

ANNOUNCEMENT
Canada's Leading Musical Organization
HART HOUSE RING QUARTET
Appears in Trinity United Church,
Monday April 11
Do Not Miss this **OUTSTANDING**
ATTRACTION
Total No Preeds for Protestant
Change

CENTRAL GUARDIAN

S. S. MONTCALM—The steamer Montcalm leaves North Sydney for the Magdalen Islands on Friday, April 8th, taking passengers, mails and freight and after discharging will return to North Sydney.

WOOD ISLANDS Presbyterian Church. On April 10, 1932, services will be held at 3 p. m. God willing, travelling and weather conditions permitting. All welcome. Rev. Alister Murray, Interim Moderator.

TRAIN SERVICE—Yesterday's snowstorm did not cause any great delay in the train service. The trains were slowed up slightly, but were running close to schedule. The Borden train arrived in Charlottetown at 8:55, the delay being partly due to a delay on the mainland.

YESTERDAY'S MARKET—There was a fairly ready sale at the market yesterday despite the small attendance due to bad weather. Turnips rose to 30c. and eggs dropped to 18c. Other prices remained steady. Hay sold for 50c.; straw, 35c.; oats, 38c. to 40c.; turnips, 30c.; potatoes, 15c.; eggs, 18c. to 20c.; butter, 33c.; chickens, \$1.00; apples, 5c. to 10c.

AIR MAIL—The air mail arrived on time yesterday, landing at Upton Airport. The mail driver left the city at 12 o'clock and owing to the roads being banked with snow, did not reach the airport until 2 o'clock. Much better time was made in returning, the mails reaching the post office before three o'clock. The plane was delayed awaiting the team from the city with outgoing mails.

MUSIC CLUB MEETS—The Women's Music Club met at the home of Miss Berna Huesels Monday evening. A most interesting paper was read by Miss Lillian MacKenzie on the work of the great composer, John Sebastian Bach. A program of Bach's music was rendered by the various members, and a pleasant social hour was enjoyed when refreshments were served by the hostess. The report from the ticket committee for the Hart House Quartet recital was very encouraging.

POLICE COURT—Two drunks appeared before the Stipendiary Magistrate yesterday morning, one was fined \$5 and costs or ten days, the other \$10 and costs or twenty days. The offender in an assault case was also fined \$10 and costs or 20 days. A man charged with having unlawful possession of liquor was convicted and fined \$50 and costs or eight months. James Stewart, one of the men arrested in connection with the Sterns' Laundry robbery, was committed for trial at the next session of the Supreme Court.

SCHOOL BOARD—At the regular monthly meeting of the City School Board on Monday, Miss Mona Wilson, of the Red Cross and Dr. Clark of Toronto, addressed the Board regarding the advisability of opening up an auxiliary class room under a special teacher for dealing with backward or mentally deficient pupils. A number of these do not get beyond the third or fourth grade, even when they reach the teen age and it is a waste of time to keep them in the regular classes. If they were given special training under a specially trained teacher, such instruction to include manual training or some work in which they could take an interest, their chances for becoming a success in life would be greatly improved. The Doctor made a survey of three of the schools in co-operation with the teachers and said that so far he had found about 17 pupils who could receive much benefit if this special provision were made for them. The Board promised to take the matter into serious consideration.

WITCH MURDERERS MUST DIE
Sixty natives of the Wakamba tribe at Nairobi, Kenya Colony, have been sentenced to death for killing an old woman they believed to be a witch. Ten other natives under 16 years of age were ordered to be detained during his Majesty's pleasure. The "witch" was believed to have cast a spell on the wife of one of the accused men, so that she was struck dumb. The husband collected 60 companions and took the old woman to his hut, where she was ordered to remove the spell. The supposed witch escaped, but was chased by the men, who, in accordance with an ancient Wakamba custom, beat her to death with thin sticks.

BE CAUTIOUS IN INTRODUCING NEW MALE BIRDS INTO THE FLOCK
(Experimental Farms Note)
Many poultrymen and farmers have been disappointed from both a production and a disease point of view on account of having exercised a lack of caution in introducing new male birds into the flock. It is important to know if the flock from which males are purchased is free from disease. A sure remedy against the introduction of disease is to raise your own males from eggs purchased from a pullover tested flock. Also indiscriminate introduction of new blood may be disastrous to the future production of a flock, either in egg size or egg numbers. The remedy for this is the progeny test. Thus new blood should be introduced in a small way the first year—one or two males, according to the size of the flock. By the next breeding season it will be possible to judge, from the fall and winter production of the daughters, whether further breeding from their sires and brothers would be desirable.

BEAIRSTO—At the P. E. I. Hospital, April 4th to Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Beairsto, a daughter.

DEATHS
MCCORMACK—At Rollo Bay West March 26, 1932, James McCormack, aged 69 years.

HUNTER—At Kensington, April 5, Mrs. James Hunter, aged 71. Funeral from home of deceased Thursday, 7th, at 3 p. m. to the Presbyterian Church, Kensington. Interment, Peoples' Cemetery.

N. D. MacLean
UNDERTAKER
EMBLEMER
Charlottetown and
North Westville
Phone 149

MILTON—Service will be held in St. John's Church, Sunday, April 10th at 3 p. m. Rev. George Westbrook, L. Th., Rector.

LEGION MEETING—At a joint meeting of the Executive of the Canadian Legion and Ladies' Auxiliary of the Legion held last night, it was decided to sponsor the great British feature production "The Fatal Hour," based on one of the famous Sherlock Holmes stories. A resolution protesting against the recent laying off of returned men from the railway was passed.

HOTEL MEN TO MEET—That indications point to Maritime hotels being favored with increased patronage from Upper Canadian provinces, was the general opinion of members of the executive of the Maritime Hotels Hotel Association, who held a meeting in the Lord Nelson Hotel on Saturday. Tourist inquiries seem to be coming in at the average rate, members thought, although it seems to be the custom for some to ask slightly lower rates than formerly. It was noted that steamer cruise companies are also receiving the average request for information, and it was felt that business at least ought to be up to the average of 1927. General discussion was centered around routine business, and the continuation of use of methods calculated to better the hotel industry in the three provinces. Formed in 1924, the Association numbers among its membership, representatives of the outstanding hotels of the three provinces. Those present for Saturday's meeting included—the President, E. B. Sweeney, of the Admiral Beatty, St. John; O. C. Jones, of the Pines, Digby, Vice-president; H. S. Morris, Norfolk Hotel, New Glasgow; I. A. Vanderlake, representing O. W. Mann, Lord Nelson; William Mombourquette, Carleton; E. E. Amraut, Brigewater; A. C. Cox, Souris, P. E. I.; and H. C. Brown, Charlottetown.—Halifax Herald.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE—The students and faculty of St. Dunstan's University enjoyed a decided innovation in the form of an illustrated lecture of the Life of Christ, and the Canadian Martyrs Friday evening given by Rev. Fr. Lally, C. J. S., of Toronto. Many scenes from the life of Christ, from his birth to the resurrection, all beautifully illustrated were shown, each with the scriptural text proper to that scene. Next the old site of the Jesuit Missions in Ontario where many pilgrimages are made each year was shown, including the monuments for shrines of the martyrs, their old home and a motion picture of the various phases and ceremonies of a pilgrimage. Fr. Lally gave a most interesting account of the life of each martyr and the times and culture of their age, showing their great fortitude and fervor for the salvation of souls, that they would leave comparative ease and refinement for the rugged wilds and hardships of an unknown land to convert the suspicious and many times ungrateful Indian. He went into the lives of each of the eight martyrs and gave a short sketch of their life. He portrayed in vivid language the tortures of St. Jean Brebeuf and Talmont and Joesques who two years ago were canonized by the Sovereign Pontiff as the first American saints along with five other Jesuits who suffered the same torments at the hands of the Troquois whom they had labored in vain to convert. The lecture was one not to be quickly forgotten as the illustrations and apt explanations impressed these scenes indelibly upon the mind of the audience. At the close of the lecture the Rev. Fr. Murphy rendered the sincere thanks of both the students and faculty for his kindness in giving them such an interesting and instructive lecture.

TO RETURN HOME—Dr. and Mrs. McGuigan are expected to arrive home this evening from Montreal. Dr. McGuigan is reported as doing splendidly after his recent operation.

MANY HAPPY RETURNS—Hon. George E. Hughes celebrated his 79th birthday yesterday. Although Hon. Mr. Hughes has been confined to his house for the past two years, nevertheless he is still mentally alert and continues to take an active interest in the affairs of the day. His many friends will join in wishing him many happy returns of the day.

PERSONALS
Mr. Kenneth McIntyre, cheesemaker of Alberton, is visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Mr. Charles Chandler has arrived home from Williamsburg, Ontario, where he has been under treatment for rheumatism. His many friends will be pleased to know that he has considerably improved.

Mr. D. A. MacDonald, North Westville, has returned to her home, after visiting her daughter, who underwent an operation for appendicitis. Mrs. MacDonald was called home, owing to the sudden death of her father, Mr. A. Stewart, Hunter River.

OTTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

Will Stay Home For A Holiday

HALIFAX, N. S., April 5.—A man who would sooner stay at home for a holiday than go away, though he still keeps travelling, sailed from St. John, N. B., Friday and was here Saturday in the Canadian Pacific liner Melita, en route to Liverpool. He is T. H. Brockington, of Birmingham, England, and when the Melita's siren blew for her departure from this port Saturday, and the liner drew away from her berth for the last time this season, M. Brockington was starting out on what is believed to be his 142nd Atlantic crossing. "It has been impossible to keep a check of the crossings I have made during the last thirty years," he said, "but they are well over the hundred mark. This is my fiftieth trip in the Melita. When I take a holiday, I am going to stay at home."

Mr. Johnstone Mann, Kensington, has been spending a few days visiting friends in New Glasgow. Mr. Mann has accepted a position with Mr. Heber McQuarrie of McQuarrie's Creamery, Summerside.

Mr. Louis Mabey, was a week-end visitor to Charlottetown.

THE citizens of Mayfield organized a debating club during the early winter which has been held every second Thursday evening of the month. Last Thursday evening subject for debate was: "Would it have been better for Canada if United States had passed a law to stop the Canadians from going there twenty five or thirty years ago?" Mr. Zachariah Buote, acted as chairman and a very large crowd attended. The different speakers on the subject were: Mr. Andre Gallant, Jeremiah Peters, Stanislaus Dolron, Alphonse Dolron, Moses Buote and Zachariah Buote. Mr. Andre Gallant opened the debate. He claims that it was a good thing for the people of Canada to have emigrated to the United States where a man could earn a day's wages in 10 hours. There was more work in United States than in Canada. Mr. Peters: Canada should have work for herself, emigration from Canada to the U. S. has helped them out. Those people should have stayed here and helped Canada. We could learn about the 10 hour day in Canada as well as in the U. S. Canada is just as good a country as the United States if only her people would stick to her. S. Dolron: There is a big difference between the times now and thirty years ago. Many people at that time had they not got work from the U. S. would have starved. People went there and worked, came back and built up this country. Mr. A. Dolron: Canada would be better off if the people had been stopped from going to the U. S. When we lost a man it was one of our best. If they had not been able to go over there more industries would have been started in Canada, because we have all the facilities required for that purpose. M. Buote: Our Canadians went away and at the same time we were spending huge sums of money to get immigrants in here. If that money had been used to keep our people here, Canada would see the benefit of it today. S. Dolron: The money spent on immigrants should have been spent on our people before they started to go to the United States. Most everyone made good. Mr. Buote: There is 95 per cent of those who went to the U. S. did not make their fortune and 75 per cent of them would have been glad to have returned. Z. Buote (chairman): The U. S. would not have passed a law thirty years ago to prevent the Canadians from going there. She wanted them to work her factories, even preferred them to her own people. Had they worked with as much zeal in Canada, they would have succeeded better than they have in the U. S. It is a selfish act for the U. S. to be sending our Canadians out of the country now that she has no use for them. Perhaps we can admire some of that selfishness because the U. S. said U. S. for Americans. There are 6,000,000 unemployed in U. S. that is why they are sending the Canadians back. S. Dolron: Canada should have spent money trying to keep her people in here. They went away because they had no work. Z. Buote (chairman): There was just as many industries in Canada twenty five or thirty years ago as today, according to population. A Gallant: What's the matter with this country if they have? Why don't they go ahead? In case of war we would have no chance with the U. S. M. Buote: Thirty years ago mills were working full time with two shifts so that

Mr. Johnstone Mann, Kensington, has been spending a few days visiting friends in New Glasgow. Mr. Mann has accepted a position with Mr. Heber McQuarrie of McQuarrie's Creamery, Summerside.

Mr. Louis Mabey, was a week-end visitor to Charlottetown.

THE citizens of Mayfield organized a debating club during the early winter which has been held every second Thursday evening of the month. Last Thursday evening subject for debate was: "Would it have been better for Canada if United States had passed a law to stop the Canadians from going there twenty five or thirty years ago?" Mr. Zachariah Buote, acted as chairman and a very large crowd attended. The different speakers on the subject were: Mr. Andre Gallant, Jeremiah Peters, Stanislaus Dolron, Alphonse Dolron, Moses Buote and Zachariah Buote. Mr. Andre Gallant opened the debate. He claims that it was a good thing for the people of Canada to have emigrated to the United States where a man could earn a day's wages in 10 hours. There was more work in United States than in Canada. Mr. Peters: Canada should have work for herself, emigration from Canada to the U. S. has helped them out. Those people should have stayed here and helped Canada. We could learn about the 10 hour day in Canada as well as in the U. S. Canada is just as good a country as the United States if only her people would stick to her. S. Dolron: There is a big difference between the times now and thirty years ago. Many people at that time had they not got work from the U. S. would have starved. People went there and worked, came back and built up this country. Mr. A. Dolron: Canada would be better off if the people had been stopped from going to the U. S. When we lost a man it was one of our best. If they had not been able to go over there more industries would have been started in Canada, because we have all the facilities required for that purpose. M. Buote: Our Canadians went away and at the same time we were spending huge sums of money to get immigrants in here. If that money had been used to keep our people here, Canada would see the benefit of it today. S. Dolron: The money spent on immigrants should have been spent on our people before they started to go to the United States. Most everyone made good. Mr. Buote: There is 95 per cent of those who went to the U. S. did not make their fortune and 75 per cent of them would have been glad to have returned. Z. Buote (chairman): The U. S. would not have passed a law thirty years ago to prevent the Canadians from going there. She wanted them to work her factories, even preferred them to her own people. Had they worked with as much zeal in Canada, they would have succeeded better than they have in the U. S. It is a selfish act for the U. S. to be sending our Canadians out of the country now that she has no use for them. Perhaps we can admire some of that selfishness because the U. S. said U. S. for Americans. There are 6,000,000 unemployed in U. S. that is why they are sending the Canadians back. S. Dolron: Canada should have spent money trying to keep her people in here. They went away because they had no work. Z. Buote (chairman): There was just as many industries in Canada twenty five or thirty years ago as today, according to population. A Gallant: What's the matter with this country if they have? Why don't they go ahead? In case of war we would have no chance with the U. S. M. Buote: Thirty years ago mills were working full time with two shifts so that

Mr. Johnstone Mann, Kensington, has been spending a few days visiting friends in New Glasgow. Mr. Mann has accepted a position with Mr. Heber McQuarrie of McQuarrie's Creamery, Summerside.

Mr. Louis Mabey, was a week-end visitor to Charlottetown.

THE citizens of Mayfield organized a debating club during the early winter which has been held every second Thursday evening of the month. Last Thursday evening subject for debate was: "Would it have been better for Canada if United States had passed a law to stop the Canadians from going there twenty five or thirty years ago?" Mr. Zachariah Buote, acted as chairman and a very large crowd attended. The different speakers on the subject were: Mr. Andre Gallant, Jeremiah Peters, Stanislaus Dolron, Alphonse Dolron, Moses Buote and Zachariah Buote. Mr. Andre Gallant opened the debate. He claims that it was a good thing for the people of Canada to have emigrated to the United States where a man could earn a day's wages in 10 hours. There was more work in United States than in Canada. Mr. Peters: Canada should have work for herself, emigration from Canada to the U. S. has helped them out. Those people should have stayed here and helped Canada. We could learn about the 10 hour day in Canada as well as in the U. S. Canada is just as good a country as the United States if only her people would stick to her. S. Dolron: There is a big difference between the times now and thirty years ago. Many people at that time had they not got work from the U. S. would have starved. People went there and worked, came back and built up this country. Mr. A. Dolron: Canada would be better off if the people had been stopped from going to the U. S. When we lost a man it was one of our best. If they had not been able to go over there more industries would have been started in Canada, because we have all the facilities required for that purpose. M. Buote: Our Canadians went away and at the same time we were spending huge sums of money to get immigrants in here. If that money had been used to keep our people here, Canada would see the benefit of it today. S. Dolron: The money spent on immigrants should have been spent on our people before they started to go to the United States. Most everyone made good. Mr. Buote: There is 95 per cent of those who went to the U. S. did not make their fortune and 75 per cent of them would have been glad to have returned. Z. Buote (chairman): The U. S. would not have passed a law thirty years ago to prevent the Canadians from going there. She wanted them to work her factories, even preferred them to her own people. Had they worked with as much zeal in Canada, they would have succeeded better than they have in the U. S. It is a selfish act for the U. S. to be sending our Canadians out of the country now that she has no use for them. Perhaps we can admire some of that selfishness because the U. S. said U. S. for Americans. There are 6,000,000 unemployed in U. S. that is why they are sending the Canadians back. S. Dolron: Canada should have spent money trying to keep her people in here. They went away because they had no work. Z. Buote (chairman): There was just as many industries in Canada twenty five or thirty years ago as today, according to population. A Gallant: What's the matter with this country if they have? Why don't they go ahead? In case of war we would have no chance with the U. S. M. Buote: Thirty years ago mills were working full time with two shifts so that

Mr. Johnstone Mann, Kensington, has been spending a few days visiting friends in New Glasgow. Mr. Mann has accepted a position with Mr. Heber McQuarrie of McQuarrie's Creamery, Summerside.

Mr. Louis Mabey, was a week-end visitor to Charlottetown.

THE citizens of Mayfield organized a debating club during the early winter which has been held every second Thursday evening of the month. Last Thursday evening subject for debate was: "Would it have been better for Canada if United States had passed a law to stop the Canadians from going there twenty five or thirty years ago?" Mr. Zachariah Buote, acted as chairman and a very large crowd attended. The different speakers on the subject were: Mr. Andre Gallant, Jeremiah Peters, Stanislaus Dolron, Alphonse Dolron, Moses Buote and Zachariah Buote. Mr. Andre Gallant opened the debate. He claims that it was a good thing for the people of Canada to have emigrated to the United States where a man could earn a day's wages in 10 hours. There was more work in United States than in Canada. Mr. Peters: Canada should have work for herself, emigration from Canada to the U. S. has helped them out. Those people should have stayed here and helped Canada. We could learn about the 10 hour day in Canada as well as in the U. S. Canada is just as good a country as the United States if only her people would stick to her. S. Dolron: There is a big difference between the times now and thirty years ago. Many people at that time had they not got work from the U. S. would have starved. People went there and worked, came back and built up this country. Mr. A. Dolron: Canada would be better off if the people had been stopped from going to the U. S. When we lost a man it was one of our best. If they had not been able to go over there more industries would have been started in Canada, because we have all the facilities required for that purpose. M. Buote: Our Canadians went away and at the same time we were spending huge sums of money to get immigrants in here. If that money had been used to keep our people here, Canada would see the benefit of it today. S. Dolron: The money spent on immigrants should have been spent on our people before they started to go to the United States. Most everyone made good. Mr. Buote: There is 95 per cent of those who went to the U. S. did not make their fortune and 75 per cent of them would have been glad to have returned. Z. Buote (chairman): The U. S. would not have passed a law thirty years ago to prevent the Canadians from going there. She wanted them to work her factories, even preferred them to her own people. Had they worked with as much zeal in Canada, they would have succeeded better than they have in the U. S. It is a selfish act for the U. S. to be sending our Canadians out of the country now that she has no use for them. Perhaps we can admire some of that selfishness because the U. S. said U. S. for Americans. There are 6,000,000 unemployed in U. S. that is why they are sending the Canadians back. S. Dolron: Canada should have spent money trying to keep her people in here. They went away because they had no work. Z. Buote (chairman): There was just as many industries in Canada twenty five or thirty years ago as today, according to population. A Gallant: What's the matter with this country if they have? Why don't they go ahead? In case of war we would have no chance with the U. S. M. Buote: Thirty years ago mills were working full time with two shifts so that

Mr. Johnstone Mann, Kensington, has been spending a few days visiting friends in New Glasgow. Mr. Mann has accepted a position with Mr. Heber McQuarrie of McQuarrie's Creamery, Summerside.

TO RETURN HOME—Dr. and Mrs. McGuigan are expected to arrive home this evening from Montreal. Dr. McGuigan is reported as doing splendidly after his recent operation.

MANY HAPPY RETURNS—Hon. George E. Hughes celebrated his 79th birthday yesterday. Although Hon. Mr. Hughes has been confined to his house for the past two years, nevertheless he is still mentally alert and continues to take an active interest in the affairs of the day. His many friends will join in wishing him many happy returns of the day.

PERSONALS
Mr. Kenneth McIntyre, cheesemaker of Alberton, is visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Mr. Charles Chandler has arrived home from Williamsburg, Ontario, where he has been under treatment for rheumatism. His many friends will be pleased to know that he has considerably improved.

Mr. D. A. MacDonald, North Westville, has returned to her home, after visiting her daughter, who underwent an operation for appendicitis. Mrs. MacDonald was called home, owing to the sudden death of her father, Mr. A. Stewart, Hunter River.

OTTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

THE coming economic conference in Ottawa will see this matter discussed, the minister said. While in Ottawa he will confer with Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, and will also take up other questions with the department.

OTAWA, April 5.—Hon. T. L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture, today leaves for Ottawa where he will confer with Federal agricultural authorities on the question of having Canadian ham and bacon included in the 10 per cent. preferential tariff for Empire products set up by England. Ontario produces considerable bacon and ham, Col. Kennedy said, and it would prove of distinct benefit to the province if these products were included in the preferential tariff.

Honor Roll of Fancy Biscuits
By their looks, by their texture, and most of all by their taste, you can tell at once there are no biscuits on the market to match Hamilton's Fancy Sweet Biscuits.
This will seem like a conservative statement after you try them. Look for Fruit Basket, Short Bread, Arrowroot, Etc.
11 kinds in economical cellophane packages.
Hamiltons of Pictou
Master Bakers Since 1840

New Glasgow
Mr. Ira Rackham who has been a patient in the P. E. Island Hospital returned to his home in Hunter River Saturday evening. About ten days ago Mr. Rackham was sawing wood at the home of his father in law, where he got his finger badly cut. He was at once removed to the hospital and after an x-ray was found necessary to have the finger amputated.

Trinity United Church
WEDNESDAY
3:30—Mission Band regular meeting.—Social Hall.
3:30—Women's Missionary Society, regular monthly meeting.—Easter Thank Offering.—All women of the congregation invited.—Heartz Memorial Hall.
7:30—Weekly Prayer Service.—Visitors invited.—Heartz Memorial Hall.
8:30—Session meeting.—Heartz Memorial Hall.

Vimy Memorial Nears Completion
HALIFAX, N. S., April 5.—With the expected completion of three quarters of a mile of roads around the Vimy Memorial this summer work on this magnificent monument to the thousands of Canadians who lost their lives on the famous ridge during the Great War is gradually nearing completion. Brig-Gen. H. T. Hushes, of Victoria, B. C., chief engineer of the Canadian Battlefields Memorial Commission, said on departure for Europe Saturday aboard the Canadian Pacific liner Melita "The massive pylons, reaching 130 feet, have yet to be finished and there is much delicate sculptural work to be done, so it is not anticipated that the memorial will be ready for inauguration for about two years." Brig-Gen. Hughes continued: "The best craftsmen in Europe are being employed on the sculptural work and the monument will rank high as a work of art as well as offering a worthy tribute to the memory of the Canadians who gave their lives for their country and Empire." When the roads are completed, Brig-Gen. Hughes works as chief engineer of the commission will be practically over after an association of fifteen years with the commission.

Spring Time String Time For Your Hair
IF OUR HAIR IS DULL, DRAB AND "STRINGY" GIVE IT TONIC AND MASSAGE TREATMENT
No woman gets compliments galore when her hair is dull, drab and stringy.
The condition of your hair makes much more difference than its color or even the way you wear it this year. It is a neat spring. Styles hug the figure, hair hugs the head and the life and light in your hair is what makes it gloriously attractive or the kind of head you hate to look at.
Good care shows more in hair than in any other part of your grooming. You can scrub your face, massage it and you have your skin fairly good. But if you don't give equal attention to your hair, you fall short in charm.
Spasmodic brushing never got lustre into any head of hair. It's the even pull, the strong-on-the-ear, steady pull that wins the race for beauty. Get a good brush. And this means one with bristles long enough to reach your scalp, thick enough to take care of all your hair. There are some that have the centre bristles a little bit higher than those on the outside. Like certain toothbrushes. Well, these hair brushes are a boon to the woman who likes to have her scalp feel alert and vibrant.
Spring usually finds your hair just a little stringy and tired looking. No wonder, covered all winter with tight hats, exposed to dry heat in over-warm homes and offices. Your scalp, too, is probably dry and tight feeling.
Most scalps are greatly in need of oil, this time of year. It may interest you to know that castor oil is quite as good for the hair as for the system. But, since it is anything but pleasant to use, either use olive oil or melted vaseline or get some special scalp oil from your beauty parlor. Coconut oil is used by many.
Oil twice a week, tonight every night and morning, a hundred strokes, at least, every night and morning, and about 15 minutes of steady, good massage and within a month's time, you won't know that beautiful head of hair!

Mr Merchant!
Whenever we can be of service to you — give us a call.
Telephone 698 or 699.
DeBlois Bros. Limited
Wholesale Merchants and Insurance Agents
Head of Prince Street Wharf
3-2-mwstf.

Dr. W. R. Carson
CHIROPRACTOR
Three Year Palmer Graduate
124 Prince St. Phone 1072
Home Calls Made.
4629-5-15-Smwtf.

CARROTS
We will be in the market for a few hundred bushel of good Carrots. Buying all next week.
J. Lester Douglas
Cor. Queen and Water Streets
Phone 938

Classified Advertisements
One insertion 10c per line of 5 words
Three insertions 25c per line of 5 words
Four insertions 35c per line of 5 words
Eight insertions 70c per line of 5 words

To Help Wanted
TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE with 4 modern conveniences. Apply by 1st Sept. 1st. Apply Guardian. 1791-3-31-41.

Wanted
WANTED—FIRST CLASS BOARD. Apply "Boarder," c.o. Guardian. 1873-4-5-31

WANTED—A LARGE QUANTITY of dressed milk fed chickens, paying highest market price. F. Roberts & Son, Richmond St. 1871-4-5-31

Employment Wanted
EXPERIENCED MAN WANTS work on farm. State wages. Apply X. Y. Z. Guardian. 1879-4-6-21

New Bridge For London
After nine years of controversy, historic Waterloo Bridge, one of London's vital cross-Thames arteries, is to be rebuilt and widened to take six lanes of traffic. The present structure was found unsafe in 1923 and a temporary bridge has been in use alongside it since 1925. The cost of the new bridge will be \$4,583,000. It will take about five years to build. Sir Giles Gilbert Scott, R. A., the designer of Liverpool Castle, will be the architect. Most of the controversy was whether it would not be more economical to repair the old Waterloo Bridge, and as to whether such an ancient structure should be torn down.

Witch Murders Must Die
Sixty natives of the Wakamba tribe at Nairobi, Kenya Colony, have been sentenced to death for killing an old woman they believed to be a witch. Ten other natives under 16 years of age were ordered to be detained during his Majesty's pleasure. The "witch" was believed to have cast a spell on the wife of one of the accused men, so that she was struck dumb. The husband collected 60 companions and took the old woman to his hut, where she was ordered to remove the spell. The supposed witch escaped