Lambertise your Chest

Lambertise your Chest

Lambertise your Chest

Lambertise your Chest

Lambertise your Chest

Lambertise your Chest

The national specific for ailments of the throat and lungs.

DR. J. O. LAMBERT'S SYRUP

For all ages and all classes. On sale for 31 years. For coughs colds, bronchitis, asthma, croup, etc., etc.

J. O. Lambert, M. D., Author of the Universally Known Specific for Chest Ailments.

LAMBERTISE YOUR CHEST

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

A strong dose taken morning and evening will protect you against chest ailments. The largest Sale without exception. See Our Challenge.

Dr. J. O. Lambert, Limited, 396 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Can.

Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest Lambertise your Chest

For sale everywhere and specially at Victor Coyle, Revere Block, 117 Kent St., Charlottetown, P. E. I.

THE MARKETS

SUMMERSIDE MARKET.

Dairy butter	28 30
Eggs per doz	35
Wool, washed	20
Wool, unwashed	16
Hides	8
Hay	$12
Oats per bushel	40
Pork	10-13½
Potatoes	40

SOURIS MARKET

Butter	30
Eggs	45
Oats	45
Potatoes	30
Pork	13½
Hay	15

MONTAGUE MARKET

Butter	28
Eggs	45
Oats	42
Potatoes	30
Pork	10 13 1-2

MURRAY HARBOR

Butter	30
Eggs	45
Pork	13½
Oats	42

CHARLOTTETOWN MARKETS

Eggs	60
Butter	30
Oats	47
Potatoes	45
Hay	70 75

"Hello, Ed."

"Hello, Bill," replied the other.

"Say, Ed." said the first. "I'm pretty much tore up. I come into the house this evening, after a nice peaceful day fishin' and there was my wife lying plumb unconscious in a pool of blood on the kitchen floor. Now its pretty much of a shock to a feller, after a nice peaceful day of fishin', to come ho—

"Say, Bill," broke in his friend "tell me, how wuz the fishin'?"

CURED

"Yes. It was love at first sight."

"But why didn't you marry her?"

"I have seen her several times

Reliable Rubber Goods

Most pains and aches yield readily to the application of heat and in no other way can you get continuous and even heat so conveniently as with a good hot water bottle. It relieves toothache, earache, neuralgia, rheumatism, etc., and it is the best thing in the world to keep your feet warm these cold nights. We guarantee all our Hot Water Bottles.

The White Drug Store

J. G. JAMIESON

Druggist

PERCOLATE COFFEE IN FIRE ENGINES

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 26 — For the first time in history fire engines were used as coffee percolators at the inauguration of J. C. Walton as governor of Oklahoma. The inauguration was marked by many unique features, including the world's biggest barbecue, at which 200,000 persons were fed.

At the State Fair Park two fire engines from the Oklahoma City Department were placed adjacent to three immense urns, which were filled with coffee. Pipes ran from the engines to the urns, steaming the coffee. The urns looked more like corn cribs. Three were built on the grounds with a capacity of ten thousand gallons each and lined with sheet iron. Faucets were arranged along the bottom and the crowd with tin cups lined up and helped itself.

To barbecue the meat, four trenches, each a quarter of a mile long were dug, a wire netting placed over each, upon which were spread huge hunks of meat. More than 100 employes kept turning the meat with pitchforks until it roasted crisp, tender and brown. More than 500 beeves were slaughtered for the occasion and, besides there were carloads of other meats. This meat was cooked 24 hours before it was served.

CLOSING UP THE CAFES

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.— Thousands of New York saloons, cafes and restaurants, a large number of them in the White Light district, may be closed in the near future as a result of decisions made at conferences on prohibition enforcement.

Padlocking of virtually all establishments convicted of prohibition law violations, it was stated would follow the beginning today of united action by Federal and local authorities.

The decision to act immediately against convicted violators of the prohibition laws was supplemented by a police order to proceed with a clean-up of reported "blind pigs," and "speak easies," on the water front.

The order, it was declared, was strongly influenced by an announcement by Chief City Magistrate McAdoo that arrests for inebriation in New York increased 2,582 and arraignments for liquor law violations increased by 1,817 during 1922.

URGES GRADING OF BUTTER AND CHEESE

CALGARY, Jan. 26 — The far reaching effects of compulsory grading of Canadian butter and cheese was emphasized by D'Arcy Scott, secretary treasurer of the National Council, in addressing the western Canada Dairy Convention which opened here recently.

Mr. Scott stated that while Canadian cheese had a good reputation in Great Britain, Canadian butter had a poor name, as Great Britain was their best market now the United States had adopted a high duty of 8 cents a pound, everything would have to be done to improve the exports to the Old Country."

USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES GROWING

REGINA, Jan. 26—Saskatchewan now has one motor vehicle for every twelve of the population of the province, which places it first in the list of the Provinces of Canada in the number of the cars per population. Altogether there are 61,175 motor vehicles registered in Saskatchewan. In the past ten years Saskatchewan has received $4,221,642 as revenue from motor license fees, and in the same period has spent $6,918,157 on improving roads in the province.

SOME HEAD

Twins having arrived, the father told little Peter that he needn't go to school that day.

Little Peter—"But wouldn't it be just as good to tell teacher tomorrow I've got one new little brother and next week stay home again and tell her I've got one more."

REMINISCENCE AND REMARKS

Winter Service Between P. E. Island and the Mainland. Public Meeting and Results.

(By W. L. COTTON.)

At this season, forty years ago, there were two absorbing questions under discussion here. The first and most important of these was the provision of means to improve communication with the mainland. The winter steamer "Northern Light" plying between Pictou and Georgetown, had failed to break the ice barrier; the branch railway between Emerald and Borden had not yet been built; couriers conveying mails and passengers to Cape Traverse had to traverse snowbanks the whole distance between Charlottetown and the Cape; arrived there a delay of several days was often experienced before a crossing could be made. In these conditions there was dissatisfaction and unrest all over the country,—and particularly in Charlottetown, Summerside and other centres of business.

The campaign for an improvement was begun in a monster public meeting held at Cape Traverse. The leading men of the Province, including men of business and politicians of both parties and all classes and denominations, attended the meeting, unitedly protested against a continuance of the service as provided, and unitedly demanded the needed improvements. Among those who took part in this meeting were Hon. Senator Howatt, Major Clark, John Bell, L. H. Davies, M. P., Hons. William Campbell, and George W. Bentley of the Provincial Government, A. C Holland, M. L. C., J. T. Jenkins, M. D., Isaac Clark, John D. Muttart, Finlay McFadyen, Arthur Irving, Philip Irving, D. S. Wright, Isaac Wright, Edward Dawson, Bradford Howatt, Major Clark, John Bell, Cornelius Lowther, Isaac Schurman, Stephen Black, John Webster John W. Hughes, The Examiner representative, and many others. The meeting was held in Strang's Warehouse, and David McFarlane presided.

After many speeches in which many opinions were eloquently expressed, a number of resolutions were unanimously arrived at. Among these was the following, moved by D. S. Wright and seconded by Robert Wright.

"Whereas, by the Treaty of Confederation, this Island was guaranteed efficient mail service and continuous communication with the mainland, summer and winter, and whereas the Cape's route has been proved to be the only permanent and practical one—therefore resolved that in the opinion of this meeting it is the duty of our representatives at Ottawa to urge upon the Dominion government, the necessity of placing a small but powerful steamboat on the said route to act in conjunction with the ice boats now in use, that a regular daily mail can be effected by the assistance of the said boat."

Another resolution moved by Nelson Clark and seconded by Stephen Black set forth, as the opinion of the meeting, that Prince Edward Island's representatives at Ottawa should unite and persistently demand that tenders be issued during the early part of next summer for the construction of a railway from Cape Traverse to the mainland."

Shortly afterwards, that is to say on the 22nd of January, 1883, a crowded public meeting was held in the Market Hall, Charlottetown. It was called by H. J. Callbeck, High Sheriff of Queens County, at the instance of W. W. Wellner, Henry Coombs, Frederick Perkins, A. W. Sterns, William Rattenbury, Lawrence W. Watson, Alexander Horne, W. H. Aitken, H. A. Harvie W. A. Weeks & Co., and many others. Among the speakers at this meeting were Alexander McKinnon, of Esdale Foundry, Archibald McNeill, Henry Coombs, F. T. Newbery, Senator Ferguson, L. H. Davies, Senator Howlan, Frederick Brecken and David Laird. A number of resolutions were passed calling for a more efficient winter steamer service for the conveyance of mails and passengers and for the immediate construction of the branch railway to Cape Traverse and other necessary improvements that are imperatively required with the view of rendering more efficient the crossing at the Capes. "A committee consisting of John Newson, George Peake, D. Farquharson H. Coombs, H. Beer and F. T. Newbery was at the close of the meeting appointed to draw up petitions to be universally signed."

The result of this united movement was the construction soon after of a branch railway from Emerald Junction to Cape Traverse and the provision, after the lapse of many years, during which the Northern Light was succeeded by the Stanley and the Minto and they were supplemented by the Earl Grey—of the splendid steamship "Prince Edward Island", Captain Read, affording a reasonable an satisfactory service, as nearly as possible in accord with the terms of union,— a winter service across the strait, the efficiency of which is beyond the wildest dreams of the men who carried on the agitation forty years ago. Now it is felt that with yearly increasing traffic and added risks when contending with the heavy ice on the Strait a second steamship to supplement the Prince Edward Island, during the winter season, and to take her place in case of need, ought to be supplied. It is hoped that Sir Henry Thornton will be enabled to give this important matter his favorable consideration.

The second question engaging attention in Charlottetown forty years ago was that of a "Water Supply". Of the measures taken to this end, more anon.

Among the marriages announced in January forty years ago were those of Mr. Hannibal Murray, Fredericton, and Miss Caroline Frances Craswell, South Rustico, by the Venerable Archdeacon Read, D. D., rector of Milton; Mr James Barlow and Mary J. McAuslin, both of Wellington, by the Rev T. B. Reagh, rector of Port Hill; Duncan McNeil of H. M. Customs, Charlottetown and Miss Jemima McEwen of West River by the Rev A. H. Lavers.

On the 23rd January, 1883, the Charlottetown market prices were: Beef (small) 5 to 8 cents per pound, beef (quarter) 4 to 7 cents; mutton 5 to 9 cents; lamb 4 to 8 cents; veal 4 to 8 cents; pork (carcass) 6 to 8 cents; (small) 8 to 11 cents; turkeys each 80 cents to $1.25; geese 50c to 70 cents; ducks 30 to 40 cents; fowl 20 to 30 cents chickens per pair 30 to 50 cents; butter (fresh) 22 to 26 cents; butter (tub) 22 to 23 cents; eggs 25 to 30 cents; flour per cwt $3 to $3.25; oatmeal $2.75 to $3.00; potatoes 25 to 30 cents; oats 37 to 38 cents.

The following paragraph in The Examiner of 20th January 1883, shows that there was intellectual and literary activity in Charlottetown in those days forty years ago: "After all we of Charlottetown are not so badly off this winter. We have the Y. M. C. A., the Catholic Young Men's Institute, the Educational Institute, a Shakespeare Club and several other reading and musical societies in active operation and between lectures and lecture readings, concerts and debates the winter is passing pleasantly away. Among those who will instruct and entertain us as the springtime comes are Thomas A. LePage one of the most talented of our young men who remain on the Island, Dr. Jenkins who is emphatically a man of fine ideas. Rev. George W. Hodgson, who has consented to read a paper before the Educational Institute, Mr Francis Bain—the farmer—naturalist and geologist of his Island Home and Professor Anderson who adorns every subject he discusses."

DON'T HURRY HIM.

Judge—Madam, you say you husband left you two months ago What is his business?

Wife—He's a plumber.

Judge—Well, he patient; for surely there's a chance that he will have the leakfixed in aonther month or so.

SOONER THE BETTER

"Just think, George, daddy will present us with a check on our wedding day."

"How lovely,dear. We must have the wedding bells in the morning; the bank closes at three o'clock in the afternoon, you know."

"A Terrible Experience"

"I Recall My Experiences with the Burglar with Feelings of Horror!"

"How would you feel if you wakened in the middle of the night with a flashlight shining in your eyes and the gruff voice of a man threatening that, 'If you make the slightest noise, I'll shoot?' That was my experience the end of last March when my husband was away in the woods and I was alone with my three children. Everytime I think of this experience a shudder passes over me and as long as I live I shall remember it. At the time I really thought I would die. It's a wonder my heart did not stop beating. I was so weak that even if I had any desire to move, I could not. I was bathed in a cold, clammy perspiration. Even to recall the shocking details now makes me shudder. It was a result of this shock that I contracted a high fever and for hours at a time I was delirious. I got so bad that the doctor finally gave up hope of my ever recovering, but by careful nursing, I was finally pronounced out of danger. The shock had left me so weak, that, for no reason whatever, I would suddenly burst into tears. All the life seemed to have been taken out of me. I kept getting weaker and weaker, so much so that my husband and children were constantly worrying about me. Doctors prescribed for me and while I willingly tried their medicines, only very few of them did me any good, but unfortunately the good was not lasting. My family asked me if I would try Carnol and I said, 'I was willing to try anything,' but felt that it would not do me any good. Four bottles of Carnol taken regularly, has completely restored my former health and strength and, while I occasionally recall my experience with the burglar with feelings of horror, I am otherwise as well and strong as I have ever been. Carnol is the most wonderful preparation I have ever used for building and restoring health and strength. It has done wonders for several of my friends to whom I have recommended it." Mrs. McC. of....

Carnol is sold by your druggist, and if you can conscientiously say, after you have tried it, that it hasn't done you any good, return the empty bottle to him and he will refund your money. 1-622

For Sale by Hughes Drugstore

GOLD FISH

FREE

Some nice fish left yet. Get yours today with your Rexall Goods.

McKINNON DRUG CO.

The Rexall Kodak Store

PHONE 219

Happenings Of The Week

(Continued from page 4.)

ats Club, Toronto, on the occasion of their son Hugh's twenty-first birthday. Over one hundred and fifty friends were present. The Euchre Party was held on the main floor, while the Dancing took place on the second floor of the Club. Among the novelties introduced in the dancing were the "Moonlight Waltz", Tag Dance, Balloon Dance, Lucky Number Dance, Paul Jones, etc., as well as some of the old time Dances. Luncheon was served in the main Dining Room at midnight, which was interspersed with songs, etc., after which dancing was resumed, and continued till about two a. m. Both Mr. and Mrs. Christie are well known in Charlottetown.

* * *

Mrs. David McInnis is receiving heartiest congratulations on the honor conferred on her talented son, Mr. Edgar McInnis, who has been appointed Rhodes Scholar for this Province.

* * *

Hockey just now seems to be the topic of both young and old The enthusiasm with which the results of the different games won by the renowned Abegweits is received, shows how proud the Province is of its crack team.

* * *

Dr. Frederick Miller, of the Kentville Sanitarium, who has been visiting his relatives in Penticton, B. C., arrived home a few days ago, and en route to Kentville, spent a day or two with Mrs. N. E. McKay, in Halifax.

* * *

Ideal weather conditions favored the second of the series of skating parties of the season at Government House on Saturday afternoon. Hundreds were present and thoroughly enjoyed the well known hospitality of Rideau Hall. Their Excellencies, the Governor General and the Lady Byng of Vimy received the guests in the rink house, Captain F.W. Erskine was in attendance. Her Excellency was wearing a long fur coat and smart purple hat. Miss Walpole, and other members of the staff including Captain the Hon. W. H. Jolliffe, Major W. Gordon, Major P. Hodgson, Mr. A. F. Sladen, Major and Mrs. H. Willis O'Connor were also present during the afternoon. The ice was in splendid condition and was crowded with skaters. The Goveror General's Foot Guards' Band was in attendance. The tea room was perhaps the most popular resort of the afternoon. The long buffet table was prettily adorned with potted plants. Hon. W. S. Fielding and Miss Flossie Fielding, who have just returned from Europe had the honor of having tea with Their Excellencies.

* * *

The directors of the annual Canadian National Exhibition are awaiting a reply to an invitation extended some time ago to the Duke of York, second son of King George, to come to Canada and formally open the exhibition of 1923. The exhibition of 1919 was opened by the Duke's older brother, the present Prince of Wales.

* * *

With the near approach of Lent, opening as it does on Valentine Day with Easter Sunday on April Fool's Day, social events are being crowded into the few intervening weeks and the young people are busy with bridges, teas, etc.

The Central Guardian

SHOP from Holman's Catalog.

HAVE YOU TRIED REGAL Flour yet? One trial will make you a regular user. For sale by all grocers. 11500-27-31

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED. —Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell, Winsloe, wish to announce the engagement of their daughter Marion M., to William Richard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Beecher Bryenton, Union Road, marriage to take place Wednesday, Jan 31, 1923.

YOU CAN GET MORE LOAVES and better bread out of a bag of Regal Hard Wheat Flour than from a similar quantity of any other flour. Try a bag; we know you will agree with us. 11500-27-31

His many friends will be pleased to know that Rev. George Taylor is recovering from his indisposition.

::AUCTION SALE at A. E. Woods, Alexandra takes place today at 1 o'clock. 1i

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Scott of Ottawa, entertained recently at a dance in honor of their daughter, Miss Eileen Scott, and also for their niece, Miss Nora Sullivan, of Kingston who is their guest.

* * *

A bouquet of artificial roses matching the artificial roses with which the gown is trimmed, is carried sometimes nowadays with an evenng frock. One frock of this sort in white crepe de chine ornamented with a knot of silver roses at the girdle had as accessories a strand of silver roses for the hair and a large bouquet of them mounted on a fan.

The Public Forum

(Continued from page 4.)

reason why he and his sons were forbidden to drink wine. It was (Lev. 10-10) "That ye may put difference between unholy and holy and between unclean and clean," and (ver. 11) "That ye may teach the children of Israel all the statutes which the Lord hath spoken unto them by the hand of Moses." Nor was it in the "Inner court" as he asserts, but in the "tabernacle of the congregation" before all the people. "The Lord's Supper." he says' "was not instituted in the 'inner court" and "Jesus never functioned as a Levite." No, but it was instituted in the Upper Chamber, to Christians an even more sacred place, by Christ, a Priest for ever after the order of Melchisedec, with a law making power within Himself, and it was essentially the first Communion.

Then "Lyndale" says, "if Prohibitionist is a communicant he is bound by this text to push the wine from him, for it forbids 'wine and strong drink," and "to take the bread only." Not by any means. There is absolutely no connection between the two, apart from its anathema against leaven or ferment, the Jew used no wine in ceremonial, except in burnt offering, so far as Scripture throws light upon the subject. At the first Communion wine was plainly used, but it could not be leavened, or fermented, on that first day of the Passover when all Jews were commanded to have no leaven in their houses.

"Tortuous" as he applies the word to my argument re the wine of Cana of Galilee, will much better fit his own attempt to mangle my utterances. He will find no word of mine, either direct or by "implication," that the "ruler" expected to find fermented wine at a Jewish marriage. There are other banquets than those of Jewish homes, where there were customs which he is surely not ignorant of?

In regard to Paul's advice to Timothy, he further blunders. The text, Tim. 3-3 is exactly as I quoted, "Not given to wine" in relation to bishops. He has got himself mixed up in the directions given later to deacons, when he injects the word "Much" wine. Even the revised text which he quotes gives him no help for without taking intoxicants they could not be "Brawlers," nor "quarrelsome over wine." Then he contorts me into betraying "an anxiety lest the 'little wine' permitted to Timothy was more than 3½%." He might be fair enough to read my letters before making this and other unjustifiable comments. My letter plainly specified it as a fermented wine.

Concluding he says: "The use Prohibitionist makes of "unleavened" as though it applied to wine as well as in bread is most extraordinary. It is not half so remarkable as that of one assuming the role of a newspaper correspondent displaying an ignorance of what the word "leaven" means. Did the utterance or warning of Christ to "beware of the leaven of the Pharisees," have any application to bread or a lump of dought? Let him turn to Webster where he will learn that leaven is a ferment, and that "It generally means something which corrupts or depraves that with which it is mixed." Take the leaven out of wine or other drinks and there will be no sting left, and its power to debauch our people and visit iniquities upon our homes will be at an end. The forces of temperance are not arrayed against "unleavened" drinks.

I am, Sir, etc.,

PROHIBITIONIST

The City's Sinking Fund Account

Sir,—It is almost impossible for an ordinary man to go through the bound volume of the City Accounts and obtain the necessary information as to the exact financial standing of the City. Therefore, it is all the more important that, when the annual statement is presented at the first of every year and published in the daily papers, a short statement of all funds, loans debentures or investments should be presented.

There are two or three matters upon which more light should be given. Take for instance, the Sinking Funds. On the first of January 1922, the various Sinking Funds amounted to over $156,000 of this amount $75,000 was invested principally in Victory Bonds. How is the balance of $81,000 together with about $23,000 added this year invested and what rate of interest does it bear?

In the same connection the citizens have a right to know the amount of civic debentures issued during last year for all purposes and at what rate these debentures were sold and what interest is to be paid thereon. My point is this. The public statement shows the amount realized from debentures issued last year was $42,500 and if we had over $100,000 in cash for sinking Funds drawing a lower rate of interest than was paid on the new debentures why was not a part of the sinking fund money utilized, so that the larger interest paid for the new issue of debentures would accrue to the benefit of the City? If money is to be saved by investing the sinking funds even in City and Water debentures why is this course not adopted? There was enough cash on hand to take up all the debentures issued last year and still leave on hand enough money to take charge of maturing debentures.

There is another item needing some explanation given in the Statement of Receipts. It reads: "Street and Side-walk Assessment $8,883.69" If that means money paid in for the assessment made against owners on account of permanent side-walks or permanent streets opposite their property, then the entry of that amount in the ordinary receipts is totally wrong and in my opinion contrary to law. The Legislature in commission to the City to issue debentures for permanent These debentures were to be deemed by means of a sinking and also by means of a special assessment, which was authorized to be levied upon the owners of adjacent properties. The assessment was levied by the City Council, but the money collected from the assessment, which was intended for a return of part of the cost of construction of the permanent works and for which debentures were issued, was not set aside for the redemption of the debentures, but is used up as ordinary revenue. It amounts to the same thing as issuing about $9,000.00 debentures and placing the money to the credit of ordinary receipts and then claiming a surplus of $4,000.00 on the year's transactions. If this is the case, is this financing?

I am, Sir, etc,

TAXPA

PRINCE EDWARD

TODAY 3.00 NIGHT 7 AM

Matinee, Adults 11c. Children

Evening, Orchestra 26c. Balcony

Children 11c.

Car Ferry and Trains Held U

Here's a Bang Up Comedy Program Today

DOUGLAS McLEAN

IN

"ONE A MINUTE"

A Mile-a-Minute Comedy in Five Reels

Lee Moran

IN

"Foolish Lives"

Another giggle getter. Two Reels

Harold Lloyd

IN

"Look Out Below" Snub Pollard

IN

"The Bride To

All Big Laughs

Narcotic Drugs Easy in Pri

NEW YORK, Jan 26—No drugs are more easily obtained Sing Sing than on Broadway Harold Gilbert, of No. 1215 Concourse, the Bronx, testified Supreme Court Saturday.

Dr. Gilbert was a witness suit for annulment brought Marie Hamilton against Hamilton, wherein she alleges husband was a drug addict.

"Three out of ten persons ing between 20th and 50th are drug addicts," Dr. Gilbert to Justice Ford. "This is cause the drug peddlers are tered so thickly through tion of the city.

"Another deplorable thing battle against the drug evil it is so easily obtainable sons. I can take you to Sing and purchase drugs more than on Broadway."

BIG CATCHES OF MUSK

REGINA, Sask., Jan. 26— muskrat season is now in swing in all parts of the and reports received by the Provincial Government indicate an unusually large catch in Yorkton district alone over rat skins have already been ped this season, and this will be increased consider when those furs stamped side points are added. Over censes have been issued trappers in the northland.

OF SECONDARY IMPORTA

Stage manager (during re sal)—"Where is Miss Flutt can't possibly go on without leading lady."

Stage hand—"She sent she'd be too busy to come She's going to write testim for shampoos and face po

REAL INTEREST

My favorite winter pastime walking along a frosty road ing a sweet apple.—Dr. Clifford.