

DIED

NOY.—At Village Green, March 22nd, 1919, John Noy aged 73. Funeral Monday, 24th at two o'clock.

HUGHES.—In this city on March 20, 1919, William Herbert, the beloved infant son of Conductor and Mrs. Hugh H. aged 4 months.

MARRIAGES

HOOPER-CONNOLLY.—At the Baptist Parsonage on March 18th, by the Rev. C. R. Freeman, Brenton H. Hooper of Charlottetown to Miss Winifred Connolly, East Royalty.

Development of Progressive Firm

(Continued from Page Five)

The month of February, 1916, the regrettable death of Mr. John Desmond occurred and a few months later the firm had another severe loss through the enlisting of Mr. Noel DeBlois for overseas work and who did not return until after the signing of the Armistice in November, 1918. It is pleasing to note that he is now back in harness again, none the worse for his experiences except for a slight deafness, which we trust will soon be remedied. He brings with him renewed interest and energy which coupled with his splendid ability will be of great assistance to the firm.

Notwithstanding these setbacks and disappointments the business developed in a marvellous manner. Additional members were added to the staff from time to time and today they have the satisfaction of enjoying a business which is one of the largest of its kind in the Maritime Provinces.

The management of the Company will remain in the hands of Mr. George DeBlois and Mr. Noel DeBlois who will be assisted by the present efficient and obliging staff, consisting of Miss Freda Haszard, whose splendid executive ability fits her for the position of trust and responsibility she now occupies as Secretary Treasurer of the Company, Mr. C. W. Hyndman, as Cashier, and Miss Marjorie Bourke, Miss Riggs and Miss Bell, each one being a valuable and capable member of the office staff.

The travelling end of the business will be attended to by Mr. A. R. Gillis, who holds the enviable reputation of being a most successful and convincing salesman, and one who is always welcomed by his customers.

Mr. Claude Murphy, son of Senator Murphy, will look after the interests of the firm in Prince County, which will mean that they will be well attended to.

Mr. William E. McDonald will continue to solicit the City trade. Mr. McDonald is well and favourably known throughout the City.

The Stock department including the receiving of freight will be in the hands of Mr. Wm. F. P. Bradley, who has handled this end of the business with marked success in the past.

The shipping department will be in the hands of Mr. James Gallant, or better known as "Genial Jimmie" and he will be capably assisted by Mr. Alex McLeod and Mr. Harry Welsh. Motorman Burke will continue to operate the motor truck.

This firm has also taken an active part in the Great World War. In addition to Mr. Noel DeBlois three members of the staff donned the khaki.—Mr. W. R. Callaghan, Mr. Harold Cameron, and Mr. Duncan Stewart. A handsome honour roll in memory of their services to the Empire hangs on the walls of the office of the Company.

We have no doubt but that DeBlois Bros. Ltd., will continue to develop and grow in the future as they have done in the past, and will receive the well deserved support and co-operation of the merchants of this Province.

The Guardian unites with the many friends of this popular and very progressive firm in extending hearty congratulations on the great forward step they have taken—a step which cannot but prove satisfactory and successful to all concerned.

Liberal-Conservative Convention 4th District Prince

A Liberal Conservative Convention of the electors of the Fourth Electoral District of Prince County will be held in the Hall at Centreville, March 27th, at 2 p. m. to select candidates to represent us in the Local Legislature.

Each poll is entitled to be represented by five delegates.

Liberal-Conservative Convention FOR SECOND DISTRICT OF QUEEN'S COUNTY

A Convention will be held in the Board of Trade Rooms, Charlottetown, on Tuesday, March 25th at 12 o'clock noon, to nominate candidates for next general election. Five delegates are required from each poll.

Signed ALBERT TREMERE, Convener.

4506-3-14-fmw51.

Auction Sale

AT BELLE RIVER

I will sell by public auction on my premises on Thursday, March 7th, 1919 at 1 o'clock, p. m. (sharp)

The following stock, crop and implements.

STOCK—1 extra choice draft mare 11 yrs. old, 1 choice general purpose horse 3 yrs. old, 3 farrow cows, 1 cow to freshen in May, 6 young cattle, 12 choice breeding ewes in lamb, 1 brood sow, 4 fall pigs.

CROP—300 bus. choice Banner seed oats, 300 bus. extra seed Green Mountain potatoes, a quantity timothy hay.

IMPLEMENTS—1 gang plow, 1 cart and wheels, 4 iron harrows, new, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

TELEGRAMS—All sums of \$5.00 and under, cash; over that amount 9 months credit on approved joint notes, 6 per cent. per annum discount for cash.

PHILIP SAUNDERS, Auctioneer

J. A. McDONALD, Auctioneer

4684-3-22m31.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

The sole head of a family or any male over eighteen years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entries by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency but not Sub-Agency on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. Homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 30 acres, or certain conditions. A habitable house is required where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$5.00 per acre.

Duties Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$10.00 per acre. Duties—Settler must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$500.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony and. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. CORY, C.M.G. Deputy Minister of the Interior

N.B. An authorized Publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

THE PROMOTER'S WIFE

BY JANE PHELPS

BARBARA IS WORRIED OVER NEIL

CHAPTER XLVII

At last I imagined I knew the cause for the intimacy between Neil and Blanche Orton. But how did it start in the first place? How did he come to talk of business matters to another woman, and absolutely refuse to discuss them with me?

It is a terrible feeling to ask oneself questions of this sort; to ask them over and over and yet find no answer. But one possible explanation came to me—that we were living for beyond our means. If not, why had it been necessary for anyone to help Neil, even if Scott had threatened him? If we could afford to do the things we did, live in the manner in which we did, surely Neil must be rich? Rich enough to take up even the large block of stock owned by Scott.

I wondered why Scott had threatened Neil; what made it possible for him to do so. Had I known that the stock Neil had sold him was what he, Scott, called "phony stock," and that he had insisted upon having his money at once, I might have understood many other things, at this time. But that Neil would sell stock that was worthless, knowing that it was, would have not only seemed impossible, but ridiculous to me.

You see, I knew absolutely nothing of business of any kind. Neil earned the money, gave it to me, and I spent it as I pleased. But I have since learned that one may be quite a good business man or woman and still not understand the devious ways of many promoters, especially if they are promoting schemes based so far away that purchasers of stock must take their word for their value, reinforced by an elaborately printed prospectus, instead of investigating the property themselves.

I decided that Scott had "colt

VALLEYFIELD COMFORT CIRCLE

The following is the report of the Valleyfield Comfort Circle for the past year:

Balance on hand from 1917 ... \$36.11
Receipts ... 73.27
Proceeds of egg collection ... 1.25
Membership fees ... 2.78
Sale of small articles ... 49.40
Proceeds of pie social ... 162.81
Expenditure ... 106.71
Balance ... \$56.10

There is also on hand twenty-five pounds rolls, and ten prs. socks. During the year forty-seven boxes containing cake, candy, canned goods, etc. were sent to nurse Christine M. McLeod, and the soldier boy of the congregation, also one hundred and sixteen pairs socks, and twenty-four prs. gloves.

Seven returned heroes have been rendered a reception and presented with suitable gifts from the society, also a number of the boys who recently left for overseas were presented with gifts prior to their departure. The society wish to thank all those who so kindly contributed during the year.

(Signed) ANNA BRUCE, Secretary.

4689-3-24elipd.

Look At A Child's Tongue When Cross, Feverish and Sick

Take no chances! Move poisons from liver and bowels at once

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, and they become tightly packed. Liver gets sluggish and stomach disordered.

When cross, feverish, restless, see if tongue is coated, then give this delicious "fruit laxative." Children love it, and it can not cause injury. No difference what ails your little one—if full of cold, or a sore throat, diarrhoea, stomach-ache, bad breath, remember, a gentle "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." We make no smaller size. Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

feet," as Neil had said, and wanted his money back; that he had threatened to sue Neil if he didn't return it. That he had to have some other reason to bring suit aside from the fact that he had changed his mind, never occurred to me.

I had an almost insane desire to run away; away from my thoughts and everything. It may seem strange to some women, that I was not satisfied to let Neil run things, and not worry because I did not know the details. But there has been so many little things in my life with him to make me uneasy. Yet often I took myself to task for my anxiety. Neil was so vigorous, so alive, and strong-willed. It seemed impossible that life could play any tricks with him. Had he been a weakling, it would have been impossible for me to have stood for so long the half-doubts which had been mine almost since we had been married. But he was so strong, so masterful, that one could not vision him in trouble or not dominating any situation.

Neil was the most convincing talker I had ever heard. It wasn't that he said so much, it was the way he said it.

I went into my baby—little Robert—but for the first time he failed to hold my thoughts from my worry. I played with him but in a half-hearted way that he seemed to realize; for his tiny fingers pulled at me, and he whined a little—something very unusual with him. He had always been a wonderfully good baby healthy and happy.

I laid him down, and went into the library. I wandered about the room for a few moments, then noticing that the cellaretts was slightly open, started to close it. Then I looked inside. I was shocked to see a bottle of whisky, that Neil had opened the night before, nearly half gone! I must speak to Tonko. He must not touch the cellaret. Neil must keep it locked hereafter.

I turned the key in the lock, and put it in my pocket. When Neil came in I would tell him to find a hiding place for it—that it was a temptation to leave it in the lock.

MOTHER ALL RUN-DOWN

Had to Have Health, to Keep House for Four Children—What She Did

NARRAGANSETT, PIER, R. I.—I was all run-down, back ached and tired all the time. I keep house for my husband and four children and could hardly keep around. Finally I tried Vinol and it has restored my health and helped me wonderfully, so I recommend it to others who are in this condition.—Mrs. Hannah Randall.

There is no secret about Vinol.—It owes its success to beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptones and glycerophosphates, the oldest and most famous body-building and strength creating tonics. E. A. Foster, Central Druggist, Charlottetown. Vinol is sold in Montague by H. J. Mabon and at the best drug store in every town and country.

THE KAISER'S CHOICE.

From London Opinion.

"I wonder," remarked Mrs. Brown, as she put down her paper, "what they'll do with the Kaiser when the war is over. I suppose they'll take his crown away and make him look for another."

"Perhaps," agreed Brown; "and I fancy I know the job he'll choose."

"What's that?"

"A diver's."

"Why?" asked Mrs. Brown.

"So that he can inspect his fleet now and then," was the reply.

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Telephone Company of Prince Edward Island, will be held in the head office of the company, Queen Street, Charlottetown on Wednesday the 26th day of March, 1919 at the hour of eight o'clock, p. m. for the reception of the annual reports, the election of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

WALTER S. GRANT, Secretary.

4509-3-14M10L.

COL. PECK, V. C., STIRS HOUSE WITH DEFENCE OF GENERAL CURRIE

Colonel Peck, V. C., in resuming the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the Throne said:

The galleries were crowded and there was a large attendance of members to hear the members for Skeena deliver his maiden speech. When he rose he was greeted with prolonged cheering from both sides of the House and with very few preliminaries he got down to the business of his speech.

He intimated that he had not intended to speak at such an early date, but some subjects had been touched upon which he might be able to express himself with authority. He caused general laughter by remarking that it was usual for members of Parliament to rise to a question of privilege when their characters had been impugned in newspapers. He desired to say that the statement in the morning papers that he was a lawyer, was absolutely untrue. He thanked the House for the kind welcome given him.

He thanked General Sir Sam Hughes for his friendly words, but added that he was exceedingly sorry to have to make sharp reply to some things that the former Minister of Militia had said. He congratulated Mr. D. D. Mackenzie, the leader of the Opposition, on his appointment to that office and said that everything he knew of him was to his credit. His name was also associated with the "great tartan" I have been proud to wear on the battle field.

REBUKE FOR SIR SAM

Saying that he was not in touch with the general subject of politics, he passed on to deal with the statements made by General Sir Sam Hughes. He expressed himself as "very grieved" to hear them, and he was exceedingly pained, for he felt that these statements hurt the feelings of thousands who had lost dear friends in the war.

"Any man who says anything that will cause these wounds to bleed afresh," said Colonel Peck, "should have indisputable facts behind him." General Hughes, he said, for whose character he had the utmost respect had said that lives had been sacrificed in vain and for no useful purpose. He had also said that he knew Cambrai well, and spoke of it as "a dirty little one horse town, not worth the life of one Canadian soldier."

"I think he must have been out of the night before," said Colonel Peck amid general laughter in which Sir Sam Hughes himself joined.

Col. Peck produced two maps of the war zone around Cambrai to illustrate its importance. One of the members asked if he could tell the population of the town, and the speaker gave it as his opinion that it would be from thirty to forty thousand.

Sir Sam Hughes interjected the information that the population of Cambrai was 27,000. It was not the population of Cambrai that constituted its importance from a military point of view, however, said Col. Peck. It was the relation of the town to the whole battle front. A glance at the maps which he had before him would show the members that six or seven national highways ran into Cambrai in addition to railways and a canal. It was therefore a great transportation centre. While the Germans held the town and the country around it, they were in control of this canal and could flood certain areas in such a way as to strengthen their position. If, however, they could be beaten back from the town, their right flank would be imperilled.

The importance of controlling Cambrai was agreed upon by the British generals, said Colonel Peck, and it was also considered of great strategic value by the German General Staff.

FOCH GAVE ORDERS

Sir Sam Hughes, Colonel Peck went on, had talked of Sir Arthur Currie as though Sir Arthur were the villain of the piece, cold and machiavellian. The action of Cambrai was not a local Canadian action. It was part of a vast military enterprise which extended over a great stretch of country and lasted for days and weeks. It was part of General Foch's scheme of striking at different parts of the line until he broke the heart of the German people and forced the German Government to sign the most humiliating armistice in the history of nations. If the battle of Cambrai was wrong, it was not due to General Currie nor to the Canadian high command. If anybody were wrong, it was the British General Staff and their action had the concurrence of the greatest military genius of the age.

Sir Sam Hughes had asked why the forces did not go round Cambrai. That Colonel Peck, declared, was what actually happened. The Can-

adian corps was to the north of Cambrai. He himself was in the battle but never saw the town. Cambrai fell when the jaws closed and so far as Colonel Peck knew there was very little street fighting. The 3rd Canadian Division went through Cambrai, but Colonel Peck added, he had not heard there was any street fighting, although there must have been a little. As a matter of fact, Cambrai was on the division line between two armies which in itself was evidence that the action was not a local one.

ORDERS TO SAVE MEN

Colonel Peck declared that the orders received by the First Division, of which his battalion formed a part were not to incur heavy casualties. An instance he related how on the night before the armistice came into effect he was advancing with his men through a wood, with the capture of a village as his objective. On nearing the village he was met by a heavy machine-gun fire. His men entrenched, and discussing the situation with his officers and men, the view was expressed that they should enter the village at night and drive out the Germans so as to have good billets. In view of the orders received in regard to casualties however, this course was not followed.

Next day the Third Division received the First Canadian Division, and, said Colonel Peck, "the grand old First passed out of the first and went to its rest with a record seldom achieved since the war began."

A few days after Sir Arthur was at his bedside to inquire about his sickness and to discuss certain questions, and said to him: "Peck we might wish to deliver a stunning blow for revenge, but the policy of revenge is not worth one man's life." General Currie said he was sick and horrified at the loss of Canadian lives in this war, and Colonel Peck asked if that was the language of a cool, scheming commander whose only desire was to gratify his own ambition.

The Colonel said that at Mons, he did not hear any of those extraordinary things that General Hughes had spoken of. There were, he saw from the records, 76 casualties, but probably these casualties were for some days, and probably extended over some miles of front. Col. Peck remarked that news travels extraordinarily fast amongst the men, and if any of the things had happened that General Hughes talked about they would soon hear about it.

CHARACTERISTIC PHRASING

"These Canadian soldiers," he said, "will get your number so quick you haven't got a leg to stand on. If those things took place you would have heard it by other means than by the eloquence of the hon. member for Victoria."

(To be Continued)

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Nearly one fourth of all the employees in England are women. Women motormen now operate nearly half the street cars in Great Britain.

The Oregon Legislature has rejected a bill to permit women to sit on juries.

The Woman's Section of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association has more than four thousand members.

The first woman's suffrage society in South Africa was founded seventeen years ago at Durban, Natal.

The Women's Section of the Sammerce of India is to hold its second annual convention in Indianapolis this month.

The honor list at Vassar College, this year contains the name of Miss Hung Che Chen, a young woman student from Soochow, China.

Five men who are seeking village and township offices in Onsted, Mich., this spring, will have their wives as opposing candidates.

Within the past six months more

than 15,000 girls employed in Chicago industrial establishments have been instructed in social hygiene.

The industrial board of the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry has ruled that girls under 12 years of age are not to be employed in public messenger service after May 1.

A hair drying room for the women swimmers will be a novel feature of the natatorium in the magnificent new club-house now under construction in New York city for the Harlem branch of the Y. W. C. A.

The Illinois Industrial Survey Commission, appointed under an act of the Legislature of 1917, has submitted a report recommending an eight-hour day and a 48-hour week for women workers. The report finds that employers themselves are testifying to the value of shorter hours of work for women employees.

LANTERN LECTURE CRAPAUD HALL

Roads permitting, Lantern Lecture on Peace River Country, by Rev. Colclough, in Crapaud Hall on Tuesday, March 25th, at 8 p. m. Admission 20 cents for adults, 10 cents for children. Same Lecture and admission in Springfield Church at 8 p. m. on Wednesday, March 26th, 4688-3-24m21.

FARM FOR SALE Near Mount Stewart Lot 37

I am instructed by the Trustees of the estate of the late Charles Palmer to sell by Public Auction on Monday March 31st at 10.30 o'clock forenoon in front of Clark Bros. Store, Mount Stewart the farm of land containing 73 1/2 acres situated near the Fogarty farm on the New Road between the Afton Road and the Anderson Road.

This farm is well situated extending north of the road to Afton Lake and South to the line of farms fronting on the St. Peters Road.

It is partially covered with a second growth of wood and is the farm deeded by the Government to the late Charles Palmer by Deed dated Nov. 30th, 1892.

Sale is positive. Terms easy. Conditions at sale.

PETER BRODIE, Auctioneer.

4691-3-24mmws31.

TENDERS

For Steam Communication between CHARLOTTETOWN, ORWELL, CRAPAUD and EAST and WEST RIVERS. Department of Public Works, Charlottetown, P. E. Island, March 10, 1919.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon on Monday, April 14th, 1919, from any person or persons willing to contract with the Government of Prince Edward Island to run a steamer of about 200 tons registered, and hold a certificate to carry not less than 200 passengers and capable of maintaining a speed not less than 10 knots per hour.

From CHARLOTTETOWN to CRAPAUD once a week.

From CHARLOTTETOWN to ORWELL once a week.

From CHARLOTTETOWN to EAST RIVER once a week.

From CHARLOTTETOWN to WEST RIVER once a week.

For a period of five years from the opening of navigation 1919.

Parties tendering to state separately for what annual subsidy they will perform the service for a five or ten year period.

For further particulars as regards the rates for passenger and freight, also the days and hours of sailing from the respective places, apply to this Office.

Good and sufficient securities must be provided for the faithful performance of the contract.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. B. McMILLAN, Secretary of Public Works.

4488-3-14mmw1f.

NOTICE

An exceptional opportunity for some one to get into the Black Fox business, and get in right. The undersigned owns 24 shares in a going Company which is located at Tignish and under the general supervision of Mr. Perley Haywood. Animals chiefly of the A 1 grade of Hudson Gordon strain of stock. Last summer we had forty odd animals in pens, some of which have since been killed for pelts. However about a dozen pairs will be mated this spring. Total capitalization 50 thousand dollars, stock outstanding about forty thousand. Shares valued at 50 dollars each. Par 50. Owner however, will consider offer of 15 to 20 per cent. below face value. Those interested address, Harrison T. White, 378 Pine St., Providence, R.I. 4690-3-24m81pd.

The Charlottetown Guardian's AUTOMOBILE AND PIANO PRIZE CONTEST GOOD FOR ONE VOTE

Name of Candidate.....

District No.....

Not Good After April 12th

Trim neatly along the border line