

Correcting Bad Habits Not Enough.

NATURE NEEDS ASSISTANCE.

To cure a torpid and inactive liver, more is required than the mere correction of bad habits. You change your diet, reform your manner of living, but unless you assist Nature your efforts won't be a success.

When the liver and bowels are acting improperly, something must be done to put them in condition again. There is lack of tone in the liver action as well as in the bowels. You feel depressed and uninterested for work, and are of no responsibility. Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills impart tone to a tired liver and give the push-from-behind strength to torpid muscles. They stimulate the circulation, and make the liver active and the bowels regular. Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills cure constipation, biliousness, headache in the night, 25 Cents, and dealers.

All genuine signed W. F. Smith.

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS
A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER ILLS.
AT ALL DEALERS—25 CENTS.
A CURE AT THE PEOPLES PRICE.

Say It to Our Face!

If ever we have a dissatisfied customer it is because we are given no opportunity to adjust any real or fancied grievance.

We try to treat people just right—to treat them as we should expect to be treated were we buying instead of selling. If ever through any misunderstanding or oversight we fail in any way to please you, tell us about it. You will find us not only willing but anxious to make the matter right.

We expect to sell drugs to this community for a long time and we mean to gain and hold, if possible, the good will and confidence of every customer.

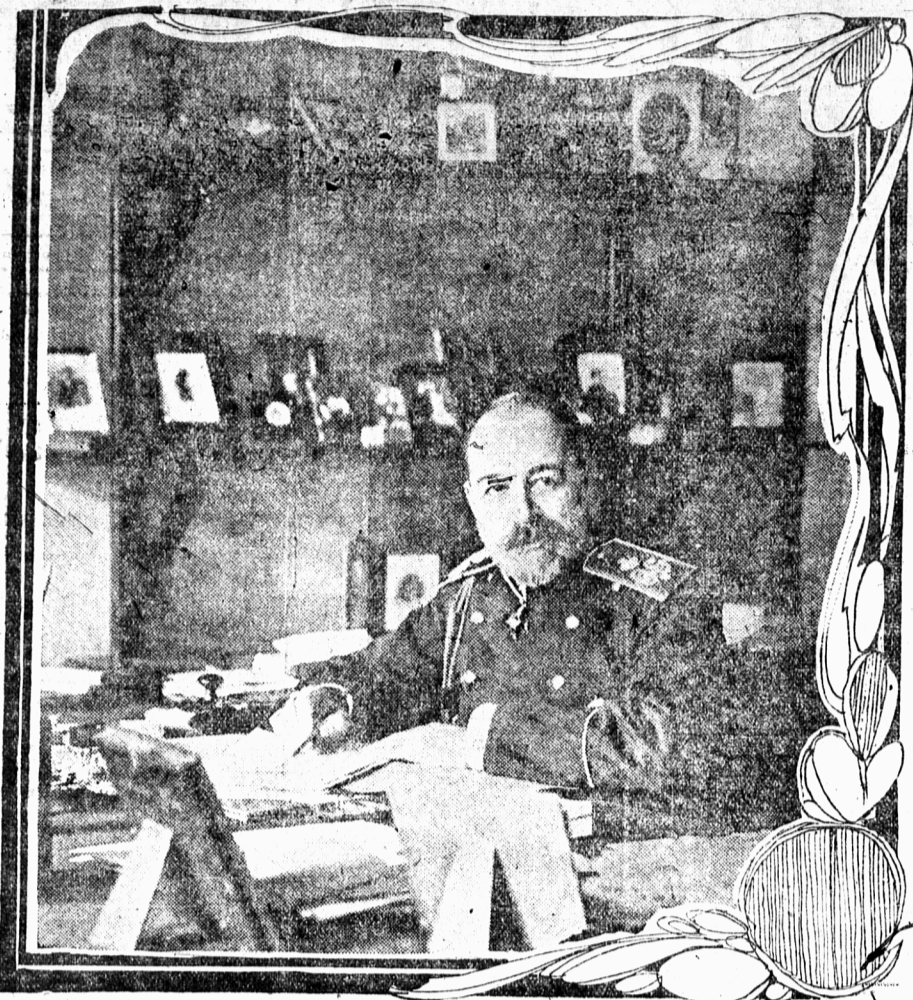
J. G. JAMIESON,
DRUGGIST.

45c Post Free

Pretty Cushion Tops, stamped with any of the following town names:
CHARLOTTETOWN ALBERTON MONTAGUE GEORGETOWN SOURIS SUMMERSIDE.

Name enclosed in a garland of tinted Autumn Maple leaves. State whether tan or cream color preferred.

Weeks & Co.,
Charlottetown.



PRINCE SVIATOPOLK MIRSKA, SUCCESSOR TO M. DE-PLIEWE.

The bloody end of the late Russian Minister of the Interior has not deterred his successor, the Prince Sviatopolk-Mirski from accepting the post so ominously made vacant. The Prince, however, as often occurs in Russia, is democratically inclined while M. de Plehwe was a most autocratically inclined Minister. The Prince had always been a political enemy of his predecessor, and he claims that he can secure better results by liberal government than was possible to his iron-handed enemy M. de Plehwe. Prince Sviatopolk Mirska is of Polish origin, and has already held the important Ministerial post of Chief of the Russian Police, the Assistant Ministership of the Interior, and was at one time Governor General of Vilna. He has already made an important gain by securing the endorsement as a liberal-minded man of both the native and foreign newspaper men.

WHO IS THE MOST POPULAR AUTHOR?

Rev. Silas Hocking's Sales Exceed Other Writers—His Brother's Novels Also Have Larger Sale—Their Works are Wholesale and they Always End in a Manner to Satisfy Ordinary Readers.

Judged by the number of his books sold, says a London correspondent, the most popular living writer of fiction in England is the Rev. Silas K. Hocking, whose latest novel, "Meadowsweet and Rue," has just been published.

Critics pay little attention to him; his name never figures among those of great authors; his works are not read in Belgravia, and fashionable book shops do not stock them, but for all that they have a larger circulation than those of Marie Corelli, Hall Caine, Sir Conan Doyle, Sir Gilbert Parker, Anthony Hope or any of the conspicuous stars of the literary firmament.

Happy in the knowledge that a big sale awaits every fresh book he writes,

Mr. Hocking pursues the even tenor of his way, turning out a new novel every year with unfailing regularity. His first was published in 1878 and he has now twenty-seven volumes to his credit. As he is only fifty-four and in vigorous health it is probable that he will write many more before he lays his pen aside and gives better known competitors a chance to catch up with him.

He does not belong to the strenuous school of writers; he shocks nobody; he sees to it that virtue is always rewarded and vice punished, and thus enjoys the advantage, which may account for no small measure of his success, of being regarded by middle class persons as an eminently safe purveyor of mental pabulum for the young person. He has held no regular pastorate for eight years, but he still preaches righteousness in a fashion that affords much satisfaction to non-conformist audiences.

He first essayed short story writing when he was sixteen in the hope of winning a prize of \$500 that had been offered by some temperance society for the best story setting forth the evils of strong drink.

"I commenced," he says, "by writing out thirty in all—then I began to compose in grim earnest. But I soon discovered that my method, however good in theory, would not work out in practice. My chapter headings had to be revised, my tragedy and comedy got hopelessly mixed, my plot developed in unexpected directions, and, worse than all, my characters became unmanageable; my funny man grew pathetic, and my gentle, fair haired, blue eyed heroine developed an amount of stubbornness that compelled me to erase all I had written about her earlier on."

"My principal hero, too, had several of them—developed qualities that I had not foreseen, and finally took the bit between his teeth and bolted. In fact, by the time I had reached the middle of the eighth chapter my characters had got themselves and me into such a hopeless muddle that I gave up the whole thing in despair and never returned to it again."

When he was twenty he entered the Methodist ministry. Often the impulse to write stories came upon him and he found plots almost unconsciously developed themselves in his mind and clamored to be worked out on paper, but he resolutely put the temptation aside, considering that he had been "called" to another sphere of duty, and for seven years kept the literary fiend at bay. Then came a day when he fell. He had no sermon to write and the inclement weather had kept him indoors, but pen and paper were at hand.

"I began to write," he says, "listlessly, and without purpose. The first paragraph was but the expression of a mood, but all unconscious and without contriving the things took shape and grew. Like Bunyan with his dream, 'the more I pulled the more it came.' I became interested at length, and the old passion for writing flared up into a white heat. My wife wondered what chafed me so long and so late in my study, but one day, over the tea table, in the presence of an editor friend, I let the secret out. He begged me to let him see the manuscript, and then gave me no rest until I gave him permission to publish it in his weekly paper."

Thereafter he surrendered himself freely to the obsession of the literary field. "My books," he says, "have never been declined with thanks, and have never lacked readers when published. For over twenty years their sale has averaged one thousand copies a week, and the circle of my readers is more and more increasing. This," he adds modestly, "is quite as great a puzzle to me as it is to my critics. I have aimed at one thing, to tell a story simply and directly—a story that should be wholesome and entertaining, that should teach a lesson without seeming to teach, that should leave behind it a pleasant flavor."

Incidentally, Mr. Hocking credits himself with having given Conan Doyle the suggestion that he should rid himself of the burden of Sherlock Holmes by dropping him down a crevasse. But the public compelled him to resurrect the great detective hero, and while he can still coin money out of him there is no likelihood that he will kill him off a second time.

Mr. Hocking's younger brother, the

Rev. Joseph Hocking, since 1891 has also been turning out novels at the rate of one a year, and they find a larger circulation than those of many more famous authors. Between the literary products of the two brothers there is a close family resemblance. Joseph's conscience will not permit him to pay taxes to be expended in providing religious teachings of which he does not approve.

HOW HEALTH IS GAINED



The story of a great deal of the unhappiness of women is a story of lost health. Women wonder how it is that little by little the form loses plumpness, the cheeks grow hollow and sallow, and they feel tired and worn-out all the time. In a large proportion of cases when women are weak, run-down and falling off in flesh and looks, the root of the trouble can be traced to womanly diseases which undermine the general health. The proof of this is that women who have been cured of painful womanly diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription have recovered their general health, gained in flesh and in appearance.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the womanly diseases which sap the general health. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"I suffered for three years with ovarian trouble," writes Mrs. Anna Quinn (Treasurer Woman's Athletic Club, of 607 Swamore St., Milwaukee, Wis.). "The treatment I took did not do me a particle of good until a good neighbor who had been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription advised me to give it a trial. The next day took my first dose, and it was my first step toward recovery. In nine weeks I was a healthy woman; my flesh which had been flabby became firm, complexion clear and my eyes bright. It was simply an indication of the great change which from pain and suffering to health and happiness."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorates stomach, liver and bowels.

CARPETS

Church Floor, VS Parlor Floor.



We Crow Over All.

DOES YOUR PEW FLOOR look as well as your parlor floor? We think not, but it ought to be and we are going to give you the chance to make it look as well. We have a lot of short ends of carpets in 3 to 4 yard lengths and some slow sellers, not the prettiest patterns in the world but real good quality that we are going to PRICE and offer for the next WEEK or TWO. You may think that they are OLD VOTERS when you see their price, but we can assure you they are this year's import and have no other qualification other than A 1 value.

18 1/2 yards	Brussels	H E	sold for \$1.35,	now	.80 per yard
12	"	Y R	" " 1.55	"	1.00 per yard
14 1/2 yards	Velvet	V H	sold for 1.55	"	1.00 per yard
10 1/2	Brussels	H	" " 1.20	"	.75 per yard
13 1/2	Velvet	V F	" " 1.55	"	1.00 per yard
13 1/2	"	V B	" " 1.55	"	1.00 per yard
16 1/2	"	V B	" " 1.55	"	1.00 per yard
12 1/2	Brussels	H G	" " 1.55	"	.90 per yard
5	"	V W	" " 1.55	"	.98 per yard
6	Exminister	H X	" " 1.35	"	.80 per yard
18	Brussels	C R	" " 1.10	"	.70 per yard
5	Exminister	W R	" " 2.25	"	1.25 per yard
15 1/2	Balmoral	Brussels	" " 1.20	"	.75 per yard
23	"	"	" " 1.35	"	.90 per yard
9 1/2	Brussels	X Y X	" " 1.05	"	1.00 per yard

James Paton & Co.

Best In The World!
Tress \$2 00, 2 50, 3 00 Hats.
See them at Weeks & Co., Sole Agents.

SANITARY PLUMBING.

How often disease and sickness comes in the home, and very often the cause is with the plumbing. We always pay particular attention to the sanitary laws, as this is very important to the maintenance of health.

Our plumber is a first-class man, and can be relied upon in fitting up this class of work in the most up-to-date and sanitary manner.

We use none but the very best quality of goods on the market and we guarantee entire satisfaction in every respect.

Give us a call when in need of any plumbing work done.

Bruce Stewart & Co.
Founders, Engineers, Machinists and Boiler Makers
Steam Navigation Co's Wharf, Charlottetown, P. E. I.



I buy the best Footwear gold will purchase and sell at the lowest prices in the city.
Call and see.
CONROY, THE SHOEMAN
Sunnyside, Chetown.

Eastern Steamship Co's.

INTERNATIONAL DIVISION
WINTER REDUCED RATES.
Effective to May 1st, 1905.

St. John, to Portland, \$3.00.
St. John, to Boston, \$5.50.

Commencing Monday, November 14, 1904, Steamers "Calvin Austin" and "St. Croix" leave St. John at 8 a. m. (Atlantic Standard) Mondays and Thursdays for Lubec, Eastport, Portland and Boston.

RETURNING

From Boston at 9 a. m., via Portland, Eastport and Lubec, Mondays, and Thursdays.

Passengers arriving at St. John on evening previous to sailings can go direct to steamer and take cabin berth or stateroom for the trip.

All cargo except live stock, via the steamers of this Company is insured against fire and marine risk.

WILLIAM G. LEE,
Agent, St. John, N. B.
A. H. HANSCOM, G. P. & T. A.,
CALVIN AUSTIN, V.P. & Gen'l Mgr., Boston, Mass.

Dominion of Canada, Province of Prince Edward Island, Patricia Gillis and others, Complainants, and Nora Gillis and others—Defendants.

Pursuant to and by virtue of an order of the Honorable Edward Jarvis Hodgson, Master of the Robts, made in this cause, on the 17th day of October, 1904, I will sell by public auction at the Law Courts Building in Summerside on Tuesday, the 15th day of November, 1904, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the several pieces of land, situate, lying and being in Summerside in Prince County, that is to say:

Parcel No. 1. All that tract, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Summerside, in Prince County in said Island, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stake, set in the north side of First Street in the division line of a lot of land, owned by the late Dr. Beairisto, and from thence along First Street west thirty-nine feet, three inches; thence at right angles north-easterly one hundred feet; thence east thirty-nine feet, three inches, until it meets the said Dr. Beairisto's line; thence southerly along said line to the point of commencement.

Parcel No. 2. All that tract, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Summerside aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Commencing in the south angle of land, owned by John Green, formed by the intersection of Summer Street with Church Street, running thence along Church Street easterly sixty-one feet; thence north thirty degrees east parallel with Summer Street one hundred and twenty feet; thence at right angles west sixty-one feet to Summer Street aforesaid; thence south thirty degrees west, along Summer Street to the place of commencement.

Parcel No. 3. All that tract, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Summerside aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: On the south by Water Street; on the west by land occupied by Sampson Grady; on the north by land of Albert C. Saunders; on the east by land occupied by Joseph Leblair commonly called the Shea House, as appears more fully by a plan of the said land filed with the Registrar of the Court of Chancery.

The purchaser will be required to pay twenty per cent of the purchase money at the time of the purchase and the balance upon the execution of the deed.

The sale will be confirmed by the Court of Chancery, without expense to the purchaser.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1904.
WILLIAM T. HUNT,
Master in Chancery.

IF YOU ONLY KNEW

When your well stocked store was going to burn down, you would want to insure until the week fore, but

When It is Destroyed
You are too late. Remember the old adage, "There is no time like the present," and no insurance like ours.

B. H. BEIER
Representing Phoenix of Hartford Canadian Quota.

THIS WEEK!

We have STOCKED
Blankets from \$1.25 to \$4.00 per pair.
Comforts from \$1.00 to \$6.50 each.
Counterpanes from \$1.25 to \$6.50 each.
Lace Curtains 25c to \$8.75 per pair.
All DIRECT from the MANUFACTURERS, and MARKED for SPEEDY SELLING.

Mark Wright Furnishing Co.