

Company Holds Annual Meeting

The annual general business meeting of Bruce Stewart & Co. Ltd., was held in the company's office Monday evening with the president, Hon. F. R. Hertz in the chair.

In the directors' report and financial statement, submitted by the secretary treasurer it was shown that owing to the present economic situation the company was unable to report as satisfactory a year as formerly.

The volume of business was very much less than the previous year but notwithstanding the serious times we were passing through the company was able to report a balance on the right side showing a small profit for the year.

It was the directors' belief recovery was certain but they must realize a flying leap could not be taken from depression to prosperity. Four years of depression have been passed and the optimistic view was expressed that they were near the end. The return to normal conditions will be gradual and will be determined largely by the resourcefulness and ingenuity of the people.

The trade of the company with the fishing industry in the sale of imperial gasoline engines, parts and supplies was well maintained, though the volume of business in this line was considerable less than the previous year.

It was shown a large amount was paid for wages, but less than that paid last year.

Regret was expressed at the passing during the year of three shareholders, Messrs. Donald Nicholson, William Coles and S. C. Clark.

The following officers were re-elected:

Frank R. Hertz, President; Frank M. Stewart, Vice President; C. L. MacKay, Secretary Treasurer; John A. MacNair, Chas. H. Chandler and D. D. Morrison, directors.

REVIEWS WORK

(Continued from Page 1)

Skunks and Mr. Lea

The Opposition leader had given Mr. Sharp credit for two things. One was in connection with the extermination of skunks, and the other in representing the Province worthily at different agricultural meetings at Toronto and elsewhere.

"For his complimentary remarks in this connection I thank my hon. friend very much," Mr. Sharp said. "I might add that in so far as skunks are concerned I am very pleased to have been of some assistance to the Province."

A few years ago, he continued, it was believed that skunks could be bred profitably and some pairs were ranch in the Opposition leader's own district of Fourth Prince. The animals, proving unprofitable, were released, and their progeny had spread, particularly throughout Fourth Prince and First and Second Queen's Counties. Last year the Department of Agriculture inaugurated a system whereby a bounty of fifty cents was placed on each skunk, and during the year some 5,000 of the animals were exterminated. The Fourth District of Prince received a large amount of the bounty payments.

The benefit of the campaign was then dealt with, Mr. Sharp picturing amusingly the possibility of the Opposition leader coming off "second best" in an encounter with one of these pests as he was going about admiring the scenery and scenting the apple blossoms on his farm.

"If we are to be called the St. Patricks of Prince Edward Island," Mr. Sharp added, "I for one will only be too proud of the distinction and to know that we have done something to eradicate the skunk nuisance from this Island."

Answers Criticism

Mr. Sharp then took up the Opposition leader's criticism of the Department of Agriculture. He had understood Mr. Lea to say that an increase in milk cows should have been obtained, and he was wondering whether the suggestion meant that we should adopt the Soviet policy of importing breeding stock.

Mr. Lea replied that he had not advised an increase in number, but in quality and production through cow tests.

Mr. Sharp said he would come to this subject. He then proceeded to summarize in the following manner the Government's activities for livestock improvement.

Calf Clubs

There are now 19 Calf Clubs in operation in the Province, 8 of these were organized in 1932 and 8 in 1931. In 1932 over 200 calves of which 100 were registered were fed and cared for by the members. The great majority of these were selected and placed in the hands of members by Departmental officials. Our Department paid a bonus of 1-3 of the cost price of calves purchased by members up to a maximum of \$10.00 each.

In October a Central Calf Club Competition was held at Charlottetown and the expenses of transportation were paid by the Department. In addition a substantial Prize List was arranged and paid by the Department. It is the intention to push this work during the present season as there is no better way of improving the livestock industry and establishing improved herds of cattle.

Bulls

Many private sales of bulls were arranged through the Department, particularly of bull calves. As a matter of fact a larger number were distributed last year, according to officials of the Department, than in any one year previous.

Bull Loaning organizations now number 49. Most of these were placed in 1931 and 1932 when the Federal Government took over the jurisdiction of this work.

Cow Testing

Cow Testing work has also undergone rapid extension. In 1929 there were only 5 associations operating in the province. In 1932 there were 22 associations operating with a corresponding large number of herds. This work is also being vigorously pushed.

Judging Demonstrations

In 1932 over 100 Judging Demonstrations with Boys' and Girls' Clubs and in connection with Field Days were held. These Demonstrations attracted quite large groups of farmers and junior farmers and questions relating to feed-

ing, breeding and handling of livestock were discussed.

Sheep and Swine

In 1932 the first Ram Show and Sale was conducted in the Province. New Ram Clubs were organized. Sheep Fairs and Bacon Hog Fairs were further extended. Advanced Registry was given every support while a new Bacon Board Policy was inaugurated between the Federal Livestock Branch and the Provincial Department of Agriculture to encourage the use of good bacon type boars. Eleven clubs for this purpose were organized.

Federal-Provincial Co-operation Mr. Sharp then referred to a meeting of the Provincial Ministers of Agriculture with the Federal Minister at Ottawa. This had resulted in the organization of a National Advisory Committee, composed of representatives from each Province together with the Federal Minister and some of his officials. The idea was to eliminate duplication of work as between the federal and provincial departments. As a result, we have now practically no duplication of federal and provincial work in this Province.

Reference was also made by Mr. Sharp to the success of the agricultural short course being conducted in the Prince of Wales College.

Referring to Mr. T. A. Campbell's criticism of the Government's road maintenance policy, Mr. Sharp explained that before the closing of navigation last year ships were being loaded from at least five ports in the Province with potato cargoes. It was necessary to rush the product of the farm to the ships' side and get there with the least possible delay and to have closed the roads at that time would have meant heavy loss to the farm producers.

(Mr. Campbell replied that his remarks had reference to the late December and January season.)

Horse Breeding

Continuing, Mr. Sharp pointed out that while the Opposition leader had criticised the Department for doing little to promote horse breeding, the Liberal Representative for Rustico (Mr. LePage) had said it was not much use in promoting horse breeding because the horses cannot be sold. There appeared, therefore, to be a divided opinion in Opposition ranks on this question.

The only stallion the Government possessed when Mr. Sharp assumed the Agricultural portfolio was placed on the road and travelled through the Third and Fourth Districts of Queen's and Fourth Prince. This, he pointed out, was the first time this policy had been followed.

Inquiries were also made with respect to the purchase of a Percheron stallion for the Province. The opinion of Mr. Saunders, at Ottawa, as to the qualification of a certain animal was obtained. It was found that there were horses in this Province far superior to any that could be purchased in Ontario or Quebec at that time. "Therefore," continued Mr. Sharp, "no purchase was made because we were not prepared to bring an inferior animal to this Province to compete with horses privately owned of a superior type."

TRADE WITH U. S.

The speaker then dealt with the question of Reciprocity as referred to by Opposition speakers. He cited the divergent views of Liberals on the tariff question. The Conservatives, he pointed out, stood not for high but for equitable tariffs. Under Liberal regime United States could sell \$400,000,000 of products in this country, while shutting out Canadian products from their own markets. That was the situation when Premier Bennett assumed office. Within the last two years the imports of American products dropped \$200,000,000. United States is now anxious to recover this trade and a satisfactory reciprocal tariff arrangement may be arrived at. This undoubtedly is a subject which Premier Bennett has had in mind all along. The Liberals, however, are "just a little afraid that Mr. Bennett is going to make an agreement." This, Mr. Sharp showed, was why Messrs. Duff and A. E. MacLean, M. P., were so eager to move a "Reciprocity" resolution in Parliament. They anticipated what was coming, and wished to prevent the Bennett Government from getting any credit.

"The fact of the matter is that Premier Bennett had the idea when he came into power," said Mr. Sharp. "I believe we are on the eve of a trade agreement with the United States that will be very beneficial to the Maritime Provinces."

Mr. Sharp concluded by stating that he would reserve for the Budget debate any further statements he had to make.

Central

(Continued from Page 1)

cheese were low, farmers who had remained in the dairy industry had fared best, especially those who grew their own feeds. Eggs and poultry were the next best from point of revenue. The pork industry suffered from low prices. Exports of pork to Great Britain had dwindled greatly since 1926.

Large quantities of potatoes in storage in Toronto and Montreal were blamed by Mr. Brodie for the cause of prevailing price levels for that commodity. Disadvantage suffered by Island farmers from high freight rates in his competition with western farmers was a great drawback, he said. The appointing of a shipping agent in Charlottetown to keep farmers institutes and clubs in touch with markets was advocated, and closer co-operation urged. Mr. Brodie was glad to note that farmers had begun breeding their own horses, which were of the best class. Assistance to cranberry culture should be given, Mr. Brodie believed.

The value of Illustration Stations, boys' and girls' clubs, and the agriculture short course, was stressed by the speaker, and the lack of interest in farmers' institutes deplored. The requiring of demurrage by the railway on cars left loaded or unloaded for more than two days was a hardship, and Mr. Brodie believed that four days should be given.

As a bonus of 2 cents a pound on cattle shipped to the United Kingdom was given by the Government, and cheaper railway rates were provided, and as last year western farmers were given a bonus of 5 cents a bushel on their wheat, some compensation should be given the eastern farmers. The carrying of lights by vehicles was also referred to.

With reference to Maritime Union, Mr. Brodie thought that as an economy measure it would be better to reduce the number of the members of the Legislature from thirty to fifteen.

Mr. J. W. Boulter explained in reference to Mr. Brodie's address that in September the farmers had been advised not to sell their potatoes at that time. When the prices rose to about 45 cents on Dec. 1, few farmers had got rid of their potatoes.

A firm of Ontario, had been interviewed with a view of shipping cranberries to them last Fall, but an early frost had killed the crops. The cost of flooding the areas to protect the crops from frost would be excessive, \$1,500 an acre.

Mr. W. D. Ross believed that the number of representatives in the legislature should be reduced from 30 to 15.

Important Industry

Hon. Thomas McNutt, Minister of Agriculture, expressed appreciation of the slides shown by Mr. MacIntyre. Reference was made to the importance of the agriculture industry, on which depended the king as well as the merchant. The demands today were different from what they were years ago, as farmers were now in competition with the whole world. The only solution was to keep pace with the world.

Many problems such as freight rates entered into the question of marketing. Tribute was paid to the work of Mr. J. O. Hyndman in this connection. Production marketing and other problems would be discussed at all farmers' meetings. In connection with the short course, Mr. McNutt expressed his satisfaction on the diligent manner in which the boys had conducted themselves. The education of boys on the higher principles of farming would have the effect of raising the standard of citizenship. Prince Edward Island, the Garden of the Gulf, and every farm a model farm should be the object of all. In closing Mr. McNutt extended the welcome of the Agricultural Department.

Home Grown Feeds

Mr. W. J. Reid, in connection with the subject of home grown feeds, stated that the problem of feeding the dairy cow was a very important one, as the cow was the standby for the family chequer. At present the butter price was low, and profits small, with the result that cheap feeding was a matter of prime importance. At present, clover hay was a general crop. In case of a shortage of hay or where a reliable substitute was required, oats, peas, and vetches were best. Good pasturage, as Mr. MacIntyre had pointed out, was also important. Short rotations quickly exhausted the supply of humus, which could be restored by the application of manure. Manure would take hold of fertilizer, would hold it in chemical combination, and would release it as the plant required the food.

Mr. W. H. MacGregor also spoke on the same subject.

Mr. J. A. Campbell, M. L. A., expressed his pleasure on being present. An exchange of views was always of value. Mr. MacIntyre's address had been interesting and in-

structive. Mr. Campbell thought that the Department of Agriculture should occasionally send out an official to give an address to the farmers. Bills which came before the House should be discussed at such meetings as that then in session.

Mr. W. H. MacGregor thought that the planting of trees should be considered for lands unfit for agriculture. Reforestation had been taken up seriously in Ontario.

Mr. Mont Anear, M. L. A., advocated the growing of corn for a light sandy soil. He thought the progress of many farmers was retarded due to the fact that they worked alone.

Mr. Aeneas Gallant, M.L.A., expressed his interest in the proceedings of the evening. Meetings of such kinds were not held frequently enough. He was glad to know of the agricultural courses established in the college. There were too many farmer boys studying for higher professions, which were overcrowded.

Dr. J. A. Clark related some of the experiences he had had on the Experimental Farm with fertilization of pastures. He recommended the use of fertilizer for pasture or timothy hay.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Fewer Representatives

Whereas at the present time the legislature of this province consists of thirty members, a representation of ten from each county and whereas at present we have fifteen districts each electing two representatives would not the present economic time be opportune to reduce the number of representatives to sixteen members, each two districts as at present be amalgamated giving our capital city the right of two representatives.—Adopted.

Therefore resolved that the Central Farmers' Institute place itself on record as being in favor of said change.

Demurrage

Whereas under present railway regulations the time allowed for loading and unloading cars without demurrage is two days.

And whereas a large quantity of fertilizer lime and produce are moving during the bad roads in spring. We the farmers here assembled deem the period of two days too short for the purpose.

Be it therefore resolved that said time be extended to four days without demurrage.

Whereas the management of the C. N. R. in conjunction with other railroads has seen fit to inaugurate a system of week end and short excursions to Montreal, Quebec, Boston and other large cities thus enabling pleasure seekers opportunities not previously enjoyed.

Be it therefore resolved that we the Central Farmers Institute in annual session respectfully ask that like privileges be granted to our farmers and families to our larger fairs where they may receive valuable instructions as well as a brief holiday.

Limestone

Whereas, lime in some form is vitally necessary for the production of certain field crops and whereas we are informed that Nova Scotia farmers are receiving aid from their Government in the matter of freight rates,

Therefore be it resolved that we petition our local Government for a similar arrangement in the matter of ground limestone.

Foreclosures

Whereas, we view with alarm the deplorable condition to which agriculture has fallen, due to the excessive low prices we receive for farm produce,

And whereas, many farmers in this province, throughout Canada and United States, are threatened with foreclosure of mortgaged property.

And whereas our sympathies should extend toward those unfortunate, who find themselves caught by unexpected emergency of depressed market values and unpaid farms.

Therefore be it resolved that we should demand of our Provincial Government a moratorium measure, as regards foreclosure of mortgaged farms, until such a time, as conditions right themselves.

(This resolution was in accord with one adopted recently by the Union Farmers' Institute at Egmont Bay.)

Whereas, we recognize our co-operative organizations as being the most valued means of marketing our farm products.

And whereas, we feel that members of co-operatives should have more adequate protection as regards the security and financial standing of each organization.

Therefore be it resolved, that we demand of our provincial government an oversight of the books of

CENTRAL GUARDIAN

This column is reserved for Queen's County news of local interest but advertising of a new nature may be inserted at 4 cents a word strictly payable in advance.

IS RECOVERING—The many friends of Mr. A. J. Dougan, Ex-Sheriff of Queens County, will be pleased to learn that he is recovering satisfactorily in the City Hospital from a serious operation which necessitated the amputation of his right leg.

OBSERVED FEAST—The philosophy class of St. Dunstan's University observed yesterday the Feast of St. Thomas Aquinas by a banquet at the Queen Hotel at 1.30. The forty-six students in the class had as their guests Rev. Dr. Murphy, rector of the university and Rev. J. Sullivan, professor of philosophy. Speeches were delivered and a toast list honored in addition to a short musical program.

BRAVE ACT—His Worship Mayor Stewart received a letter asking for information as to the possibility of securing a life saving medal for Miss Mary E. Trainor, teacher at Waterville School in this province. On February 19th, Ernestine Mortimer, the young daughter of Harry T. Mortimer, of Waterville, fell into the creek flowing into Wisner's mill dam near the school, in about ten feet of water. The little girl was going down for the third time when Miss Trainor, who was returning from dinner, at once plunged in and rescued her. Otherwise she would have been drowned. This courageous and meritorious act is deserving of some special recognition, and it is to be hoped that some action in this regard will be taken as soon as possible.

Rev. M. M. Coady, Ph.D. Extension Department of St. P. X. University, Antigonish, N. S., has arrived in the city and will address a public meeting in Prince of Wales College Hall this evening in connection with the Farmers' Week meetings.

our primary co-operatives and request the members of the correctness of financial statement issued.

GOLD FISH FREE WITH PURCHASES AMOUNTING TO SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS OF THE REGALL LINE. Such as Stationers, Tooth Paste, Talcum, Shaving Cream, Candy Mixtures, Cod Liver Oil and Preparations, Household Remedies, etc. WE WILL GIVE A GLASS GLOBE WITH TWO FISH-COLORED PEBBLES - WATER WEED. KIDDIES LOVE THEM OLDER FOLKS ENJOY THEM. A GLOBE OF THESE FISH MAKES A NOVEL AND ATTRACTIVE ORNAMENT. SOAP SPECIAL 4 Cakes Baby's Own For 25c. CANDY SPECIAL ONE POUND DELICIOUS TRULY GOOD WALNUT TOPPED CHOCOLATES FOR 35 CENTS. TOILET SPECIAL Jasmine Body Powder \$1.25 Jasmine Bath salts 60c Both \$1.60. Ross-Drug-United

Trinity United Church WEDNESDAY 3.00—Ladies' Aid, meeting for sewing. 7.30—Congregational Prayer Service—Visitors welcome—Heart Memorial Hall. 8.30—Official Board—Adjourned Meeting. SUMMERSIDE and Prince County. EXPORTS IN CATTLE HEAVY Shipments To United Kingdom Resumed Yesterday. MONTREAL, March 7.—After a lapse of a week owing to lack of suitable accommodation, cattle exports from Canada to the United Kingdom will be heavy this week. The S. S. Salaria sailed from Saint John today with approximately 440 head for Glasgow. Two ships leave Saint John tomorrow, the S. S. Air-three with 520 head and the S. S. Manchester commerce with 493 head both bound for Birkenhead. Shipments this week will total 1454 head and bring exports to date to 6,251 head.

Special Sale Of WHITE LAYER FELT MATTRESSES. Regular Values To \$16.75. \$9.95. NOT A SALE OF "STUFFED THINGS" TO LIE ON AT NIGHT - BUT GENUINE WHITE LAYER FELT MATTRESSES WORTH TO \$16.75 FOR THE PRICE YOU WOULD EXPECT TO PAY FOR AN ORDINARY MATTRESS. THE REASON? JUST ONE OR TWO OF EACH KIND LEFT IN VARIOUS TICKINGS. ALL MUST GO! THERE'S ONE TO FIT YOUR BED - BUT BE QUICK! Avail Yourself of These Special Values JUST ARRIVED Plain White Tea Plates 23 Pc. TEASETS \$1.39 6 For 39c. HOLMAN'S CHARLOTTETOWN

BIRTHS

VESSEY—At Gaytown, on Wednesday, March 1, 1933, to Mr. and Mrs. Roland Vessey, a daughter.

DUMAS—At St. Eleanor's on March 4th, 1933, to Mr. and Mrs. Jack Thomas (nee Ada Winchester) a son.

MCKENNA—At Baldwin's Road on Sunday, Feb. 12, 1933, to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. McKenna a son, John Arthur.

MARRIAGES

LAWLOR—CASWELL — At St. Dunstan's Basilica, Feb. 28, 1933, by Rev. Father McCarthy, Mary Caswell of Pleasant Grove to Richard Lawlor of Charlottetown.

DEATHS

Mass., March 7, Isabel Lillian, daughter of the late Wallace D. and Mrs. Penelope McIntyre. Funeral notice later.

Card of Thanks

Mr. Horace McKinnon and family, Keppoch, wish to thank the neighbors and friends for their many kindness to them during their recent sad bereavement. 6286-3-8-11.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of our dear Mother, Mrs. John MacLean, who departed this life March 8th, 1932. Day by day we all do miss her. Words would fall our loss to tell. But in Heaven we hope to meet her. Happy there with Christ to dwell. Inserted by the Family. 6291-3-8-11.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving remembrance of our dear Father and Husband, Mr. Walter E. Robertson, who departed this life March 8th, 1932.

Had he asked us, well we know We should say, "O spare the blow" with streaming tears should pray, "Lord, we love him, let him stay." In love he lived, in peace he died, His life was asked, but God denied. Inserted by His Wife and Family. 6281-3-8-11.

N. D. MacLean

UNDERAKER EMBLENER Charlottetown and North Wiltshire Phone 149