The SUMMERSIDE GUARDIAN
AND PRINCE COUNTY CHRONICLE

THE WESTERN GUARDIAN

AGENT—Mrs. John Pond, 31 Church Street — Phone 289
SUMMERSIDE and PRINCE COUNTY

News, Subscriptions, Advertising should be left with Mrs. Pond

The Guardian may be bought daily at any of the following stores in Summerside:—
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The Guardian will be delivered to any home in Summerside by Carrier Boy at 2c per day or 10c per week. Phone 289 for this service or leave your order to the boy responsible for deliveries on your route.

—This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a newsy nature may be inserted at 2 cents a word strictly payable in advance.

—PABLUM for infants at Taylor Drug Co., Kensington.

—VARIETY CONCERT at Kensington Wednesday, Nov. 27 in aid of public library. L-848-11-26-2i.

—BUYING DRESSED CHICKEN and fowl today. Highest market prices. Killing station open at present only on Thursdays. Brown's store, New London.
L-587-11-19-20-26-27-12-3.

—FUNERAL AT S'SIDE — The funeral service for Mrs. Eleanor Quarebriggs was held yesterday afternoon from the Central Christian Church, Summerside Rev. Williams conducted the service which was largely attended. The pallbearers were Messrs. A. P. Wells, James Tallbeck, Harry Linkletter, Emery Linkletter, John Small and Larry DesRoches, interment was in the People's cemetery. —S.

—POLICE COURT —The case of Chappell vs. MacNeill which had been brought on account of a recent accident on Water Street, Summerside, the charge being occasioning bodily harm, was withdrawn in the Police Court on Monday as there was insufficient evidence. On a charge of driving without sufficient brakes the defendant was fined $25. and costs or one month's imprisonment.
S.

—QUIET WEDDING — A quiet wedding was solemnized on Sunday November 24th at the Presbyterian Manse, Summerside, Rev. William VerWolfe officiating when Miss Violet Bell Mosher, Tignish, became the wife of Mr. Chester Reginald Thomas, North Tryon. Mr. and Mrs. Roy MacKenzie of Bedeque were the witnesses. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas will reside in North Tryon and have the best wishes of their many friends for their future happiness. —S.

—STORE BURGLARIZED— The store of Mr. Fred Muttart at Summerside east was broken into some time during Sunday night and Monday morning. When Mr. Muttart went down in the morning to open the store he found the back of his premises had been broken in and a quantity of goods stolen. He valued his loss at about $30.00. 9 lbs. of butter was taken, a quantity of cigarettes as well as canned goods. The thief or thieves had gained entry by smashing the window in the rear of the building. The R.C.M.P. are working on the case. Mr. Muttart does not live near the store and it is on the south side of the highway, the rear facing the water.

—MR. LIONEL ROSEBOURNE OF LONDON IN SUMMERSIDE — Mr. Lionel Rosebourne who is an annual visitor to Summerside during the fur season arrived here from Winnipeg last Saturday. He is a native of London, England, and served in the last war as a flight lieutenant. He offered his services to his country again in this war but on account of being over age was not accepted. He obtained permission to leave England and brought his wife and family out to Winnipeg last July. He says now it would not be right to ask anyone to send their children out as the danger has increased. He said it is difficult to make any statement on the fur market at the present time. He has only praise for the English people and is confident of victory. Mr. Rosebourne was associated with the late A. E. MacLean in the fur trade and he missed his old friend very much. —S.

—AGED MISCOUCHE RESIDENT DIES— Miscouche has lost one of its oldest residents in the death yesterday of Mrs. Francoise DesRoches, widow of the late James P. DesRoches. Mrs. DeRoches who passed away quite suddenly was 81 years of age and had lived in the village all her life she was one of the first pupils of Miscouche Convent and was associated with the life of the village since its beginning. She was a devout member of St. John the Baptist Church and for forty years was the president of the Holy Family Society. Until quite recently she was very active in church work and was loved and respected by everyone. Her husband preceded her many years ago and for some years Mrs. DesRoches resided with her brother, Joseph D. DesRoches on the old homestead. There were no children from the marriage. The funeral will be held on Thursday morning from the Roman Catholic Church at Miscouche —S.

BUYING LIVE
—and—
DRESSED POULTRY
—Daily—
at McPHERSON'S STORE
at KENSINGTON
Eggs especially
Lowest Grading
Open till 10 p.m. every night
McQUAID & BERNARD

—IT WILL PAY to order "winter supply" groceries etc., now at Brace's. L-862-11-27-2i.

—BUYING live and dressed poultry every day. Highest market prices. P. J. and C. Kennedy. L-849.

—JACK FROST will soon pave the swamps and low wood land. Buy axes, pulp wood saws, chain, sleigh shoeing, etc., at Brace's.
L-862-11-27-2i.

—ONE CENT sale on Hinds Honey and Almond Cream. Regular 45c, two for 46c. Enman Drug Co. L-806-11-25-3i.

—AIRMEN TO LEAVE — The men stationed at the St. Eleanors airport are expected to leave this week for training centres in Ontario. They will be replaced by other members of the R. C. A. F. —S.

—FUR BUYER— Mr. R. N. O'Bryan of Holt Renfrew and Co. Ltd., has arrived and is now buying for cash all kinds of fox pelts and other furs at office of C. R. Rogers, Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Summerside.
L-609-11-19-tf.

—FUNERAL OF MR. GILLIS — The funeral services for Mr. Martin Lambert Gillis were held on yesterday morning from the Roman Catholic Church at Miscouche, Rev. Fr. Butler of Summerside officiated at the requiem mass. The funeral was largely attended by old friends. The pallbearers were Messrs. Joseph Laughlin, John Small, John Murphy, D. B. MacNeill, Emanuel Steele, and Joseph Peters. Interment was in the cemetery adjoining the church.—S.

—SACRED CANTATA IN TRINITY CHURCH —The Young People's Choir of Trinity United Church assisted by some of the senior choir members presented the beautiful sacred Cantata "Christy's Old Organ" at the evening service on Sunday. Miss Helen Dalton read the script. Solo parts were taken by Miss Bessie Smallman, Mr. Archie Sharp, Mr. Alan Wedlock, and Mr. Louis Sutherland. A trio by Miss Geldhart, organist, Mr. Sutherland and Mr. Wedlock also contributed very much to the program. During the offering Mr. Ernest Robertson rendered a beautiful violin solo. —S.

Personals

—Mrs. Clifford Matheson of Kensington is visiting in Summerside. —S.

—Friends will be pleased to learn of the illness of Mrs. Henry Crozier, at her home at Read's Corner.—S.

—Mrs. James Stright of Summerside has as her guests Mrs. A. Riley and Miss Marion Silliker of Port Elgin, N. B. —S.

—Mrs. Fred P. Hill of Plaistow, N. H., U. S. A., who came home to visit her sister, Mrs. J. E. Birch of Alberton, who has been so seriously ill, returned home Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. D. A.

—Miss Reta Finck, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Edward Poole, Summerside has returned to her home in Somerset, Nova Scotia. She was accompanied by Mrs. Poole and little daughter Edith, who will visit relatives in Halifax. —S.

Kensington And Vicinity

Mrs. Wm. Burns of Charlottetown spent the weekend in Malpeque.

Mrs. Evans Inglis was a visitor to Charlottetown Saturday. She was accompanied home by her husband who is now employed on the Charlottetown Airport paint job.

Miss Ruby Campbell of Long River has accepted a position in Kensington.

Miss Joyce Howard, student at U.C.C. in Charlottetown spent the weekend with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Howard.

Miss June MacKenzie was a visitor to Borden on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Dunning accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Evans Inglis motored to Charlotetown on Sunday.

Mr. Clifford Rodd of Charlottetown was a visitor to Kensington Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter White, daughter Janette and two sons, Ellsworth and Claire of Summerside, spent Sunday in Kensington, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Preston Toombs.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Logan, Summerside, spent Sunday in Kensington the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Ives.

Mr. Arthur Larkins left on Monday morning for Debert, N. S.

Mrs. Dean Crosby has returned to her home in Charlottetown after an enjoyable visit in Kensington the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James MacDougall.

Mr. James O'Halloran accompanied by his sister Miss Annie O'Halloran, Mrs. Albert Walker and Mrs. John S. Burns motored to Mount Stewart on Monday. H.

Supreme Court Docket Without Criminal Cases

Fall Term of Court Opens At Summerside Yesterday.

The November term of the Supreme Court of Prince County opened at Summerside yesterday morning, Mr. Justice A. C. Saunders presiding. As there were no criminal cases on the docket His Lordship was presented with the customary white gloves by Sheriff F. J. E. Wright, Sheriff of Prince County.

Civil Docket

Appeals:—
The King Respondent, vs. A. Rankin Howatt appellant. Lawyers acting, Mr. L. G. Lewis and Mr. Watson MacNaught.

The King, Respondent vs. Irene Gallant, appellant. Lawyers acting, Mr. L. G. Lewis, K.C., and Mr. C. D. MacCallum.

Garnishee Issue—Calvin D. McCallum, attaching creditor vs. Bernard MacDonald, Primary debtor, and Curran & Briggs Ltd., garnishee.

Civil non jury: Murdock Dawson, plantiff vs. George Muttart and Alexander Muttart defendants. Lawyers, Mr. Watson MacNaught and Mr. Lowell Compton.

Lawyers attending: Attorney General Thane A. Campbell, K. C., L. G. Lewis, K. C., Heath Strong, K.C., Ernest H. Strong, K.C., Morley M. Bell, K.C., Watson MacNaught, C. D. MacCallum, L. Compton, W. Henry Noonan.

Grand Jury

Donald Baker, Summerside, foreman, George Warren, Bloomfield, Ephraim Leard, Bedeque, David S. Ramsay, Northam, John LeFurgey, Summerside, Wm. McWilliams, West Cape, Walter S. Bowness, Kensington, Joseph Sheen, Kensington, Edward Burleigh, Ellerslie, Rufus Bagnall, Central Bedeque, Colby C. Lewis, Freetown, Edwin L. Taylor, Wilmot Valley.

Judge's Address

His Lordship in his address to the Grand Jury made reference to the absence of serious crime in the County which was a matter for congratulation. He pointed out, however, that the Sheriff's report showed that there had been a number of lesser crimes. His Lordship also referred to the many highway traffic accidents, a condition which has not improved. He referred to the practice of many motorists of not dimming their lights; of driving with only one headlight and no tail light; and the rate of speed, which many motorists drive in our towns and cities. His Lordship urged that all citizens adhere to the traffic laws and that the police should enforce them. He recommended that the Motor Vehicle Act should be amended so that every motorist should be obliged to have a check up on his brakes, lights and other equipment by a competent garage man, and a penalty be imposed on every one not carrying out the law, so that the public would know that cars driven on the roads were in good condition.

His Lordship then went on to review the present world crisis.

Sheriff's Report

Sheriff Wright in his report since the last term of the Supreme Court stated there had been confined to the jail 41 persons for offenses against the Prohibition Act; 5 for offenses against the Excise Act; 64 for being drunk and disorderly; 6 charged with vagrancy; 13 for theft; 9 offenders against the Highway Traffic Act; one for non support; one for assault; 3 for poll tax and one for breaking and entering.

Serving sentence at the present time were two for prohibition; 1 breaking and entering; 4 for drunk and disorderly; 1 vagrancy; 3 for theft; two Highway Traffic Act; 1 for non support; one breach of Excise Act.

Admitted to the Bar

Mr. Lester P. O'Donnell, B.A., a native of Souris and graduate of St. Dunstan's University was called to the Bar at this session of the Court.

His application was presented by Hon. Dr. Thane A. Campbell.

His Lordship in admitting Mr. O'Donnell to the Bar of Prince Edward Island congratulated him on his splendid record of over 75 per cent aggregate in the law examinations which permitted him to be called to the Bar at once after being admitted as an attorney. His Lordship said that he had noticed Mr. O'Donnell in his duties in the Court Room that he was a most diligent and attentive student and not for many years had he seen anyone take such an interest in his work. His Lordship said, Mr. O'Donnell had done exceedingly well and he wished him every success. Mr. O'Donnell had studied law with the firm of J. J Johnson, K.C., at Charlottetown. He afterwards received the congratulations of his brother barristers in the court room.

Mr. Brent Wood of Crapaud was made a commissioner for taking affidavits in the counties of Prince and Queens on motion of Hon. Dr. Campbell.

GRAND JURY REPORT

Following was the text of the Grand Jury's Report:
MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIP:—
We your Grand Jurors wish to submit the following report:
First let me say how glad we all are to see that you have regained your former good health and able to give the attention that your high office demands.

It is impossible for us in so short a time to give your address the attention it deserves for there are many things in it is well deserving of an extended reply.

We have inspected the premises and find everything very satisfactory as one Gentleman remarked it was in perfect condition, but it does seem a pity the Government of our country should be obliged to go to such expense for the entertainment of those who continue to break our laws.

Your report would indicate there are at present many being convicted under the Prohibition and Excise Acts, we realize there are some whose sources of revenue are very limited which makes it necessary for them to stoop to such methods for a living on the other hand there are many able-bodied men who also are being convicted whose efforts should be directed to assist the Government in these strenuous times.

We also recommend Government Inspection on all automobiles and trucks at central points at least every two months and such reports to be sent to the Head Office in Charlottetown and filed with the copy of their drivers license. We also recommend the R.C.M.P. to check up religiously on all those who insist on driving without dimming their lights, driving with one light or insisting on that vicious practice of driving on the centre of the road or on the wrong side.

Your Lordship touched on many points vital to our farmers and suggested their efforts should be directed and devoted to the task of making two blades of grass grow where one was growing before, but we really feel until such times as the Government of our Dominion gives the farmers some protection in this connection it is absurd to make such a recommendation, the Law of supply and demand is still the ruling factor in price making but we believe the Government should establish a minimum price which should be above the cost of production on every article the farmer raises, to give you an instance of what I mean the five year average of the potato crop in the United States is approximately 375,000,000 bushels, if there happens to be a three hundred million bushel crop the farmer will receive at least $1.00 per bushel, if there is a four hundred million bushel crop he will receive 10c per bushel, in other words a three hundred million bushel crop is worth ten times as much as a four hundred million crop.

With reference to the Bacon Industry we presume the price set by the board is a competitive one and it does put our farmers in an awkward position and we certainly believe our farmers should be directed more to mixed farming and make an effort to grow more grain that is necessary to feed hogs instead of asking the Government for a cheaper rate of freight to bring these grains in over such a long rail haul.

In connection with our War efforts you suggest that we should be most thankful that our neighbors to the South of us are so sympathetic towards all our efforts and are not blind to Hitler's ambitions, we believe they are giving us every assistance their present laws will permit and we look forward to the time when amendment to their neutrality law will allow them a fuller co-operation, for they must realize as well as we do that Britain must win this War if we are to have that permanent peace which we all hope to see, Britain does loose battles but she wins wars, she is steadily gaining in her armed forces in her Naval activities and in her Air Force, let us make every effort to co-operate and assist her and not attempt to evade our responsibilities our taxes which the Government is bound to put on us, for it is vital to every member of the British Commonwealth of Nations. There will always be an England.

There is but one task for all
For each one life to give
Who stands if freedom falls
Who dies if England lives.
God Save the King.

(Sgd.) Donald Baker
Foreman for self and fellows.

Faces charge of Stealing truck

HALIFAX, Nov. 26 —Russell Arsenault of Summerside, appeared before Magistrate R. E. Inglis yesterday and pleaded not guilty to a charge of stealing a truck, property of George Romaine.

The truck was allegedly stolen Nov. 5 and the owner yesterday told of discovering it overturned on the Windsor Road half a mile from the service station where he had parked it. Inside the vehicle was a regimental cap.

Walter Wright testified he was driving along the road in his car, saw the overturned truck and got out to investigate. He saw the accused in the cab and helped him out. Arsenault told him he had climbed into the cab "to see if any one was in there," he said.

Arsenault was arrested Friday by R.C.M.P. officers. The case was adjourned until Dec. 2 and the accused released on bail of $500.

Mr. Justice A. C. Saunders Discusses Wartime Conditions

Yesterday in his address to the Grand Jury at the opening of the fall term of the Supreme Court at Summerside His Worship Mr. Justice A. C. Saunders touched on wartime conditions and made reference to the part this Province could play in assisting the Empire. The text of a portion of his remarks follows:

Just one year ago in this Court Room, I made a rather exhaustive survey of conditions as they then existed in our Province, and pointed out the great necessity of our Government assisting our farmers and fishermen in every way possible, with a view of promoting maximum war time production, and thus aiding our Empire in her great struggle.

Apart from a few manufacturing industries, we in this Province rely almost exclusively on farming and fishing, as our means of existence.

It is therefore as clear as crystal that all our efforts should be directed and devoted to the task of making two blades of grass grow where one was grown before.

I sincerely believe our Governments are making a fair and reasonable effort in rendering this much needed assistance. I know, however, that much remains to be done before we attain the maximum production which is so essential during this the most critical period in our history.

Proud of Empire

Let me say at the outset that never in all my life have I been so proud of being a British subject as at the present moment. As I read in the press, and listen over the radio to the almost unbelievable and incredible feats of our British airmen and sailors; and the magnificent and heroic manner the men, women, and children of the British Isles are so valiantly and unflinchingly holding the front lines in this terrible conflict, against the most ruthless and blood-thirsty tryants of all ages; I am simply thrilled beyond measure.

Our British kinsmen will not fail, nor shall we fail them.

But let us not deceive ourselves. There are certain realities which must be faced. We must realize the might of Hitler. In a few short months he has overcome and brought into subjection Poland, Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Luxembourg and our former ally, France.

It is self-evident the Nazis' have met with unexpected success, due entirely to their untiring efforts of the past seven years in developing the most modern mechanized equipment, and fighter and bomber planes at an unprecedented cost; and have developed to the point of perfection their fifth column activities, all of which has enabled them to meet with such marked success.

It is therefore imperative that we all realize the fact that we are fighting as never before, not only with our backs to the wall, but at an enemy stone wall which can only be crumbled to the dust by a united and continuous effort on the part of all of us.

Tide Has Turned

We have been told by Prime Minister Churchill we have been fighting an enemy fully armed while we have only been one-half or one-quarter armed. What could we expect under such circumstances? It would appear as if we have stemmed the tide, and have held our own, notwithstanding these great handicaps. The many reverses we have sustained, perhaps would have rendered any other nation helpless, and forced it to surrender. We have shed tears and blood, and endured untold destruction, injuries and devastations. I am convinced the tide has turned, and I know, as you know, we must yet endure similar privations possibly in tenfold manner before victory crowns our efforts. The way is long, the path is anything but straight, on our road to victory. We must not walk in darkness, we must make our path as short and straight and smooth as possible. We are not going to allow ourselves to be hastened and pushed along our path blindly, by any demon pushing us from behind, and telling us we are not prepared, we are not sufficiently armed. Today, you and I will follow our leaders; we, here at home, will do our best to place our army, navy and airforce not only on a parity with the enemy, but we are determined in the very near future to outdistance the enemy in all these respects.

The cry of our leaders, airmen, soldiers and sailors is: "For God's sake, give us more planes and still more airplanes, tanks, guns and equipment." Our answer; reverberating a hundred times is: "We will not fail you."

We know we Britishers as war makers are amateurs. We know, too, that Hitler and his coteries are professionals at it. Hitler has established himself to be one of the most systematic as well as the most ruthless conquerors the world has ever seen. He, however has failed to reckon with the bulldog tenacity of the British people, who are willing to sacrifice everything in order to preserve freedom and democracy for the world.

Has any one now any doubt regarding Hitler's aims and ambitions? It apparently took many of us a long time to discover his aim to be world domination. Many yet do not appear to realize this. One nation after another only seems to discover it when they are subdued.

Thanks to U. S.

We should be and are most thankful that the United States of America is not one of those countries blind to Hitler's ambitions. They know, as we know only too well, if Britain fails, Hitler's marauders will turn their attention to the shores of North America, in order to accomplish their purpose. Because of this, I am sure the Americans feel that our battle is their battle. Because of this, our good American friends and neighbors are giving us all the material resources they can spare. I have a firm conviction they will yet give us more of the much-needed bombers, and more of their naval ships if it is at all possible to do so.

MR. JUSTICE SAUNDERS

I quite admit every country has a perfect right to act in its own best interests. I sometimes wonder if the United States at this critical period is so acting. My own impression is it would be much better for the United States, and certainly much better for Great Britain if their neutrality act was amended to enable their ships to transport the goods we purchase from them to England. I know they feel such a move would be inviting the danger of becoming embroiled in war. But after all, few ships are lost in convoy. They could make it a rule only to transport by this means. They could not possibly have any complaint if they should suffer under such circumstances.

There is no doubt that many American ships would take the risk, if permitted to do so.

Then again under existing circumstances, it would be better for al concerned to repeal the Johnson Act which prohibits credits to nations in default of war debts.

It seems to me the United States should, in their own best interests, forget obligations which they know we cannot at present pay; and meet the crucial and all important needs of the present. If Britain's defences, to which the United States is now contributing, so generously, is battered down by the Huns it will as sure as night follows the day cost the Americans more in blood and treasure to defend their own shores, than if they rendered all assistance possible at the moment.

Europe is on fire. This fire is spreading; the flames may sooner than we expect sweep to the shores of North America. Then what? I do not suggest an expeditionary force from our good neighbours; although I am sure we would welcome it. I think for the mutual benefit of our countries we should receive all the planes, guns, tanks and ships that they are able to supply. And a prompt and generous supply of these essential requirements may mean the difference between success and victory on the one hand, or catastrophy on the other.

I say this because as I already mentioned, our battle is their battle. And for the preservation and protection of their own people, and in defence of their country, they have in my opinion, the greatest opportunity of safeguarding their liberties by doing what I have suggested.

I join hands and agree perfectly with our Finance Minister, Mr. Ilsley, when he warned against "excessive and dangerous optimism regarding the present state of the war. The war is not won. Canadians are too assured of victory, and not sure enough that the important things of our lives are really in jeopardy."

As we see day after day the smaller Balkan States linking up with the Axis powers, it surely supplies food for thought as to what next is likely to follow.

A Long Bitter Fight

We should, I think, listen more attentively to men like Prime Minister Churchill, Mr. Bevin and others and prepare ourselves for a long and bitter fight, before folding our arms and quietly saying we can depend on the British Navy and British Tommies to defend and save us.

We must remember and never forget the fact that conditions in this war are far different from the World War. Then we had the armies and navies of France, Italy, Russia and United States fighting side by side with us.

Today, apart from that gallant little country, Greece, we stand alone in our fight for liberty.

Today the French channel ports are in the hands of the enemy, and the enemy is only 22 miles from our door. The bases of operation of the enemy for their planes and submarines are thus near at hand.

Great Britain has to depend on countries overseas for her much-needed supplies. She, of necessity, must send her fleet great distances in order to protect her trade routes. She has to contend with countries with more submarines in this war than the former war; and has to fight the combined navies of Germany and Italy.

The task unquestionably is a difficult one for Great Britain. She needs all the assistance she can get from the oversees Dominions.

We must do our part to the limit. We must make sacrifices, we must contribute to the war effort until it hurts. This I know we will do.

How Can We Serve?

How can we best serve our country? The outstanding thing is to reverse the handicap, and the conditions we have been subjected to, and see to it that we will not only be as well armed as the enemy in every branch of the fighting service, but that in the near future we will be better armed than the enemy. Then, and then only, will we be able to take the offensive and proceed to victory. To do this will most assuredly take time. Personally, I do not see any possibility of accomplishing this before 1942. But in any case, we must make the effort.

We, who are unable to serve in the front lines, have many opportunities to assist. We should and must contribute to the war loans as generously as possible. We must subscribe to all the worthy war organizations to the limit of our finances, such as the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., C. W. A., Salvation Army and other institutions of a like nature

As I mentioned before, we are an Agricultural Province. It follows, then, that we can make our best contribution by supplying England with the products of our farms.

We can supply all kinds of dairy products, all of which are greatly needed in the old country. I fear, however, under existing conditions we will be unable to supply bacon. This is due entirely to the fact that the cost of production is too great. This could easily be remedied. I think it is apparent to every one that it should be remedied. Our farmers are willing and anxious to raise hogs; but it is too much to expect them to do so at a loss. The trouble is that mill feeds in this Province are too expensive, owing to the high freight rates to the Maritimes.

The Western farmer receives very generous and considerate treatment at the hands of the Government, with all of which we are in hearty accord. But why should our freight rates on western mill feed not be reduced?

In any case, it should be remedied to a point which would enable the farmers in this Province to at least raise the much-needed hog without making a loss. This is really all we are asking.

Another thing of equal importance is a matter which has recently come to the attention of the Government at Ottawa, namely, the distribution of war orders among the Provinces. I quite agree with Munitions Minister Howe when he told the House of Commons: "The matter of distribution is secondary to that of obtaining efficient production."

I know the central Provinces of Canada are in a much better position to furnish and supply the much needed planes, guns, ships, and other equipment than the other Provinces of Canada. But if the central Provinces are now working to capacity, and producing all they possibly can, why should the other Provinces not be given a chance of doing what they can, providing they can produce the article as good and as cheaply as the central Provinces? Everything helps, no matter how small, and that after all is what is needed.

In the Maritime Provinces, labor is possibly cheaper than the other provinces of Canada. Labor, as a rule, is very often the important factor.

Could Make Small Arms

In this province we have the old, reliable firm of Bruce Stewart & Co. at Charlottetown, who, for years have been building the famous Imperial Marine engines. With very little addition to their present equipment they certainly would be in a position to make small arms; in fact, I see no reason why they would not be able to build small naval and merchant ships.

It would appear to me if they are able to place themselves in a position to do this, then no time should be lost in having this done.

The Government knows what it costs to build ships, guns, etc., in the central provinces. Why not, by way of experiment, let each of the Maritime Provinces try the building, say, of one small naval or merchant ship. If then, we are able to demonstrate that we can build as good and as cheaply as elsewhere, then continue the good work. This would materially assist and benefit many of the labourers of our province.

There is still another thing to be considered. I know that many of our farmers during the past ten years have found it difficult to balance their budget. They are exceedingly loyal and patriotic. In their own humble manner they are willing to do everything possible to assist in the prosecution of the war. Many have sons and brothers serving their country.

Many who are not in a financial position to contribute to war loans, would, I feel sure, make voluntary and generous contributions to a properly organized war committee of eggs, butter, cheese, meat, etc.

What a splendid thing it would be for our province to have a merchant ship built here, and loaded with such gifts I have mentioned and transported to England!

Could Do Much More

To me it seems dangerous folly to think each province of Canada is not able to do much more than we are at present doing. We see all around us on each succeeding day the dismal darkness of Hitlerism, and all it stands for, descending on so many of the smaller countries of the world that we are simply unable to say what will happen next. Nation after nation has been outrun, and enslaved by the exercise of brute force, combined with fraud and guile.

The hour has come when we must strike back with all the power at our command, if we are to save our country and our institutions which we cherish so dearly.

This can only be accomplished by the united effort of every citizen in the British Empire; and by the closest and greatest co-operation on the part of our governments.

Let us realize with clear-eyed vision that brutal, insane aggression is on the march, and that each and every one of us must unite in doing his or her utmost, in order to destroy this monster, before he destroys us.

We rejoice at the recent success of our gallant ally, the heroic Greek army. May they continue to play their noble part in this great conflict.

We extend our thanks to the ladies all over the province, who appear to be untiring in knitting and making all kinds of comforts for the Red Cross and other similar organizations.

May they continue in their good work.

Silver And Freak Fox Skins
WANTED
Also All Other Raw Furs

We have several orders for Silver Fox Skins for immediate shipment to South America. Also buying all other raw Furs. Pelting and cleaning plant now in operation. Charges 60c, if skins handled through us.

G. R. MacQUARRIE
SUMMERSIDE

SILVER FOX PELTS

Shipments of Silver Fox will be going forward from us to the fur markets each week throughout the season. Pelts will be received either at Headquarters, Summerside, or at Massey-Harris Building, 130 Kent Street in Charlottetown, — under the management of Major A. S. Robertson.

CANADIAN NATIONAL SILVER FOX BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION
FUR MARKETING DEPARTMENT
Summerside, P. E. I.

FreetownChurch Observes 50th Anniversary

The community of Freetown joined with the Presbyterian Church on Sunday to commemorate the 50th Anniversary of the building of the Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Dr. W. O. Rhoad, pastor, gave the following interesting address on the history of the church, at the morning service. In the afternoon Rev. Wm. VerWolf, Summerside was the guest speaker and gave an interesting and forceful address on the Church and the Modern World, answering the many criticisms against the church that "it is spiritually dead" with the answer that if it were not for the organized Christian Church the cause of freedom would be lost. It is the church which is the influence which holds the many nations of the British Empire together in one great family.

Many friends from Summerside attended the afternoon service. Mr. J. B Lewis and Ray Lidstone were heard in a duet at both morning and afternoon services. S

FREETOWN CONGREGATION

This region seems to be comprised in Rev. John Keir's parish when he was settled at Princetown

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