MAXIMS OF A MERE MAN

True goodness is like the glow-worm in this that it shines most when no eyes except those of heaven are upon it.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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Covers Prince Edward Island Like the Dew

MAXIMS OF A MERE MAN

Drudgery is as necessary to call out the treasures of the mind as harrowing and planting those of the earth.

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JAPANESE SITUATION CONTINUES CRITICAL

Censorship Is Again Applied In New Crisis

Insurgent Soldiers Refuse To Evacuate Government Buildings As Was Indicated In Early Reports.

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

The situation in Japan arising out of the assassination of government leaders remained critical today, it was indicated in reports reaching outside points.

A Reuters dispatch from Shanghai said censorship again had been applied in Tokyo.

A Domei (Japanese News Agency) dispatch to a Los Angeles paper said a new crisis arose when insurgent soldiers had not withdrawn from government buildings by eight a.m. Tokyo time, as they had earlier agreed to do.

Although military sources denied it, civilian circles said the insurrectionists capitulated upon the express order of Emperor Hirohito. Details of the compromise agreement were not disclosed.

TENSION RELAXED

Tension was greatly relaxed in Tokyo, although a state of martial law was still in force. The first and second battle fleets had arrived in Tokyo and Osaka Bays.

Glenn Babb, chief of the Associated Press Bureau in Tokyo, in a story telephoned across the Pacific, said that Friday morning, less than an hour before the insurrectionists were scheduled to return to their barracks, there was no sign of any such move.

Some quarters saw a crisis developing between army and navy commands, a Havas dispatch said. High naval officials were said to be indignant at indications leniency would be extended the assassins.

The naval leaders were reported in favor of Admiral Samamoto as Premier, while the insurgents were said to want Gen. Nyzaki or Prince Konoye.

Gives Vivid Account Of Tokyo Revolt

(The following story of the Tokyo revolt came out of Japan by trans-Pacific telephone to the United States Thursday night shortly after Japanese authorities lifted telephone restrictions.

Glenn Babb, chief of the Associated Press Bureau in Tokyo, dictated the story after an all-night survey of the situation.)

By Glenn Babb,
Associated Press Foreign Staff
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By The Associated Press
(By Guardian's Special Wire)

TOKYO, Feb. 28.— (Friday, 7:45 A. M.) — (By Trans-Pacific Telephone to San Francisco) — Tense Japan, facing prospective military or Fascist government, waited this morning for the 1,000 army insurgents to carry out an agreement to return to their barracks.

Four elder statesmen were assassinated Wednesday morning by the insurgent group, in which the highest officer is a captain.

Only the army can clean up the mess. There is no civilian authority capable of restoring order.

While the government is nominally headed by Home Minister Fumio Goto, carrying on as acting Premier at Emperor Hirohito's request, the Imperial princes and high army officials stand before the surviving members of the Cabinet in conference with the Emperor.

(Continued on Page 3)

Concession to Militarists

A government to succeed Okada's is still to be formed. Political observers predicted it would be a Rightist one—a concession to the militarists.

Anxiety in capitals of other leading powers relaxed somewhat. The situation had been viewed with deep misgivings, especially in Moscow and Nanking.

Karl Radek, authoritative Soviet commentator, asserted the revolt would mean "a further shift toward military Fascism."

"It may have very serious consequences in Japan's foreign policy," he added.

In London, quarters close to the government saw the greatest significance in the fact that Emperor Hirohito apparently is still relying on the counsel of "elder statesmen" —to whom the militarists are opposed.

This apparent rebuff to nationalists, it was believed, provides a stiff although temporary check to army elements.

Army Control Seen

If the Japanese people, however, do not forcefully repudiate the action of the assassins it was feared in London, the army might be eventual victors and succeed in gathering more power.

The French Chamber of Deputies ratified the mutual assistance pact with Soviet Russia despite the Japanese crisis. Hope was held in Germany that the revolt might lead France to repudiate the pact.

Should Japan and Russia go to war France is not pledged to aid the Soviet, however. The treaty applies only to cases of "aggression" in Europe.

Italian newspapers asserted the Tokyo crisis showed the world faced more burning questions than the "colonial campaign" in Ethiopia.

COMING EVENTS

**Hockey at Highfield tonight, West Royalty Bearcats vs. Sherwood Tigers, third final playoff. Admission 15 cents. L-3236

**Play-off game at Milton Rink tonight, Brackley Rovers vs. Hornets. Skate after. L-3235

**Hockey at Graham's Road Rink tonight, New Glasgow Imperials vs. Graham's Road Monarchs. L-3241

**The best in Belanger all cast ranges, Fred H. Trainor, 80 Grafton St. L-3214

**Annual meeting Farmers' Institute at Uigg Thursday, March 5. Feed and seed prices will be quoted. Loading hogs Tuesday afternoon, March 3. Sgd., W. D. Ross. L-3208

**Buying live hogs at Albany Thursday, Feb. 27th; Emerald Friday, 28th, until noon. G. C. Green. L-3121

**I. O. F. Annual Meeting of Court Hillsboro 1012 will be held in K. of P. Hall, February 28 at 8 P. M. Important that all members be present. By order Dr. J.E. Blanchard Chief Ranger. L-3229-2-28-1i

Refuses Application For Postponement Of Bannister Trials

DORCHESTER, N. B., Feb. 27—Trials of Arthur Bannister, his brother Daniel, and their mother, Mrs. May Bannister, will be held at the present sitting of the Westmorland circuit court after completion of three other criminal cases on the docket, Chief Justice J. H. Barry decided today in refusing an application for postponement by H. Murray Lambert, counsel for the Bannisters.

The other cases were expected to be finished by Saturday, and in this event either the kidnapping or one of the murder trials would start Monday. Yesterday the grand jury returned true bills against Arthur and Daniel on separate charges of murdering Philip Lake and his common law wife, and a true bill was reported against Mrs. Bannister on three counts of an indictment charging her with kidnapping and abducting Lake's infant daughter. The grand jury also indicted the brothers on kidnapping and abduction charges.

FRENCH CHAMBER RATIFIES SOVIET TREATY

SOUTH AFRICAN WAR VETERANS BANQUETED

Great War Veterans Join In Celebrating 36th Anniversary of Paardeberg.

Prince Edward Island's few remaining veterans of the South African war, and comrades of a younger generation who battled for the mother country in 1914, last night joined to celebrate the 36th anniversary of the Canadians at Paardeberg during the Boer war.

Of the 83 men who left the province to fight in the South African campaigns, only a bare dozen remain. Four fell in battle, the others before the ravages of time.

Last night eight South African veterans entertained at their annual banquet. They heard and told stories of experiences long past, were toasted by their guests and then rose to observe silence to the memory of departed fellow-campaigners.

Col. H. D. Johnson, M. D., a veteran of both the South African and Great War, was master of ceremonies and proposed the toasts to the country, the province, the city of Charlottetown, the defence forces of Canada. Major R. C Chandler proposed the toast to the South African war veterans.

Col. W. Chester S. McLure answered the toast to Canada.

"Canada stands as a young nation at the forefront of the world today. Its record of trade and commerce during the past few trying years are unexcelled," Col. McLure said.

He paid tribute to Prince Edward Island Boer veterans gathered for their 36th anniversary celebration in a few well chosen words.

Minister of Health Mark R. McGuigan answered the toast to the province for Premier Thane A. Campbell who was unable to assist at the veterans' dinner.

Mr. McGuigan suggested "if we boosted our province a little more it might help to bring back prosperity." He said generally natives of the Island were inclined to disparage their province. A change of feeling toward the native country might help considerably to bring back good times the Minister thought.

Chairman G. W. McLeod responded to the toast to the city of Charlottetown.

A toast to the Canadian Legion was replied to by President Jack Hillion.

Mr. Hillion told the Boer veter-

(Continued on Page 6)

Horrors Of War Debated

(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

LONDON, Feb. 22—An opposition motion to reduce supplementary estimates providing among other things for training of fire brigades, police and red cross units in anti-gas drills was defeated in the House of Commons today, 235 to 114. Debate on the horrors of war, produced by the motion, included a sarcastic reference to the United States' participation in the last war.

Stating that he was attached to the United States army as an instructor during the Great War, J. Ede said: "They used to boast they had gas so strong it would not merely kill people but would bring back prisoners. It is a typical claim of an army which won the war in six weeks."

A. Ammon, opposing the estimates quoted Dr. Ivor Jones of Chicago as saying he had discovered a new poison gas "likely to destroy armies as a man might snuff out a candle."

"The spreading of plagues by bacteria is considered as a possible essential of any future war," said Ammon.

Conservatives charged that the Labor party's attitude toward defence questions is "flatulent and stupid."

B.I.S. Funeral Notice

All members of the B. I. S. please meet at the hall 8 o'clock this morning to attend the funeral of the Late Brother Peter Flynn.

R. E. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Britain Moves To Co-ordinate Empire Defense Forces

(C.P.-Havas, By Guardian's Special Wire)

LONDON, Feb. 27—Great Britain tonight moved to co-ordinate the land, sea and air defenecs of the Empire with official announcement of a new cabinet ministership to act for the government defence committees.

Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin announced the new official would be appointed as a minister without portfolio with the title of vice-chairman on two existing committees, the committee for imperial defence and the committee on defence policy and requirements.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE PENAL REFORM

Commission To Be Headed By Justice Archambault, Montreal.

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

OTTAWA, Feb. 27—Administration of Canada's penal sytsem and the possibilities of its improvement and reform, will be studied by a three-man royal commission set up by order-in-council passed today and announced by Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of justice.

Mr. Justice Joseph Archambault, Montreal, a judge of the Quebec Superior Court, will head the commission, and will have associated with him R. W. Craig, K. C., Winnipeg barrister, and Harry W. Anderson, Toronto newspaperman who recently resigned as managing editor of the Toronto Globe. Allan J. Fraser, Ottawa barrister, will be secretary of the commission.

Under the terms of the reference the commission will have almost unlimited powers to investigate and report on all phases of penitentiary life. It will study records of the past, methods in use at present, and any proposals available for penitentiary reform.

No commission counsel has been appointed and none is expected. The commissioners will visit each penitentiary and there study conditions on the spot, calling upon all those officials and inmates from whom they desire information, and hearing those who desire to lay facts before them, or at least hearing the evidence of a representative number of inmates.

The quetsion of whether the hearings are private or public will doubtless be considered when the commission meets for organization, but the belief here today was that the public would be excluded.

When the Liberal party opened its campaign in the general election of last October the appointment of a royal commission on penitentiaries was one of the first promises made. Immediately after taking office Mr. Lapointe announced the commission would be appointed as soon as qualified men could be secured to carry out the work.

Regular penitentiaries are established at Kingston, Ont.; St. Vincent de Paul, near Montreal; Dorchester, N. B., and in Manitoba, British Columbia and Saskatchewan, also a prison farm at Collins Bay, Ont., and a Doukhobor penal colony on Piers Island, B. C. The total prison population at the end of last fiscal year was 3,552.

Penitentiaries are administered by the department of justice and are under the direct supervision of General D. M. Ormond, superintendent of penitentiaries, with head office in Ottawa.

PREMIER FILES WHITE PAPER ON OIL SANCTIONS

Circumstances Leading Up To Riddell Motion Revealed In Commons.

(C. P. by Guardian's Special Wire)

OTTAWA, Feb. 27—Circumstances under which Dr. W. A. Riddell, Canadian advisory officer to the League of Nations, made his proposal to add oil, coal, iron and steel to the embargo list against Italy, are outlined in a "white paper" on the Italo-Ethiopian conflict tabled in the House of Commons today by Prime Minister Mackenzie King.

The white paper is in reality a book of 182 pages covering pretty thoroughly all phases of the Italo-Ethiopian dispute from the early days down to the present. It starts off by giving the "background of the dispute" and proceeds to deal with efforts made by the powers to find some means of peaceful settlement.

Committee Work

It passes on to the work of various committees of the League of Nations after the outbreak of hostilities, deals with imposition of sanctions including the discussion on oil sanctions, and outlines the position taken by Canada in respect to sanctions.

The paper shows Dr. Riddell's proposal relating to oil, coal and steel was made at a meeting of the committee of 18 which was set up by the committee of co-ordination of the League. It was the fourth meeting of this committee, and took place Nov. 2, 1935.

The meeting opened with representations by Spain in respect to an embargo on iron ore. The French representative discussed this matter briefly, and Dr. Riddell followed.

The suggestion which he made drew from Hon. Ernest Lapointe, acting Prime Minister in Ottawa, the statement that it "represented only his own personal opinion and views as a member of the committee—and not the views of the Canadian Government." Mr. Lapointe's statement was made just one month after the meeting at which Dr. Riddell brought in his proposal.

Dr. Riddell preceded his proposal by saying that the list of key products which were being embargoed was not complete because petroleum, coal, iron and steel were not on it.

"He now ventured to propose," the paper says, "that the sub-

(Continued on Page 3)

Harred Arrested On Swindling Charges

(C. P. Cable)
(By Guardian's Special Wire)

GEORGETOWN, British Guiana, Feb. 27. — Alfred Harred, Dutch Guianan newspaperman who says he and Art Williams, American flier, found Paul Redfern in the Brazilian jungles, has been arrested on charges of swindling, reports reaching here from Paramaribo today stated.

Previous to his arrest, Harred was closely questioned for some days by the Surinam Government on behalf of the United States Government regarding his statements the eight-years-missing American flier had been found but was unable to leave a small, uncivilized Indian village where he was being held in virtual captivity.

Art Williams denied the whole story, said he had never met Harred and termed as "just so much bunk" later charges of the newspaperman that he was keeping what he found secret "in order to have a free hand when the time comes."

Bridge Projects Are Endorsed At Citizens' Meeting

Resolution Passed And Committee Appointed At Largely Attended Meeting Sponsored By Board Of Trade..

A resolution "urging most emphatically upon the Provincial Government the necessity of having a survey made and estimates prepared of the cost of constructing a bridge across the North River from Brighton, and across the West River at or near York Point, at the earliest possible date, with a view to having the work started this coming summer," was passed unanimously last night at a citizens' meeting, sponsored by the Board of Trade.

The resolution also called for a committee of twelve, four from the city and eight from the country, to "present the resolution to the Provincial Government and urge immediate action thereon."

The committee was composed of the following: from Charlottetown, Messrs. J. O. Hyndman, Victor Purdie, H. J. Phillips and Coun. Henry Lapthorne, representing the City Council. From the country, Messrs. L. T. Beaton and Geddie MacLeod of Bonshaw, W. H. McLaine, Nine Mile Creek, J. W. Mitchell, New Dominion, W. W. Crosby and Harry Hyde, Cornwall, D. A. Currie and Allison MacMillan, Fairview.

Several other names were proposed as members of the committee from Charlottetown but they declined to act for various reasons. They included, Messrs. W. A. Gaudet, R. E. Mutch, G. J. Tweedy, K. C., and R. L. McClure.

The meeting, presided over by Mr. J. J. Morris, president of the Board of Trade, was well attended by representatives from both the city and that section of the country directly interested in the proposed bridges.

Coun. E. A. Foster, representing His Worship Mayor Turner, who is out of the city on business, spoke briefly following short introductory remarks by the chairman. In fully endorsing the proposed projects Coun. Foster pointed out that in addition to the great benefit to the people in the districts across the West and North Rivers there should be taken into consideration the great relief it would be to the unemployed situation.

Quite a number of speakers followed Coun. Foster, including Messrs. J. O. Hyndman, L. L. Jenkins, Hon. T. W. L. Prowse, F. M. Stewart, R. E. Mutch, J. P. Gordon, Herb Vessey, A. W. Hyndman, D. F. Bethune, P. J. MacDonald, Dr. Heath McIntyre, W. A. Gaudet, J. W. Mitchell, New Dominion, W. W. Crosby, Cornwall, D. A. Currie, Fairview, Senator Sinclair, W. C. S. McLure.

The following is a short summary of the sentiments expressed by the speakers.

Mr. J. O. Hnydman said he felt that the meeting in Charlottetown had been called to ascertain the sentiments of the citizens in the matter. It had been talked over for many years and two years ago when the National Highway was spoken of he had tried to stir public opinion in the matter. A meeting had been called and except for himself none of the citizens of Charlottetown attended. A committee had been appointed and had waited upon the Board of Trade and the Government, but because public opinion was not behind them nothing had been accomplished. Since then he believed the citizens of Charlottetown had realized what a wonderful opportunity they had missed with one of the finest agricultural sections of the province without railroad or proper highway facilities to bring their products to Charlottetown.

The two ferries cost yearly in the vicinity of $20,000, enough to pay 4 per cent interest on one half million dollars, an amount which would go a long way towards building the bridges. The Government has no money to spend is what one hears but at the same time there is a proposal to spend 25 million dollars in air conditioning the trains of Canada. There is money to spend, Mr. Hyndman maintained, and it will be spent and the only reason it will not be spent on Prince Edward Island will be because the people are indifferent.

He believed the work could be started this summer if public opinion in the city and country got definitely behind the projects and the matter was presented to Hon. Mr. Dunning in a business like way.

Dr. J. A. Clark, said he was whole heartedly in favor of anything that would provide work for the laboring men and the bridges would provide a great amount of day labor.

Hon. T. W. L. Prowse said he wished to speak on the subject,

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PLEAD GUILTY ON CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY

HALIFAX, Feb. 26. — The Royal Canadian Mounted Police had by investigations and prosecutions succeeded in smashing the liquor ring in Nova Scotia. Hon. W. G. Ernst, defense counsel, said here today as six Nova Scotians charged with conspiracy to smuggle liquor pleaded guilty before Stipendiary Magistrate J. L. Barnhill.

The former Minister of Fisheries asked for leniency of the court in dealing with five of the six accused whom he represented. The men will be sentenced tomorrow.

The case comes as an anti-climax to the trial of 11 Maritimers last September when 10 pleaded guilty.

The six convicted today were William H. Await, Mahone Bay; Captain Howard Creaser, Riverport; Roy Ernst, Blockhouse; George A. Mader, Mahone Bay; Clarence Tanner, Lunenburg; Captain William S. Somers, Milton, Guysborough County. G. H. Vernon, Truro barrister, represented Somers.

Two others charged in the blanket information have not yet been located by police. They are Jack Creighton of Lower Lahave and Captain Thomas Fiander of Trinity, Nfld.

PLAN MUTUAL AID IN EVENT OF ATTACK

Reconsideration Of Locarno Treaties May Follow Franco-Soviet Alignment.

(By Robert B. Parker)
(Associated Press Staff Writer)
(A.P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

PARIS, Feb. 27—The French Chamber of Deputies, its official decorum shattered by angry shouts from the floor, ratified the Franco-Soviet mutual assistance pact today.

The vote, which Premier Albert Sarraut in the excitement of the debate neglected to make one of confidence for his government was 383 to 154.

By its action, the Chamber placed its official approval on the treaty pledging France to aid Russia if the Soviet's western border is attacked and Russian aid to France if the latter's eastern boundary is assaulted.

SENATE APPROVAL EXPECTED

Senate approval is expected next week by Pierre-Etienne Flandin, French Foreign Minister.

The bill voted by the Lower House authorizes President Albert Lebrun to "ratify and carry into execution the treaty and protocol signed in Paris between the Soviet Union and France on May 2, 1935." The signers at that time were Pierre Laval, then French Premier, and Maxim Litvinoff, Foreign Commissar of Russia.

French officials emphasized that war between Russia and Japan does not call for French assistance for the Soviet, the mutual clauses being confined to what has been termed the Eastern Locarno, designed to include Germany and other eastern European powers.

ITALIAN CIRCLES SURPRISED

ROME, Feb. 27—Surprised by the French Chamber of Deputies' ac-

(Continued on Page 6)

strong winds, shifting to westerly; cloudy and comparatively mild with some light snow or rain.

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

TORONTO, Feb. 27—Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Dawson	46B	30B
Aklavik	42B	32B
Edmonton	10B	2B
Regina	20B	8
Winnipeg	16B	2
Toronto	24	38
Ottawa	26	38
Montreal	28	40
Quebec	22	24
Saint John	26	32
Halifax	26	34
Charlottetown	16	32

Maritime West: Fresh or strong westerly winds; mostly cloudy with light snow in some districts; somewhat lower temperature at night.

High tide this afternoon at 2.24 and tomorrow morning at 3.45.

Sun sets this afternoon at 5.48 and rises tomorrow morning at 6.40.

First quarter moon Saturday, Feb. 29, 5.28 a.m.

Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.

THE CAR FERRY

Leave Borden 9.45 A. M. (Extra) 1 P. M.

Leave Tormentine (Extra) 11 A. M. 2.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Any Time is Tea Time
"SALADA" TEA
304

Industries Fair Indicates World Recovery Underway

(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Indications of world economic recovery were seen today in the increased number of orders placed at the British industries fair.

Various sections of the fair—the largest trade show in the world—reported as high as 25 per cent increase in sales, to overseas buyers especially.

With the pocketbooks of 64 nations in hand, through representative buyers, the fair, which closes tomorrow, is regarded as a good barometer of business conditions in general. More than 30 Canadian firms participated and reported much satisfaction with results.

Improving purchasing power of the general public was indicated through orders for leather goods, furniture, toys and novelties.

Without even asking what it would cost, a New York tobacconist bought up all samples of apple-shaped Malta briar pipe which King Edward admired on his visit to the fair last week.

A big boom in ostrich feathers and sealskin slippers also was noted, since the King bought samples of them at Olympia.

Overseas buyers at White City and Olympia numbered 13,500, an increase of 2,000 over 1935. There was a total of 145,000 home buyers and the visiting public numbered 115,000 and at Birmingham 169,475 saw the heavy industry fair there.