

THE GUARDIAN

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DIARY OF EVENTS

TO-DAY.
City Magistrate's Court, 9 a. m.
First gen. meeting of Murray River Black Fox Co., Ltd., Mr. K. J. Martin's Office, 11 a. m.
Indoor Baseball, The Arrcouries, 7.30 p. m.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1913

TRAINING FOR CITIZENSHIP

It is, perhaps, noteworthy that while we take pains and incur considerable expense in specially training our young people for ordinary vocations, for the trades and professions, no special effort is being made to train them for citizenship. It may be argued that it is the province of the home, the school and the church to prepare the rising generation for right living and for usefulness and it is true that, unless right foundations are laid by these, there is danger that no subsequent patching will make the superstructure either reliable or symmetrical. At the same time there is a special fitness for the duties of citizenship, preparation for which cannot be begun too early in life and which should occupy more of the attention of the home, the school and the church than it usually does.

Evidence of the lack of this preparation may be found in the fact, recently referred to in these columns, that in the work of the school, of the church, of civic or provincial concern, the young are conspicuous by their absence the work being done largely by the older members of the community. These latter are dropping out one by one and the ranks are not being filled up.

We have just received a little pamphlet entitled "Training for Citizenship," by LeRoy Hodges of Petersburg, Va., in which is described a method adopted in Winston-Salem, N. C., with this object in view. The system is unique and has many features which will commend it especially to those who are concerned with the problem of "filling the ranks."

The principal characteristics of this plan are, first, co-operation between the public schools and the local board of trade; second, the establishment of a department of government and economics in the city High School; and third, the formation of a boys department, or a juvenile club, as it is called, of the board of trade. The system was inaugurated last summer by the superintendent of the city schools who provided, as a part of the high school curriculum, a course in government and economics open to the senior students. Under this department the students are taught the elements of government, special attention being given to analysis and comparison of the city, county, state and federal governments. Mock elections were held and the class was organized as city council, State general assembly and congress.

In addition to these a series of lectures treating of the fundamental principles of economics were arranged and the attention of the students directed to the important industrial, commercial and agricultural problems of the country.

It has been found that as a result of this work the boys developed an active interest in public affairs, and to hold this interest and at the same time make the work of lasting value it was recognized that their historic and theoretical study of political and economic problems must be connected with the practical, everyday experiences in the industrial centres. The city being a manufacturing one the means of study were immediately available. The boys were given the task of reporting upon the industrial conditions and as a result an intimate knowledge of the city and its industrial and civic life was obtained and the interest of the boys broadened and intensified.

The system, which is as applicable and as necessary here as anywhere in the United States, has the advantage of teaching, in a practical way, the obligations and the duties of citizenship; the boys are instructed in the theories and basic problems of government and become actively identified with the life—municipal, industrial, commercial and political, of their country.

WESTERN FARMERS DEBT

Apart altogether from the recent money stringency, the Province of Saskatchewan is in a bad way, financially. The great majority of the farmers are heavily in debt. According to the last census the number of farms in the Province was 31,303 and according to the report recently issued by the Royal Commission of Agricultural Credits appointed by the Saskatchewan government the average indebtedness of these farmers is \$1,500. The average farm of the Province consists of about 295 acres thus the indebtedness of the farmers is slightly in excess of \$5.00 per acre of land under occupation.

The live stock of Saskatchewan in 1911, numbered 1,195,400 horses, cattle, sheep and swine. Land values until the recent money stringency, had steadily bettered, improved lands in crop divisions running from \$12.65 to \$33.50 an acre, and of unimproved lands from \$9.55 up to \$32.00 per acre. The number of grain elevators and warehouses is 909, with a capacity of 26,465,000 bushels.

The appointment of the Royal Commission of Agricultural Credits was the outcome of a general complaint about the high rate of interest which the farmer had to pay on his loans and credits. The Royal Commission in an elaborate report discloses a remarkable condition of affairs. No less than four-fifths of the farms in the Province are mortgaged, and at a rate of interest, on the average in excess of eight per cent.

"There is no doubt," say the Commissioners, "that the largest factor in the indebtedness of Saskatchewan farmers is the amount which is due to mortgage companies. A conservative estimate would place this in the neighbourhood of \$65,000,000. For the next largest amount implement companies are responsible. We are certain, from evidence submitted confidentially to the Commission by only a limited number of branch offices, that the total indebtedness of farmers to merely six branch offices is \$15,106,726. It is not improbable that at present between \$35,000,000 and \$40,000,000 is outstanding for machinery. The amount owing on agreements of sale for land is very considerable. To one company the farmers of this Province owe \$5,770,000 and to another \$3,622,920. The amount due for pre-emptions, for horses, for store credit, lumber, bank credit, and for miscellaneous debts, together with that due for the purchase of land, is not less than \$50,000,000. The farmers of Saskatchewan are paying interest on at least \$150,000,000. If this is the case then their agricultural credit is costing them \$12,000,000 annually. The saving of only 1 per cent. in interest would mean the saving to the farming industry of over \$1,500,000 per year.

"From the above estimate it can be clearly perceived that the average indebtedness of our farmers is, perhaps, \$1,500. The average farm of the Province consists of about 295 acres. Thus the indebtedness of the farmers is slightly in excess of \$5 per acre of land under occupation at the present time. The average farm has gathered about it assets in the shape of buildings, stock, implements, and grain."

As a remedial measure, the Royal Commission recommends the formation of an organization to be known as the Saskatchewan Co-operative Farm Mortgage Association, as well as a bank for personal credit. The Association is to be empowered to raise funds on mortgage bonds guaranteed by the government, and grant loans to farmers for improved land purposes. Loans are to be made on amortisation basis, being limited to 40 per cent. of the valuation of the property to be mortgaged.

ORATORY

SIR,—The contribution on "Oratory" by your correspondent, "A Member of Parliament," opens up one of the fast vanishing arts. The reason for indifference in cultivating oratory in responsible quarters is not far to seek. Politicians of rank are too clever not to recognize the fact that they are not addressing the two or three thousand in the hall, but the millions outside; it is not the transient applause of the audience present for which they clamour, but the approval of the multitude who read his words next morning. We find here the contrast between the two distinguished personalities, Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Winston Churchill, taken as types by your contributor. Mr. Lloyd George is carried away by the plaudits of three thousand people, forgetting that on the following day he will have three million readers who have not been present to hear the pathos and witness the zeal of the speaker.

A famous preacher once delivered a prayer during a heavy thunderstorm. Certain members advised him to get it published, as they had never before heard such eloquence. He quietly turned and asked how they would contrive to introduce the thunder. Mr. Lloyd George cannot introduce the thunder into cold print. Mr. Churchill has grasped this lesson, and, like Mr. Aquith, is obviously indifferent to the mood and disposition of his audience.

The writer happened to be present in the House of Commons fifteen months ago, when Mr. Churchill introduced his Naval Budget. Amongst those in the strangers' gallery were Mr. Borden, the Canadian Prime Minister, and certain members of his Cabinet. Their demeanour showed that they were obviously bored with Mr. Churchill's speech, two-thirds of which he read, and yet it was hailed next morning in the press as a "great speech." To read, it certainly was, but as anything approaching oratory it was a dismal failure. History informs us that there was a time when oratory swayed the minds of the House of Commons, but any effort to do so now would be treated with hilarity.

I watched Mr. Aquith at Ladyban on Saturday, as I have watched him on a dozen occasions; he seldom looks at his audience, and seems perfectly unconscious of their presence, and, like many more, I would rather read than listen to his speeches. In this case, Mr. Churchill is a close disciple. Mr. Lloyd George is the antithesis of the two, and hence his weakness.—I am, sir, etc.

ROBT. GALLOWAY.
Methil, October 28th, 1913.

MR. CHURCHILL AS ORATOR

To the Editor of Everyman:
SIR,—In your Parliamentary contributor's brilliant analysis of Mr. Churchill's oratory there is a curious confusion between the vocal functions and the oral. Thus he writes: ".....His utterance is impeded by some fault in the larynx (the italics are mine), which makes every 's' sound harsh." "S," as a voiceless consonant, is entirely independent of the larynx. Now, I have seen many references to this defect of the First Lord's delivery, but none with the merit of accurate diagnosis. The descriptive reporter, in his facile way, usually writes it down as a lip-tremor; it certainly is not, for in forming the 's' the tongue of this speaker never once slips between the teeth. But your contributor gets no nearer the truth when he traces the fault to the larynx. I have never heard Mr. Churchill at close range—though any range is close enough for detecting a lip-tremor, so far as I have been able to judge from a distance, he palatises the 's' (strictly a dental), and so imparts to it something of a swish.—I am, sir, etc.

CHARLES POWELL.
Manchester.

ISLANDERS IN BOSTON. INTERCOLONIAL BANQUET

(By John Calder Gordon.)

One of the most notable and interesting events that possibly have ever taken place in the Canadian Colony of Massachusetts within the memory of the present generation—second only to the occasion when the Intercolonial Club Building here was dedicated, several years ago,—occurred last Saturday evening the 22nd inst. at the International Club, Boston, where a complimentary Banquet was tendered by the Club members, joined by many of the leading Canadians of Eastern Massachusetts, to Mr. John Campbell, a former President of the Club and most active spirit in recent years among his fellow Canadians in all movements looking towards the social and material welfare of the men and women from the Canadian Provinces residing in Massachusetts.

When anyone in Boston speaks of anything pertaining to the Maritime Provinces of Canada the question immediately asked is: "What do the leading men in the Intercolonial Club think of it?" Thus we have a practical illustration of the influence and standing of the Intercolonial Club in conservative and critical Boston.

This club stands unique among men of foreign birth in the United States. The members of this Club were the first body of Canadian born men in the world outside of Canada, to erect a large modern building fully equipped with all the latest improvements and entirely devoted to club and society purposes.

In this connection it is of special interest to note that natives sons of Prince Edward Island have played an important part in the promotion and upbuilding of this great Intercolonial Social and Educational Institution. Among the Island men here who have unselfishly devoted time and energy to the upbuilding of this great Club, are the following—we mention only a few of the most conspicuous, viz.—Hon. Frederick J. MacLeod, President of the Club for three years, and one of the most talented and conspicuous Canadian born men in Massachusetts; Dr. John M. Martin, present President of the Club, and one of the leading and most skillful physicians in the city of Boston is of a well known Island family, and never hesitates under any and every condition when opportunity offers to speak a favorable word in behalf of his native Province and Canada as a whole.

Dr. Miles Martin a brother of Dr. John is another potent influence in Club affairs, with a ready hand and open purse where ever needed.

Mr. W. J. O'Donnell, an Island man, was the Treasurer of the Club during the promotion and organizing period and did yeoman service for several years in assisting to place the Club on a sound financial basis. Mr. O'Donnell on retiring from office two years ago was given a most handsome testimonial by his fellow members, a truly red letter occasion.

Mr. Henry J. Cunningham, Commissioner of Public Safety of the city of Cambridge, Mass., who was the efficient toast-master of the evening is another Island man here who has arrived at distinction and commands the unwavering respect and confidence of all classes in the Community.

Mr. Richard E. Johnston, one of the first Island men to join the fortunes of the young and ambitious Club, for social honors in a more conservative community already crowded with Clubs of all sorts, has served the Club for many years faithfully and well in several positions of

great trust and where a vast amount of labor of the most exacting nature was demanded. Mr. Johnston is at present Vice President of the Club.

On the Board of Directors of the Club, in addition to the officers already mentioned we find two most active men who are Islanders. Dr. Joseph H. Cunningham and Mr. Daniel G. MacDonald. On the Executive Committee of the Club the Islander again claims two members, namely, Mr. Frank W. Clark and Mr. Archibald F. Campbell. The Financial Secretary of the Club, Mr. Arnold T. Malone is also an Islander.

This high record of office-holding by Prince Edward Island men in a great cosmopolitan Canadian-American Club, is surely indicative of the sterling qualities of mind and heart possessed by the sons of Prince Edward Island now residing in Greater Boston. Their fellow countrymen ought to feel justly proud of their achievements.

This correspondence can not close without a brief mention of a member of this Club, who undoubtedly is one of the most gifted and conspicuous Islanders residing in New England, viz. Hon. Stephen J. O'Meara, for several years past Police Commissioner of the City of Boston. This is a one member Commission, and the entire direction and control of the Police Department of Boston is subject to the management of the Commissioner. Mr. O'Meara has performed the exacting duties of this great office with such signal ability and satisfaction to our best citizens of all classes, that two years ago upon the expiration of his five year term of office, a universal demand was made to the Governor and Executive Council for his reappointment. This Club has among its upward of 500 members, many who are termed non-resident, and among the prominent Islanders in this Class is the Hon. Charles H. Dalton.

MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE

Hon. John Agnew and Mrs. Agnew, Alberton, are the guests of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Fullerton, Brighton.

Mr. A. E. C. Holland, formerly a prominent resident of Bequeque and member of the Legislature of this Province, now a resident of Wallace, Nova Scotia, is visiting Charlottetown and renewing old acquaintanceships.

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DECLINED MEDICAL AID UNTIL HE HAD ATTENDED TO HORSE

MONTREAL, Nov. 22.—With his arm badly cut and bleeding, a carter in the employ of Charles Gurd & Co., soda water manufacturers, showed great pluck last night, when he refused all help or medical aid until his horse, which had been run into by a street car, had been taken back to the stable and attended to.

The accident occurred at 5.45 o'clock. The driver had turned his horse across Craig street and was just going to drive up Alexander street to his stable, when a west-bound St. Denis car struck his horse. The car was going at such a high rate of speed that it broke the shaft of the vehicle against the animal's side, and then hurled it with terrific force to the side of the road, knocking the driver from the box. The windows in the front of the car were broken by the shock, and the passengers were terrified.

When the carter saw that the big grey was still able to stand, although he seemed to be suffering from some internal injury, he refused to accept any medical assistance, but led the injured beast back to the stable and had veterinary surgeon sent for. After this he went to a doctor and had his own arm attended to.

Mr. Gurd said that this is the second accident that has occurred to his horses in the last few weeks, through carelessness on the part of the motormen in driving their cars.

EUROPE PROTESTS RUSSIA'S CRUELTY

LONDON, November 22.—There is being published throughout Europe a protest against the ill-treatment of political prisoners in Russia. It bears numerous signatures of politicians, scientists, artists, and men of letters of European repute.

It is declared in the protest that since the Czar's manifesto of October, 1905, promising liberty to the people of Russia, over 40,000 persons have been sentenced for political offences. Of these over 2,500 have been executed, and more than 10,000 thrown into the horrible "Katorga," or hard labor prisons.

The treacherous policy of the Romanoffs is stated, scarcely affected the political prisoners. Their terrible sufferings have not been mitigated. The prisoners are overcrowded to such an extent that it is impossible for them to rest even on the bare floor. Absolute starvation and the most



Acme of Style in Paton Brand Clothing

The advanced showing of Fall styles in Paton Brand Clothing is without doubt one of the best displays we have ever shown. There is style, character, and class to each individual suit—the tailoring is perfect—the cloth and trimmings are exceptionally good and the wide range of sizes guarantee a perfect fit for even the most critical.

Shown in plain and fancy tweeds and worsteds, all sizes, ranging in price from \$7.00 to \$25.00

New Fall Hat Styles

Our advance display of Fall hat styles is well up to our usual standard. The display shows the choice selections from the leading factories including the celebrated \$3.00 hat.

The derby hats this year have a lower crown and a broader brim than last year and their effect is exceptionally good. The prices of our derbies are \$2.75. Fancy soft felts 75c up.

PATON'S

2924-11-27 Market Street

Favorite Fiction:

"My grandmother died at age 122"
"I have all the insurance that I need,"
"I think I will carry my own risk for a while."
"I have no family physician, never consulted a doctor in my life."
"My Fraternal Insurance is much cheaper and just as safe.

Do you cheat yourself with these poor arguments? IF SO, you had better turn over a new leaf and let THE CANADA LIFE, take care of your responsibilities.

W. K. ROGERS, Provincial Manager
K. S. ROGERS, Ch' town
R. B. ROGERS, S' side
Agents.

Get The Range Here

The store of Fennell & Chandler has always been known as the headquarters for good stoves. For good heating stoves, good cook stoves, for ranges that are superior in every respect.

If you want to get a really good range, a small cook stove, hall stove, bedroom stove—a stove for any purpose—we can give you most possible value for your money.

We have every style, grade and kind you could want here and know the prices will please. Call in and see the display.

Fennell & Chandler

Victoria Row

barbarous treatment are their daily portion. The prisons become victims of all kinds of epidemics, and very often the prisons become centres of infection for the surrounding districts. Those sentenced to long terms of imprisonment, chiefly political prisoners, are in actual fact condemned to a cruel form of slow death. A veritable epidemic of suicide has developed among the prisoners, says the protest. The unhappy prisoners see in suicide the only way of escape. Most tragic is the fate of those tens of thousands of political exiles, of whom most are deported to Siberia without trial, but simply by the arbitrary action of the administration. Most of them are sent to frozen wastes, where they are unable to obtain necessary food, clothing, and housing, and where they perish.

"HANDSOME" souvenir cushions for the Christmas gift now in at Patons, rich, beautiful colors. Prices moderate. PATONS. 2929-11-28 Market Street. 'SNOUVI' 2929

"HANDSOME" souvenir cushions for the Christmas gift now in at Patons, rich, beautiful colors. Prices moderate.

Warm House Slippers

You will find it to your advantage to inspect our line of FELT SLIPPERS. They are neat, warm and comfortable, made in a number of pretty styles in different shades and patterns of felt. They are finished with either leather or felt soles. Women's priced from 29 cts. to \$1.65. Children's priced from 35 cts. to 75 cts. Men's, the kind every man wants, 60 cts. to \$1.20.

GOFF BROS

Face and Hand Comfort
Out-of-doors these days brings discomforts in the way of chaps, roughening and irritation of the skin.
Jamieson's Carnation Cream will promptly allay anything that wind and snow can do.
Applied freely after exposure it takes out all the smart and cures at once.
Delightful to use and should be kept at hand all the time. Price 25c.
Sold only by J. G. Jamieson DRUGGIST

One-Half The World wears glasses but, not half of that half wear the right glasses.
Wrong glasses are often worse than none, they are a constant strain to the eyes.
Be on the safe side; let us give your eyes a careful examination.
G. H. Taylor Jeweler & Optician

Montague Black Fox Exchange
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L. M. McKinnon, Manager
Montague, P. E. I.

MARRIAGES

BUNTAIN-VICKERSON.—At the residence of the Misses Vickerson, aunts of the bride, Marshfield, on the 26 inst, by Rev. A. D. McLeod, Gordon L. Buntain of East Royalty, to Mary Lida Vickerson, Sedley, Sask.

ROBERTSON-BRUCE.—At the Manse, Souris, Nov. 26, by Rev. A. D. McIntosh, MA., Lester Robertson, to Lillian J. Bruce, both of Red Point, P. E. I.

NEW NOSE AND LIPS.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—Ross Allen of Whitley, Ont., is in the hospital here for a remarkable operation. The whole front of his face was torn away in a saw mill some years ago, and he is to get a new nose and lips by skin grafting. The flesh is to come from his arm for his lips and cartilage from his ribs at the breast bone for his nose.

AVIATORS BURNED TO DEATH.

ERENAY, Nov. 27.—Two military aviators were burned to death. Their machine dashes into a tree and burst into flames.

SIR JAMES WHITNEY IN POOR HEALTH.

TORONTO, Nov. 27.—The medical attendants of Sir James. Whitley, Premier of Ontario, have decided that he must go away for a complete rest, as the only means of regaining his former strength, and he therefore left the city last night, his destination being kept secret. He will remain away for some time.

The Premier had not been in his office for a few days until yesterday, when he appeared for a short time to arrange his business before going away. Sir James did not bear himself with his usual vigor when walking to his car, although he expressed himself in his characteristic jocular manner. There is a perceptible pallor in his face. It is understood that he will be accompanied by Dr. Pyne, his family physician.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH POWDER
To rest direct to the diseased parts by the improved flower. Heals the ulcer, clears the air passages, stops discharge in 12 hours and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. See a box & blowers free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmondson, Station & Co., Limited, Toronto.