

NEW TASTY LINES
MARVEN'S
WHITE LILY BISCUITS



ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM
LILY BISCUIT
AVARD CREAMS
TIP-TOP BISCUIT
CUSTARD CREAM
BUTTER PUFF
LEMON PUFF
VERNE BISCUIT

J.A. MARVEN LIMITED
 BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS
 MONCTON, ST. JOHN, HALIFAX, MONTREAL

Report of Women's Institutes, P. E. Island

Kelly's Cross—The regular meeting of this Institute was held in the school on September 5th. There were eleven members present. After the usual business it was decided to have a discussion at the next meeting regarding the \$5.00 was voted as prize money for removal of stains from clothing at the school fair. The members have planned to serve lunch on the evening of the school fair. Knitting is to be done for the Orphanages. One new member was added to the club. The next meeting will be at the school.

Fairview—Eight members and sixteen visitors met at the home of Mrs. Mary McIsaac on August 9th. \$30.00 has been paid for the papering and painting of the school. The school is also to be thoroughly cleaned. The meeting adjourned and a pleasant social hour was spent.

Stanchel—The regular meeting of this Institute was held at the home of Mrs. J. Graham on September 6th. There were eighteen members and seventeen visitors present. Some old-time favorites were sung, after which a programme of violin music, games, conundrums and tongue-twisters was enjoyed by all. Expenses involved in the recent repairs to the school were settled and \$10.00 was voted for further work. On account of the busy season no new work was undertaken. Six new members were added to the club. Lunch was served and a pleasant social hour was spent.

Red Point—Fourteen members and eighteen visitors met at the home of Mrs. J. McInnis on September 4th. After the singing of the Ode and the reading and adoption of the Minutes of the previous meeting, it was decided that the Institute members serve lunch and ice cream at the school fair to raise funds for a new hardwood floor for the school. A paper "The Profession of Homemaking" was read and enjoyed. Two new members joined the Institute at this time. The meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

St. Nicholas—The regular meeting of this Institute was held at the school on the afternoon of September 8th. There were eleven women present. This club has been very active during the summer months. A new floor was laid in one room of the school. Two new stoves were bought; the exterior of the school was white-washed and the windows and doors painted. An ice cream social was held and \$46.00 received. Miss Carruthers gave a demonstration on salad making at this meeting.

Miscouche—The regular meeting of this club was held at the home of Mrs. Wm. Schurman on September 6th. There were fourteen members and four visitors present. After the regular business it was decided that sewing and knitting to the Orphanage to be taken up. A demonstration on salad making was given by Miss Carruthers. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Mary DesRoches.

Central Bedouque—Eight members and six visitors met at the home of Mrs. Andrew Jardine on September 11th. Much work has been accomplished in school improvement by the efforts of the Women's Institutes during the summer. The desks have been varnished, the teachers desk repaired, and the partition between the rooms have been painted. Two maps of the Island have been obtained from the Department of the Interior and are placed in the school. A demonstration on Supper Dishes was given by the Supervisor. The next meeting will be held in the school when further improvements will be discussed.

Lower Bedouque and Fernwood—The organization meeting of this Institute was held in the Lower Bedouque hall on the afternoon of September 12th. After a brief talk on the work of the Institutes by the Supervisor, the election of officers was held. President, Mrs. Edwin MacFarlane; Vice President, Mrs. Horace Wright; Secretary, Mrs. Geo. Henderson; Directors, Mrs. Alex Anderson; Mrs. Walter Leard; Mrs. Leslie MacFarlane; Auditors, Mrs. Harrison MacFarlane and Mrs. J. R. Forbes. The first Monday of each month was chosen as the regular day of meeting. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Alex Anderson on Monday, October 2nd. All who are interested in Institute work are cordially invited to attend. This promises to be a very active club. Seventeen members paid their fees at the organization meeting and a large membership is expected.

Freeland, Lot 11—The regular meeting of this Institute was held at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Palmer on September 5th. There were sixteen members and nineteen visitors present. After the singing of the Ode and the reading and adoption of the minutes, an interesting paper on "Home making as a Profession" was read by Mrs. Traverser who was formerly a teacher in household science and dietetics. \$10.00 was voted toward the placing of the school pump. Three new members were added to the club. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. John P. Miller.

School and Home

(Continued from Page 9)

ing water, they can render quite fresh and sanitary.

But nevertheless, we pride ourselves on serving our guests with fresh individual cakes of soap. What remains of them we either rinse in hot water and turn into the various family supplies of soap, or removal of stains from clothing, we send them to the laundry, if they are not too heavily scented, there to be used in the washing machine.

The manufacturers of soap are putting up individual guest room soap cakes in most alluring fashion. They make them in various colors and scents, wrap them attractively, and sell them at a reasonable price.

The fastidious housekeeper has a box of these small cakes of soap always on hand, to use for her guestroom, bathroom or on the guest shelf in a bathroom shared by members of the family.

Lightly scented guest soaps are perhaps the best. By lacking scent they cannot offend aggressively, and by having a too strong scent of a kind a guest does not like they can be quite offensive.

If you wish to do you can cut guest soap cakes from a big bar of castle soap. These are always suitable. Cut them neatly and evenly and, if you cut them ahead of time, wrap each little cake in waxed paper, fold the edges of the paper neatly, and pile away in a box for future use.

DON'T LOAD MANTEL.

The mantelshelf too often spends its days paying penance for its handiness it seems to act as a magnet to all small curios, bric-a-brac and photographs seeking a resting-place. If this temptation to turn it into a museum in miniature is firmly resisted, a mantelshelf can give a fitting but none the less homely finish to the fireplace which it crowns.

By removing many of the little ornaments not merely is there an improvement in effect, but a considerable amount of dusting is saved thereby.

In a case where, when every article had been removed from the mantelshelf for cleaning, a sudden inspiration occurred to the housewife that just the bare mantelshelf looked better than the manner in which it had been previously loaded up. This is perhaps carrying the matter to extremes, for one or two candlesticks or vases will always assist in setting off the shelf, but a seemingly haphazard arrangement of these will often produce a better effect than if they are arranged to balance up exactly on each side of a clock.

GIRLS' SIMPLE DRESSES.

When the first autumn frocks appear there is always a demand for simple dresses of the sort designed for school girls or the young woman who works.

This special type of dress is usually trim and simple in its lines and inexpensive, but by no means unregarding of fashion and attractiveness.

Wool jersey has been the favorite material for these dresses during the past few seasons and seems likely to be this fall as well.

They are seen in the most expensive of specialty shops as well as in lower priced stores and the distinguishing charm is usually a bit of different looking trimming or a pleasant combination of colors.

This season there are new woolen fabrics as well. One is wool crepe, lighter than jersey and shown in either plain or striped weaves.

One wool jersey shows a silk pattern. Other woolen stuffs have block patterns of various kinds. Smooth finished materials seem to be preferred. There need be no lack of variety at any rate, no matter how simple the style of the dress may be.

COLORS AND DYES.

For successful dyeing we must know a good deal about color, because a colored garment can be dyed only certain colors related to the color it already has. In general no garment can be made lighter in color than it is, although, of course, certain fabrics may be bleached white. While may be dyed to any color. But if we attempt to dye a red garment purple, and a yellow garment, instead of being blue, will come out green. Light blue dyed over pink produces lavender, and green over red gives a dark brown or black.

Sometimes a red material dyed black will still show a reddish cast. This can be improved by re-dyeing with the addition of a little dark green to the dye. Similarly if a brown garment still shows brown through the black, a little navy blue should be added for the second dyeing. Striped materials, if the contrast of color is not great, may be dyed a darker plain color, though two dippings may be necessary. But if the contrast is sharp, as between black and white, the stripe is very likely to persist in showing through. In any case it almost is necessary to test a sample before dyeing any garment. Only so can you judge what you are doing.

HOW OUR EYES FOOL US.

Suppose you went into a motion picture theatre and were forced to sit in absolute darkness (with a dark screen) for about twenty to thirty minutes. Would you complain? A writer in Power Plant Engineering. You say you would? You continue. Well, we guess you wouldn't. Because that's just exactly what happens every time one goes to the movies. From fifteen to twenty minutes of every hour that we spend there, we sit in absolute darkness, but we don't complain in the least—because we do not realize it.

This is due to a defect of the eye—a fortunate defect, however, for upon it is built the success of the entire motion picture industry. When we look at an object drawn away from our field of vision, the picture of the object persists in our eyes for a very short time afterward. This peculiar property of the eye while the shutter closes, the film is suitably jerked down so as to bring the next picture into the field of the approximately sixteen separate pictures. The interval of darkness between the lens every (when the shutter is closed) how second. These, however, do not pass over smoothly but rather in a series of jerks. Each picture occupies a position in the field of the image of one picture has not are spent in total darkness. Since died away in our eyes before the we can't detect it, however, we don't mind and let it go at that. Ignorance is bliss.

When serving egg on toast to a sick person, cut the toast in small squares before placing the egg on top. It is much more easily disposed of by the patient.

September 26th to 29th, 1922

Prince Edward Island Exhibition

AT

Charlottetown

OPEN TO ALL CANADA

Over \$12,000 in Exhibition Prizes

3--DAYS HORSE RACING--3

\$4500 IN PURSES

9 CLASSES

Grand Parade of Horses and Cattle in front of the Grand Stand.

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the three days of the Horse Races, there will be amusement and instruction in front of the Grand Stand the whole of each afternoon.

Cheap fares on Railways. Make your arrangements early.

For all information write Secretary.

JOHN J. DAVIES, President.

C. R. SMALLWOOD, Secty.-Treas.

E. R. BROW

146 Richmond Street
 Charlottetown

Fire, Life, Accident, Sickness and Plate Glass Insurance at Lowest rate. Agent at Summerside, Lloyd Lewis Good Stong Stock Companies.

It is longer and stronger

Lights every time

Heads will not fly off

Test their strength

No live Sparks when extinguished

The Canadian Match Co. Limited
 Toronto Montreal Winnipeg

The Perfect Match is here

A Match that is different and better

The new Maple Leaf Matches are the product of the combined resources, patents and processes of the three greatest match masters of the World.

Bryant & May, Ltd.—largest makers in the British Empire.

The Diamond Match Company—the biggest in the world, the originators of the non-glowing match, and the firm which voluntarily gave to all match makers the formula for the non-poisonous match—

Maguire, Paterson & Palmer, Ltd. of Liverpool, England, second largest British manufacturer.

The combined output of these interests for a single week is greater than one year's entire consumption of matches in Canada.

The brains and skill of these organizations have been brought together in the formation of the Canadian Match Company, and the product of their store of knowledge is the new Made-in-Canada Maple Leaf Match.

Examine and test MAPLE LEAF MATCHES by the side of ordinary matches and you will "Call for them by name."

Ask your grocer to show you Maple Leaf Matches. You will be surprised at the difference even in appearance. They are longer, stronger and do not glow after the flame is out, the heads do not fly off, they do not break in the fingers, they are not poisonous and they withstand more wind and moisture.

MAPLE LEAF MATCHES

For "Quality"

To Holders of Five Year 5 1/2 per cent Canada's Victory Bonds

Issued in 1917 and Maturing 1st December, 1922.

CONVERSION PROPOSALS

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers to holders of these bonds who desire to continue their investment in Dominion of Canada securities the privilege of exchanging the maturing bonds for new bonds bearing 5 1/2 per cent interest, payable half yearly, of either of the following classes:—

(a) Five year bonds, dated 1st November, 1922, to mature 1st November, 1927.

(b) Ten year bonds, dated 1st November, 1922, to mature 1st November, 1932.

While the maturing bonds will carry interest to 1st December, 1922, the new bonds will commence to earn interest from 1st November, 1922, GIVING A BONUS OF A FULL MONTH'S INTEREST TO THOSE AVAILING THEMSELVES OF THE CONVERSION PRIVILEGE.

This offer is made to holders of the maturing bonds and is not open to other investors. The bonds to be issued under this proposal will be substantially of the same character as those which are maturing, except that the exemption from taxation does not apply to the new issue.

Holders of the maturing bonds who wish to avail themselves of this conversion privilege should take their bonds AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE, BUT NOT LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 30th, to a Branch of any Chartered Bank in Canada and receive in exchange an official receipt for the bonds surrendered, containing an undertaking to deliver the corresponding bonds of the new issue.

Holders of maturing fully registered bonds, interest payable by cheque from Ottawa, will receive their December 1 interest cheque as usual. Holders of coupon bonds will detach and retain the last unmaturing coupon before surrendering the bond itself for conversion purposes.

The surrendered bonds will be forwarded by banks to the Minister of Finance at Ottawa, where they will be exchanged for bonds of the new issue, in fully registered, or coupon registered or coupon bearer form carrying interest payable 1st May and 1st November of each year of the duration of the loan, the first interest payment accruing and payable 1st May, 1923. Bonds of the new issue will be sent to the banks for delivery immediately after the receipt of the surrendered bonds.

The bonds of the maturing issue which are not converted under this proposal will be paid off in cash on the 1st December, 1922.

W. S. FIELDING,
 Minister of Finance.

Dated at Ottawa, 8th August, 1922.

Send a **DOMINION EXPRESS MONEY ORDER**

IN PAYMENT OUT OF YOUR ACCOUNTS

FOR SALE AT C.P.R. STATIONS AND DOMINION EXPRESS OFFICES