

PRINCE EDWARD TODAY

RICHARD BARTHELMESS

Wear River

ALSO COMEDY



PRINCE EDWARD TOMORROW

SHOW FOLKS

Eddie Quillan
Lina Basquette

Also "FIRE DETECTIVE" And COMEDY

BACK STAGE
In every theatre, love, jealousy, hatred, sympathy, ambition pay their various parts and shape the destinies of men and women players—
Here's a story of life and love among show folks every picture fan will enjoy to the full.



CAPITOL NEW SHOW TODAY

TOM MIX

and Tony in
THE BIG DIAMOND ROBBERY

Teeming with action—packed with thrills—laced with suspense—brimful of romance! You'll love this great Mix picture!

Also COMEDY
And 2nd Chapter
New Serial Thriller
"FINAL RECKONING"



CANADIAN LEGION PRESENTS

THE GREATEST OF ALL BRITISH PICTURES

TAKEN IN ENGLAND AND EGYPT!

"TOMMY ATKINS"

BY BEST LOCAL TALENT
ON THE STAGE

WITH SPLENDID PROLOGUE

PRINCE EDWARD MON. JUNE 24 4 DAYS GET TICKETS FROM LEGION MEMBERS NOW



Central Guardian

SUNDAY SERVICES—Services will be held at Peter's Road Church at 2:30 p. m., June 23rd.

HAMPTON United Church services for Sunday, June 23rd, are as follows: Victoria 11 a. m.; Bonshaw, 7:30 p. m. There will be no afternoon service. James P. Kaye, Minister.

TO GUARDIAN SUBSCRIBER PICNICERS—When you are preparing to go a picnicking it may pay you to take advantage of The Guardian special offer of plates, spoons and forks. Read advertisement in this issue.

POLICE COURT—At the Police Court yesterday morning the defendant in a prohibition case was sentenced to six months in jail. A speeding case was dismissed and a non-support case adjourned.

WILL BE OVERHAULED—The ferry-boat, "Hillsborough," running between Charlottetown and Rocky Point will be on the slip to-day and to-morrow. Her bottom will be overhauled previous to annual inspection.

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—Services next Sunday at Marie at 11 a. m.; Greenwick 3 p. m.; St. Peter's Bay 6:30 p. m. There will be a special service in Marie Church at 7:30, conducted entirely by the Young People. The Bridgetown Male Quartette will be present.

QUICK RESPONSE—An advertiser inserted a classified ad in yesterday's Guardian stating that he had lost a tire from his car. Twenty minutes after he opened his Guardian yesterday morning, he received a telephone message telling him that it had been found.

38TH BATTALION, C. E. F.—The 38th Battalion, C. E. F. are anxious to prepare a permanent nominal roll of every man who ever served with that Unit and would appreciate it if all Ex-Members of the old 38th Battalion would forward their permanent address to L. G. Dewbury, 172 Woodfield Road, Toronto, Ont.

MANY HAPPY RETURNS—Yesterday Mr. C. Howard Dingwell, in charge of the Passenger Department of the Canadian National Railway, celebrated his sixty-eighth birthday. Mr. Dingwell has the unique record of having been forty-eight years in the Railway employment and of being off duty in that time only fifteen days due to sickness. He has also been a member of the Baptist Choir, of which he is now President, for forty-three years, singing twice a day every Sunday. He has now in the choir with him his youngest son, Mr. Leigh Dingwell, as well as his grandson, Mr. Earle Cook, making three generations of chorists. Mr. Dingwell was one of the five members of the St. John Masonic Lodge who inaugurated the movement for the erection of a Masonic Temple and Opera House in Charlottetown, and started the subscription list. At the time of the opening he was Worshipful Master of the Lodge and performed the first ceremony in the new temple. For over thirty years he was cashier of the Opera House and sold the first ticket ever issued for an entertainment, in that hall. Mr. Dingwell was always keenly interested in horse racing and was the first official time-keeper appointed for the Charlottetown Driving Park. He has served under no fewer than six superintendents and has seen the old Prince Edward Island Railway absorbed by the Canadian National Railway with all its accompanying changes, being successively time-keeper, chief baggage master, cashier, chief clerk of audit department and now in charge of the passenger department. Superintendent Grady is the only other member of the staff now on duty who was in the service when Mr. Dingwell entered on August 1st, 1881. The Guardian joins with Mr. Dingwell's many friends in wishing him many happy returns of the day.

Winter Dairying

Does winter dairying pay in Prince Edward Island, in fact does winter dairying pay in any northern hemisphere where feeds must be grown in the summer and dairy cattle housed and stable-fed six or seven months of the year, is a question that cannot be decided in a broad way, unless we take into consideration the ability of the farmer to select the most economical class of dairy cows, to grow the heaviest producing milk crops suitable to his soil and to furnish as near as possible summer temperature in his stables. It along with these very necessary conditions he has a knowledge of properly mixing feeds and balancing his rations so as to supply the nutrient found in summer pasture, winter dairying may be made as profitable as in summer. In fact, we have always been of the opinion that half-year dairying could not possibly pay, as the period through which the unproducing cow has to be boarded would eat up all the profits during the active milking period of the year. It is a well known fact that a cow freshening from September to December, on the same feed, produces from 20% to 25% more milk in the year than a cow freshening between the months of April and July. The reason for this is that the spring freshened cow will, after milking three months, meet dry pasture and a period in which the inflection of horn flies and other pests will annoy the animal thus greatly reducing milk production. After six months milking under such circumstances they have to meet the further handicap of both the cold weather and feeding, which further reduces the milk supply, the result being that it is hard to maintain the flow, after two such serious drawbacks, to the first six months production.

We also know that a cow freshened in the fall or autumn months, getting immediately into stable feeding in a freshened condition and accustomed during the winter months to an even temperature, will, if properly fed, produce a uniform flow during the entire period, and after six months go on the best and cheapest of all feeds, June grass, which stimulates them to a greatly renewed flow. In fact, almost as if a second freshening took place within the year. They then milk steadily for two or three months, or as long as the full flush of grass continues, and when the heat of summer and other unfavourable conditions arise the ten months working period of the year will have ended. For this reason many of our most progressive dairymen have had the greater number of their cows freshen in the fall months, and for the further reason that calves so raised invariably receive better attention and get on to June grass in a thrifty growing condition which continues the rapidity of growth resulting in larger yearlings being raised than if a young calf has to run the gamut of mid-summer heat and mid-winter flytime.

Generally speaking, the Prince Edward Island farmer may grow all feeds necessary for the economical production of milk, with the single exception of a small quantity of concentrates, rich in protein, that will be found economically necessary unless good clover or alfalfa hay can be grown. Where timothy hay, roots and oats or mixed grain, that may be grown in this Province, are fed it is always found profitable to use a reasonable quantity of oil-cake meal. We know of a number of farmers who, during the past winter, have fed their cattle on such a ration — the roots in many instances being culled potatoes — the returns received being most satisfactory.

We have just examined the April returns from the Crapaud Creamery and note that several of the patrons have taken over \$100.00 for their fat during the month — one of these from the milk of only five cows. Another, who practices mixed farming and who is feeding a mixed number of hogs as well as fattening five beef cattle during the winter, has received \$138.00 during this month, and still another, as high as \$158.00. The average value of fat to the patrons for the month was \$49.30. Whole milk, testing 3.5% butter fat, was worth \$1.75 to the patrons, while milk testing 3.8% would be worth \$1.91 per hundred pounds. Adding the value of skim milk, which was worth at least 25c, considering the price of pork, this would leave 3.8% milk worth \$2.16 per 100 pounds, surely a profitable price and one which shows the wisdom of keeping a number of dairy cows and hogs, even though the main cash crop may be seed or commercial potatoes.

In fact, during the entire year ending December 31st, 1928, the price paid at the Crapaud Creamery for milk testing 3.8% would be worth \$1.61 per 100 pounds and milk testing 3.5% would be, on the same basis, worth \$1.48 per 100 pounds. Adding the value of skim milk the milk of average fat would easily be worth \$1.75 per 100 pounds for the entire year 1928.

All farm commodities are subject to fluctuations and this is particularly true of what is known as cash crops, which must be marketed the year they are produced. It is also very true regarding the production of hogs, toy!

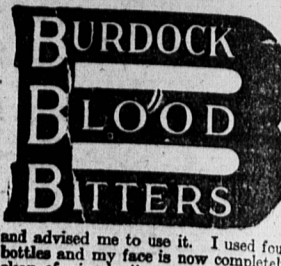
Awful Pimples On Face and Neck For Four Years

Mrs. Mary Rail, Eganville, Ont., writes:—"I am writing to tell you that I suffered terribly with awful pimples, all over my face and neck, for four years. I had tried everything, but got no relief until one day a friend told me about

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

and advised me to use it. I used four bottles and my face is now completely clear of pimples."

Manufactured only by The T. Mum Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.




Best for the Table

THE delicious flavor and rich food value of high grade Molasses is lost when it is enclosed in an air-tight package.

That is why the **Genuine Barbados Extra Fancy Molasses** is sold only in Bulk from the original casks. That is one reason why it is the most delicious Molasses — the best flavored Molasses. Your table deserves the best — Insist upon the **Genuine Barbados Extra Fancy**.

GOOD GROCERS SELL IT

REGISTERED TRADE MARK
EXTRA FANCY MOLASSES
BEMA
GUARANTEED GENUINE
BARBADOS B.M.L.



REVIEW OF

Continued from page 4

speech of Mr. Guthrie is admitted to have been one of the finest expositions of the issues involved in the tariff question, and the fact that 150,000 copies were published for general distribution is the best evidence of how it was appreciated.

The Budget itself, while in some respects it was a characteristic "Robb Budget," outlined nothing new important in fiscal policy. It exuded prosperity and optimism and expressed an attitude of leaving very well alone. The estimates, to which it was a necessary introduction, reflected the necessity of responding adequately to the demands of progress and expanding development. The main estimates represented an outlay of over \$390,000,000, a sum which would have staggered the imagination twenty-five years ago, an increase of nearly \$65,000,000 over the year previous, while the supplementary added another \$12,500,000. But bulging expenditures were overtopped by an alleged reduction of debt of \$60,000,000 and a fat surplus of \$65,000,000, unheard of things, appropriations by statute included very large outlays, improvements and extensions of the C. N. R., for the completion of and terminals for the Hudson Bay Co., heavy loans to harbor commissioners for the improvement of harbors including \$500,000 or an Island ferry and necessary improvements to accommodate it. In connection with the new Island ferry the Hon. J. A. Macdonald has been insistent upon what has now been agreed to and his only criticism was that it had been too long played, and \$50,000,000 for C. N. R. terminals in the City of Montreal spread over five years. The Hon. Mr. Guthrie, in closing his speech, moved an amendment relating that the government had no reasonable provision for safeguarding and protecting those engaged in agricultural pursuits or industrial development. The amendment was defeated on a straight party vote. Two other amendments, proposed by the Progressive elements, having an opposite effect, met much the same defeat.

The boasted prosperity of the country, it was pointed out in debate emphasized by all the opposition speakers, was based upon an easy flow on money, the result of the lavishly sale of raw materials in outside markets and of speculation and does not represent prosperity in respect to the manufacturer, the farmer, the artisan, and every day business and working man. The budget was a paper flying, bearing inscriptions of gain in a procession. It meant going to the limit while the going is good.

PROSARIC COMMITTEE WORK

The rest of the session was rather prosaic, although relieved by occasional ebullitions of excitement. A great deal of really important work was done by the committees, which is not properly evaluated. The Railway Committee, for instance had a very heavy programme before it. It had to consider and investigate the large number of charters asked for by the C. P. R. in the West and the extensions of the C. N. R. in the same region and the acquisition of lines in Quebec and New Brunswick to be added to the national system. One of the most important things before it was the acquisition of the Alberta railways leading to the north and into Peace River district, which were jointly operated by the two large systems. The responsibility was great because the future development of that vast country is largely in their hands. The agricultural committee had among other things the most delicate of all pilotages, amendments to the Grain Act which would give satisfaction to the grain growers, wheat pools and agarian association in the Middle West. Evidently, the committee worked strenuously and conscientiously and apparently wisely, because the report, which was unanimous was adopted by the House, the pious hope being expressed that it would stand for a long time without further revision.

The bill to amend the Dominion Elections Act was the subject of the most careful enquiry, and the result seems to be most satisfactory. The object to be achieved was to remove elections for the Federal House entirely out of political control or making the chief electoral officer responsible for everything, having the exclusive right of all appointments. Further, the preparation of the federal lists will be arrived at by the work of federal election enumerators, the old method of accepting provincial lists being discarded. It is rather a curious thing that the entire principle of the bill was put into legislative form by Sir John Macdonald many years ago, and bitterly opposed by the Liberals who now accept it practically in its entirety.

The fisheries committee had in hand proposed amendments to the fisheries Act, and it had it to do with fishery conditions and regulations on both coasts, which needless to say are quite divergent. The matters which were of special interest to the Maritime Provinces were the use of beam trawls and the season for the fishing of lobsters. The Maritime Conservative members were very insistent upon a more progressive policy for the develop-

REGARDLESS OF THE FUTURE CONSEQUENCES

Spending as long as there is money to spend.

ment of inshore fisheries and the manufacture of all beam trawlers in Canada. They also demanded greater efforts by means of fish culture to increase production.

In the multitude of estimates for various services, it is impossible to particularize, but a large portion of the time was taken up in discussing them and this is usually the cause of delay. Certain of the ministers can get their estimates through with comparative ease, but others like the Postmaster General and the Ministers of Agriculture and Immigration experienced greater difficulties. The Hon. Mr. Veniot, post-master-general, was the subject of a great deal of criticism for political administration of his department, and he received a severe drubbing at the hands of the opposition before the estimates for his department were passed. The Hon. Robert Forke did not have such an uncomfortable time as last year, but he had to deal with two unlooked for elements of opposition, the Progressives and a number of French Canadian members. In connection with immigration General McRae made a very long and strong speech in favor of the Peace-River district being made an area upon which the government should concentrate its attention for immigration and settlement. His speech was highly constructive, if not practical as some seem to believe.

Interesting debates also occurred in connection with the clearances of liquor to the United States, the multilateral treaty and allied subjects, and reparations, upon all of which the government received severe criticism. A notable speech was made by Mr. Cahan, Montreal, on international relations. Hon. Mr. Euler's defence of the attitude of the government on the steps taken to cooperate with the United States government in the prevention of smuggling of liquor from Canada to the United States was the subject of a great deal of comment both in Canada and across the line. By the refusal of the Commons to adopt the bill in connection with divorce proceedings brought a new issue to the front, and was the subject of considerable debate.

ESTIMATES

Big Missouri	138	1.36
Buckingham	04	.05
Bunker Hill	10	.10
Capital Rouyn	05	.05
Central Manitoba	45	.45
Clericy	11	.11
Dome	10.25	10.25
Dalhousie	4.00	4.10
Falconbridge	12.75	12.75
Granada	31	.33
Howey	1.16	1.20
Hudson Bay	16.80	16.80
Inter. Nickel	48.50	48.75
Kirkland Lake	.89	.93
Kootenay Florence	.15	.15
Lake Shore	24.50	25.50
Malartic	.30	.30
Mandy	.85	.85
Man. Basin	.32	.32
Min. Corporation	405	410
Newbec	.48	.47
Noranda	53.40	53.75
Pend Oreille	4.80	4.80
Pioneer	.43	.43
Stadacona	.08	.08
Sheritt Gordon	7.15	7.25
Siscoe	.63	.67
Sudbury Basin	8.30	8.15
Teck Hughes	8.45	8.50
Towamac	1.80	1.85
Ventures	8.05	8.05
Windfall	.02 1/2	.03
Wright Hargreaves	1.68	1.67
Wainwell Oil A.	48 1/2	46
Home Oil	21.50	
Mayland	8.50	8.10

CRAIG-WIGHT NUPTIALS AT IMMACULATE CONCEPTION

The Immaculate Conception church Malden, was the scene Sunday at two o'clock of the wedding of Miss Helen Wight, 84 Dudley St., to Henry Stephen Craig, of 12 Middle St., Gloucester. Rev. Richard F. Neagle performed the ceremony.

The bride wore a dress of white satin, made with a draped skirt and with a large bow at the back. Her veil was of embroidered net and she carried a bouquet of white roses. She was attended by Miss Helen Rice of Needham, who wore lavender georgette, with a matching hat of maline. She also carried roses.

James N. Wight of Lawrence, the bride's brother, was the best man. A reception was held at the home of the bride's aunt, 84 Dudley St. from 3 to 4 o'clock, after which Mr. and Mrs. Craig left for New York. They will be at home at 12 Middle St., Gloucester after June 27.

MONTREAL, Que., June 19

There were 15 cattle, 130 calves, 616 hogs and 56 sheep and lambs, for sale on the two live stock markets here today, including about 400 hogs held over from Monday's and Tuesday's markets. There was no change in cattle quotations, calves were sold for \$8.00 to \$11.50. Lambs were lower than Monday's, sales of fairly good average quality sold for \$16.00. Hogs were drabby and there were no early

TREES SPRAYED

It is pleasing to note that preventive measures have been taken so early in the summer to safeguard our beautiful trees. Yesterday afternoon this work was commenced when a large number of trees in the vicinity of Brighton were sprayed with insecticide. The wide-spread devastation wrought by tursock moths last summer has evidently prompted city officials to this creditable move.

SYMPATHY EXPRESSED

On Friday the 7th, Dr. Leo Frank left for New York in response to a message stating that his mother, who had been ill for some time, was in a critical condition. He arrived on Saturday afternoon and found her still living but on Thursday, June 13th she peacefully passed away conscious to the last, in the arms of her son, Mrs. Frank, who was 71 years of age, had been an invalid for many years and underwent a number of operations but she bore her sufferings with great patience and resignation. Her husband Marcus Frank, predeceased her on January 20th last at the age of 78. Mrs. Frank had no knowledge of her husband's death as owing to her serious condition it was deemed advisable not to break to her the sad news. She leaves to mourn, two sons, Dr. Leo Frank and his brother, David Frank of New Orleans, and one daughter, Mrs. Stanley Fischer of New York. Dr. Frank's numerous friends in this city and throughout the province will sympathize with him in the double bereavement which has befallen him within the past five months.

"White Lies"

Are some lies justified? This is a problem most of us have to face at some time or other. It was recently raised by Judge Cluer in Whitechapel County Court, when he said that that he wasn't surprised that people should tell untruths to moneylenders, and added: "I'm not sure that I would not, too."

Moralists of the stern type will, of course, say nothing justifies a lie. "Let the truth be told 'tho' the heavens fall" is their motto.

But what of the following "lies"? A young wife was operated on for internal trouble. The surgeon told her husband it was cancer, and must end fatally in six months. With fear in her eyes, she asked her husband what was the verdict. He told a lie.

THINK TWICE

A man, owing to the death of his employer, was out of work for over a year, and his wife and children suffered greatly. One morning a friend came to him. "Look here," he said,

One Man's Wife

By **BARBARA WEBB**
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down in half an hour, as usual?" Richard nodded and watched her as she left the room. He was puzzled. Talking to Bob West the night before he had half-decided that Bob was right in claiming Yvonne was deeply in love with him, her husband. This morning surely didn't look like it. He bathed and went down to breakfast.

Perhaps Yvonne was angry because he had not wakened her the night before. He would try to make conversation at the table.

"Still the same wonderful cook," he said as he sat down.

He could hardly have chosen a more unfortunate opening. Yvonne made an excuse to go to the kitchen. There she got her features under control. But when Richard went up to his laboratory immediately after breakfast her tears had their way. For an hour she lay on her bed, racked and torn by sobs. At last she sat up. Her face hardened into a mold endurance. She had made her bed. She would lie on it, though it killed her.

To Be Continued Tomorrow

THREE WEDDINGS IN 40 MINUTES

OSHAWA, Ont., June 19.—(By The Canadian Press)—On a recent Saturday a record of marriage making which was hitherto unequalled in the city was established by Rev. R. A. Whittam, pastor of Albert Street United Church. Rev. Mr. Whittam was the officiating pastor at three weddings in the city on Saturday afternoon and performed all three within 40 minutes.

Canada is sending many more automobiles abroad than a year ago.

"a firm I deal with has asked me to recommend a manager. You were made for the job, and my recommendation is all you want to get. There's only one snag—your name is exactly the same as that of a man who let the boss in for thousands. What about giving him another name? I'm willing, if you are?"

"The man looked round at the wreck of his home, and agreed to give a false name, with the result that he obtained the post."

A gaunt-faced man, walking wearily through a village, saw a lady tending the flowers in her garden. For a minute he hesitated—to beg is a crime—but the kindness in her face gave him courage to ask for three-pence to make up the sixpence he wanted for a night's lodging. She gave him the money. A minute later a policeman brought the man back and asked the lady if he had been begging.

She told a lie: "He had only asked for work."

Were these lies to be condemned? Think twice before you answer.