert was held in Zion Church Hall last night under the auspices of the Zion C. G. I. T. The concert was under the direction of the leaders, Miss Florence Moore, Mr. J. M. MacFadyen, Mrs. N. Matheson, Miss Alice Partridge, and Miss Claire MacMillan. Miss Florence Moore was accompanist.

The following was the program: Opening chorus, "Up The Airy Mountain"; Reading, Miss Thelma Dingswell; Junior Quartette, "Oh, Dear, What Can the Matter Be"; Playette, "An Important Question"; Kanatas Senior Group; Solo, "The Second Minute"; Miss Clare MacMillan; School Days, Sunny Juniors Group; Her Gypsy Sweetheart, (2 scenes); Happy Hustlers Senior Group; A Dutch Lullaby, (2 scenes); Skyjarks Junior Group; Reading, Miss Margaret Webster; Long, Long Ago, (3 scenes); Kanatas Group; Japanese Maids, Endeavourers Intermediate Group; Harp Solo, Miss June MacPherson; Playette, "An Incentive"; Happy Hustlers Group; Solo, "Smilin' Through"; Miss Olive Partridge; Pageant, "Light of Humanity"; C. G. I. T. Camp-Fire scene; God Save The King.

PERSONALS

Mr. A. B. Cutcliffe, of the firm of Cutcliffe and Andrews, Undertakers, Hunter River, is now in St. John completing his course in embalming and funeral direction.

Mr. John Cutcliffe, Appin Road, has entered the Charlottetown Hospital for treatment.

Rev. Owen McGrath underwent a serious operation at the Charlottetown Hospital yesterday. Hospital authorities reported his condition last night as satisfactory.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Platts, Admiral Street, Charlottetown, returned Tuesday from Florida, U. S. A.

Victoria State Government Defeated

(C. P. Cable via Reuters) (By Guardian's Special Wire) MELBOURNE, Victoria, March 28—The Victoria State Government of Sir Stanley Argyle was defeated in the State Assembly today on a motion of non-confidence, by 40 to 23.

The motion was submitted by A. S. Duncan, leader of the Country Party which a few days ago withdrew its support from the United Australia Party ministry. Until the recent elections the government was a coalition of the two parties and Duncan was Minister of Education in the old cabinet.

"Not A Darn Cent" Just \$12,000,000

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) OTTAWA, March 28—More than \$12,000,000 had been paid by the Federal Government to Ontario since July 10, 1934, Dominion Minister of Labor W. A. Gordon today told the House of Commons.

Mr. Gordon made his statement in taking exception to a published report quoting Ontario Minister of Public Welfare as stating in the Legislature that "Mr. Bennett's relief policy is not a five-cent piece—it's not a darn cent."

Dognapping Prevalent In Hollywood

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) HOLLYWOOD, March 28—Hollywood's "dognapping" gang apparently has claimed its third victim. Gritskoe, prize-winning Russian wolfhound belonging to Boris Lithium, dress designer, disappeared from her boulevard studio today. She said she valued the dog at \$2,000.

Twice before pets of film people vanished, suddenly, and were returned when rewards were offered.

Personal Attack Persisted In By Liberal Speaker

Unseemly Spectacle Occasioned In Legislature Last Night By Liberal Ex-Minister Of Public Works, Who Ignores Speaker's Rulings.

Falsification in stature, Mr. J. P. McIntyre last evening, like his Shakespearean archetype, furnished merriment unwittingly in the Legislature when he sought to attack the Premier on personal grounds in connection with medical fees, and while professing willingness to govern himself according to the rules of the House, ploughed forward heedless of the Speaker's oft-repeated warning that he was out of order.

Other voices raised in protest went equally unheeded. At a galloping pace and in stentorian tones, Mr. McIntyre proceeded. Twice the Premier rose, challenging the statements. Twice Mr. McIntyre stopped for a minute, took his statements back, and went on another tangent. Pulled up repeatedly by the Speaker, Mr. McIntyre offered to quote the parliamentary rules.

His first quotation proved to be a Dominion statute. He next quoted a long passage from Bourinot. He contended the Premier should "resign" because of fees received in connection with medical attendance on some R. C. M. P. officers, and to the Speaker's reminder that this subject was dealt with in the Draft Address before Mr. McIntyre turned a deaf ear but a voluble tongue. It was several minutes before he subsided, and proper order could be restored.

Previously, Mr. McIntyre had to be called to order for long and irrelevant incursions into the field of Dominion politics, which he was unable to connect with anything remotely related to the Budget debate. Another snag was encountered by the Liberal ex-Minister of Public Works when he attempted to take Hon. Mr. MacPhee, Attorney-General, to task for a "misstatement" to the effect that he, Mr. McIntyre, did not know when he was in the Province there was any gravel in Prince Edward Island. He was "full steam ahead" after the Attorney-General on this point when the latter rose and pointed out that Mr. McIntyre was laboring under a mistake. What Mr. MacPhee had referred to was the statement, that there was no gravel in this Province which appeared in a formal document prepared by the Liberal Government of which Mr. McIntyre was a member, and which had been presented to the Dominion Board of Audit.

"What year was that?" Mr. McIntyre demanded.

"Somewhat staggered, Mr. McIntyre only retort: "Well, it doesn't make much difference, anyway."

(The statement in question appeared in the Lea Government's "Ideal Budget" on which it based the Province's claims for subsidy in 1930. Mr. MacPhee, in the Budget debate, had on that occasion elicited the admission from Mr. McIntyre that the statement in the Government document was contrary to his own and Mr. Lea's knowledge of the facts at the time.)

Falconwood Expenditures

Following Hon. Mr. Sharp in the debate, Mr. McIntyre first cited Mr. Sharp's figures re economies effected at Falconwood Hospital and showed that flour, meat, butter and fish were cheaper under Conservative administration.

He then dealt with hard surface road work, pointing out that the concrete work done at Hillsboro Bridge by this Government under the unemployment relief grant was more expensive than the McIntyre highway constructed under Liberal regime.

He also criticized the Government for having dispensed with Mr. Boulter's services as Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

The Agricultural Minister's policy of keeping in close touch with the farmers by visiting them at their farms and discussing farm problems with them, was commended by Mr. McIntyre as a system which should have been adopted years ago.

Mr. McIntyre then dealt with capital expenditure and highway improvement under both governments. Had the Liberals received 40 per cent of their capital expenditures, he said, they would have received approximately \$30,000, which would have given \$12,000 less increase in the liabilities than their predecessors with almost double the capital improvement under Conservatives.

Mr. McIntyre went back in retrospect to the Peters Government to cite the Liberal history of capital expenditures. Under the Saunders-Lea Government, he said, there had been \$783,000 of capital expenditure in three years. In two years the Conservatives increased the liabilities by \$574,000 and in three years by \$933,000. How, he asked, could they claim to have kept their "account" in view of this fact?

The Liberal expenditure in their three corresponding years was \$355,000 more than the Conservatives and still they had a surplus of \$17,613 on ordinary account.

The Conservatives had had a deficit on ordinary account in three years of \$47,000. If this keeps on, he said, we will soon be having a Commission Government.

Premier MacMillan: "How did you get your surplus on ordinary account?"

Mr. McIntyre: "I may come to that in a little while."

Premier MacMillan: "By charging part of your ordinary expenditure to capital."

Mr. McIntyre went on to deal with motor vehicle and gasoline revenues, citing from the Public Accounts the revenues under both parties.

He reviewed legislative grants and other items.

The marking of highways, Mr. McIntyre said, had not been attempted until 1929 when the system was introduced by the Liberals.

The Liberal election year 1931, Mr. McIntyre insisted, should not be used as a basis of comparison. During the three full Liberal years heedless of the Speaker's oft-repeated warning that he was out of order, which he suggested was the fair way of comparing the financial record of the two administrations.

Road Expenditures

Conservative expenditure on hard surface experimental road work was next referred to. The figure showed, he said, that the Dominion was not paying one-half the cost of these projects, notwithstanding that the Premier had stated last session that this Province was to receive special consideration. The Premier stated he considered \$109,000 from the Dominion Government for hard surfaced highway, but all Mr. McIntyre could find from the answers tabled was \$77,677.95.

McIntyre Bridge

The speaker referred to the McIntyre bridge which last session he had complained about as being in a deplorable condition. They started to repair the bridge late last fall, and not a Liberal was employed.

Mr. J. A. MacDonald: "There were a lot of McIntyre's on it, anyway."

Mr. McIntyre: "Not a McIntyre!" (Laughter.)

A car, Mr. McIntyre said, had gone over the bridge last summer. It was in such a bad state of repair.

Mr. MacDonald said he understood the man was Mr. McIntyre's hired man, James Cumiskey.

Mr. McIntyre: "Certainly he was. What about it?" He went over and you would have gone over too."

Mr. MacDonald: "It all depends on circumstances."

The construction of the bridge in question in "the good old days" when Hon. James Cumiskey was Commissioner of Public Works was referred to in detail. "The work had been well done by tender. The Conservatives, he charged, had not called for tenders in rebuilding the bridge and the cost was much greater, though the work was only half done."

Reference was next made to the bridge at St. Andrew's Church on the marsh going to Hillsboro River, which also was built in Hon. Mr. Cumiskey's time and was rebuilt last fall. The cost was \$97 1/2 per cent against \$25 when the bridge was auctioned against competition.

Mr. McIntyre disputed the claim that contracts were awarded to the lowest tenderers. He cited work done in a number of sections where the lowest tender had not been accepted.

Island Gravel

Mr. McIntyre repeated the statement that he when in power did not know that there was any gravel in the Province. The Attorney-General, he complained, had made a statement to that effect.

Mr. McIntyre had had reports from the engineers with respect to island gravel and he could not understand why the Attorney-General should make such a statement.

Hon. Mr. MacPhee: "My hon. friend is incorrect in crediting me with the statement. I was reading from a formal document prepared by the Government of which my hon. friend was then a member. I do not know what the member knew. I was reading from the document which his Government prepared."

Mr. McIntyre: "What date was that?"

Hon. Mr. MacPhee: "1930."

Mr. McIntyre: "Well—it doesn't make much difference." (Laughter.)

Continuing, Mr. McIntyre alleged partnership in unemployment relief projects and cited a number of person's names in this connection.

He strongly criticized price pegging regulations under the marketing scheme and declared that artificial control would never help the potato situation.

Federal Policy

The National Policy of Sir John A. MacDonald also came in for criticism on the ground that it was damaging to Canada's export trade. Tariff walls had been erected by the Bennett Government so high that it was impossible to climb over them. Now Mr. Rhodes has introduced a budget making reductions in the tariff in line with the Liberal policy.

The Conservative tariff policy had curtailed the building industry of Canada, Mr. McIntyre said, citing a statement delivered before a convention of the Canadian Construction Association. The effect of

these policies on the building industry had caused a loss to the working man of almost a million dollars.

He then referred to the sales tax, calculating that in five years the people had paid in additional taxes \$3,500,000.

Canadian trade arrangements with France also came in for discussion.

Mr. Speaker asked the hon. member to endeavor to connect his observations with the subject matter of the debate.

Returning to Island political matters Mr. McIntyre reviewed the increased expenditure since 1911. The expenditures of other years looked small, he said, in comparison with the bond issues made by this Government of over two million dollars.

Falconwood Plans

In connection with the \$36,000 architect's fees for Falconwood Hospital, Mr. MacIntyre declared the work had not been done according to the architect's plans.

The remodelled building, he maintained, had been intended for a nurses home. There were to be two convalescent buildings each 158 by 45; a main building, 2 wings each, 200 by 40; nurses home 140 by 40, not built, now remodelled as Elms Wing, now remodelled as Elms Wing, now remodelled as Elms Wing, now remodelled as Elms Wing.

Premier MacMillan pointed out that one half only was for nurses home, the other half being male attendants home.

Mr. McIntyre: "It is in the plans that way."

Premier MacMillan: "If you don't understand the plans that is not my fault."

Mr. McIntyre said he had got somebody to explain them to him who did understand them. The plans also provided, he said, for a power house, 50 by 60; an ice house, and a doctor's residence 20 by 35 estimated to cost \$28,000. It provided also for a new embankment along the shore front to be built of brick and stone to be taken from the old building, with lights along the shore front, 6 or 7 tunnels. A contractor who figured on the building estimated the total cost to be \$1,250,000, Mr. McIntyre said. The plans, he claimed, would never be used because the Province could not afford it.

Mr. McIntyre said he had always opposed the bringing here of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. According to a report tabled in Parliament over \$20,000 has been paid in doctor's fees for the medical attention of the Mounted Police in the Maritime Provinces.

It was at this stage that Mr. McIntyre personally attacked the Premier alleging that by reason of receiving medical fees in this connection his "seat was in danger."

Mr. McIntyre was followed by Hon. A. F. Arsenault, who after a short and short while, adjourned the debate. The House adjourned till 10 a. m. today.

EXPRESSIO

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told of the remarkable progress which has taken place, particularly in the British Empire, in the last twenty-five years. Some striking milestones in our forward march during this period were recalled by the speaker. Reference was also made to the Cancer Fund which is being raised to signalize the 25th anniversary of His Majesty, and which he commended as a most worthy and fitting memorial to the occasion.

The Premier also referred to the racial characteristics of this Province, and to the advantages it enjoys. Reviewing the many world problems at the present time and contrasting them with our situation on this Island, we may well feel grateful to Providence. It should be fair to our citizens to make firm still the bonds which bind us to Great Britain, to the reigning family of the British Empire and to all that they have stood so nobly for.

"It will be our ardent wish and prayer that this King, whom we all love, may long spared to rule over this vast Empire and that his consort to may long enjoy the devotion and esteem of her subjects," the Premier declared amid applause.

Mr. W. M. Lea, leader of the Opposition, in seconding the resolution, contrasted the freedom enjoyed by the British flag with conditions prevailing in some other countries today and associated himself with the Premier in expressing loyalty and devotion to Their Majesties on this occasion.

The motion carried. On further motion the address was ordered to be engrossed and forwarded to His Honour the Lieutenant Governor with the request that His Honour would be pleased to forward the same to His Excellency the Governor-General, for transmission to His Majesty the King.

THIRD READINGS

The House opened yesterday at 3.45 p. m., the draft address to His Majesty being the first business to be disposed of.

The following bills were read a third time and passed: The Act to amend the Prohibition Act, (Hon. Mr. MacPhee).

An Act to amend the Game Act, 1928, (Hon. Mr. Sharp).

An Act to authorize the issue of debentures for the City of Charlottetown for the Commissioners of Sewerage and Water Supply.

The House then resumed debate on the Budget.

BERLIN, March 28—General Erich Friedrich Wilhelm Van Ludendorff, Germany's veteran warrior, issued a widely-published statement today expressing his pleasure at reestablishment of compulsory military service in the Reich.

Calling the League of Nations "a formless monster" and hailing German racial unity, Gen. Ludendorff said: "We want to be free in the face not only of our neighbors and eventual enemies, but also in the face of powers more removed who are trying to undermine our people secretly."

Some observers believe the statement indicated an early reconciliation between the veteran general and Der Fuehrer, with whom he worked in the early fight of the Nazi party for power but from whom he has never been estranged by a quarrel.

DETAILS OF

(Continued from Page 1)

the far Eastern "Loomax" desired by Russian and France.

Replies To Labor Query

Sir John rose amid general applause in the House this afternoon to reply to a query by George Lansbury, chief of the Labor opposition, demanding whether the Foreign Secretary would communicate the results of the Berlin conference.

"The House is aware that the visit to Berlin is one of a series of visits of exploration and inquiry now being paid on behalf of His Majesty's Government to various foreign capitals," Sir John said. "When these visits are concluded they will be followed by a meeting at Strass in northern Italy, where I hope to meet Signor Mussolini and M. Laval."

"In these circumstances," he continued, "it will obviously not be desirable to make a full statement as the position is still under investigation."

Unauthorized Speculation

"Unauthorized speculations such as have appeared in some quarters may be disregarded. I may say, however, that in the course of Mr. Hilliday's conversations with Mr. Hilday, the European problem in relation to Germany was reviewed and all topics mentioned in the London communique of Feb. 3 were brought under discussion."

IN ACCORD

MOSCOW, March 28—(C.P. News)—Complete agreement between Great Britain and the Soviet Union on the European peace problem was indicated at the first meeting today between their diplomatic representatives, well-informed quarters here reported.

Anthony Eden, Lord Privy Seal, told of the recent Berlin talks between Britain and German ministers. Then he and Maxime Litvinoff, people's commissar for foreign affairs, discussed the situation in the light of the Anglo-German talks. The interview lasted two hours.

No sign of a divergence of views developed at the meeting, it was learned from an authoritative source tonight.

"As representative of a member country of the League of Nations, I attach the greatest importance to any measure of conciliation and co-operation with the other countries belonging to that body, and especially with the Soviet Union," Eden said tonight at a dinner at the Commissariat of Foreign Affairs.

Litvinoff assured Capt. Eden that Soviet Union's course in the talks would be to show the British by examples and specifics reasons the general motives behind the Soviet policy.

He talked at length of the history of German-Soviet relations, and showed the development of the conviction among Moscow officials that Germany's policy to the east aim was expansion to the detriment of the Soviet Entente.

Four points in the German programme are seen in Moscow official circles:

1. Refusal to accept, even for a specified time, an agreement not to change her eastern boundary, which members of the British delegation see as the only reason for opposition to the "Eastern Locomotive."

2. Boundary revision through return to the position of a great power and subsequent negotiation with a "secondary power."

3. Agreement to a limitation pact only if France will make substantial concessions, which are not expected.

4. A great desire to negotiate a bi-partite Anglo-German treaty, directed against the Soviet Union.

Capt. Eden was accompanied at today's interview by Viscount O'Halloran, British Ambassador in Moscow, and William Strang, of the embassy staff. Ivan Malsky, Soviet Union Ambassador to Great Britain, accompanied Litvinoff.

Bessboroughs May End Term In September

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) OTTAWA, March 28—The Bessborough will leave Canada had not been decided upon, it was learned today. He had expressed the wish to conclude his term as Governor-General in time to reach London where he has extensive business interests before the end of September, it was stated, but it was regarded likely he would remain in Canada until somewhat later in the fall.

Cabinet ministers spoke of cordial relations that had existed between Lord Bessborough and every member of the government during his tenure of office and emphasized that it was because of the personal wishes of His Excellency that he was leaving before his five-year term was completed. In this he was following the example of many of his predecessors.

The practice also has been for the retiring Governor to leave Canada before his successor arrives. The retiring Governor continues in office until he sails when the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada assumes the duties of administrator until the successor has been sworn in.

John Buchan whose appointment as the next Governor-General was announced yesterday will likely reach Canada shortly after Earl of Bessborough's departure and will take office in the port where he disembarks. In the past it has usually been in either Halifax or Quebec.

worked in the early fight of the Nazi party for power but from whom he has never been estranged by a quarrel.

ESTIMATES APPROVED

Mass Buying Report Expected To Be Completed Early Next Week.

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) OTTAWA, March 28—The report of the Royal Commission on Price Spreads and Mass Buying will be completed early next week. Hon. R. B. Hanson, Minister of Trade and Commerce told the House of Commons today. He was answering a question from Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Liberal leader, at the added "due expedition" would be used to get the report before Parliament.

The Minister said he understood the report would run more than 200 pages. It might take some time for him to study it and it had to be considered by the Cabinet before being sent to Parliament.

Over the protests of some Liberal members the House passed a vote of \$75,000 on the commission's expenses. Liberals called out "on division" when the item was approved. Mr. Hanson explained this vote was additional to \$250,000 voted by Parliament for the inquiry last session and \$155,000 granted the commission by Governor-General's warrants.

The House approved supplementary estimates for the fiscal year 1934-35 totalling \$49,295,005, of which \$48,407,000 to meet the deficit on the Canadian National Railways and \$888,295 as an additional amount needed under the Maritime Freight Rates Act.

St. Pierre, However, Will Not Benefit.

(A.P. By Guardian's Special Wire) WASHINGTON, March 28—Rumors of the possibility of resuming profits up to 700 per cent, officials said today, has brought approximately a score of vessels back to the shores of the Atlantic ocean and Gulf of Mexico, laden with alcohol, chiefly from Holland and Belgium.

This explanation was given by Stephen B. Gilbons, assistant secretary of the treasury. "The alcohol unit has been raising stills at the rate of about 1,200 a month. So the bootleggers saw that it would be cheaper if they could bring the alcohol in from abroad."

"Most of it is shipped from Holland and Belgium to St. Pierre Miquelon or Belle in British Honduras. There it is taken to a few miles off the Atlantic coast where the stuff is put on contact boats and rushed to shore."

Minister of Finance E. N. Rhodes pointed out this was only the surging of the man must pay his income tax in addition.

Unearned incomes in Canada must be considered Mr. Woodsworth said. Most of Canada's fortunes dated from the war "some made by the plain graft, others by the granting of special privileges."

J. A. Fraser (Cons. Cariboo) said Mr. Woodsworth's leader of a political party had not submitted a single suggestion of a policy.

"They don't amount to anything," he said speaking of C. C. F. members, "and they never will amount to anything so long as they carry on in their impractical way."

W. F. Gershaw (Lib. Medicine Hat) said what the people wanted was an election. The uncertainty about the future was delaying recovery and with an election over a new government, fresh from the people, could restore confidence and end the depression.