

ESTABLISHED 1891.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, MAY 13, 1901.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## THE INCREASE OF \$30,000 SUBSIDY

Speech Delivered by Hon. J. J. Hughes of King's  
County

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS ON THURSDAY

He Ably Reviews the Non-Fulfillment of Winter Communica-  
tion Between the Province and the Mainland—The  
Disadvantages Brought Before the House.

Mr. James J. Hughes (King's P. E. I.) During the discussion upon this resolution this afternoon I was surprised at the misapprehension that seems to exist in the minds of some honorable members in this House, and particularly in the minds of hon. gentlemen opposite, if the views expressed by the hon. member for East Grey (Mr. Sproule), and especially by the hon. member for South Lanark (Mr. Haggart), are to be taken as a criterion of the views which hon. gentlemen opposite hold. I was surprised, and new members of the House might well be surprised, that an hon. gentleman of the standing in this country of the hon. member for South Lanark, a gentleman who held the position of cabinet minister in a former government, and who, if the Conservative party had been successful in the last general election, would, in all probability, be a cabinet minister now, should exhibit such lamentable want of information on a question of such importance as this, as was exhibited by that hon. gentleman. Any one who has read anything of the history of confederation knows that the province of Prince Edward Island remained out of the union for several years after the larger provinces were confederated, and that during that time negotiations were continually going on between the Dominion Government and the Government of the Island with the object of inducing Prince Edward Island to join the union. No argument was held out that formed such a strong inducement to the people of Prince Edward Island to join the union as this—that if they did so their isolation would be removed, they would be no longer subjected to the disadvantages that their insular position entailed upon them, that they would be placed in efficient and continuous communication with the mainland. This was the inducement above all others that caused the Government and the people of Prince Edward Island to entertain the

terms of union and join the confederation. And so important did the people consider that matter, and so important did their delegates consider it, that there was no doubt whatever in the terms that were laid down in the contract of union. This is what the Dominion undertook to do:

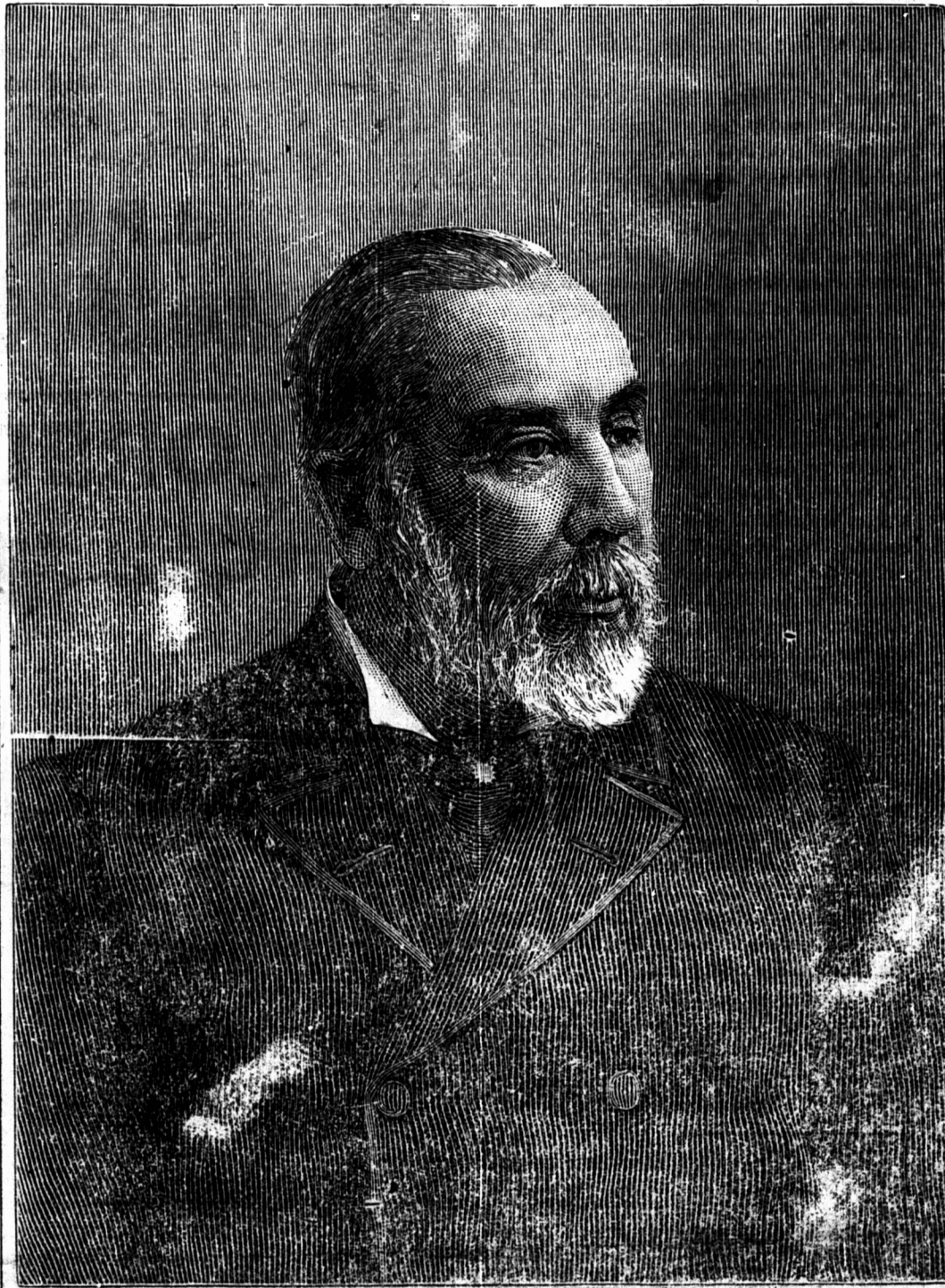
"To establish and maintain efficient steam service for the conveyance of mails and passengers between the island and the Dominion winter and summer, thus placing the island in continuous communication with the Intercolonial Railway and the railway system of the Dominion."

It appears that hon. gentlemen opposite particularly the two I have named, regard this payment to Prince Edward Island as a rearrangement of the terms of confederation, an increase in the subsidy. It is simply and solely a payment to Prince Edward Island for damages sustained through non-fulfillment of the terms of union for several years. The hon. member for South Lanark, maintained this afternoon that the terms of confederation were carried out—I think he said were carried out in the spirit and the letter—at all events, that was the meaning of what he said. To show how far this is from the facts of the case, I will state the facts, and hon. gentlemen can draw their own conclusions. For the first year after confederation, no attempt at all was made to carry out the terms of union in this respect. For the next two years the communication was simply a mockery. An old wood-boat which, when originally constructed, was not intended even for summer navigation, was placed upon the route. She, of course, lamentably failed. Then, in 1876, the Northern Light was purchased and put upon the route. The Northern Light was not designed for the service at all, she was designed for the River St. Lawrence; and every one knows that the winter navigation of the Gulf of Northumberland cannot be compared with river navigation. The Northern Light did not fulfil the terms of confederation, did not give continuous or efficient communication with the mainland during any period of her history.

Now, another mistake under which I am sorry to see hon. gentlemen on both sides of the House appear to be laboring, is that these terms which the Dominion government made with the Province of Prince Edward Island were entirely in the interest of the island. That is not correct. They were no doubt in the interest of P. E. Island, but they were also in the interest of other provinces as well with which Prince Edward Island traded. If it was profitable to Prince Edward Island to trade with the Maritime Provinces, to trade with Quebec and Ontario, it was also profitable for these provinces to trade with Prince Edward Island; because all trade must be mutually profitable or it will cease to exist. We had an illustration of that this afternoon in the telegram that was read by the hon. member for Toronto (Mr. Clarke), where an association of commercial travellers protested against the per capita tax that was levied upon these men when they came to Prince Edward Island to sell goods. In that telegram they stated that the imposition of this tax would be an injury to the trade and commerce of Ontario, showing

## HON. G. W. HOWLAN DEAD

Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island  
1894-1900.



HON. G. W. HOWLAN.  
Born 1835, Died May 11, 1901.

We regret to announce this morning the death of Hon. George W. Howlan, late Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island and for many years prominent in our public affairs. The sad event occurred Saturday evening at the Hotel Davies, where he made his home for a year past. He had been a good while in failing health, under medical treatment, and was some months ago visited by a specialist from Halifax. For some time past he had been confined to the house, and for a few days of last week was seriously ill, but was better during the forenoon of Saturday. About 4 o'clock an unfavorable change was noticed; after which he sank rapidly and passed away about 10.30 in the evening.

George W. Howlan was born in Waterford Ireland in 1835. He came to Charlottetown with his parents when he was quite young. In those days education advantages were few, but his active mind made the most of small opportunities at school and afterward at the Central Academy. He developed into a well read man of more than ordinary information and powers of expression. He obtained employment when quite young as a clerk with the late Henry Hazard in a general store on Great George Street located just opposite to where St. Dunstan's Cathedral now stands. About 1854 he went to Alberton as clerk for Capt. Ryder, remaining some years. Afterward he returned to Charlottetown and went into business with Mr. Charles McNutt, on the south side of Queen Square. After some years there he removed to Alberton where he carried on a large business on his own account for many years.

Mr. Howlan entered public life as a member of the House of Assembly in 1852 and remained a representative till June 1873 when he was appointed Collector of Customs for Charlottetown. He resigned in September following to contest Prince County for the House of Commons at the first election after the Union. He was defeated by a few votes, and was called to the Senate of Canada in October 1873. He remained a member of the Senate till Feb. 21, 1891, when he was appointed Lieutenant Governor of P. E. Island. He discharged the duties of that high office with ability and credit.

During the time he was in local politics Mr. Howlan was a member of the Government of the late Hon. George Cole from 1868 to 1873, part of that time as co-leader. While in office he was sent to Washington as a delegate on trade matters in 1869. He was also a member of the delegation

(Continued on Last Page.)

to Ottawa in May 1873 to negotiate terms of union. He had been an active promoter of the P. E. Island Railway, and of the union with Canada, both of which he saw happily carried into effect. Later he gave much time and painstaking effort to promote a railway tunnel from the Island to the mainland, in which he was unsuccessful only because of the cost of the work and the small population on this side to be served by it.

In political life Mr. Howlan developed speaking and debating powers equal to the best men of his time and lent his most strenuous efforts to promote the advancement and welfare of the Island. This was particularly true in regard to farming, stock-raising and horticulture. He coined the happy phrase "The Million Acre Farm" as a name for the Island. He had the gift of eloquence in considerable measure and older citizens still recall with interest his splendid oration on the occasion of the O'Connell anniversary in P. E. Island many years ago. He also possessed a rare fund of humor and entertaining anecdote which many memories will readily recall.

Mr. Howlan began life in the ranks of common people and by his talents and industry raised himself to the highest station in the Island Province. He was twice married, first to Miss Olson of St. John. She died in 1876. In 1881 he married Miss Doran of Kingston, Ontario, who survives him, and who will have the sympathy of thousands of all classes in her present sad bereavement.

The funeral of the late Governor Howlan will take place on Tuesday morning by regular train to Summerside and thence by special to Tignish where the interment will take place.

PALL BEARERS.  
Lieut. Gov. McIntyre, The Chief Justice, Judge Warburton, Judge Reddin, Thos. Handrahan, John McEachern, Dr. Conroy, Physician.

MOURNERS.  
Chas. Hyndman, Fred Hyndman, James Reddin, Jas. H. Reddin, Chas. Lyons, P. Docherty, Geo. H. Reddin, John Newson, G. D. Longworth, James Currie, J. W. Richards.  
Artemas Lord, Major Docherty, J. J. Davies, M. P. Hogan, D. Nicholson, Dr. S. R. Jenkins, D. C. McLeod, S. W. Dodd, Chas. Longworth, J. A. Matheson.

The B. I. Society of which the deceased gentleman was Patron will send a delegation with band to accompany the remains to their last resting place.

THE GAME DID NOT WORK.  
McKinley was shown a \$25,000 gold brick in Arizona, but being a wide-awake man who reads the newspaper he didn't offer to buy it.

## CORONER'S INQUEST

Held on Body of Donald  
Currie

FOUND DEAD IN BED

The Sad Story of a Wrecked  
Life—Verdict Found by  
the Jury.

Shortly after five o'clock yesterday afternoon the police were notified that Donald Currie, living on Water Street East and for years in the employe of Messrs. Goff Bros. had committed suicide.

It appears that the deceased had been drinking for some time and when his little daughter Christy called him to dinner there was no response, this, however, was not unusual and nothing was thought of his action. A little after three Christy again repaired to his room but thought her father was asleep. At four she went to his room and was horrified to find that her father was asleep forever.

She hastily called her brother Daniel and after again viewing the remains they sent for their uncle and Dr. Kelly. The latter upon his arrival found that the deceased had been dead for upwards of six hours. He also found an empty bottle of carbolic acid and a cup which had contained the acid. He immediately notified the Coroner and upon his order a jury was impanelled consisting of John Harris (Foreman) Michael Kearney, Arthur Vatcher, William A. Murphy, Patrick Clarkin, Lemuel White, D. K. Dobie.

After viewing the remains Dr. Kelly was asked to perform a post mortem, the inquest being adjourned until 8 o'clock and held in the Police Court.

Daniel Currie, son (sworn) He saw his father at 8.10 a. m. in the kitchen. He appeared to be all right. At 4 in the afternoon his sister told him her father was dead. The deceased was at home all day. Witness thought he remained in his room because of rumsickness. Deceased did not have any breakfast. He was intoxicated on Saturday and had been drinking for three weeks. There was a bottle containing 10 cents worth of carbolic acid in his room. It had been purchased to wash witness' brother's sore leg. He had hip disease. The acid was purchased six weeks

ago. The brother used to sleep with deceased when sober. He never heard deceased speak of suicide.

There are six children, and mother dead. Deceased did not pay anything toward supporting the house. Witness believed the acid caused death.

Christine Currie corroborated her brother's evidence.

Dr. Kelly (sworn). He testified to being called and finding deceased dead in bed. He found a few drops of carbolic acid in a cup on a table and an empty flask on the floor. He also found a bottle which had contained acid. The mouth was burned with acid which he believed caused death by paralysis of the heart.

After deliberation the jury returned the following verdict:

The jury are of opinion that deceased, Donald Currie, came to his death on Sunday May 12th, from the effects of carbolic acid taken with his own hands.

A NOVEL LEGACY.

PARIS, May 10.—Count St. Ouen de Pierrecourt, whose family dated back to William the Conqueror, and who died recently, has bequeathed to the city of Rouen his fortune of 10,000,000 francs, on the novel condition that the city annually shall give a marriage gift of 100,000 francs to a couple of giants, in order to regenerate the human species.

CANCER GERM THREATENS  
ITS DISCOVERERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10. Dr. Eisen, the California scientist, whose discovery of the cancer germ was a notable event in the medical history of last year, has been attacked by cancer. He has submitted to an operation at St. Luke's hospital.

The surgeons say that he is rapidly recovering, although nothing can be determined about the final result. Dr. Eisen believes that he became inoculated with the cancer microbe while studying the germs through the microscope.

WM DOEG FREE.

The Sundridge Farmer who was Wrongly Imprisoned for Four Years, is Again at Liberty.

SUNDRIDGE, Ont., May 12.—(Special).—Since he has been liberated, Wm. Doeg, the Strong Township farmer spends much of his time telling his friends and acquaintances of his remarkable case. As he finds it impossible to reach them all, he has had the following statement inserted in the Sundridge Echo:

"For four years I suffered torture. I had scarcely an hour free from pain. My back ached so badly I could not lie down. I had to sit night and day in a chair. I could not leave my house, for when the pain shifted to my knees, I could not walk."

"Several doctors tried to cure my Rheumatism, and I took a great many medicines, but got worse."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

"It is now six months since I felt a pain. Dodd's Kidney Pills have made a new man of me."

WORLD EATS MORE SUGAR.

LONDON, May 10.—An important paper by Dr. Willoughby Gardner on the dietetic value of sugar appears in the British Medical Journal. He says that the world's consumption of sugar during the last 15 years has doubled, while that of Great Britain has trebled per head in the last 40 years. The English and Americans head the list as sugar-eating people.

Get the reliable Kendrick's.

The great McEwen makes his first appearance on Prince Edward Island to-night, when he will entertain a large audience in the Opera House.

25 per cent off all the Market Baskets in Beer & Goff's show window. Now is the time to get a good Basket cheap. 11 21.  
Ripe Tomatoes at Beer & Goff's. 11 21.

Bostonia Sextette.—Matinee at 4 p. m. in the Opera House. Reserved seats still open at Jamieson's. General admission 25 cents.



F. L. HAZARD, K. C.  
Who has resigned the position of  
Stipendiary Magistrate.

## In Distress With Eczema

Mrs. R. Stoddard, Delhi, Norfolk County Ont., writes as follows:—I was troubled with Eczema or Salt Rheum for over twelve years, and during that time doctored with four different physicians, but found that they could only give temporary relief. I saw Dr. Chase's Ointment advertised, decided to try it and before I had used half a box found great relief and change. Altogether I have used three boxes and I am now completely cured. I have recommended it to my neighbors, and can say it is the best I ever used, and in my estimation worth its weight in gold.

The keen misery which many endure from the tortures of skin diseases is most appalling, and so much the worse because it is unnecessary. Dr. Chase's Ointment stands alone as the one unfailing remedy for salt rheum, eczema, scald head and every form of itching-skin disease. 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's  
Ointment.

## Carters' Seeds Grow

Twenty two years buyin  
and selling seeds.

The largest Seed House in the Provinces. Business increasing each year. This is our Record. The people of this Province depend on us for their Seed supply and know when they buy from us that they are getting the very best seeds that money can buy. 12,000 copies of our 20th Century Catalogue issued this year. you did not get a copy send us one they are free.

GEO. CARTER & CO.  
Wholesale and Retail Seedsmen

You in the no mistake when  
you buy the

## Invictus Shoe

You get the best fitting shoe  
in Canada, no squeak, highest  
grade stock, long wear, latest  
style. Every pair good, year  
welled stamped with Geo. A.  
Slater's name and price \$3.50,  
4.50, 5.00. For ladies and  
gentlemen.

## GOFF BROS.

Sole Agents.

## Garden Flower Seeds, For Sowing in May.

Asters in great variety.  
Sweet Peas, our Red, White and Blue mixed and so choice varieties.  
Nasturtium, our special dwarf mixed and choice climbing.  
Poppies, "Shirley" in beautiful colors, mixed.  
Mignonette our special mixture.  
Peas our Early Giant, also 5 late varieties.  
Beans, pole or climbing, Sparagus or good long Authors, Mammoth white, Early Golden Cluster Wax.  
Beans, Dwarf or Bush, Keyes rust Proof, Golden Wax, Stringless Green Pod, Perfection Wax, Yosemite Mammoth Wax, also Corn, Squashes, Pumpkins.

HASZARD & MOORE.  
Charlottetown, P. E. I.