

WHAT CAUSES SO MUCH SICKNESS

Constipation Responsible for 90% of Disease

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Corrects It

It is generally recognized among the medical profession that Constipation or Insufficient Action of the Bowels, produces more disease than any other one cause.

As you know, it is the duty of the bowels to carry off the waste matter in the system.

"Fruit-a-tives" has been wonderfully successful in relieving Stomach Troubles, Nervous Troubles, Liver Troubles, Kidney Troubles, Skin Troubles and Blood Troubles.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

Egg Laying Contest

Notes on the Charlottetown Egg Laying Contest for the 10th week of the contest, ending January 9, 1922.

The Charlottetown Egg Laying Contest made a further gain of 3 eggs over last week's production; the total production last week was 197 eggs.

J. S. Schurman's pen of White Leghorns was first for the week, with a production of 32 eggs; the pen of Barred Rocks owned by Pendleton Bros.

The teacher, although completely taken by surprise made a neat and fitting reply in which she thanked the children for their kindness, and their parents for co-operating with her in making teaching, and the examination such a success.

Agents make 200 per cent profit. Exclusive territory free. Investigate today. Auto Accessories Co., 412 Echo Drive, Ottawa, Ont.

AGENT WANTED

\$1,000 For Your Next 100 Days. Spot Cash. Chemical windshield wiper, for rain, snow and sleet.

"Agents Wanted"

New Money-Making Invention for Agents, General Agents, Managers, Recently Invented. Wonderful Chemical Fire Extinguisher, weighs 3 lbs., charged, kills fire quick and saves lives.

AGENTS WANTED

Agents to sell Dr. Boyer's Toilet Soap—Toilet Articles—Home Remedies. Men or women can do this work and earn from \$25.00 to \$75.00 per week.

"JO-BEL"

THE WONDER SALVE. Read what a prominent St. John business man says:

"Suffered the tortures of the 'damned' from bleeding Piles

33 Canterbury Street, July 15th, 1921 My Dear Jo.—The first application of your "JO-BEL" SALVE apparently gave me relief, and one box effected a cure of a bad case of bleeding piles.

The same reports from all who use it whether for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Etc. It cures all. Price \$1.00. Trial box 50c. For sale Hughes Drug Co., Reddin Bros., E. A. Foster, H. W. Tombs and Co., or Joseph A. Murdoch, 13 Orange Street, St. John, N. B.

QUEEN'S COUNTY SUPREME COURT

Continued From Page Ten

There is not enough of other material to form a case, so that the strength of the case is the strength of that chain of evidence which Furze supplies, with any corroboration that may be given. And that chain is just as strong as the value of his oath. It has that much certain strength. I do not think that there would be any advantage to you in my reviewing the character of the evidence given by that witness. I have never seen or heard any evidence that was so utterly unreliable. That he would swear that a thing was white did not for one moment convince you that it was white or anything like white. You might guess from it some other color entirely. It might be, as it was suggested, that Furze is a moral degenerate. Very likely he is. I will say that he is a most dangerous element to be loose in any society. A man so utterly regardless of all moral responsibility who one moment will swear one thing and the next moment swears to the very opposite, and who admitted that when he swore to the first statement at the Squire's Court he was swearing to what was false. It would be a terrible thing if, after the revelation he has made of himself, he were allowed to go forth from this Court a free man for many a day. If ever there was a case where a prosecution should be laid for perjury... and should be prosecuted through to a conclusion that is the case of Furze.

It is said that the evidence of Furze is worth exactly what his oath was worth. Perhaps some of you gentlemen may think it is worth more than that. Sometimes some truth comes from the greatest liar that ever lived since Annanias—Some times! But it is a pretty dangerous kind of truth for a jury to rely upon. You see, gentlemen, you are judges of the case, and you must find your judgment on the facts in evidence. And if those facts do not convince you, if you have any reasonable doubt in regard to the truth of those facts, you know, as all intelligent citizens know, that the benefit of that doubt must go to the prisoner.

"Now I am going to speak to you of those things which are outside of the regular line of evidence on the trial—outside, but connected with it. It might have been, or might possibly be, of some value in your consideration. If you decide to accept in the main the evidence of Furze and can extract from his statements something that you can believe and absolutely convince yourself is the truth, then it is quite within your province to do so notwithstanding all that has been said.

About the coat, you remember that Sergeant Bradley brought a coat here. It was found in Wallace McDonald's house, foot of Queen St. Furze says that the coat is his and that he had given it to McKinnon the very night on which the robbery took place, and that McKinnon went down the street with it.

A Good Appetite Greatly Desired

The Occasional Use of a Tonic Ensures a Good Appetite and Good Health

Loss of appetite is a common trouble, and indicates that the digestive system is out of order. Lacking a healthy appetite many people go on long without food, or eat sparingly because food seems to distress them, and it is no wonder they complain of being constantly tired and unable to stand any strain. All this simply means that the digestive system is not doing its proper work and that the nutriment that should come from the food is not being distributed to the various organs of the body. In words the blood is growing thin and watery. In such cases what is needed is a tonic and among medicines there is no tonic all equal. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Take a short treatment with these pills and note how promptly your digestive returns and your power to digest food improves. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind is shown by the experience of G. L. F. Williams, Bennett, Cleland, N. S., who says: "For a long time I suffered severely from indigestion. I could hardly eat, and anything I did eat disagreed with me. The result was I became badly run down. I suffered greatly from headaches, and often passed sleepless nights. I had taken on a great deal of doctor's medicine with very little benefit, and having read much about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I decided to try them. The result has met my best expectations. My digestion is now as good as ever; I sleep well at night, and have gained in flesh, and now when anyone in our family is ill this is the only medicine to take."

The best time to begin taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the moment you feel the least bit out of sorts. The sooner you do so the sooner you will regain your old-time energy. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

But what he did with it he did not know. There was also evidence in regard to a spittoon which the witness said was taken from the Elks room—stolen, it that were true—and that that was also taken by McKinnon down the street. Now, gentlemen, these are circumstances that might have been of the utmost value to you. What did you wish to know about that coat and about that spittoon? You certainly wish to have corroboration—that is if you believe Furze's story; and what better corroboration could there have been than the evidence that the prisoner took those articles to Mr. McDonald's place and the subsequent evidence of their identification? But the witness is gone. The man Wallace McDonald whose evidence was given before the Squire's Court in Charlottetown has disappeared and his story goes with him. There are measures provided by the law for preventing witnesses from getting away and there are witnesses of a certain class who should always be suspected of a tendency to leave the province, and who should be held secure, so that their evidence may be given at the time the Court meets. There is no evidence where there is no man. It was proved that McDonald is still in Canada the evidence given at the Squire's Court might be admitted before you. But there is not even that to go upon. The McDonald evidence is sunk and lost, and you, if you have ever heard of what he said must do your best to forget it because you cannot use it in your verdict. That may seem to you as if it were drawing the line pretty fine. But remember, these rules of law have been built up to meet the necessities of generation after generation of our people and under them the British law has been administered and administered so well that I think every British subject can hold up his head and say that in no place in the wide world is law so fairly and so justly administered as within the realms of our Sovereign; and this law is administered along the lines which I am pointing out to you. No rules of law or any other rules can fall to do hardship in extreme cases, but where the law aims at the general good the single evil, if we might call it such, must be borne for the sake of the general benefit.

"You have a little left of what Furze said in this regard and you must make the best of it. He said he did not know where McKinnon went with the coat but it was to one of the houses on the right-hand side coming up from the wharf, on Queen Street, Sgt. Bradley says he got this coat at Wallace McDonald's house on the 8th of November. Mrs. McDonald says she gave her husband \$2 to get it and the spittoon. As to the spittoon, Furze says the prisoner took it from the Elks room. Sgt. Bradley says he got it at Wallace McDonald's on the 8th of November, and Mr. Burke says he cannot swear to the spittoon. That splendid old officer Sgt. Bradley came into Court prepared to identify the articles but his reliance was on the identification tag and that was gone.

brought home? If it is to be accepted by you as corroborative evidence you will have to satisfy your mind of all reasonable doubt that the pipe of which the prisoner spoke to McLeod was the pipe which was stolen from Reddin's. You will have to find beyond any reasonable doubt that the prisoner did not find such a pipe or any pipe. If you can find from these statements of McLeod and Down that it was a certainty, as nearly as things can come, that this pipe was the one stolen from Reddin's and that McKinnon did not find it on the street as he said, you would then have an item of corroborative evidence and it would be a very important one.

"There was also the matter of the brushes. Mr. Reddin gave his evidence of the disappearance of the brushes in the store. You must satisfy yourself that they were among the stolen things and to do that you must keep in mind that those brushes were kept in the store and that things kept in a store for sale are sometimes sold—sometimes even without the knowledge of the owner, if there were other parties who could make a sale. If McKinnon had in his possession brushes which were stolen at the time of that robbery, in his office, it would be an item of the strongest possible corroboration and might even become a principle line of direct evidence. But you see what the road is to that conclusion—that you must find as a moral certainty that the brushes described as missing by Ivan Reddin were the same brushes that Weeks says he saw in McKinnon's office.

"Even the rum bottle seemed to have changed its label, and its identity in Court failed. It is a very hard thing indeed, gentlemen for the court and the jury to deal with evidence that comes before it so mutilated and so shorn, but you must deal with this evidence as it stands and do the very best you can with it. Follow your conscience. Follow the principles of law as the Court has laid them down to you, and then remember the underlying principle of all is, that having considered all these things, if you have any doubt in your minds, any reasonable doubt as to whether or not the prisoner was guilty, you must give the prisoner the benefit of that doubt.

"I do not think that I can assist you by continuing any further and I will just conclude by saying that in this case our whole aim is to know what our duty is and then do it regardless of consequences one way or the other. To appeal to you on the ground that crime is on the increase, as a reason why you should convict, should have no weight for a moment in your minds. You have your own work to do. You must decide for yourselves as to whether the prisoner is guilty or not guilty."

Acquitted yesterday by the jury on the charge of breaking into and stealing goods from Reddin Bros. store, Kenneth W. McKinnon is still being held in custody pending investigations into a charge of some consequences. McKinnon intends to prefer against him. The Attorney General at the afternoon session of the court yesterday asked that he be held on suspicion. Mr. Inman K.C., on behalf of the prisoner, maintained that there was nothing before the court against him, and moved that he be discharged. The Chief Justice replied that certain matters had been submitted to him by the Attorney General and in consequence he had come to the conclusion he did not grant the motion for discharge at the present time.

Mr. Inman asked if the Court could not fix a certain limitation of time upon which McKinnon could be held without a charge.

The Chief Justice: The time fixed will be the time within which whatever action is intended will be taken with proper expedition. There is nothing more that I can say at present. The Court cannot grant his discharge for a reason that appears to be quite sufficient.

The case against Ernest Essary on the Reddin burglary charge was called at the morning session, while the jury were out on the McKinnon case and another jury was empanelled. When a "not guilty" verdict was brought in for McKinnon the Attorney General moved that the proceedings against Essary be stayed and his motion was allowed. On motion of Mr. Bentley Essary was later discharged on his own recognizance of \$500.

The court ordered that the prisoner George Furze be held so as to enable the Attorney General to prepare a charge of perjury against him. Two charges might be preferred, one with regard to his testimony at the Magistrate's Court and one with regard to the Squire's Court.

The next case called was the King vs. James Gormley, 17, for shop-breaking and larceny. This case held over from the June term had reference to the stealing of goods from Mr. McEachern's shoe store Queen Street last winter. Mr. Justice Hazard on the bench, Attorney General Johnston for the Crown and Messrs. Bentley and Inman for prisoner.

Henry Hughes, a lad of seventeen, the first witness called, failed to appear. John Hughes, constable sworn to having served notice on him at his father's home, Sgt. Bradley testified to his inability to find him. On motion of the Attorney General a warrant was issued and a constable sent after Hughes, who brought him into

Court later in the afternoon. The following jury was empanelled: John H. Buntain (foreman); Jas. McPhail, Geo. M. Campbell, Thos. Hughes, Jos. A. Hughes, Geo. Ferris, John J. McCaskill, Jos. Brazil, Donald Stewart, Chas. E. Rowe, Angus W. Beaton, Seymour Wood.

Alfred McEachern boot and shoe dealer, Queen Street (sworn) described the situation of his business premises and the occupants of the building. Hockey boots and rubbers had been stolen from his store last January to the value of \$300 at least. He had never got them back. Entrance had been made by means of a hole cut through the floor in the room adjoining his store which could be entered from a butcher shop below. (Boots and rubbers produced and recognized.) Cross-examined by Mr. Bentley, witness said that members of the Butchers' Club have entrance to the building in which the store is situated. He never saw prisoner, and he said the police officers had suspected a party other than the prisoner immediately after the robbery. He knew the lad Henry Hughes. He could not say that he would be prepared to believe him on his oath.

Henry Hughes, 17, (sworn) knew prisoner for the past three or four years. He had conversation with him in the Charlottetown Hotel Alley about a week after the McEachern robbery. Talked with him about the robbery and prisoner told him "they" were in and got some boots. He didn't know who were meant by "they," and prisoner mentioned no names. Sgt. Bradley had been to witness' house several times before that. "I told Gormley Peter Bradley was looking for the person who broke into Mr. McEachern's. He laughed and said they broke in, didn't he?"

Witness: Yes, but he was only fooling at the time. Attorney General: Did you see the lad Henry? Witness: Could not remember if prisoner told him how "they" got in the store or not.

Attorney General: Is your memory as good as it was the last time you were in court? Witness: It don't appear to be. Witness did not know whether or not Gormley had a key to the Butchers' Club.

Attorney General: Do you know if the person was at McEachern's more than once? Mr. Bentley objected to this question as witness had been called merely to give evidence with regard to a certain conversation he had with the prisoner.

Attorney General: My learned friend seems to know more about what the witness was brought here for than I do.

The Court allowed the question, and the Attorney General proceeded. Witness did not know that prisoner had ever been at McEachern's. Sgt. Bradley was several times to see witness before and after his conversation with prisoner. Witness had a new pair of rubber boots which he bought at Conroy's store and Sgt. Bradley wanted to know where he got them.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bentley: Gormley never told me he had ever been at McEachern's. I have been on a case before.

Mr. Bentley: You remember that little binder twine joke, Henry? You were one of the parties in that little affair, weren't you? Witness: I was one of the shareholders.

Mr. Bentley: You remember the McGuligan joke, when you took some bags, eh? Witness: Yes. I sold them back to him.

Witness recalled quite a lot of little transactions. Mr. Bentley: The police know you pretty well, don't they, Henry? Witness: Peter Bradley does.

Sgt. Bentley (sworn): Identified boots as those found last year on the ice near the railway. There were two pairs of boots, some ammunition and cartridges in a bag. He got them from one of the rubber boots which he bought at Conroy's store on Jan. 27th. In March, when the goods were found, prisoner was in custody.

The Court adjourned until 10.30 this morning.

Henry Car.—I can fix this machine if you'll only lend a hand.

Minnie Manchaser.—Lend you a hand? Henry, if I give you my hand it must be forever.

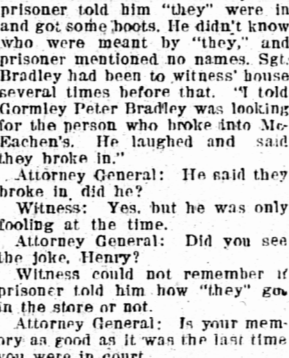
Pa.—Why were you late again this morning? Bobbie.—Because school started before I got there.

Here's something worth while to keep on your hip!

You men who do a big day's work always keep a plug of King George's Navy on your hip. It's a sure enough friend in time of need. Moist, fresh and full of flavor that lingers to the last. Try it.

NOW 2 for 25c.

King George's Navy CHEWING TOBACCO



The Mayor's Address to City Council

The following address was delivered by His Worship Mayor Riley at the special meeting of the City Council held Monday night for the purpose of receiving the annual statements:

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL

Gentlemen:—In accordance with the usual custom the annual statement and balance sheet of the City of Charlottetown will be presented to you this evening together with the usual annual reports of the several committees. The past term of two years has been a period of substantial progress in all departments of the City Government.

The chairman of the finance committee will be able to present a very gratifying report showing a balance on the right side, and in addition he will show that the sum of \$2,200.00 has been placed on special deposit at the bank to the credit of the permanent works account with which to commence operations at the opening of the season. The various sinking funds have been amply provided for and a pleasing feature of the financial operations is that there are no bills carried forward all accounts having been paid up to the end of the year, so that our successors in office start with a clean sheet.

Taking into account every circumstance the taxes of the citizens have been promptly paid. The taxpayers of Charlottetown are to be congratulated for the very cheerful manner in which they have responded to the request for payment of their assessments. Councillor Webster and the members of the finance committee are to be commended for the success of the years work in their department. Councillor Webster has performed his duties with energy and ability; he has put a great deal of hard work and faithful service into the successful outcome of his efforts.

The street committee under the chairmanship of Councillor McKinnon have a large amount of work to their credit during the term in the way of paved streets, storm sewers, concrete sidewalks and the general upkeep of the City streets. The permanent work done deserves special mention. We are assured on the highest authority that we have the best paved streets to be found anywhere in Canada, and our storm sewer system now nearing completion fills a long felt want in the community. It is to be remarked that all this work has been done by our local workmen thus relieving to a great extent the unemployment problem which has existed here as elsewhere during the past several years. Another noteworthy feature of the work of this department is that the work has all been done at a very reasonable cost. The work of the

street committee having been done by day labor there is nothing in the way of extras or paying contractors' bills to contend with as in many other Cities. Councillor McKinnon has rendered valuable service to the City in this department having closely followed the work at all times and by strict attention to all details he has contributed to a very great measure to the success of operations. This City has now a fully equipped plant for street paving and the building of concrete walks and our successors in office will find no difficulty in carrying on the work each year.

The report of the health officer will show a very favorable condition with regard to sanitation and the public health. I believe that our City has as good a record in this respect as any in Canada. During the past year Councillor Jenkins has arranged a new lighting contract with the Light and Power Co. which is considered a favorable one for the City and we may look forward in the near future to an improvement in street lighting as a result of his efforts.

Recently a sale of the Pownall wharf property was made to Messrs Carvel Bros. The City retaining the portion used by it for the street paving plant. The Lords wharf property has been acquired at a favourable price and will prove in time to be very convenient and a valuable property for the purpose of the City. Councillor Miller who has charge of this department has always been alive to the interests of the City and he leaves the public properties of the City in excellent condition. The report of the clerk of the City police court will show that this city is comparatively free from crime of a serious nature the great majority of cases coming before this Court were for minor offenses. I believe that Charlottetown can boast of an enviable record as a law abiding City. The police department under Dr. Yeo has been improved to a considerable extent and I believe if the police department were placed altogether under the direction of the Chairman of the police committee of the Council better results would be obtained.

I am sure His Honor the recorder would be very glad if some such arrangement were made. The report of the Fire Chief gives a good account of the Fire Department. This Department under the direction of Councillors Rattary and Moran has been well directed and the comparatively small fire loss for the year is very creditable to our fire department and its officials. Our City market under the supervision of Councillor Smith has been well kept and is doing good service to the community in general.

I should like in this report to commend very highly the work of our City Engineer, Mr. Nicholson possesses an expert knowledge of every department of the Corporation and his advice and co-operation are freely given to all members of the Council without exception. Much of the success of the years work is due to Mr. Nicholson's knowledge and training in his profession. The official staff at the City Hall have at all times been courteous and obliging to the public as well as diligent in the performance of their several duties. I have to acknowledge many courtesies from the members of the Council during my term for which I thank you most cordially.

The members of this Council have always been prompt in attendance at meetings and have discharged their several duties in a business-like and satisfactory manner. In conclusion allow me to say that you have given your fellow citizens good Civic Government, considerable money has been expended and much work done and I believe that every dollar you have expended represents money honestly and economically spent for the benefit of the people.

During the year the city lost by death an old and valued official in the person of W. W. Clark, late City Clerk. Mr. Clark had a long and honorable career as City Clerk and his death was mourned by all classes of the people.

Your respectfully,
DANIEL J. RILEY,
Mayor.

for lame back

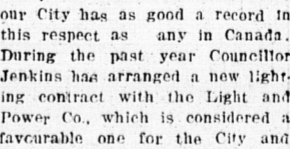
which usually comes from strained or over-worked muscles, Absorbine, Jr. is highly recommended.

Briskly rubbed in at the sore spot, Absorbine, Jr. will take out the pain and stiffness quickly, and restore the muscles to their normal, healthy condition.

Absorbine, Jr. is clean and wholesome and leaves no oily residue. It is sold at most drug stores.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 344 St. Paul St., Montreal

Absorbine



Nothing is denied to a well-acted labor, and nothing is expected to be attained without it. Sir J. Reynolds.