

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1914.

(60 PER YEAR (DELIVERED) IN ADVANCE)  
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## GERMAN RESISTANCE WEAKENING ALL ALONG THE LINE BRITISH MOHAMMEDANS DECLARE ALLEGIANCE TO EMPIRE

### SIR JOHN FRENCH'S REPORT OF A WEEK'S CONTINUOUS BATTLE

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Sir John French's report submitted today contains interesting details of the fighting in France and Flanders during the past few days. In part he says of the operations: "After the fall of Antwerp and the release of the troops besieging there, there was a gradual increase in the force of the enemy opposed to us. The resistance of detachments, which had previously consisted almost entirely of cavalry, became more determined as infantry and heavy guns came to the front line, until, on October 20th, the arrival of a large force opposite us enabled the Germans to take the offensive. Operations then assumed fresh complications. On October 21 a new German formation again pressed forward in force vigorously all along our line. Severe fighting has taken place with great losses on both sides but the situation is unchanged. In a village fight we lost several hundred missing and two cannons. Our attacks on the Aisne, east of Soissons have been successful. On our right, south of Lys, an attack on our lines was repulsed with loss. On the other hand we were driven from some ground close by to the north but regained it by a counter-attack. Still further north the Germans gained and retained some points. They inflicted casualties to the south-east of Arras were over 6,000. On North Lys, a fiercely contested action took place near La Ghe which village was captured in the morning by the enemy and then retaken by us. German casualties were extremely heavy. They came on with the greatest bravery in swarms only to be swept away by our fire. One battalion of their one hundred and fourth regiment was practically wiped out, some four hundred dead being picked up by us in our line. Incidentally by a counter-attack we took 230 prisoners and released forty of our men who had been captured. On our left our troops advanced against the German Twenty-sixth Reserve Corps near Paschendale and were met by a determined counter-offensive which was driven back with great losses. At night the Germans renewed their efforts unsuccessfully in this quarter. At one point they tried a ruse which was no longer new. As they came up in solid line two deep they shouted out "Don't fire, we are Coldstream Guards."

Our men, however, were getting used to tricks of this kind, and the only result was that they allowed the enemy's infantry to approach quite close before they swept them down with magazine fire. Apart from the 600 found near our lines in the centre of our patrols, we afterwards discovered 300 dead farther out in front of our left, killed by artillery. Thursday 22nd saw a renewal of the pressure. We succeeded in holding our ground in nearly every quarter. The Germans advanced in the evening against our centre and left, and were again hurled back, though they gained some of our trenches in the latter quarter. By this time the enemy succeeded in bringing up several heavy howitzers and our casualties were considerable. On Friday 23rd, all action south of

the Lys on our right was confined to artillery, several hostile batteries being silenced. In the centre their infantry again endeavoured to force their way forward, only to be repulsed after determined fighting, leaving many dead. In North Lys their attacks at different points were repulsed. On our left the 23rd was a bad day for the Germans. Advancing in our turn we drove them from some trenches, out of which they had captured 150 prisoners and released some of our men. As the Germans retreated our guns did great execution. They afterwards made five desperate assaults on our trenches, "Die Wacht am Rhein" as they came on.

Each assault was easily beaten back, our troops waiting until the enemy came within very close range and then opened fire with rifles and machine guns, causing terrible havoc in the solid masses. During the fighting in this quarter on the nights of the 22nd and 23rd, the German losses were again extremely heavy. We made over 600 prisoners and picked up 1,500 dead and wounded. Much of the slaughter was due to the point-blank magazine fire of our men against German assaults, while field guns and howitzers, working in perfect combination, did their share when the enemy were repulsed. As they fell back they were subjected to a shower of shrapnel. When they sought shelter in villages and buildings they were shattered and driven out by highly explosive shells, then again caught by shrapnel as they came into the open. The troops to suffer most severely were mostly of the twenty-third corps, one of their new formations mostly. The way the advance was conducted showed lack of training. The spectacle of these devoted men marching to certain death was inspiring. It was at the same time pitiable and if any proof were needed, that untrained valor alone cannot gain the day in modern war, the advance of the Twenty-third German Corps on October 23rd most furnished it.

On Saturday, October 24th, the action on our right was once more confined to artillery except at night when the Germans pressed on only to be repulsed. In the centre near Arras our troops withstood three separate attempts of the enemy to push forward, our guns coming into play with good effect. Against our left the German Twenty-seventh Corps made a violent effort with no success. The spectacle of these devoted men marching to certain death was inspiring. It was at the same time pitiable and if any proof were needed, that untrained valor alone cannot gain the day in modern war, the advance of the Twenty-third German Corps on October 23rd most furnished it.

On Sunday, October 25th, it was our turn to take the offensive. This was carried out by a portion of our left wing which advanced. We gained some ground, took two guns and eighty prisoners. In the centre fighting was severe. Towards evening we captured 200 prisoners. Up to the night of October 25th, therefore, not only have we maintained our position against great efforts on the part of the enemy to break through to the west or to force us back but we have on our left passed to the offensive. These six days have been spent by us in repelling a succession of desperate attacks.

On Sunday the Germans massed their forces in a mighty attempt to capture Ypres. Under cover of a furious cannonade, they hurled vast masses of troops against the Allies. The battle raged all day, but Ypres was not taken. Rumour says the Kaiser was personally present to encourage his troops. French official announcement to-day shows that there has been constant fighting all along the Allies' line, with varying fortunes, but nothing decisive. An unconfirmed despatch from Valparaiso, Chile, says two British cruisers were destroyed and a third disabled in an attack by five German cruisers off the coast of Chile. Another British submarine was sunk in the North Sea by a mine thrown from a German cruiser while running away from a British cruiser.

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### German Army in Belgium Retreating Precipitately. Turkey Realizes Her Error and is Trying to Back Down. Assurances are Given of Moslem Allegiance to Allies. Unconfirmed Report of Disaster to Three British Cruisers in South Pacific. British Submarine Sunk in North Sea.

#### ARABIAN TOWN OCCUPIED BY BRITISH

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The fortified town of Akabah, Arabia, on an arm of the Red Sea has been shelled and occupied by the British cruiser Minerva. The Admiralty announced this occurrence as follows:—Upon arriving at Akabah, the cruiser Minerva, Capt. Warleigh, found the place occupied by soldiers and armed natives. One of the soldiers had the appearance of a German officer. The Minerva then shelled the port and troops. The town was evacuated, and landing parties from the Minerva proceeded to destroy the forts, barracks, post office and stores. There was some loss to the enemy, but no British casualties.

#### SERVIA BREAKS OFF RELATIONS WITH TURKEY

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A Constantinople despatch states that Serbia today severed diplomatic relations with Turkey, and the Serbian Ambassador has asked for his passports, says the Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company.

#### ITALY PROHIBITS EXPORTS TO GERMANY

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A Rome despatch states that a royal decree published there prohibits the export of rice, rye and potatoes to Germany and Austria.

#### TURKISH AMBASSADOR LEAVES PETROGRAD

(Special to the Guardian)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 3.—Turkish Ambassador Fahreddin Bey has left the Russian capital. He is leaving for home via Finland.

#### BRITISH DETAINED BY TURKS.

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A telegram dated Nov. 2 was received by the Official Press Bureau from the British Consul at Mohammedrah, Persia, stating that the Consul at Baku, Asiatic Turkey, and a number of British merchants are being detained by the Turks.

#### NO PEACE BEFORE REACHING THE HEART OF GERMAN SOIL

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A despatch from Moscow to Reuters Telegram Co. says Emperor Nicholas, in telegraphing greetings to the Merchants' Association on the occasion of the opening of their session, said: "Peace is only possible when Russia reaches the heart of German soil. This is the unanimous opinion of all Muscovites. Any apprehension of peace being concluded before the Main woods and which crushed is unfounded."

#### SECRET WIRELESS IN MAINE WOODS

(Special to the Guardian)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The British Foreign Office through secret agents in this country are attempting to locate a wireless station which the German government is supposed to have in the Maine woods and which is thought to be the instrument used by the German Embassy in communicating with its government.

#### REPUBLICAN GOVERNOR ELECTED FOR NEW YORK

(Special to the Guardian)

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Secretary Smith of Tammany Hall at 7.10 p. m. conceded the election of Charles S. Whitman, Republican, for Governor over Governor Glynn, the Tammany candidate.

#### SUMMARY OF THE SITUATION

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A Berlin official report attributes the failure of the Germans entirely to the flooded state of the country, where the water was in some places over a man's head, but it declares that the army of Emperor William withdrew in good order without losses.

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—After nearly three weeks' desperate fighting the brunt of the attack has now shifted to the Ypres region, where the English army under Field Marshal Sir John French, reinforced by Indians and Territorials, apparently must meet another onslaught. To the scene of this contemplated battle, according to reports, Emperor William has gone to give encouragement to his men by his presence.

A state of war between Turkey and the one side, Russia, Great Britain and Serbia on the other, exists. The Ottoman Government appears as a house divided against itself, one portion seemingly being desirous of war while the Conservative section is trying to smooth over the situation arising from attacks upon Russian ports and ships by Turkish warships directed by German officers.

Russia apparently welcomed the war and will not give the Turks a chance to draw back, while the British cruiser, Minerva, smashed the Turkish base of operations against Egypt at the head of the Gulf of Akabah.

The Turkish Ambassador in London as yet has made no arrangements to leave.

All news from the Orient and India is reassuring. The British Empire has declared that the Mohammedan Holy Cities are immune from attack by British forces, provided the pilgrims from India are not interfered with by the Turks. At Great Britain's request France and Russia have given similar assurance. From India comes word that the Mohammedans will stand by the Empire. They declare that no religious question is now involved.

The Nizan of Hyderabad, whose state is the largest Mohammedan one in India, says: "It is the bounden duty of the Mohammedans of India to adhere to the British. There is not a country in the world where Mohammedans enjoy such liberty as they do in India."

The Peace Party in Turkey is desperately fighting to save their country from ruin, but so far there is no decision as to accepting the Allies' terms.

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#### TURKISH MINISTER BLAMES GERMANY

(Special to the Guardian)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 3.—The Turkish Ambassador to Russia, before he left the capital to-day on return to Constantinople, made the following statement: "I tried with all the force at my command to convince the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs that Turkey was not actuated by hostile feelings against Russia, and that if untoward events had taken place were not at fault. I am firmly convinced that the war will be of extremely short duration and that Turkey will assume the position she maintained before German influence became paramount at Constantinople."

It is learned at Petrograd to-day that the Turkish Consul at Batum, on the Black Sea, suddenly disappeared a week before the bombardment of the Crimean city. Petrograd authorities, acting on instructions already received, have begun the registration and arrest of all Turkish subjects. This measure was taken previous to the explosion which will occur in a week.

#### RUSSIANS TO ATTACK TURKS

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A despatch from Tiflis says: "It is announced that the Czar has ordered the Caucasian army to cross frontier to attack the Turks."

#### BRITISH SUBMARINE SUNK IN NORTH SEA

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The British submarine, D5, was sunk in the North Sea early this morning by a mine which was thrown out by a German cruiser retreating before a British cruiser. Two officers and two men of the submarine were saved.

This information is contained in an Admiralty report issued to-night. The report says the German squadron fired on the British gunboat, Naloyan, which was patrolling, wounding one man. Various naval movements were made, the report continues, as a result of which the Germans retreated rapidly, and although shadowed by light cruisers they could not be brought into sea action.

The rear-most German cruiser, in retreating threw out a number of mines, and the submarine was sunk by one of these.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

#### RUSSIANS NOW SECURELY ENTRENCHED WITHIN THE PRUSSIAN FRONTIER

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Star to-day publishes a despatch from its Petrograd correspondent, dated November 3rd, in which he says the Russians are now securely established inside of

the East Prussian frontier. Emperor William has 20 miles of barbed wire fence around his big game preserve at Rominten. This, the correspondent says, is now in possession of his enemies.

#### WAR HAS COST OVER 2,000,000 LIVES

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Daily News attempts to estimate the losses incurred in the war. The Prussian army official list shows 251,000 casualties in the first six weeks. This would bring the total German loss proportionately for that time to 314,000. The reports of the casualties are never up to date at the time of issue. The casualties have at least doubled since then, making the German total 700,000.

The British losses are now probably about 600,000. The French total is very heavy, although unknown. The Russians lost 80,000 in one battle alone. Probably between two million and three million men of all nations are killed, wounded or missing as a result of eleven weeks' war.

#### THE FLOODS IN CHINA AFFECT MILLIONS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Official despatches received from the American legation at Peking to-day reported that the flood in the Hwai river district in China was spreading, and that a million people were affected by it. No details were given.

### DISASTER TO BRITISH CRUISERS IN ENCOUNTER WITH GERMAN FLEET

(Special to the Guardian)

VALPARAISO, Chile, Nov. 3.—The German warships Gneisenau, Scharnhorst, Nurburg, Leipzig and Dresden today attacked a British fleet off Coronel, Chile. The British cruiser Monmouth was sunk, the cruiser Good Hope was very badly damaged and as she was on fire is supposed to have been lost. The British cruiser Glasgow took refuge in the harbor of Coronel and is now bottled up. The German battleships Scharnhorst, Nurburg and Gneisenau anchored at midday today in Valparaiso Harbor uninjured.

The British cruisers Good Hope, Monmouth and Glasgow were under command of Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Craddock had been searching the coasts of South America for several weeks with the object of engaging the German cruisers which had been destroying British merchant vessels. The British cruiser Monmouth, reported sunk in the engagement to-day, was 440 feet long, 66 feet beam, 2,500 tons displacement. She carried fourteen six-inch guns, eight three-inch guns, three three-pounders and two 18-inch torpedo tubes. She was fitted with two 18-inch torpedo tubes. Her complement was 665 men. She was built in 1899.

The Good Hope, also reported lost, was the flagship of the squadron. She was 500 feet long, 71 feet beam, displacement 14,000 tons. She represented the British nation at the Jamestown exposition in 1907. Her armament consisted of two 9.2-inch guns, sixteen 6-inch guns, fourteen 3-inch guns, three 3-pounders and two 18-inch torpedo tubes. She had a complement of 900 men. The Good Hope was built 13 years ago.

The light cruiser Glasgow, which took refuge at Coronel, was built in

1909. She was 430 feet long, 47 feet beam, and displaced 4,800 tons. She had 378 men. Her armament consisted of two six-inch guns and ten four-inch guns. She was equipped with two 18-inch torpedo tubes.

Sir Christopher Craddock who commanded the squadron was in charge of the British fleet in Mexican waters at the time American marines occupied Vera Cruz.

The German armoured cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau are sister ships of 11,600 tons. Both were built in 1906 and are 440 feet long on the waterline. They have a complement of 765 men. Each of the two vessels carried eight 8.2-inch and six 6-inch machine guns. Each has four torpedo tubes.

Both Scharnhorst and Gneisenau on Sept. 22 last bombarded and destroyed Papete, the principal town and port of the French island of Tahiti, in the society group in the Pacific Ocean. They also sank and dismantled the French gunboat Zeelee in Papete Harbor.

The Nurburg is a small cruiser of 3,540 tons and carries a complement of 295 men. She has ten 4.1-inch guns, eight 5-pounders, four machine guns and two torpedo tubes. This is the vessel believed to have cut the cable connecting the United States with Australia in September shortly after she left Honolulu.

The Dresden and Leipzig which are reported to have been engaged in the battle but the whereabouts of which following it, has not been divulged, are also small cruisers.

The British cruiser Glasgow is said to have been badly damaged in the naval battle off Coronel.

#### SPIRITUAL HEAD OF MOSLEMS ADVISES ALLEGIANCE TO BRITAIN

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 3.—His Highness Aga Khan, who is known as the spiritual head of the Mohammedans in India, East Africa and Central Asia, has sent a telegram from London addressed to Moslems in India and other British dominions, in which he expresses his deep sorrow that Turkey has joined hands with Germany in the war. Aga Khan says: "This is not

of the free will of the Sultan, but the will of German officers and other Moslems, who have forced him to do their bidding."

He declares, further, that Turkey has now lost her position as the "Crown of Islam." She has drawn her sword in an unholy cause, and the duty of Moslems to-day is to remain loyal and faithful to their temporal and secular allegiance.

#### BRITISH AND FRENCH SUBJECTS FORCIBLY DETAINED IN TURKEY

(Special to the Guardian)

WASHINGTON, D.C., Nov. 3.—The Turkish Minister of War ordered subjects in England, France and other British and French subjects from Turkey, which United States Ambassador Morley had arranged on Sunday to

leave Constantinople. The Minister of War declared that until Turkish subjects in Egypt as well as in England and France were given assurances of protection and permitted to leave the country all British and French subjects would be held in Turkey.

#### COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

ONE CENT per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany all orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

\*\*Notice with P. A. Gillis consent. I have removed my name from the firm of Rodd and Gillis, signed J. T. Rodd, Harrington. 6343-11-3M2L

\*\*CINEMA SHOW.—Do you want to enter the Cinema Show business? You can have complete equipment to travel the country for \$150. Marvellous offer. For particulars apply The Guardian Office. 6155-10-12M2L

\*\*Don't forget to hear Rev. W. P. McVie's lecture on Wednesday evening next in the Central Christian Church, at 8 o'clock. A large number of views will be shown by stereopticon. 6353-2L

\*\*A SOCIAL AND SUPPER will be held in St. George's Hall, on Thursday, Nov. 5. A good musical programme is being prepared. Tickets, 20 cents. Children, 10 cents. 6275-10-31M5I

\*\*IF WAR AFFECTS YOUR DECISION to buy a typewriter, why not place your order with me to deliver a Remington or Smith Premier Typewriter to you the day that Peace is declared. A. Milne Fraser, Halifax, N. S. 6355-11-4M1L

\*\*SEAL RIVER BLACK FOX CO., LTD.—The annual general meeting of the above company will be held in the Board of Trade rooms on Saturday, Nov. 7, at 11 a. m. Shareholders unable to attend kindly mail proxies to the undersigned at once. BENJAMIN ROGERS, Acting Secretary. 6337-11-3M3I

#### CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges twenty-five cents. MIF.

PRIME SAUSAGES.—Best in the city. Finest selected young pork. Drake & Co. 6262-10-28M1M

LOST—LAUNDRY PARCEL OWNERS name attached. Please leave at King George Hotel. 6356-11-M2L

LOST ON NOVEMBER 2nd, BETWEEN Rankins Drug Store and Guardian Office, a Rebecca pin. Finder please leave at Guardian Office.

LOST—YOUNG BULL 1½ YEARS old, black, white. Anybody knowing the whereabouts of same kindly write Wm. Yeo, Kingston, P. E. I. 6362-11-4M3L

FOR SALE—ANY TEACHER DESIRING a set of Practical Reference Library published by Hanson Bellows Co., may obtain same at a considerable reduction by applying at this office. 6757-9-25M2M

LOST—A BLACK FUR COLLAR, on May 14th, between Hunter River and New Glasgow. Finder please leave at George McQuiggin's, Hunter River and receive reward. 6357-11-3M3I

TEACHERS HOLDING PROFESSIONAL certificates required for graded and rural schools commencing New Year's. Apply stating qualifications in full to Canadian Teachers' Agency, Regina, for Saskatchewan schools; 209, Beveridge Block, Calgary, for Alberta positions, and 1850 Cotton Drive, Vancouver, for appointments in B. C. 659-11-4M1M

Minard's Liniment Cures Rheumatism

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows