

Make Your Old Straw Hat Look Like New

We have received our spring stock of

Colorite Hat Stains

in all the popular colors. This hat stain is no experiment. Its easy to apply does not add to weight of hat and gives a finish that makes old hats look like new. Large bottles 25c, brush goes with it.

J. G. Jamieson

Druggist

DIARY OF EVENTS

TODAY.
City Magistrate's Court, 9 a. m.
Prince Edward Theatre, 3.15, 7 and 8.45 p. m.

BIRTHS

MACKINNON.—At Charlottetown, March 27, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mackinnon, a son, Donald Patrick Raymond.

BULGER.—At Lot 11, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bulger, a daughter, weighing 11 pounds.

McLEAN.—At Youngstown, Alta., to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McLean, (nee) Miss C. E. Young, on March 23rd, 1917, a son, J. Murray.

DEATHS

SOMERS.—Suddenly at St. George's the 3rd inst. Mr. Daniel Somers in the 61st year of his age. Mr. Somers was known as the St. George poet.

CHURCH SERVICES

FIRST METHODIST.
11 a. m., sermon, subject, "Principals Worth Fighting For." 2.30 p. m., Sunday School. 7 p. m., sermon, subject, "A Strong Man's Power." Preacher, Rev. R. G. Fulton.

GRACE CHURCH.
11 a. m., sermon, "The Living Christ." Sunday School and Bible Class with orchestra, 2.30 p. m. 7 p. m., sermon, subject, "Perennial Youth." Rev. Mr. Littlejohns.

ST. JAMES.
11 a. m., sermon, subject, "The Risen Christ." 2.30 p. m., Sunday School and Bible Class. 7 p. m., sermon, subject, "The Risen Life." Special Easter music. Rev. Dr. Fullerton. Strangers welcome and seats provided.

ZION CHURCH.
11 a. m., sermon, 2.30 p. m., Sunday School and Bible Class. 7 p. m., sermon. Every member is expected to be present. Rev. J. D. McKenzie, preacher.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN.
11 a. m., sermon, 2.30 p. m., Sunday School and Bible Class. 7 p. m., sermon. Rev. O. B. Emery. A hearty welcome to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
11 a. m., sermon, "The First Easter Morning." Sunday School and Bible Class, 2.30 p. m. Special welcome is extended to men and women by the two recently organized adult classes. 7 p. m., sermon, "The First Easter Evening." Rev. Charles R. Freeman will preach at both services.

PEOPLE'S CHURCH.
Services at 7 p. m., Rev. D. McLean, preacher.

ST. PETER'S.
Easter Day, Holy Communion 7 a. m. and 8 a. m., Matins 8.45, procession, song, Eucharist and sermon, 11 a. m. Evensong, sermon, procession and Solemn Te Deum, 7 p. m. All seats free and unappropriated. Canon Simpson and Dr. Hunt.

ST. PAUL'S.
8.30 a. m., Holy Communion, 11 a. m., morning prayer, 2.30 p. m., children's service, 7 p. m., evening prayer and Holy Communion. Special Easter music. All seats free. Rev. T. W. Murphy.

HALLORAN.—In Dorchester, Mass., on March 31st, Paul, husband of Mary F. Halloran.—Prince Edward Island papers please copy.

CAMPBELL.—Mr. James Campbell (Mason) died at Primrose April 4th after a protracted illness at the age of 81 years.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER

(From our own Correspondent.)
OTTAWA, April 4.—It may be freely admitted that the political life of Canada would be greatly benefited if it were possible to distinguish at all times between partisan and non-partisan enterprises. As it is the people are constantly being deceived by partisan volves in non-partisan clothing, by politicians in the guise of patriots. It is not so long ago, for instance, since a feverish agitation for what was called a National Government, or, in other words, a government along non-partisan lines, was conducted by the Toronto Globe, The Toronto Star, and Journals of the Liberal faith. These papers, and other lesser lights of the same political kind, strongly urged that the time had come when Canadians of all parties should combine to give the country an administration by business men of recognized ability untroubled by party affiliation. But some of the agitators forgot their cue, and at a party rally held in Quebec the other day Mr. Carvell, M.P., viciously denounced the Borden administration and predicted that a general election was in the offing. Supporting the New Brunswick political leader, Hon. Sydney Fisher, ex-Minister of Agriculture in the Laurier administration, stated that many Conservatives had declared against the present government. When this statement was challenged he intimated the case of some men in Toronto, formerly strong Conservatives, who had joined in the demand for a National Government. To an outsider the call for a National Government appears to have been merely a screen of artillery fire to cover a partisan advance with bayonets fixed. In short, the National Government of non-partisan business men, about which so much has been heard, has been revealed as a very partisan combination indeed. These Liberal "uplift" movements usually have a hidden meaning.

The farmers of Western Canada, under the leadership and possible direction of a gentleman of foreign birth, have refused the very profitable price for their wheat offered by the British government. As a consequence of this refusal the British government is denied the opportunity to make its plans for the coming year with the minimum of trouble so far as the matter of wheat supply is concerned. In support of the farmers' action the argument is advanced that these people have done a good stroke of business for themselves. But this is a debatable question. Everyone knows how the manufacturers of Canada have been attacked since the war began because some of them have made big profits. There are, however, few, if any, cases in which the price they charged was not acceptable to the British government. It is passing strange, therefore, that the very people who have led the attacks on the manufacturers are now applauding the western farmers. In this connection it would be interesting to know what the British government thinks of the relative services performed by the manufacturers and the western farmers. It should not be a difficult matter

ter for those critics who have been

such sturdy champions of the British government were concerned to make a pretty shrewd guess.

There would seem to be ample evidence to show that the Canadian West Indies trade agreement has been effective in increasing the volume of trade exchanges between Canada and the West Indian colonies. The effect is especially noticeable in the imports of certain articles of Canadian produce into the colonies that are parties to the agreement. Figures recently given out here show that fully eighty per cent. of this trade is carried on by Barbadoes, British Guiana and Trinidad, and conclusions based upon an analysis of the trade of these three may be taken as true in regard to the whole group. Such analysis shows that the imports from Canada in the period from 1912 to 1915 increased from \$2,362,072 to \$4,364,791, or 85 per cent., while the imports from the United States for the same period increased from \$7,322,502 to \$8,412,375, or six per cent. The preference has greatly benefited the trade with Canada in such articles as boots and shoes, butter, cheese, condensed milk, fish, flour, lumber, oats, potatoes and soap, and has been very effective in assisting imports of Canadian fish, four, oats and other products. It seems to me that there is a good field in the West Indies for Islanders to exploit. A live man representing P. E. Island in the West Indies should be able to greatly extend trade relations with these parts. The preference has many things that the West Indians would buy largely of if their merits were made known.

Eggs are eggs in Ottawa these days. And if the prices continue to soar as they have done in the last three or four days the hen fruit will be absent from many a table this Easter. On Thursday of last week eggs were offered at 37 cents a dozen, but next day they jumped to 43 cents, and the store keepers handling them are cheering their customers by predicting a further advance in price. One dealer declares that 50 cents a dozen is not an exaggerated estimate of the price that will be asked before this week has advanced very far. While this is much lower than people have had to pay during the winter for the strictly fresh product, it is quite an increase in comparison with recent prevailing prices. The cause for the upward shoot is the difficulty farmers find in negotiating the roads leading to the city owing to their present condition and not to any scarcity of the article. An improvement in the condition of the roads is apparently the only thing which will relieve the situation to any appreciable extent.

The sale of War Savings Certificates which has proved so satisfactory has been carried on by the Finance Department by means of a quiet, persistent and effective propaganda among all classes of the community. Besides newspaper advertising much literature has been circulated, thousands of letters have been written and posters distributed to banks, post offices, railway stations and shops and factories throughout the Dominion. The Minister of Finance has adopted this

policy in preference to the sensation-

al method of working up enthusiasm by the appointment of committees throughout Canada, believing that in the long run it will prove more effective and give more permanent results as sensationalism is apt to run its course quickly and is always followed by reaction. The result of interesting the press, the clergy, social and patriotic organizations, business houses, manufacturers and their employees, fraternal and labor societies, has been a demand for the certificates away beyond the expectation of the Minister. It is thought that the sale of these certificates will lead to the formation of habits of thrift on the part of tens of thousands in the community who otherwise would save little or nothing.

The statement made in the British House of Commons the other day that the Canadian authorities had asked for wet canteens for the soldiers of the Dominion may create a wrong impression. It is the desire of the authorities here to have dry canteens for the Canadian soldiers abroad just as at home, and first no liquor was allowed in the Canadian camps in England. However, the military authorities found that there were so many public houses in the vicinity of the camp that it was thought better to sell light beer in the canteens than to starve out the camp into the undesirable public houses. It would greatly please the authorities here to have dry canteens and no public houses nearby, but until the British people revolutionize their system the present Canadian practice is considered best in the interests of the Canadian soldiers. The position just now is the same as it has been since General Alderson was in command overseas, and General Hughes was Minister of Militia. The latter, by the way, is known to be one of the foremost anti-liquor men in the country and introduced the dry canteen in Canada.

When Hon. Dr. Reid visited British Columbia last autumn he made the announcement that if possible the Government would order the construction in that province of two vessels to trade between Atlantic and Pacific ports. For some time negotiations have been conducted by the Railways Department for the purpose of carrying out this proposed arrangement. A contract has been made with the Wallace Shipyard Company, of Vancouver, for one vessel 225 ft. long, 45 ft. beam, and a freight capacity of 2,500 tons. This vessel will cost in the neighborhood of \$200,000, and is to be delivered within the next nine or ten months. Negotiations have been in progress to have a similar vessel built in Victoria, but these are not yet complete. Dr. Reid states that every effort will be made to obtain another vessel so that in ten or twelve months' time these two vessels will be able to be put on the route between Atlantic and Pacific ports with a view to ascertaining the amount of business available by the all-water route between Columbia and Eastern Canada.

If prohibition is carried in Hull it will not affect clubs, according to a prominent member of the City Council,

socks Acknowledged

Miss Ada Paynter, New London, P. E. I. has received the following letter from Pte. Augustine McDonald, formerly of Kensington, P.E.I.:
France, March 8, 1917.

Dear friend,—I take the pleasure in writing you to thank you for a pair of socks which I got, and your address was written inside. Socks are things very much needed. I wish to thank you very much for them. I am writing this from the trenches, which I like very well. All the 105th boys are in good health. I will stop for now by thanking you again for the socks.

I remain,
Pte. Augustine McDonald,
No. 5 Platoon, B.E.F.,
France.

LEVEE EN MASSE.
The Crank—"Your highness, I have here a scheme that will save many of your wonderful airships from destruction. It is a shell-proof envelope six inches thick."
The Count—"Of what material?"
The Crank—"Iron, your highness."
The Count—"Why, your idiot, how do you expect the airship to rise?"
The Crank—"It doesn't, your highness. That is the sole purpose of my invention."

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SERVICE — CONVENIENCE — COMFORT

Passengers from the Island should consult Mr. H. M. Davidson, Local Agent for the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

He will issue via the DIRECT SHORT ROUTE TO MONTREAL AND WEST AND make necessary reservations, check baggage, etc. DIRECT CONNECTIONS Highest Class of Electric Lighted Equipment Unexcelled Dining Car Service.

N. R. DesBrisay, D. P. A., St. John, N. B.

CHRIST DIED FOR US.

There is a green hill far away,
Outside a city wall,
Where the dear Lord was crucified,
Who died to save us all.

We may not know we cannot tell
What pains he had to bear,
But we believe it was for us
He hung and suffered there.

He died that we might be forgiven,
He died to make us good
That we might go at last to heaven,
Saved by His precious blood.

There was no other good enough
To pay the price of sin—
He only could unlock the gate
Of heaven, and let us in.

O dearly, dearly has He loved,
And we must love Him, too,
And trust in his redeeming blood
And try His works to do.

—CECIL FRANCES ALEXANDER

EASTER MORN.

O Saviour, Whom adoring throngs
Are worshipping today,
These lips join in the triumph songs
This heart is far away.

Oh, Thou, Who wept at Lazarus' tomb
Where hope and love lay low,
Come down and fill this empty room,
Oh, stem this bitter flow!

Somewhere mid Paradisal calm,
Where saints behold Thy face,
Is hid the fount of Heavenly balm,
The river of thy grace.

But here it is a dry parched land,
Wherein no waters be,
Dear risen Jesus, take my hand,
And lift me up to Thee!

—A. B. S.

"The last word in hats. Men, get your new Easter Hat at Prowse's. Popular prices, latest styles. 7060

"White Boots for Easter this year, see our display of buckskin, cross cloth and fine canvas all high tops. ALLEY & CO. 7050-4-6M21.

EASTER Services at the Baptist Church

MORNING SERVICE

Organ Easter Processional Whittier
Opening Sentence—Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow
Responsive Reading Selection 65
Hymn 129 "Jesus Christ Is Risen Today" Carey
Scripture Reading
Easter Carol "Hail Bright Day of Gladness" Athens
Choir
Prayer
Announcements
Organ Offertory Andante Pastorale Moir
Anthem "As It Began to Dawn" Lerman
Choir
Hymn 133 "Christ is Risen Hallelujah" Maker
Sermon "The First Easter Morning" Mark 16:2
Rev. C. R. Freeman
Prayer
Hymn 151 "Crown Him With Many Crowns" Elvey
Organ Recessional Festal March In F. Thompson

EVENING SERVICE

Organ Oberon Fantasia Leybach
Opening Sentence "Oh, The Golden, Glowing Morning Le Jeune
Choir
Hymn 129 "Jesus Christ Is Risen Today" Carey
Scripture Reading
Anthem "They Have Taken Away My Lord" Stainer
Choir
Prayer
Solo "Lead Thou Me On" Ellis
Mr. Roy Quigley
Announcements
Organ Offertory Melody In A Wellesley
Solo Hosanna Granier
Mrs. C. R. Freeman
Hymn 139 "Look, Ye Saints, The Sight Is Glorious" Matthews
Sermon "The First Easter Evening" Luke 24:35
Rev. C. R. Freeman
Anthem "Fling Wide The Gates" Stainer
(From Crucifixion)
Choir
Hymn 151 "Crown Him With Many Crowns" Elvey
Organ Recession "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth" Handel
(Messiah)

PROFESSOR H. A. TANTON,
Organist and Choir Director.

You're Cordially Welcome At the Homelike Church

Safeguard Against Uncertainty

The elimination of uncertainty is the whole trend of modern business. It is the unexpected things---loss coming unexpectedly, that make business uncertain and hazardous.

Every prudent business man tries to foresee and provide against every possible contingency.

Insurance is the only method to provide a sinking fund to meet emergencies because it is the only way of creating a sinking fund to become due at an uncertain time.

Fire Insurance---to reimburse you or protect your creditors in event of damage or destruction by Fire of your Buildings or Stock.

Marine Insurance. To secure you against loss from the perils of the sea, to your ship or cargo. Either Sailing Vessel or Steamship.

Life Insurance. To protect those who are depending on your business activities in business and the home, in event of your early death, and to support you in old age, or in event of your becoming permanently disabled.

Accident and Health Insurance. To insure continuance of your income in event of accidental injury from any cause or from any illness.

Guarantee Insurance. To protect your business from the dishonesty of trusted employees.

Liability Insurance. To protect those employing labor or dealing with the public from loss or damage that they may become legally liable for, through negligence or otherwise.

We handle Insurance in all its principal Branches, with forty years experience and representing the strongest Companies in existence, we can assure our clients prompt and satisfactory service.

Our rates are the lowest consistent with absolute service.
We solicit a share of your patronage.

HYNDMAN & COMPANY LIMITED

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
THE OLDEST INSURANCE AGENCY IN P. E. ISLAND
W. G. SCHURMAN and S. M. HICKS, AGENTS AT SUMMERSIDE